## **Solutions with marks**

1- SQL Statement:

SELECT COLUMN\_NAME, DATA\_TYPE FROM USER\_TAB\_COLUMNS
WHERE TABLE\_NAME= 'Team\_Staff'; o.5 point

- 2- GRANT CREATE TABLE to USERNAME; 0.5 point
- 3- REVOKE privilege ON [table/view] FROM username; 0.5 point
- 4- This is a PL/SQL code with the structure of error handling using the EXCEPTION block. 0.5 point

5-

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS MatchCount 0.25 point

FROM Match 0.25 point

WHERE Team1\_ID = 2 OR Team2\_ID = 2; 0.25 point

Result =  $4 \cdot 0.25 \text{ point}$ 

-----if they use the match\_organization table

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT TEAM\_ID) AS Matches\_Played 0.25 point

FROM Match\_Organizationo.25 point

WHERE Team\_ID = 2; 0.25 point

Result =  $4 \cdot 0.25 \text{ point}$ 

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION GetAthleteRole (AName IN VARCHAR)
   RETURN VARCHAR2 IS
   CURSOR crsr IS SELECT Athlete_ID FROM Athlete
                     WHERE Athlete_Name = AName;
   crsr_rec crsr%ROWTYPE;
   Role_Name VARCHAR2(100);
   BEGIN
      FOR crsr_rec IN crsr LOOP
             select Role INTO Role_Name
             FROM Team_Staff WHERE Athlete_ID = crsr_rec. Athlete_ID;
      END LOOP;
   RETURN Role_Name;
   END;
   BEGIN --displaying
    dbms_output.put_line ('The role of athlete John Doe is:' || GetAthleteRole ('John Doe'));
   END;
   /
1.5 points ==(General correct syntax 0.25; variables 0.5== (cursor ;crsr_rec crsr and roleName);
```

loop and return value 0.5, displaying :0.25)

```
-----Solution without the cursor
   CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION GetAthleteRole (AName IN VARCHAR2)
   RETURN VARCHAR2 IS
    Role_Name VARCHAR2(100);
   BEGIN
    SELECT ts.Role INTO Role_Name
    FROM Athlete a
    JOIN Team_Staff ts ON a.Athlete_ID = ts.Athlete_ID
    WHERE a.Athlete_Name = AName
   END;
   /
   BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line ('The role of athlete John Doe is:' || GetAthleteRole ('John Doe'));
   END;
   /
1.5 points ==(General correct syntax 0.5 (It suppose to be correct); variables 0.25; JOIN 0.5,
displaying: 0.25)
            SET SERVEROUTPUT ON; 0.5 point
         8-
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER check_membership_update
BEFORE UPDATE OF membership_level ON Athlete
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
IF:OLD.membership_level = 'Gold' AND:NEW.membership_level = 'Silver' THEN
 RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Cannot downgrade from Gold to Silver
membership.');
END IF;
```

```
END;

/

2 point == (General correct syntax o. 5; BEFORE UPDATE o. 5; The condition o. 5; Raising Error o. 5)

9- SELECT Athlete.Athlete_Name, Team.Team_Name, Team_Staff.Role, Team_Staff.Join_Date

FROM Team_Staff

JOIN Athlete ON Team_Staff.Athlete_ID = Athlete.Athlete_ID

JOIN Team ON Team_Staff.Team_ID = Team.Team_ID;

2 point == (General correct syntax o.5; All the needed attributes o.75; The Join o.5; Result o.25)
```

10- One of the two users should select the table for update 1 point