# Qwen3

#### Qwen3

- 1. Model Size
- 2. Performance
- 3. Using Qwen3
  - 3.1. Running Qwen3
  - 3.2. Starting a Conversation
  - 3.3. Ending the Conversation

References

Demo Environment

Development Board: Jetson Nano

SD (TF) Card: 64GB

Recommended for models with 4B parameters or less

Qwen 3 is the latest generation of large-scale language models in the Qwen series, providing a comprehensive suite of dense and mixture-of-experts (MoE) models.

**Model Storage Location** 

/usr/share/ollama/.ollama/models

## 1. Model Size

Model	Volume
qwen3:0.6b	523MB
qwen3:1.7b	1.4GB
qwen3:4b	2.6GB
qwen3:8b	5.2GB

### 2. Performance

	Qwen3-235B-A22B MoE	Qwen3-32B Dense	OpenAl-o1 2024-12-17	Deepseek-R1	Grok 3 Beta Think	Gemini2.5-Pro	OpenAl-o3-mini Medium
ArenaHard	95.6	93.8	92.1	93.2	-	96.4	89.0
AIME'24	85.7	81.4	74.3	79.8	83.9	92.0	79.6
AIME'25	81.5	72.9	79.2	70.0	77.3	86.7	74.8
LiveCodeBench v5, 2024.10-2025.02	70.7	65.7	63.9	64.3	70.6	70.4	66.3
CodeForces Elo Rating	2056	1977	1891	2029	A 1	2001	2036
Aider Pass@2	61.8	50.2	61.7	56.9	53.3	72.9	53.8
LiveBench 2024-11-25	77.1	74.9	75.7	71.6		82.4	70.0
BFCL v3	70.8	70.3	67.8	56.9	-	62.9	64.6
MultiIF 8 Languages	71.9	73.0	48.8	67.7	-	<i>77</i> .8	48.4

<sup>1.</sup> AIME 24/25: We sample 64 times for each query and report the average of the accuracy. AIME 25 consists of Part Land Part II, with a total of 30 questions

<sup>2.</sup> Alore: we don't activate the units mose of gwens to be carried encircly and encouveres a constraint of the property of the

	Qwen3-30B-A3B	QwQ-32B	Qwen3-4B Dense	Qwen2.5-72B-Instruct	Gemma3-27B-IT	DeepSeek-V3	<b>GPT-40</b> 2024-11-20
ArenaHard	91.0	89.5	76.6	81.2	86.8	85.5	85.3
AIME'24	80. <i>4</i>	<i>7</i> 9.5	73.8	18.9	32.6	39.2	11.1
AIME'25	70.9	69.5	65.6	15.0	24.0	28.8	7.6
LiveCodeBench v5, 2024.10-2025.02	62.6	62.7	54.2	30.7	26.9	33.1	32.7
CodeForces Elo Rating	1974	1982	1671	859	1063	1134	864
GPQA	65.8	65.6	55.9	49.0	42.4	59.1	46.0
LiveBench 2024-11-25	74.3	72.0	63.6	51.4	49.2	60.5	52.2
BFCL v3	69.1	66.4	65.9	63.4	59.1	57.6	72.5
MultiIF 8 Languages	72.2	68.3	66.3	65.3	69.8	55.6	65.6

<sup>1.</sup> AIME 24/25: We sample 64 times for each query and report the average of the accuracy, AIME 25 consists of Part I and Part II, with a total of 30 question

# 3. Using Qwen3

# 3.1. Running Qwen3

Use the run command to start running the model. If the model is not already downloaded, it will automatically pull the model from the Ollama model library:

ollama run qwen3:1.7b

<sup>3.</sup> BFCL: The Qwen3 models are evaluated using the FC format, while the baseline models are assessed using the highest scores obtained from either the FC or prompt formats

```
:~$ ollama run qwen3:8b
pulling manifest
pulling a3de86cd1c13: 100%
                                                 5.2 GB
pulling ae370d884f10: 100%
                                                 1.7 KB
pulling d18a5cc71b84: 100%
                                                  11 KB
pulling cff3f395ef37: 100%
                                                  120 B
pulling 05a61d37b084: 100%
                                                  487 B
verifying sha256 digest
writing manifest
success
>>> Send a message (/? for help)
```

### 3.2. Starting a Conversation

```
Please tell me how many hours there are in a day.
```

Response time depends on your hardware configuration, so please be patient!

```
>>> Please tell me how many hours there are in a day Thinking...
```

Okay, the user is asking how many hours there are in a day. Let me start by recalling the basic units of time. A day is typically considered to be 24 hours. But wait, I should make sure I'm not missing any nuances here. For example, in some contexts, like in astronomy, a day can refer to a solar day, which is the time it takes for the Sun to return to the same position in the sky, which is slightly longer than a sidereal day. But the standard answer people usually give is 24 hours.

Let me think if there are any exceptions or different ways to measure a day. There's also the concept of a day in different time zones, but that doesn't change the number of hours in a day itself. Each time zone just shifts the starting point of the day. So regardless of where you are, a day still has 24 hours.

Wait, could there be a scenario where a day has more or fewer hours? For instance, in some countries, daylight saving time might change the clock by an hour, but that doesn't alter the actual number of hours in a day. It just shifts the time. So even with daylight saving, a day still has 24 hours.

Another angle: some people might confuse a day with a week or a month, but the question specifically asks about hours. So I should stick to the

### 3.3. Ending the Conversation

Use the Ctrl+d shortcut or /bye to end the conversation!

### References

Ollama

Official Website: https://ollama.com/

GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/ollama/ollama">https://github.com/ollama/ollama</a>

Qwen3

GitHub: https://github.com/QwenLM/Qwen3

Ollama Model: <a href="https://ollama.com/library/qwen3">https://ollama.com/library/qwen3</a>