

# Variants Density along DNA Sequence

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## User Guide:

In this document you will find all needed informations to use the script 'Variants\_Density\_Alone\_DNA\_Sequence.R'.

This R script allow you to plot the density of variants contained in a VCF file along the DNA sequence you have annotated (Chromosome, Scaffold, Contig, Whole Genome...).

## Compatibilities:

Ubuntu 16.04 LTS

R version 3.2.3 (2015-12-10) – “Wooden Christmas-Tree”

VCF File Format VCFv4.2

## Prerequisite:

Install R version 3.2.3 or later version.

Optionally you can install RStudio after.

Install R packages 'VariantAnnotation' and 'plyr' from the website Bioconductor: <https://www.bioconductor.org/>

## Package Loading:

```
library(VariantAnnotation)
library(plyr)
```

## VCF File Example:

You can test the script on an example of a VCF file ('Example.VCF') in the archive .rar.

## Set the Working Directory:

Put your working directory (where your VCF file is saved) between quotation marks:

```
setwd("/home/user/your_folder/")
```

## Loads your VCF File:

```
vcf <- readVcf("yourfile.vcf", "species")
```

## DNA Sequence Variants Extraction:

```
Data_Frame_ranges<-as.data.frame(ranges(vcf))
sequence<-Data_Frame_ranges[grepl("^sequence_name",Data_Frame_ranges$names),]
```

## Variants Density Histograms Along DNA Sequence:

Function hist() parameters:

- Plot title: main = 'string'
- Start position: start\_position = int;
- End position: end\_position = int
- Limits of the Y axis: ylim = c(float/int,float/int). Useful for thresholding the minimum density of variants.
- Size of the sliding window: change the number of breakpoints of your histogram: histogram\_breakpoints = int ; to increase its size choose a smaller value, to decrease its size choose a higher value. the window size depends on the length of the selected region of your sequence, and on the number of breakpoints chosen.

Function axis() parameters:

- Start position: start\_position = int;
- End position: end\_position = int
- Accuracy or step value: change the graduations of the X axis: step\_accuracy = int
- Rounding parameters: round\_any(...,f=floor/ceiling/trunc) ; select floor if you want to round to the lower step value ; select ceiling if you want to round to the upper step value.

Default Parameters:

```
Matrix_Position_Sequence<-as.matrix(sequence[1])

start_position = head(sequence[[2]],n=1L)
end_position = tail(sequence[[2]],n=1L)

histogram_breakpoints = 347
window_size = round((end_position - start_position)/histogram_breakpoints)

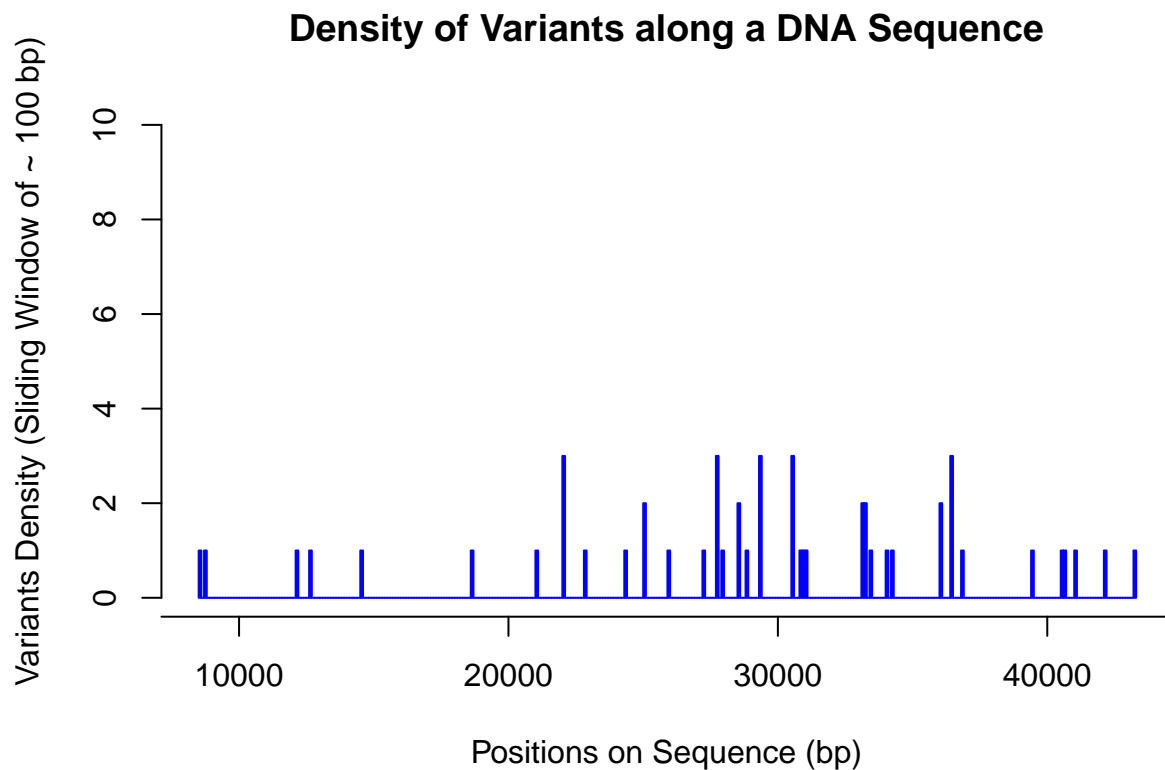
hist(Matrix_Position_Sequence,
      xlim=c(start_position,end_position),
      breaks = histogram_breakpoints,
      col='blue',
      xaxt="n",
      border='blue',
      ylim=c(0,10),
      main='Density of Variants along a DNA Sequence',
      xlab='Positions on Sequence (bp)',
      ylab=paste("Variants Density (Sliding Window of ~",window_size,"bp)",sep=" "))
```

```

step_accuracy=10**4

axis(1, at = seq(from = round_any(start_position,
                                   step_accuracy,
                                   f=floor),
                 to = round_any(end_position,
                                   step_accuracy,
                                   f=ceiling),
                 by = round_any(end_position,
                                   step_accuracy,
                                   f=ceiling)/
                 ((1/step_accuracy)*
                  round_any(end_position,
                              step_accuracy,
                              f=ceiling))))

```



For any question, feel free to ask me by E-mail: [yoann.pageaud@gmail.com](mailto:yoann.pageaud@gmail.com)

## References:

*"The Variant Call Format (VCF) Version 4.2 Specification" January 26, 2015. <https://github.com/samtools/hts-specs>*