lda_yelp_reviews

September 29, 2021

1 Topic Modeling: Yelp Business Reviews

This notebook contains an example of LDA applied to six million business review on yelp.

1.1 Imports & Settings

```
[2]: %matplotlib inline
     import warnings
     from collections import Counter
     from pathlib import Path
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     from scipy import sparse
     # Visualization
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from matplotlib.ticker import FuncFormatter, ScalarFormatter
     import seaborn as sns
     import ipywidgets as widgets
     from ipywidgets import interact, FloatRangeSlider
     # spacy for language processing
     import spacy
     from spacy.lang.en.stop_words import STOP_WORDS
     # sklearn for feature extraction
     from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
     from sklearn.feature_extraction import stop_words
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     from sklearn.externals import joblib
     # gensim for topic models
     from gensim.models import LdaModel
     from gensim.models import CoherenceModel
     from gensim.corpora import Dictionary
     from gensim.matutils import Sparse2Corpus
```

```
# topic model viz
     import pyLDAvis
     from pyLDAvis.gensim import prepare
[3]: plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')
     pyLDAvis.enable_notebook()
     warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
     pd.options.display.float_format = '{:,.2f}'.format
[4]: stop_words = set(pd.read_csv('http://ir.dcs.gla.ac.uk/resources/
      →linguistic_utils/stop_words',
                                  header=None,
                                  squeeze=True).tolist())
[5]: experiment_path = Path('experiments')
     data_path = Path('data')
     clean_path = Path('data', 'clean_reviews.txt')
    1.2 Load Yelp Reviews
[6]: data_path = Path('..', '..', 'data', 'yelp')
[7]: reviews = pd.read_parquet(data_path / 'combined.parquet')
     reviews.info(null_counts=True)
    <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    Int64Index: 6685900 entries, 0 to 6685899
    Data columns (total 25 columns):
                           6685900 non-null int64
    Cool
    funny
                           6685900 non-null int64
                           6685900 non-null float64
    stars
    text
                           6685900 non-null object
                           6685900 non-null int64
    useful
                           6685900 non-null int64
    year
                           6685900 non-null int64
    month
                           6685900 non-null float64
    average_stars
                           6685900 non-null int64
    compliment_cool
    compliment_cute
                           6685900 non-null int64
                           6685900 non-null int64
    compliment_funny
    compliment_hot
                           6685900 non-null int64
                           6685900 non-null int64
    compliment_list
    compliment_more
                           6685900 non-null int64
                           6685900 non-null int64
    compliment_note
                           6685900 non-null int64
    compliment photos
    compliment_plain
                           6685900 non-null int64
                           6685900 non-null int64
    compliment_profile
                           6685900 non-null int64
    compliment_writer
```

```
      cool_user
      6685900 non-null int64

      fans
      6685900 non-null int64

      funny_user
      6685900 non-null int64

      review_count
      6685900 non-null int64

      useful_user
      6685900 non-null int64

      member_yrs
      6685900 non-null int64

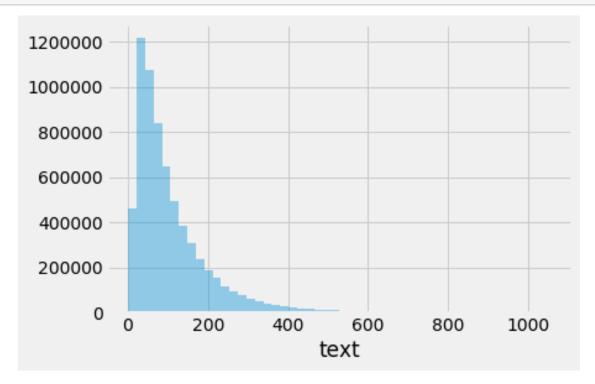
      dtypes: float64(2), int64(22), object(1)

      memory usage: 1.3+ GB
```

. .

1.2.1 Tokens per review

[8]: sns.distplot(reviews.text.str.split().str.len(), kde=False);

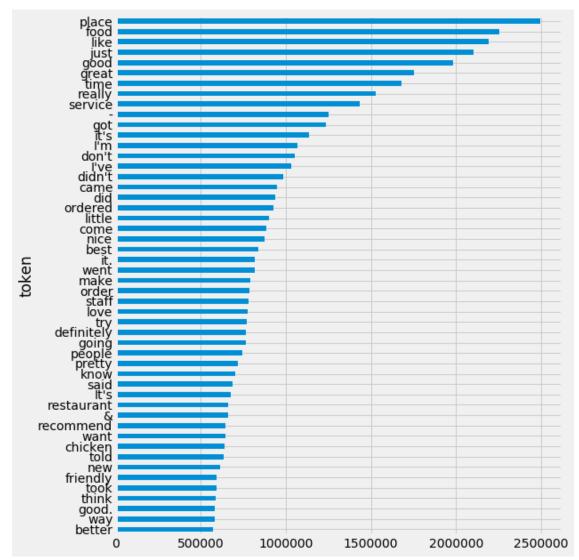


```
[9]: token_count = Counter()
for i, doc in enumerate(reviews.text.tolist(), 1):
    if i % 1e6 == 0:
        print(i, end=' ', flush=True)
        token_count.update(doc.split())
```

1000000 2000000 3000000 4000000 5000000 6000000

```
[10]: (pd.DataFrame(token_count.most_common(), columns=['token', 'count'])
    .pipe(lambda x: x[~x.token.str.lower().isin(stop_words)])
    .set_index('token')
    .squeeze()
```

```
.iloc[:50]
.sort_values()
.plot
.barh(figsize=(8, 10)));
```



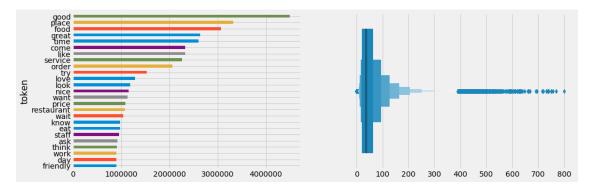
1.2.2 Preprocessing

```
[12]: def clean_doc(d):
    doc = []
    for t in d:
        if not any([t.is_stop, t.is_digit, not t.is_alpha, t.is_punct, t.
        →is_space, t.lemma_ == '-PRON-']):
        doc.append(t.lemma_)
```

```
return ' '.join(doc)
[23]: nlp = spacy.load('en')
      nlp.max length = 6000000
      nlp.disable_pipes('ner')
[23]: [('ner', <spacy.pipeline.EntityRecognizer at 0x7f5b8955fe08>)]
[24]: nlp.pipe_names
[24]: ['tagger', 'parser']
 []: iter_reviews = (review for review in reviews.text)
      clean_reviews = []
      for i, doc in enumerate(nlp.pipe(iter_reviews, batch_size=100, n_threads=8)):
          if i % 10000 == 0:
              print(f'{i/len(reviews):.2%}', end=' ', flush=True)
          clean_reviews.append(clean_doc(doc))
 []: clean_reviews = [clean_doc(doc) for doc in parsed_reviews]
 []: clean_path.write_text('\n'.join(clean_reviews))
     1.3 Vectorize data
 [6]: docs = clean_path.read_text().split('\n')
      len(docs)
 [6]: 5990000
     1.3.1 Explore cleaned data
[24]: review_length, token_count = [], Counter()
      for i, doc in enumerate(docs, 1):
          if i % 1e6 == 0:
              print(i, end=' ', flush=True)
          d = doc.split()
          review_length.append(len(d))
          token_count.update(d)
     1000000 2000000 3000000 4000000 5000000
[43]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(ncols=2, figsize=(15, 5))
      (pd.DataFrame(token_count.most_common(), columns=['token', 'count'])
       .pipe(lambda x: x[~x.token.str.lower().isin(stop_words)])
       .set_index('token')
       .squeeze()
```

```
.iloc[:25]
.sort_values()
.plot
.barh(ax=axes[0]))
sns.boxenplot(x=pd.Series(review_length), ax=axes[1]);
```

'c' argument looks like a single numeric RGB or RGBA sequence, which should be avoided as value-mapping will have precedence in case its length matches with 'x' & 'y'. Please use a 2-D array with a single row if you really want to specify the same RGB or RGBA value for all points.



[44]: pd.Series(review_length).describe(percentiles=np.arange(.1, 1.0, .1))

```
[44]: count
               5,990,000.00
                      50.88
      mean
      std
                      46.50
      min
                       0.00
      10%
                      14.00
      20%
                      18.00
      30.0%
                      24.00
      40%
                      29.00
      50%
                      36.00
      60%
                      45.00
      70%
                      57.00
      80%
                      74.00
      90%
                     105.00
      max
                     799.00
```

dtype: float64

[7]: docs[:2]

[7]: ['the pizza okay not good prefer biaggio flamingo fort apache the chef much good ny style pizza the pizzeria cosmo price quality lack personality food biaggio good pick go italian family own home recipe people actually care like food not

```
pizzeria casino not care',
```

'love place fiance and atleast week the portion huge food amazing love carne asada great lunch special leticia super nice care think restaurant try cheese enchilada sauce different and amazing']

```
[10]: reviews.text.head(2)
```

```
[10]: 0 The pizza was okay. Not the best I've had. I p...

1 I love this place! My fiance And I go here atl...

Name: text, dtype: object
```

1.3.2 Set vocab parameters

```
[]: min_df = 1000
max_df = .2
ngram_range = (1, 1)
binary = False
```

```
[321]: corpus = Sparse2Corpus(dtm, documents_columns=False)
  id2word = pd.Series(tokens).to_dict()
  dictionary = Dictionary.from_corpus(corpus, id2word)
```

1.4 Train & Evaluate LDA Model

```
cbar=False)
           fig.tight_layout()
           if save:
               fig.savefig('yelp_wordlist', dpi=300)
[46]: def show_coherence(model, corpus, tokens, top=10, cutoff=0.01):
           top_topics = model.top_topics(corpus=corpus, coherence='u_mass', topn=20)
           word_lists = pd.DataFrame(model.get_topics().T, index=tokens)
           order = []
           for w, word_list in word_lists.items():
               target = set(word_list.nlargest(top).index)
               for t, (top_topic, _) in enumerate(top_topics):
                   if target == set([t[1] for t in top_topic[:top]]):
                       order.append(t)
           fig, axes = plt.subplots(ncols=2, figsize=(15,5))
           title = f'# Words with Probability > {cutoff:.2%}'
           (word_lists.loc[:, order]>cutoff).sum().reset_index(drop=True).plot.
        →bar(title=title, ax=axes[1]);
           umass = model.top_topics(corpus=corpus, coherence='u_mass', topn=20)
           pd.Series([c[1] for c in umass]).plot.bar(title='Topic Coherence', __
        \rightarrowax=axes[0])
           fig.tight_layout();
[47]: def show_top_docs(model, corpus, docs):
           doc_topics = model.get_document_topics(corpus)
           df = pd.concat([pd.DataFrame(doc_topic,
                                         columns=['topicid', 'weight']).assign(doc=i)
                           for i, doc_topic in enumerate(doc_topics)])
           for topicid, data in df.groupby('topicid'):
               print(topicid, docs[int(data.sort_values('weight', ascending=False).
        \rightarrowiloc[0].doc)])
               print(pd.DataFrame(lda.show_topic(topicid=topicid)))
[322]: num topics=25
       chunksize=2000
       passes=10
       update_every=None
       alpha='auto'
       eta='auto'
       decay=0.5
       offset=1.0
       eval_every=None
       iterations=50
       gamma_threshold=0.001
```

```
minimum_probability=0.01
minimum_phi_value=0.01
per_word_topics=False
```

```
[323]: | lda_model = LdaModel(corpus=doc_corpus,
                             id2word=doc_id2word,
                             num_topics=num_topics,
                             chunksize=chunksize,
                             update_every=update_every,
                             alpha=alpha,
                             eta=eta,
                             decay=decay,
                             offset=offset,
                             eval_every=eval_every,
                             passes=passes,
                             iterations=iterations,
                             gamma threshold=gamma threshold,
                             minimum_probability=minimum_probability,
                             minimum_phi_value=minimum_phi_value,
                             random_state=42)
```

```
CPU times: user 55.3 s, sys: 8.76 s, total: 1min 4s
Wall time: 51.7 s

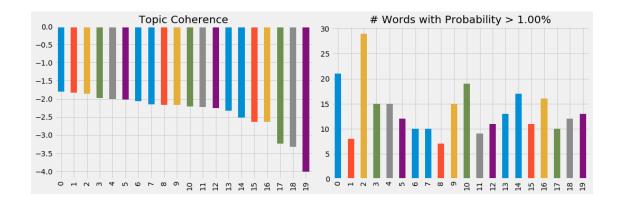
[]: 2 ** (-lda_model.log_perplexity(exp_test_corpus))
```

We show results for one model using a vocabulary of 3,800 tokens based on min_df=0.1% and max_df=25% with a single pass to avoid length training time for 20 topics. We can use pyldavis topic_info attribute to compute relevance values for lambda=0.6 that produces the following word list

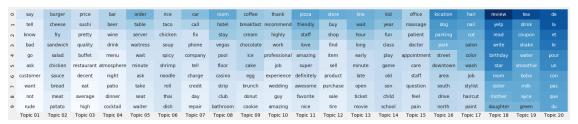
1.5 Load Experiments

1.5.1 Load Document-Term Matrix

```
[48]: \max_{df} = .25 # [.1, .25, .5, 1.0]
      min df = .005 \# [.001, .005, .01]
      binary= False # [True, False]
[49]: vocab_path = experiment_path / str(min_df) / str(max_df) / str(int(binary))
      exp_dtm = sparse.load_npz(vocab_path / f'dtm.npz')
      exp_tokens = pd.read_csv(vocab_path / f'tokens.csv', header=None, squeeze=True)
      exp_dtm.shape
[49]: (5990000, 3787)
[50]: exp_id2word = exp_tokens.to_dict()
      exp_corpus = Sparse2Corpus(exp_dtm, documents_columns=False)
      exp_dictionary = Dictionary.from_corpus(exp_corpus, exp_id2word)
[51]: exp_train_dtm, exp_test_dtm = train_test_split(exp_dtm, test_size=.1)
      exp_test_dtm
[51]: <599000x3787 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.int64'>'
              with 20453281 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>
     1.5.2 Set Model Parameters
[52]: num topics = 20 # [3, 5, 7, 10, 15, 20, 25, 50]
      passes = 1
                     # [17
[53]: exp_model_path = vocab_path / str(num_topics) / str(passes)
      exp_lda = LdaModel.load(str(exp_model_path / 'lda'))
 []:
[54]: show_word_list(model=exp_lda, corpus=exp_corpus, save=True)
                   burger
                          pretty breakfast
                                             chicken
                           sushi
                                  highly
                   chicken company
                                      night
[55]: show_coherence(model=exp_lda, corpus=exp_corpus, tokens=exp_tokens)
```



```
[58]: exp_vis = prepare(exp_lda, exp_corpus, exp_dictionary, mds='tsne')
[58]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
[168]: pyLDAvis.save_html(exp_vis, 'yelp_ldavis.html')
[71]: pyLDAvis.display(exp_vis)
[71]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
[170]: terms = exp_vis.topic_info
       terms = terms[terms.Category != 'Default']
       terms['relevance'] = terms.logprob * .6 + terms.loglift * .4
[108]: top_by_relevance = (terms
                           .groupby('Category')
                           .apply(lambda x: x.nlargest(n=10, columns='relevance'))
                           .reset_index('term', drop=True)
                          .loc[:, ['Term', 'relevance']])
       top_by_relevance.head()
[108]:
                 Term relevance
       Category
                           -1.70
       Topic1
                  say
       Topic1
                           -1.89
                 tell
       Topic1
                 know
                           -1.90
       Topic1
                           -1.91
                  bad
       Topic1
                           -1.98
                   go
[156]: relevance, terms = pd.DataFrame(), pd.DataFrame()
       for topic, data in top_by_relevance.groupby(level='Category'):
           t = topic[:5] + f' {int(topic[5:]):0>2}'
           terms[t] = data.Term.tolist()
           relevance[t] = data.relevance.tolist()
```



1.6 LDAMultiCore Timing

```
[160]: df = pd.read_excel('timings/timings.xlsx')
       df.head()
[160]:
         workers
                 num_topics duration test_perplexity
       0
                1
                               2,035.21
                                                   72.62
                           10
       1
                1
                           50
                              1,611.58
                                                   84.46
       2
                              1,093.39
                                                   72.74
                4
                           10
       3
                              1,067.98
                                                   82.12
                           50
                           10 1,154.87
                                                   72.79
[167]: df[df.num_topics==10].set_index('workers')[['duration', 'test_perplexity']].
        →plot.bar(subplots=True, layout=(1,2), figsize=(14,5), legend=False)
[167]: array([[<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f7bf634ae48>,
               <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f7f14ad5080>]],
             dtype=object)
```

