Stock Correlations

September 29, 2021

1 Stock Covariance & Correlations

Covariance measures the directional relationship between the returns on two assets. A positive covariance means that asset returns move together while a negative covariance means they move inversely. Covariance is calculated by analyzing at-return surprises (standard deviations from the expected return) or by multiplying the correlation between the two variables by the standard deviation of each variable. (https://www.investopedia.com/terms/c/covariance.asp)

Stock correlation explained the relationship that exists between two stocks and their respective price movements which has a value that must fall between -1.0 and +1.0.

A perfect positive correlation means that the correlation coefficient is exactly 1. This implies that as one security moves, either up or down, the other security moves in lockstep, in the same direction. A perfect negative correlation means that two assets move in opposite directions, while a zero correlation implies no relationship at all. (https://www.investopedia.com/terms/c/correlation.asp)

```
[1]: import numpy as np
  import pandas as pd
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  import warnings
  warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

# fix_yahoo_finance is used to fetch data
  import fix_yahoo_finance as yf
  yf.pdr_override()
```

1.1 Two Securities Correlation

```
[2]: # input

symbols = ['AMD','INTC']

start = '2012-01-01'

end = '2019-01-01'

# Read data
```

```
dataset = yf.download(symbols,start,end)['Adj Close']
    # View Columns
    dataset.head()
    [********* 2 of 2 downloaded
[2]:
                 AMD
                          INTC
    Date
    2012-01-03 5.48 19.332613
    2012-01-04 5.46 19.781666
    2012-01-05 5.46 20.010126
    2012-01-06 5.43 19.891949
    2012-01-09 5.59 20.065273
[3]: stocks_returns = np.log(dataset / dataset.shift(1))
[4]: AMD = stocks_returns['AMD'].var()
    AMD
[4]: 0.0013675618444054449
[5]: INTC = stocks_returns['INTC'].var()
    INTC
[5]: 0.00022174925461484408
[6]: AMD = stocks returns['AMD'].var() * 250
    AMD
[6]: 0.34189046110136123
[7]: INTC = stocks_returns['INTC'].var() * 250
    INTC
[7]: 0.05543731365371102
[8]: cov_matrix = stocks_returns.cov()
    cov_matrix
[8]:
               AMD
                        INTC
    AMD
          0.001368 0.000172
    INTC 0.000172 0.000222
[9]: print('Covariance Matrix')
    cov_matrix = stocks_returns.cov()*250
    cov_matrix
```

```
[9]:
                AMD
                        INTC
           0.341890 0.043085
     AMD
     INTC 0.043085 0.055437
[10]: print('Correlation Matrix')
     corr_matrix = stocks_returns.corr()*250
     corr matrix
     Correlation Matrix
[10]:
                  AMD
                            INTC
           250.000000
                       78.239458
     AMD
     INTC
          78.239458
                      250,000000
     1.2 Four Securities Correlation
[11]: # input
     symbols = ['AAPL','MSFT','AMD','NVDA']
     start = '2012-01-01'
     end = ^{1}2019-01-01^{1}
     # Read data
     dataset = yf.download(symbols,start,end)['Adj Close']
     # View Columns
     dataset.head()
     [********* 4 of 4 downloaded
[11]:
                     AAPL
                                                NVDA
                            AMD
                                      MSFT
     Date
     2012-01-03 51.269413 5.48 22.156071 12.939396
     2012-01-04 51.544937 5.46 22.677486 13.086854
     2012-01-05 52.117188 5.46 22.909233 13.556875
     2012-01-06 52.662014 5.43 23.265116 13.400198
     2012-01-09 52.578468 5.59 22.958887 13.400198
[12]: stocks_returns = np.log(dataset / dataset.shift(1))
[13]: AAPL = stocks_returns['AAPL'].var()
     AAPL
[13]: 0.0002580753578116192
[14]: MSFT = stocks_returns['MSFT'].var()
     MSFT
```

Covariance Matrix

```
[14]: 0.0002109675276041315
[15]: AMD = stocks_returns['AMD'].var()
      AMD
[15]: 0.0013675618444054449
[16]: NVDA = stocks_returns['NVDA'].var()
[16]: 0.0005325810343486495
[17]: AAPL = stocks_returns['AAPL'].var() * 250
      AAPL
[17]: 0.0645188394529048
[18]: MSFT = stocks_returns['MSFT'].var() * 250
      MSFT
[18]: 0.05274188190103288
[19]: AMD = stocks_returns['AMD'].var() * 250
      AMD
[19]: 0.34189046110136123
[20]: NVDA = stocks_returns['NVDA'].var() * 250
      NVDA
[20]: 0.1331452585871624
[21]: cov_matrix = stocks_returns.cov()
      cov matrix
[21]:
               AAPL
                          AMD
                                   MSFT
                                             NVDA
      AAPL 0.000258 0.000133 0.000094 0.000121
      AMD
           0.000133 0.001368 0.000136 0.000348
     MSFT 0.000094 0.000136 0.000211 0.000143
     NVDA 0.000121 0.000348 0.000143 0.000533
[22]: print('Covariance Matrix')
      cov_matrix = stocks_returns.cov()*250
      cov_matrix
```

Covariance Matrix

```
[22]: AAPL AMD MSFT NVDA
AAPL 0.064519 0.033303 0.023565 0.030209
AMD 0.033303 0.341890 0.034009 0.086893
MSFT 0.023565 0.034009 0.052742 0.035644
NVDA 0.030209 0.086893 0.035644 0.133145
```

```
[23]: print('Correlation Matrix')
    corr_matrix = stocks_returns.corr()*250
    corr_matrix
```

Correlation Matrix

[23]:		AAPL	AMD	MSFT	NVDA
	AAPL	250.000000	56.057056	100.993983	81.482575
	AMD	56.057056	250.000000	63.316364	101.816637
	MSFT	100.993983	63.316364	250.000000	106.338055
	NVDA	81.482575	101.816637	106.338055	250.000000