

## Task 1.4.

### Finding Curvature:

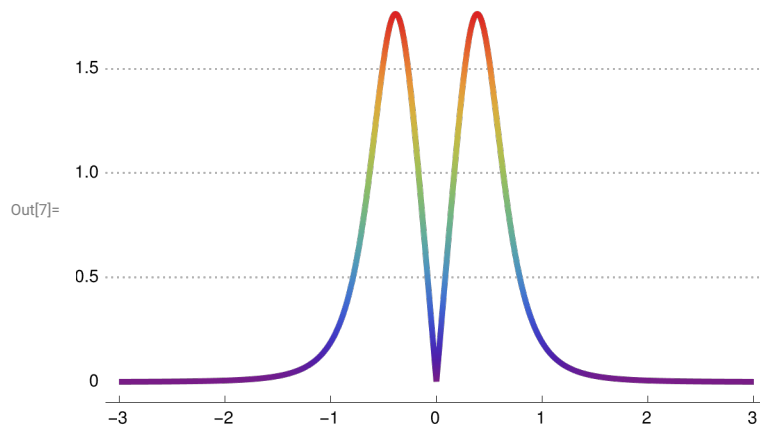
In[3]:=  $f[x_] = x^3;$

$$k[x_] = \frac{\text{Abs}[f''[x]]}{(1 + (f'[x])^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}};$$

$k[x]$

Out[5]= 
$$\frac{6 \text{Abs}[x]}{(1 + 9 x^4)^{3/2}}$$

In[7]:= `Plot[k[x], {x, -3, 3}, ColorFunction -> "Rainbow", PlotTheme -> "Business"]`



## Task 2.

In[8]:=  $a = 2.0;$

$$x[t_] = \frac{a}{\cosh[t]};$$

$$y[t_] = a(t + \tanh[t]);$$

Show[

ParametricPlot[{x[t], y[t]}, {t, -5, 5},

PlotTheme → "Business", AspectRatio → 1/GoldenRatio],

ListPlot[

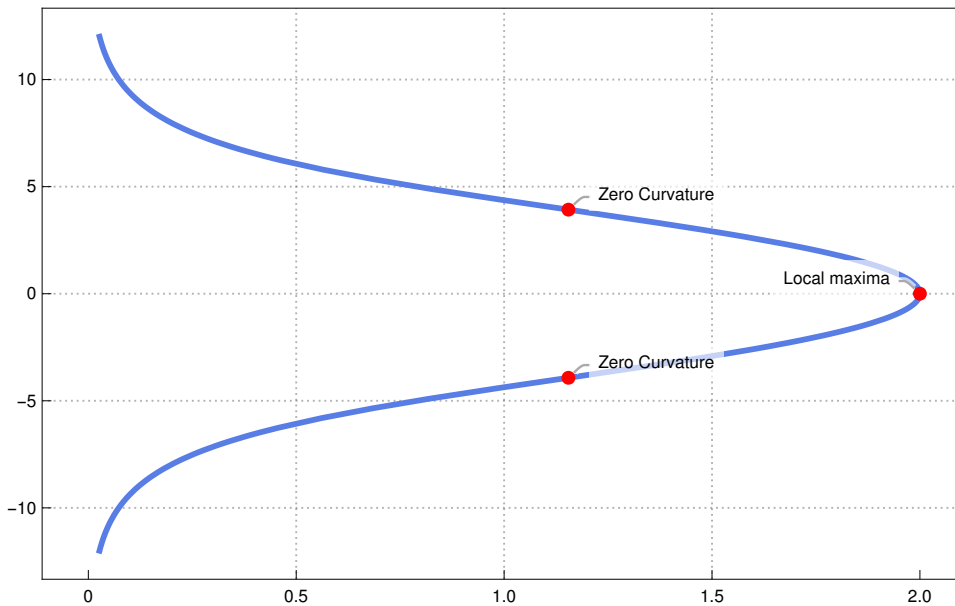
$$\left\{ \left\{ x\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCosh}[5]\right], y\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCosh}[5]\right] \right\}, \left\{ x\left[-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCosh}[5]\right], y\left[-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCosh}[5]\right] \right\}, \{x[0], y[0]\} \right\} \rightarrow$$

{"Zero Curvature", "Zero Curvature", "Local maxima"},

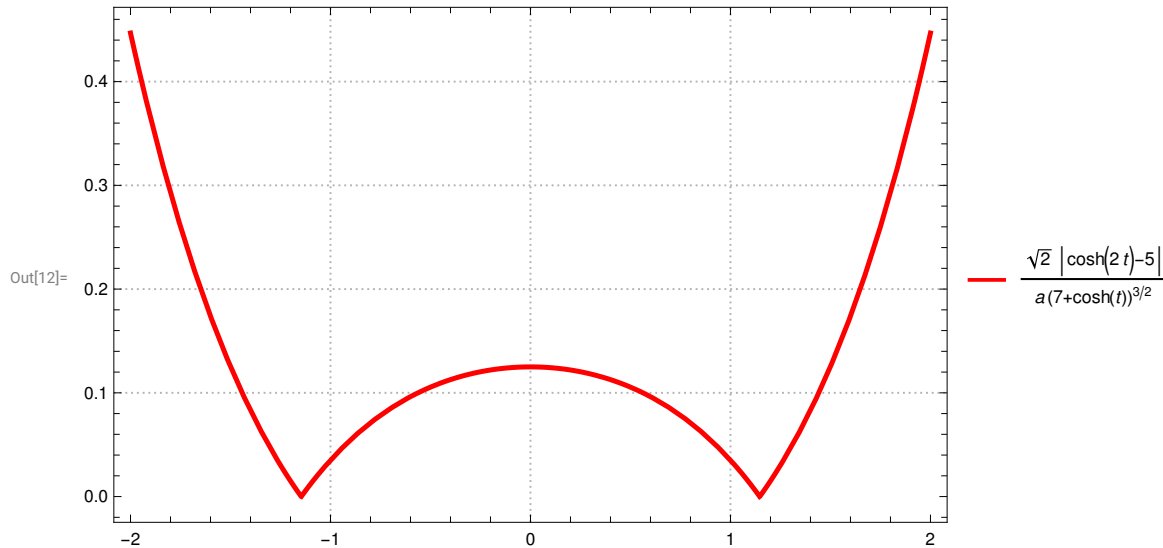
PlotStyle → {Red, PointSize[0.015]}], ImageSize → 500

]

Out[11]=



```
In[12]:= Plot[ $\frac{\text{Sqrt}[2]}{a} \frac{\text{Abs}[\text{Cosh}[2 t]-5]}{(7+\text{Cosh}[t])^{3/2}}$ , {t, -2, 2},
  PlotStyle -> {Red, Thickness[0.006]}, PlotTheme -> "Detailed", ImageSize -> 450]
```



```
In[13]:= Solve[ $\frac{\text{Sqrt}[2]}{2} \frac{\text{Abs}[\text{Cosh}[2 x]-5]}{(7+\text{Cosh}[x])^{3/2}} == 0$ , x]
```

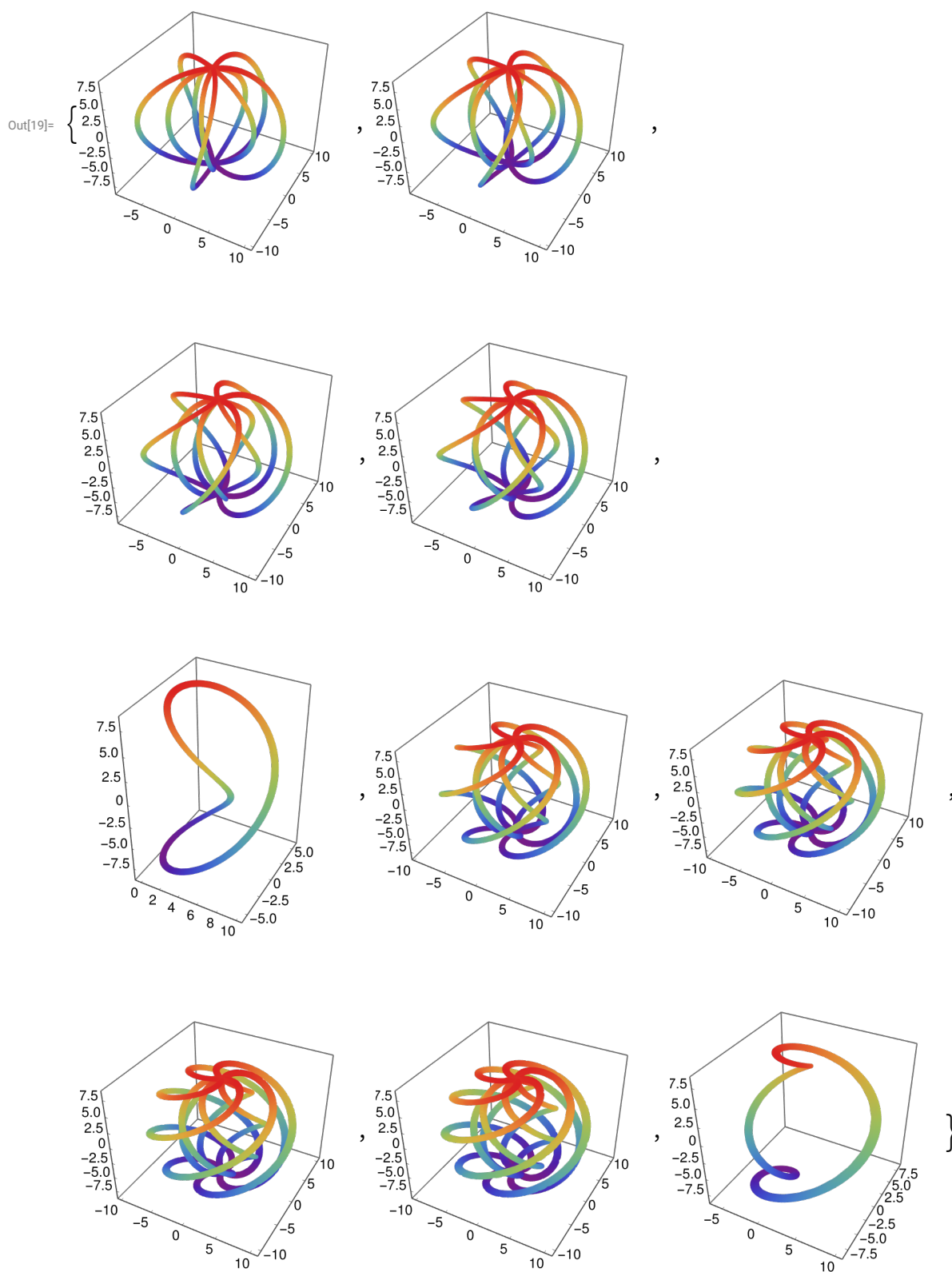
**Solve:** Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution information. [i](#)

Out[13]=  $\left\{ \left\{ x \rightarrow -\frac{\text{ArcCosh}[5]}{2} \right\}, \left\{ x \rightarrow \frac{\text{ArcCosh}[5]}{2} \right\} \right\}$

### Task 3.

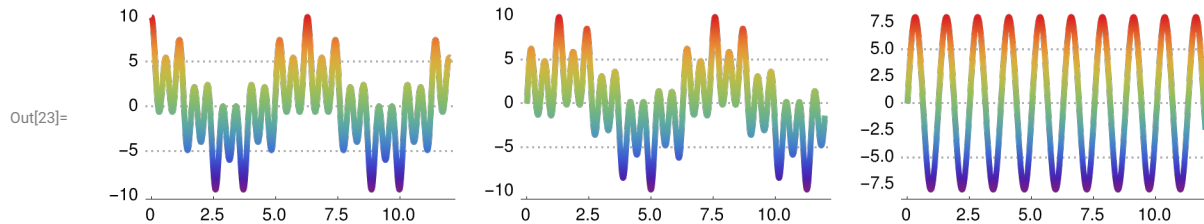
#### Curve Plot

```
In[14]:= Clear[x, y, z, b, c, α]
x[t_, b_] = c Cos[b t] + r Cos[α t] Cos[b t];
y[t_, b_] = c Sin[b t] + r Cos[α t] Sin[b t];
z[t_] = r Sin[α t];
c = 2.0; r = 8.0; α = 5.0;
plots = Table[ParametricPlot3D[{x[t, b], y[t, b], z[t]}, {t, -100, 100},
  ColorFunction -> "Rainbow", PlotTheme -> "Business"], {b, 1, 10}]
```



Projections on x,y,z axes

```
In[20]:= px = Plot[x[t, 6.0], {t, 0, 12}, ColorFunction -> "Rainbow", PlotTheme -> "Business"];
py = Plot[y[t, 6.0], {t, 0, 12}, ColorFunction -> "Rainbow", PlotTheme -> "Business"];
pz = Plot[z[t], {t, 0, 12}, ColorFunction -> "Rainbow", PlotTheme -> "Business"];
GraphicsRow[{px, py, pz}]
```



### First Derivative

```
In[24]:= Remove[c, r, α, β];
x[t_] = (r Cos[α t]) Cos[β t];
y[t_] = (r Cos[α t]) Sin[β t];
z[t_] = r Sin[α t];
f = {x[t], y[t], z[t]};
x1[t_] = Simplify[D[x[t], t]];
y1[t_] = Simplify[D[y[t], t]];
z1[t_] = Simplify[D[z[t], t]];
f1 = {x1[t], y1[t], z1[t]};
Print["Derivative is ", f1]

Derivative is
{-r (α Cos[t β] Sin[t α] + β Cos[t α] Sin[t β]), r (β Cos[t α] Cos[t β] - α Sin[t α] Sin[t β]), r α Cos[t α]}
```

```
In[34]:= l[t_] = Simplify[(x1[t])^2 + (y1[t])^2 + (z1[t])^2];
Print["Square of length is ", l[t]]
```

Square of length is  $\frac{1}{2} r^2 (2 \alpha^2 + \beta^2 + \beta^2 \cos[2 t \alpha])$

### Natural Parameter

```
In[36]:= Clear[k]
Simplify[Integrate[Sqrt[l[t]], t], r > 0 && α > 0 && β > 0]
```

Out[37]= 
$$\frac{r \sqrt{\alpha^2 + \beta^2} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[t \alpha, \frac{\beta^2}{\alpha^2 + \beta^2}\right]}{\alpha}$$

### Second Derivative

```
In[38]:= x2[t_] = Simplify[D[x1[t], t]];
y2[t_] = Simplify[D[y1[t], t]];
z2[t_] = Simplify[D[z1[t], t]];
f2 = Simplify[{x2[t], y2[t], z2[t]}];
Print["Second derivative is ", f2]
```

Second derivative is  $\{-r(\alpha^2 + \beta^2) \cos[t\alpha] \cos[t\beta] + 2r\alpha\beta \sin[t\alpha] \sin[t\beta],$   
 $-r(2\alpha\beta \cos[t\beta] \sin[t\alpha] + (\alpha^2 + \beta^2) \cos[t\alpha] \sin[t\beta]), -r\alpha^2 \sin[t\alpha]\}$

### Cross Product (aka binormal)

```
In[43]:= f1f2 = Simplify[Cross[f1, f2]];
Print["Cross product is ", f1f2]
```

Cross product is  $\{r^2\alpha(\alpha\beta \cos[t\alpha] \cos[t\beta] \sin[t\alpha] + (\alpha^2 + \beta^2) \cos[t\alpha]^2 \sin[t\beta] + \alpha^2 \sin[t\alpha]^2 \sin[t\beta]),$   
 $-r^2\alpha((\alpha^2 + \beta^2) \cos[t\alpha]^2 \cos[t\beta] + \alpha^2 \cos[t\beta] \sin[t\alpha]^2 - \frac{1}{2}\alpha\beta \sin[2t\alpha] \sin[t\beta]),$   
 $\frac{1}{2}r^2\beta(3\alpha^2 + \beta^2 + (-\alpha^2 + \beta^2) \cos[2t\alpha])\}$

```
In[45]:= cross1 = Simplify[f1f2[[1]]];
cross2 = Simplify[f1f2[[2]]];
cross3 = Simplify[f1f2[[3]]];
Print["First component: ", cross1];
Print["Second component: ", cross2];
Print["Third component: ", cross3];
```

First component:  $r^2\alpha(\alpha\beta \cos[t\alpha] \cos[t\beta] \sin[t\alpha] + (\alpha^2 + \beta^2) \cos[t\alpha]^2 \sin[t\beta] + \alpha^2 \sin[t\alpha]^2 \sin[t\beta])$

Second component:  $-r^2\alpha((\alpha^2 + \beta^2) \cos[t\alpha]^2 \cos[t\beta] + \alpha^2 \cos[t\beta] \sin[t\alpha]^2 - \frac{1}{2}\alpha\beta \sin[2t\alpha] \sin[t\beta])$

Third component:  $\frac{1}{2}r^2\beta(3\alpha^2 + \beta^2 + (-\alpha^2 + \beta^2) \cos[2t\alpha])$

### Cross product vector length

```
In[51]:= crossL = Simplify[Sqrt[cross1^2 + cross2^2 + cross3^2], r > 0 && \alpha > 0 && \beta > 0];
Print["Length of cross product is ", crossL]
```

Length of cross product is



$$\frac{r^2 \sqrt{8\alpha^6 + 28\alpha^4\beta^2 + 13\alpha^2\beta^4 + 3\beta^6 + 4\beta^2(-\alpha^4 + 3\alpha^2\beta^2 + \beta^4) \cos[2t\alpha] + (-\alpha^2\beta^4 + \beta^6) \cos[4t\alpha]}}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

In[53]:= **simplifiedL =**

$$\text{Simplify}\left[\frac{r^2}{2 \sqrt{2}} \sqrt{8 \alpha^6 + 28 \alpha^4 \beta^2 + 13 \alpha^2 \beta^4 + 3 \beta^6 + 4 \beta^2 (-\alpha^4 + 3 \alpha^2 \beta^2 + \beta^4) \cos[2 t \alpha]} + (-\alpha^2 \beta^4 + \beta^6) \cos[4 t \alpha]\right] /. \{\beta \rightarrow \alpha\}, \alpha > 0 \&\& r > 0]$$

**Solve[simplifiedL == 0, t]**

Out[53]= 
$$\frac{r^2 \alpha^3 \sqrt{13 + 3 \cos[2 t \alpha]}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

 **Solve:** Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution information. 

Out[54]= 
$$\left\{\left\{t \rightarrow -\frac{\text{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{13}{3}\right]}{2 \alpha}\right\}, \left\{t \rightarrow \frac{\text{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{13}{3}\right]}{2 \alpha}\right\}\right\}$$

## Curvature

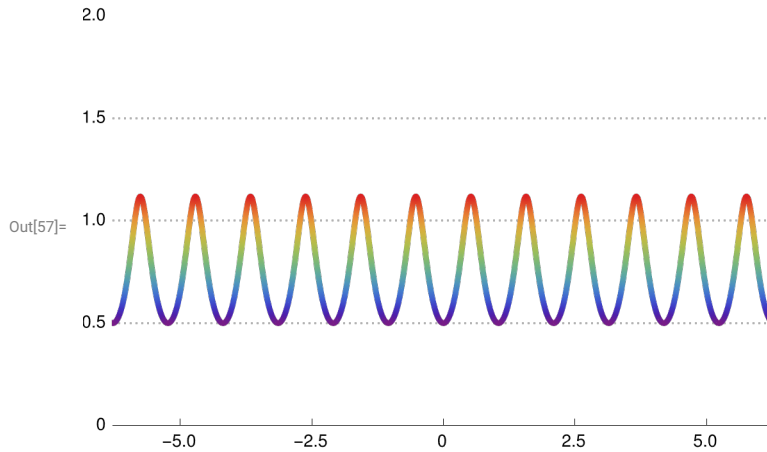
In[55]:= **curvature = Simplify** $\left[\frac{\text{crossL}}{\sqrt{L[t]}}\right], \alpha > 0 \&\& \beta > 0 \&\& r > 0]$

Out[55]= 
$$\frac{r \sqrt{8 \alpha^6 + 28 \alpha^4 \beta^2 + 13 \alpha^2 \beta^4 + 3 \beta^6 + 4 \beta^2 (-\alpha^4 + 3 \alpha^2 \beta^2 + \beta^4) \cos[2 t \alpha]} + (-\alpha^2 \beta^4 + \beta^6) \cos[4 t \alpha]}{2 \sqrt{2 \alpha^2 + \beta^2 + \beta^2 \cos[2 t \alpha]}}$$

In[56]:= **simplifiedCurvature = Simplify** $\left[\frac{\text{simplifiedL}}{(L[t])^{3/2} /. \{\beta \rightarrow \alpha\}}\right], \alpha > 0 \&\& r > 0]$

Out[56]= 
$$\frac{2 \sqrt{13 + 3 \cos[2 t \alpha]}}{r (3 + \cos[2 t \alpha])^{3/2}}$$

```
In[57]:= Plot[simplifiedCurvature /. {α → 3.0, r → 2.0}, {t, -10, 10},
  PlotRange → {{-2 π, 2 π}, {0, 2}}, ColorFunction → "Rainbow", PlotTheme → "Business"]
```



### Torsion

```
In[58]:= x3[t_] = Simplify[D[x2[t], t]];
y3[t_] = Simplify[D[y2[t], t]];
z3[t_] = Simplify[D[z2[t], t]];
f3 = Simplify[{x3[t], y3[t], z3[t]}]
Needs["VectorAnalysis`"];
triplet = Simplify[Det[{f1, f2, f3}]]
```

```
Out[61]:= {r (α (α² + 3 β²) Cos[t β] Sin[t α] + β (3 α² + β²) Cos[t α] Sin[t β]),
  r (-β (3 α² + β²) Cos[t α] Cos[t β] + α (α² + 3 β²) Sin[t α] Sin[t β]), -r α³ Cos[t α]}
```

⋯ General: VectorAnalysis` is now obsolete. The legacy version being loaded may conflict with current functionality. See the Compatibility Guide for updating information.

```
Out[63]:= 1/2 r³ α β Cos[t α] (4 α⁴ + 7 α² β² + β⁴ + (-α² β² + β⁴) Cos[2 t α])
```

```
In[64]:= SimplifiedTriplet = triplet /. {β → α}
```

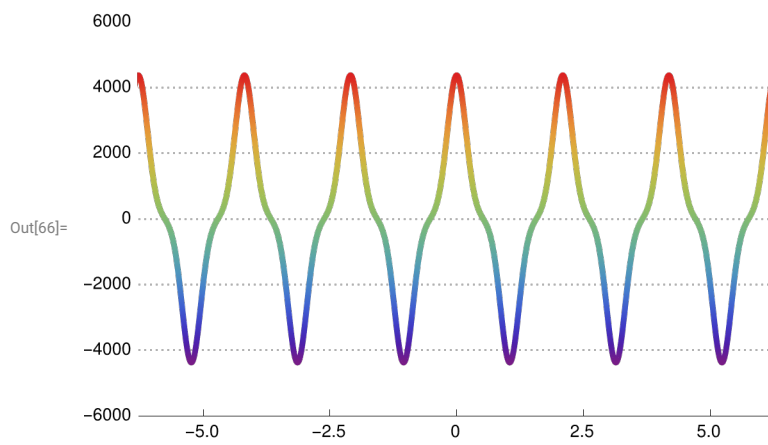
```
Out[64]:= 6 r³ α⁶ Cos[t α]
```

```
In[65]:= torsion = Simplify[SimplifiedTriplet / simplifiedCurvature²]
```

```
Out[65]:= (3 r⁵ α⁶ Cos[t α] (3 + Cos[2 t α])³) / (26 + 6 Cos[2 t α])
```



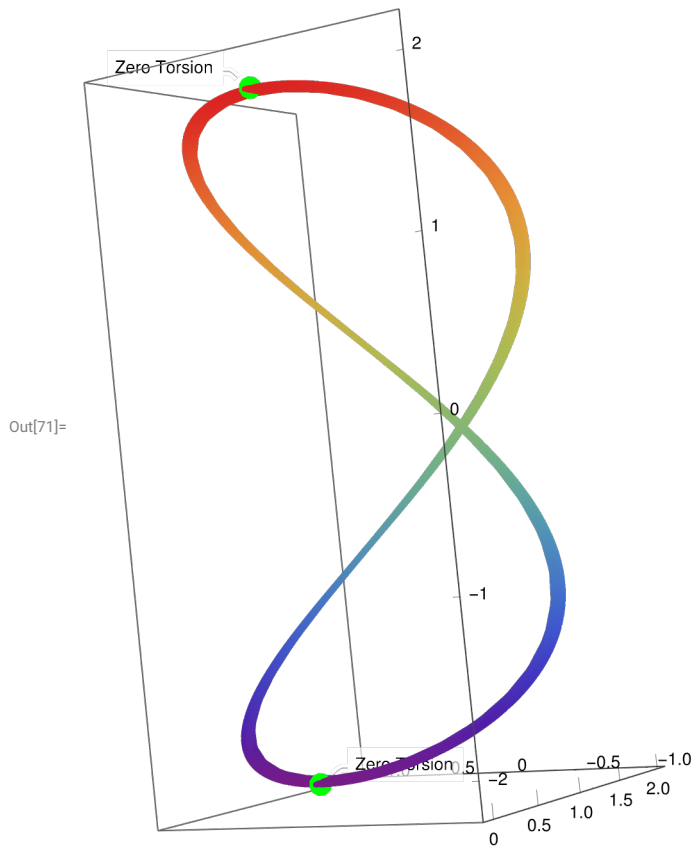
```
In[66]:= Plot[torsion /. { $\alpha \rightarrow 3.0$ ,  $r \rightarrow 1.0$ }, {t, -10, 10}, PlotRange  $\rightarrow \{\{-2 \pi, 2 \pi\}, \{-6000, 6000\}\}$ ,  
ColorFunction  $\rightarrow$  "Rainbow", PlotTheme  $\rightarrow$  "Business"]
```



```

In[67]:= xTorsion[t_] = x[t] /. {α → 5.0, β → 5.0, r → 2.0};
yTorsion[t_] = y[t] /. {α → 5.0, β → 5.0, r → 2.0};
zTorsion[t_] = z[t] /. {α → 5.0, β → 5.0, r → 2.0};
u = Table[{xTorsion[ $\frac{\pi}{2 \times 5.0} + \frac{\pi}{5.0} k$ ],
  yTorsion[ $\frac{\pi}{2 \times 5.0} + \frac{\pi}{5.0} k$ ], zTorsion[ $\frac{\pi}{2 \times 5.0} + \frac{\pi}{5.0} k$ ]}, {k, 2}];
Show[
  ParametricPlot3D[{xTorsion[t], yTorsion[t], zTorsion[t]},
    {t, -100, 100}, ColorFunction → "Rainbow", PlotTheme → "Business",
    ListPointPlot3D[u → {"Zero Torsion", "Zero Torsion"},
      PlotStyle → {Green, PointSize[0.04]}]
]

```



```

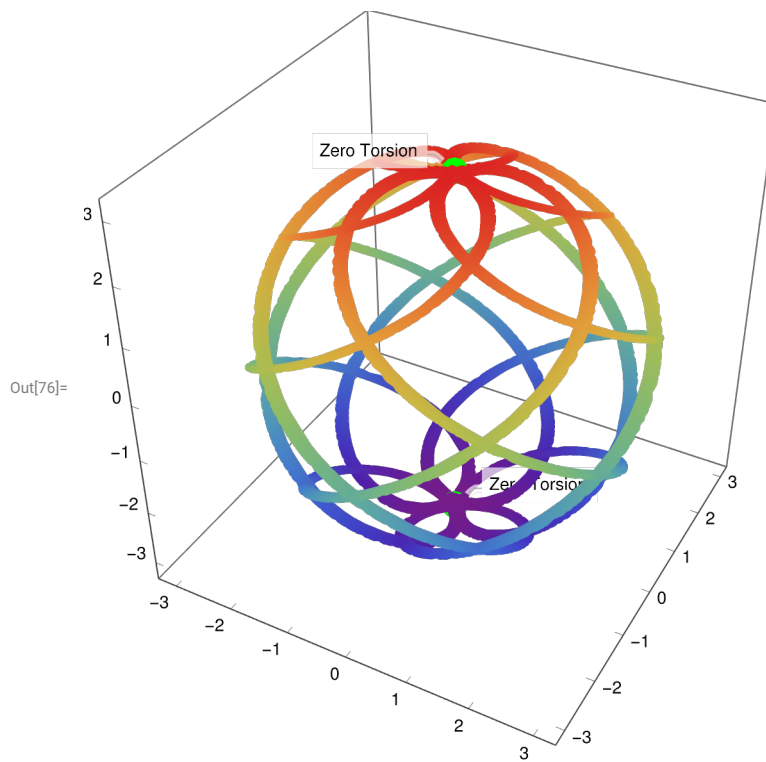
In[72]:= X[t_] = 3.0 Cos[5 t] Cos[8 t];
Y[t_] = 3.0 Cos[5 t] Sin[8 t];
Z[t_] = 3.0 Sin[5 t];
u = Table[{X[ $\frac{\pi}{2 \times 5.0} + \frac{\pi}{5.0} k$ ], Y[ $\frac{\pi}{2 \times 5.0} + \frac{\pi}{5.0} k$ ], Z[ $\frac{\pi}{2 \times 5.0} + \frac{\pi}{5.0} k$ ]}, {k, 2}];

```

```

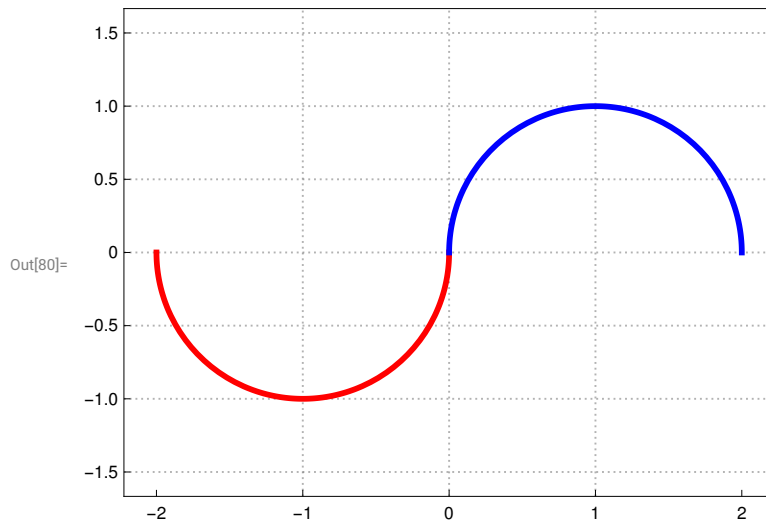
In[76]:= Show[
  ParametricPlot3D[{X[t], Y[t], Z[t]}, {t, -100, 100},
    ColorFunction -> "Rainbow", PlotTheme -> "Business"],
  ListPointPlot3D[u -> {"Zero Torsion", "Zero Torsion"},
    PlotStyle -> {Green, PointSize[0.04]}]
]

```



## Task 5.

```
In[77]:= x1[t_] = -1 - Cos[t];  
          x2[t_] = 1 + Cos[t];  
          y[t_] = -Sin[t];  
          Show[  
            ParametricPlot[{x1[t], y[t]}, {t, 0,  $\pi$ }, PlotTheme → "Business", PlotStyle → Red],  
            ParametricPlot[{x2[t], y[t]}, {t,  $\pi$ ,  $2\pi$ }, PlotTheme → "Business", PlotStyle → Blue],  
            PlotRange → {{-2, 2}, {-1.5, 1.5}}  
          ]
```



```

In[81]:= Clear[t]

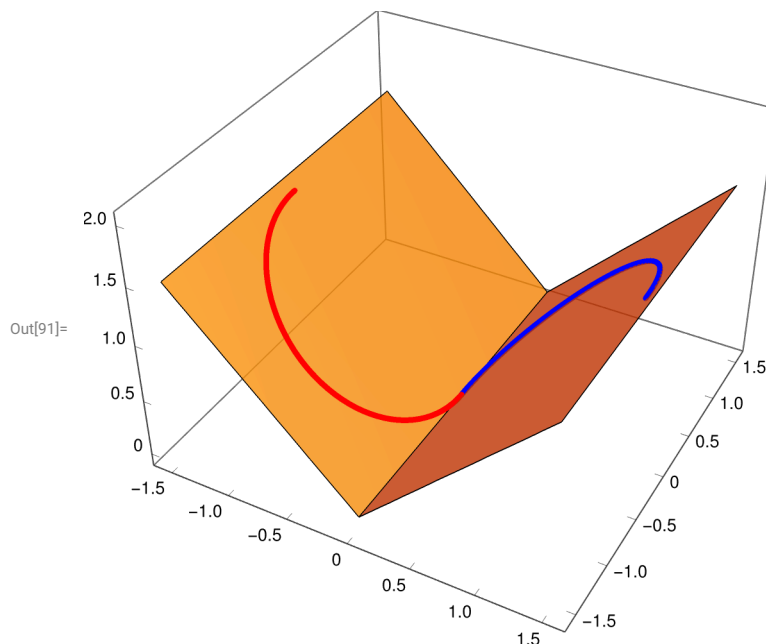
$$\phi_1 = -\frac{\pi}{4}; \phi_2 = +\frac{\pi}{4};$$

R1 = {{Cos[ $\phi_1$ ], 0, -Sin[ $\phi_1$ ]}, {0, 1, 0}, {Sin[ $\phi_1$ ], 0, Cos[ $\phi_1$ ]}};
R2 = {{Cos[ $\phi_2$ ], 0, -Sin[ $\phi_2$ ]}, {0, 1, 0}, {Sin[ $\phi_2$ ], 0, Cos[ $\phi_2$ ]}};
plane1 = R1.{0, 0, 1};
plane2 = R2.{0, 0, 1};
f1R[t_] = Simplify[R1.{x1[t], y[t], 0}];
f2R[t_] = Simplify[R2.{x2[t], y[t], 0}];
Print["Equation for the first part of a function: f1(t)=", f1R[t]]
Print["Equation for the second part of a function: f2(t)=", f2R[t]]
Show[
  ParametricPlot3D[f1R[t], {t, 0,  $\pi$ }, PlotTheme → "Business", PlotStyle → Red],
  ParametricPlot3D[f2R[t], {t,  $\pi$ , 2  $\pi$ }, PlotTheme → "Business", PlotStyle → Blue],
  ContourPlot3D[plane1.{x, y, z} == 0, {x, -1.5, 1.5}, {y, -1.5, 1.5}, {z, 0, 2}, Mesh → None,
    ContourStyle → Directive[Orange, Opacity[0.8], Specularity[White, 30]]],
  ContourPlot3D[plane2.{x, y, z} == 0, {x, -1.5, 1.5}, {y, -1.5, 1.5}, {z, 0, 2}, Mesh → None,
    ContourStyle → Directive[Orange, Opacity[0.8], Specularity[White, 30]]],
  PlotRange → {{-1.5, 1.5}, {-1.5, 1.5}, {0, 2}}
]

```

Equation for the first part of a function:  $f_1(t) = \left\{ -\frac{1 + \cos[t]}{\sqrt{2}}, -\sin[t], \frac{1 + \cos[t]}{\sqrt{2}} \right\}$

Equation for the second part of a function:  $f_2(t) = \left\{ \frac{1 + \cos[t]}{\sqrt{2}}, -\sin[t], \frac{1 + \cos[t]}{\sqrt{2}} \right\}$

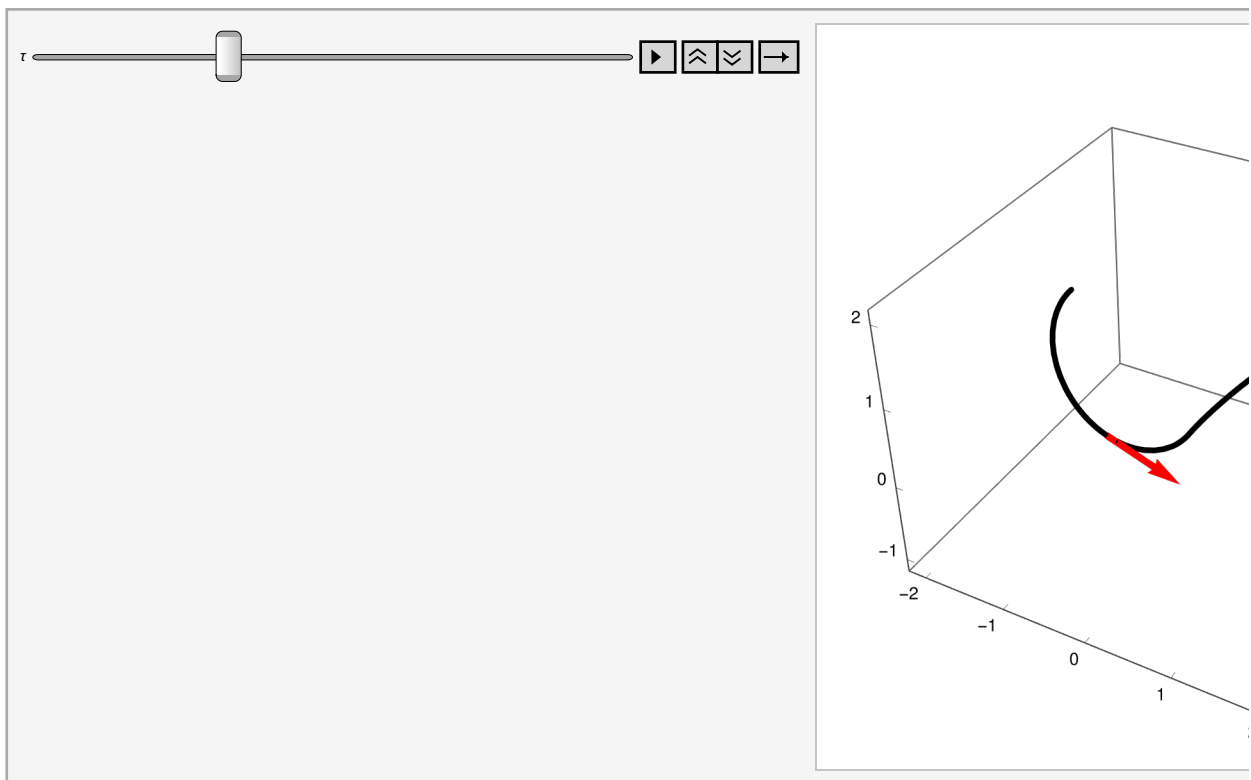


```

In[92]:= fR[t_] = { $\frac{1 + \cos[t]}{\sqrt{2}} \text{Sign}[t - \pi], -\sin[t], \frac{1 + \cos[t]}{\sqrt{2}}$ };
fdotR[t_] = { $-\frac{\sin[t]}{\sqrt{2}} \text{Sign}[t - \pi], -\cos[t], -\frac{\sin[t]}{\sqrt{2}}$ };
Animate[
  Show
  [
    ParametricPlot3D[fR[t], {t, 0, 2  $\pi$ }, PlotTheme -> "Business", PlotStyle -> Black],
    Graphics3D[{Red, Thickness[0.01], Arrowheads[0.05], Arrow[{fR[t], fR[t] + fdotR[t]}]}],
    PlotRange -> {{-2, 2}, {-2, 2}, {-1, 2}}
  ],
  {t, 0, 2  $\pi$ }
]

```

Out[94]=



```

In[95]:= fddotR[t_] = { $-\frac{\cos[t]}{\sqrt{2}} \text{Sign}[t - \pi], \sin[t], -\frac{\cos[t]}{\sqrt{2}}$ };
 $\beta[t_] = \text{Simplify}[\text{Cross}[\text{fdotR}[t], \text{fddotR}[t]]]$ 

```

```

Out[96]= { $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0, \frac{\text{Sign}[\pi - t]}{\sqrt{2}}$ }

```

In[97]:= **v[t\_] = Simplify[Cross[ $\beta[t]$ , fdotR[t]]]**

Out[97]= 
$$\left\{ \frac{\cos[t] \operatorname{Sign}[\pi - t]}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{2} (1 + \operatorname{Sign}[\pi - t]^2) \sin[t], -\frac{\cos[t]}{\sqrt{2}} \right\}$$

In[98]:= **Animate[**  
**Show**  
**[**  
**ParametricPlot3D[fR[t], {t, 0, 2  $\pi$ }, PlotTheme → "Business", PlotStyle → Black],**  
**Graphics3D[{Red, Thickness[0.01], Arrowheads[0.05], Arrow[{fR[t], fR[t] + fdotR[t]}]},**  
**Graphics3D[{Blue, Thickness[0.01], Arrowheads[0.05], Arrow[{fR[t], fR[t] +  $\beta[t]$ }]},**  
**Graphics3D[{Green, Thickness[0.01], Arrowheads[0.05], Arrow[{fR[t], fR[t] + v[t]}]},**  
**PlotRange → {{-2, 2}, {-2, 2}, {-1, 2}}**  
**],**  
**{t, 0, 2  $\pi$ }**  
**]**

Out[98]=

