•



Analysis of Algorithms | Set 4 (Analysis of Loops)

We have discussed Asymptotic Analysis, Worst, Average and Best Cases and Asymptotic Notations in previous posts. In this post, analysis of iterative programs with simple examples is discussed.

1) O(1): Time complexity of a function (or set of statements) is considered as O(1) if it doesn't contain loop, recursion and call to any other non-constant time function.

```
// set of non-recursive and non-loop statements
```

For example swap() function has O(1) time complexity.

A loop or recursion that runs a constant number of times is also considered as O(1). For example the following loop is O(1).

2) O(n): Time Complexity of a loop is considered as O(n) if the loop variables is incremented / decremented by a constant amount. For example following functions have O(n) time complexity.

```
// Here c is a positive integer constant
for (int i = 1; i <= n; i += c) {
    // some O(1) expressions
}

for (int i = n; i > 0; i -= c) {
    // some O(1) expressions
}
```

3) $O(n^c)$: Time complexity of nested loops is equal to the number of times the innermost statement is executed. For example the following sample loops have $O(n^2)$ time complexity

```
for (int i = 1; i <=n; i += c) {
    for (int j = 1; j <=n; j += c) {
        // some O(1) expressions
    }
}

for (int i = n; i > 0; i += c) {
    for (int j = i+1; j <=n; j += c) {
        // some O(1) expressions
}</pre>
```

For example Selection sort and Insertion Sort have O(n²) time complexity.

4) O(Logn) Time Complexity of a loop is considered as O(Logn) if the loop variables is divided / multiplied by a constant amount.

```
for (int i = 1; i <=n; i *= c) {
    // some O(1) expressions
}
for (int i = n; i > 0; i /= c) {
    // some O(1) expressions
}
```

For example Binary Search(refer iterative implementation) has O(Logn) time complexity.

5) O(LogLogn) Time Complexity of a loop is considered as O(LogLogn) if the loop variables is reduced / increased exponentially by a constant amount.

```
// Here c is a constant greater than 1
for (int i = 2; i <=n; i = pow(i, c)) {
    // some O(1) expressions
}
//Here fun is sqrt or cuberoot or any other constant root
for (int i = n; i > 0; i = fun(i)) {
    // some O(1) expressions
}
```

See this for more explanation.

How to combine time complexities of consecutive loops?

When there are consecutive loops, we calculate time complexity as sum of time complexities of individual loops.

```
for (int i = 1; i <=m; i += c) {
    // some O(1) expressions
}
for (int i = 1; i <=n; i += c) {
    // some O(1) expressions
}
Time complexity of above code is O(m) + O(n) which is O(m+n)
If m == n, the time complexity becomes O(2n) which is O(n).</pre>
```

How to calculate time complexity when there are many if, else statements inside loops?

As discussed here, worst case time complexity is the most useful among best, average and worst. Therefore we need to consider worst case. We evaluate the situation when values in if-else conditions cause maximum number of statements to be executed.

For example consider the linear search function where we consider the case when element is present at the end or not present at all.

When the code is too complex to consider all if-else cases, we can get an upper bound by ignoring if else and other complex control statements.

How to calculate time complexity of recursive functions?

Time complexity of a recursive function can be written as a mathematical recurrence relation. To calculate time complexity, we must know how to solve recurrences. We will soon be discussing recurrence solving techniques as a separate post.

Quiz on Analysis of Algorithms

Next - Analysis of Algorithm | Set 4 (Solving Recurrences)

Please write comments if you find anything incorrect, or you want to share more information about the topic discussed above.

GATE CS Corner Company Wise Coding Practice



Recommended Posts:

Analysis of Algorithm | Set 4 (Solving Recurrences)

Time Complexity of a Loop when Loop variable "Expands or Shrinks" exponentially

Analysis of Algorithms | Set 3 (Asymptotic Notations)

Analysis of Algorithms | Set 1 (Asymptotic Analysis)

Analysis of Algorithm | Set 5 (Amortized Analysis Introduction)



 $Writing\ code\ in\ comment?\ Please\ use\ ide.geeks for geeks.org,\ generate\ link\ and\ share\ the\ link\ here.$

Load Comments

Share this post!

Trending Content						
Check for Majority Element in a sorted array						
Enumeration of Binary Trees						
Puzzle 67 Fit Triangle						
Java Exception Handling Question 3						
GATE GATE-CS-2003 Question 18						
Rearrange array in alternating positive & negative items with O(1) extra space Set 1						
Setting up the environment in Java						
Swap Kth node from beginning with Kth node from end in a Linked List						
Point arbit pointer to greatest value right side node in a linked list						
k largest(or smallest) elements in an array added Min Heap method						

ProGeek Cup 1.0

Most Visited Posts
Top 10 Algorithms and Data Structures for Competitive Programming
Top 10 algorithms in Interview Questions
How to begin with Competitive Programming?
Step by Step Guide for Placement Preparation
How to prepare for ACM-ICPC?
Insertion Sort , Binary Search , QuickSort , MergeSort , HeapSort

ids by BSA

Popular Categories							
terview Experiences							
dvanced Data Structures							
ynamic Programming							
reedy Algorithms							
acktracking							
attern Searching							
ivide & Conquer							
eometric Algorithms							
earching							
orting							
nalysis of Algorithms							

Mathematical Algorithms	Popular Categories
Randomized Algorithms	
Recursion	
Game Theory	

Tags

Advanced Data Structure Amazon Aptitude Aptitude Arrays Bit Magic C C C++ C++ Quiz CPP-Library C Quiz Data Structures Data Structures DBMS Dynamic Programming Experienced GATE-CS-2012 GBlog Graph Hash Internship Interview Experiences Java java- Java Quiz Linked Lists Mathematical Matrix MCQ Microsoft number-digits Program Output Project Puzzles Python QA - Placement Quizzes QA - Placement Quizzes School Programming Searching Sorting STL Strings Technical Scripter Trees

Trees Q	A - Placement	Quizzes	School Prog	ramming	Searching	Sorting	STL	Strings	Technical	Scripter
	Advertise Here									
Recent Comments										
@geeksforg	geeks, Some rights	reserved	Contact Us!	About Us!	Ca	reers!	Priva	acy Policy	f	Y