

# **Redirecting Input and Output**

## **Append Redirect shell command**

The >> shell command is used to redirect the standard output of the command on the left and append (add) it to the end of the file on the right.

# This command will append "Hello World!"
to greetings.txt
echo "Hello World!" >> greetings.txt

## Pipe shell command

The | command is called a *pipe*. It is used to *pipe*, or transfer, the standard output from the command on its left into the standard input of the command on its right.

# First, echo "Hello World" will send
Hello World to the standard output.
# Next, pipe | will transfer the standard
output to the next command's standard
input.
# Finally, wc -w will count the number of

words from its standard input, which is 2.

echo "Hello World" | wc -w

# **Redirecting Output**

The > symbol is used to redirect output by taking the output from the command on the left and passing as input to the file on the right.

#### cat Display

The shell command cat displays the contents of one or more files to the terminal.

#### echo "Hello" > hello.txt

\$ cat poem.txt
\$ cat poem.txt kitties.txt

#### grep Search

The shell command <code>grep</code> is used to search files for lines that match a pattern and returns the results.

Various options can be specified along with the <code>grep</code> command to specify the search.

In the provided example, the lines in the file <code>names.txt</code> which contain "sonny" will be returned.

#### Case insensitive search

The shell grep command searches files for a particular pattern. The grep command with the -i option can be used to search files for lines that match a pattern, case insensitive, and returns the results.

grep 'sonny' names.txt

# grep -R shell command

The shell command <code>grep</code> has a <code>-R</code> option (<code>grep -R</code>) that searches all files in a directory, including its subdirectories, and outputs filenames and lines containing matched results.

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#### **Command Line Redirection**

On a command line, redirection is the process of using the input/output of a file or command to use it as an input for another file. It is similar but different from pipes, as it allows reading/writing from files instead of only commands.

Redirection can be done by using the operators  $\rightarrow$  and  $\rightarrow$ .

ls > directories\_list.txt
ls >> directories\_list.txt