OpenFDA Adverse Drug Prescriptions & Reactions Prediction Model

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http://github.com/akamlani/openfda



Problem

- Can we help Patients avoid adverse reactions ?
- Minimized Reactions from Multiple Prescribed drugs
- Drug Avoidance based on High Probability of Reaction



Case Study

- Serious Reports
- Elderly Patients (Ages 65+), Patient Indication="Hypertension"
- Multiple Prescribed Drugs -> Multiple Reactions
- Determine Drug Correlation and Drug/Reaction Dependency





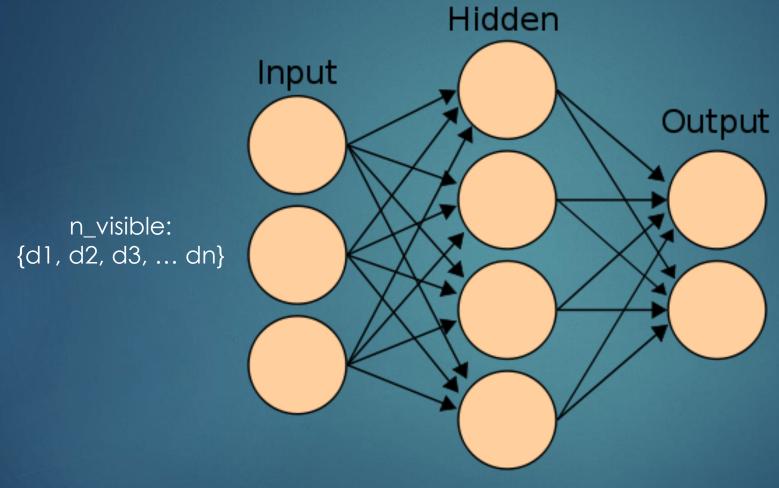
OpenFDA Queries

- OpenFDA Launched in Beta Summer 2014
- Drug Endpoint Query
 - https://api.fda.gov/drug/event.json?
 - Parameters: api_key, search, count, limit
 - Requires Pagination and Queries Rate Limited
- ▶ 4M + Reported Records
- Some records include Drug Name Normalization
- Via Voluntary Reports (FDA Adverse Event Reporting System: FAERS)
- JSON data not Flat (Multiple Embedded Dictionaries and Lists)
 - Not Able to Filter Multiple Levels (e.g. all Drugs, Reactions)

ML Techniques Used

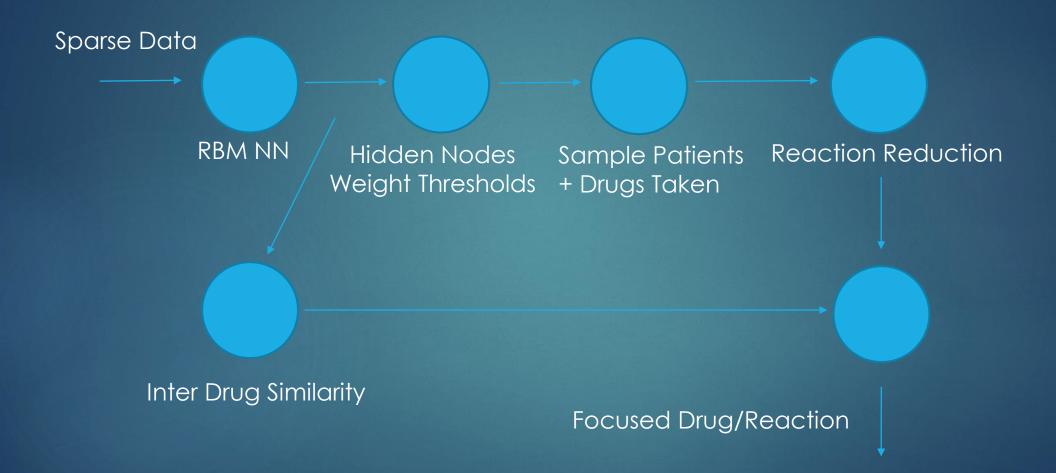
- Multi-Dimensional Feature Space, Multiple Possible Targets
 - No True Target Label -> Semi-Supervised/Unsupervised Learning
 - Common ML Techniques learned don't fit
- Data Munging/Filtering Voluntary Data
- Neural Networks Variants (Deep Learning)
 - Restricted Boltzmann Machine (RBM) Binary Valued
- Cosine Similarity Metrics

Neural Network Mappings



n_hidden: n_reactions

Model



Stats

- ▶ 3000 Patient Training Records : Minimized due to Memory
- 4970 Visible Nodes (Drug Matrix)
- 2908 Hidden Nodes (Reactions)
- Default Number of Epochs (10)
- ▶ Training Time: < 10 Min
- ▶ Hidden Node Connection Threshold: >= 2

Top Similar Drugs Sample

Drug

ACCUZIDE (HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE, QUINAPRIL)

ASS

MENATETRENONE

VICODIN

SPIRIVA (TIOTROPIOUM BROMIDE)

ENALAPRIL MALEATE AND HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

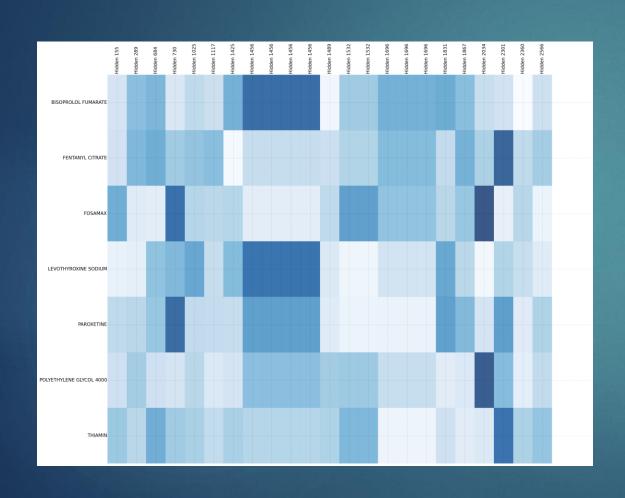
PRIMIDONE

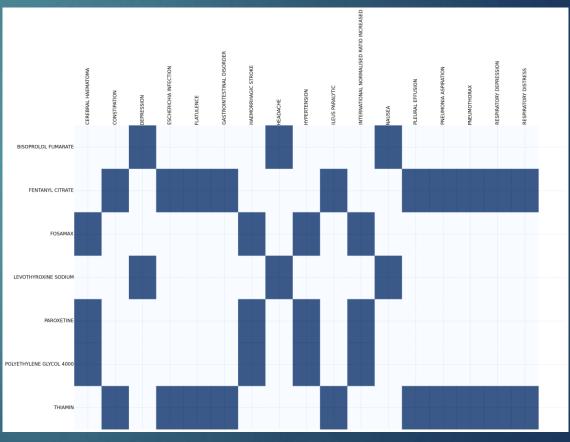
CEFAMEZIN

EPOETIN BETA

Visualization:

Minimized Reactions from Drug Connection Weights





Lessons Learned

- Choose a simpler dataset and Project Idea!
- Non-Tabular data format creates more difficulty.
- Dealing with Multidimensional data (Input + Output) is difficult
- Even small Neural Networks can take a long time to train
- Sparse Matrixes and Memory are important!
- Minimization problem to apply more traditional ML Aspects

Next Steps

- Use of Drug Harmonization
- Further Drug Separation and Insights
 - Chemical Structure
 - Physiologic Effect
 - Dosage Information
- Neural Networks
 - Theano Package
- Scaling
 - Apply to other Case Studies and Larger datasets
 - Multiple Clusters
 - Account for Memory

