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In [1]: from sympy import init_session
import math
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

In [2]: init_session(use_latex=True)

IPython console for SymPy 1.6.2 (Python 3.7.4-64-bit) (ground types: python)

These commands were executed:
>>> from __future__ import division
>>> from sympy import *
>>> x, y, z, t = symbols('x y z t')
>>> k, m, n = symbols('k m n', integer=True)
>>> f, g, h = symbols('f g h', cls=Function)
>>> init_printing()

Documentation can be found at https://docs.sympy.org/1.6.2/

In [3]: # Variables
theta_2,theta_3,theta_4 = symbols("theta_2,theta_3,theta_4")
theta_2,theta_3,theta_4

Out[3]: ( $\theta_2$ ,  $\theta_3$ ,  $\theta_4$ )

In [4]: # Parametros
a = 2
b = 7
c = 9
d = 6

a, b, c, d

Out[4]: (2, 7, 9, 6)

In [5]: # GDL
theta_2 = math.radians(30)
theta_2

Out[5]: 0.5235987755982988

In [6]: # Funciones
F1 = a*cos(theta_2) + b*cos(theta_3) - c*cos(theta_4) - d
F2 = a*sin(theta_2) + b*sin(theta_3) - c*sin(theta_4)
F1,F2

Out[6]: ( $7\cos(\theta_3) - 9\cos(\theta_4) - 4.26794919243112$ ,  $7\sin(\theta_3) - 9\sin(\theta_4) + 1.0$ )

In [58]: # Condiciones iniciales
Ini = Matrix([1,2])
Ini

Out[58]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$


In [59]: # Vector de funciones
Fun = Matrix([F1,F2])
Fun

Out[59]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 7\cos(\theta_3) - 9\cos(\theta_4) - 4.26794919243112 \\ 7\sin(\theta_3) - 9\sin(\theta_4) + 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$$


In [60]: # Variables
Var = Matrix([theta_3,theta_4])
Var

Out[60]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \theta_3 \\ \theta_4 \end{bmatrix}$$


In [62]: # Jacobiano
J = Fun.jacobian(Var)
J

Out[62]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -7\sin(\theta_3) & 9\sin(\theta_4) \\ 7\cos(\theta_3) & -9\cos(\theta_4) \end{bmatrix}$$


In [63]: # Inversión Jacobiano
Inv = J.inv()
Inv

Out[63]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\cos(\theta_4)}{7\sin(\theta_3)\cos(\theta_4)-7\sin(\theta_4)\cos(\theta_3)} & -\frac{\sin(\theta_4)}{7\sin(\theta_3)\cos(\theta_4)-7\sin(\theta_4)\cos(\theta_3)} \\ \frac{\cos(\theta_3)}{-9\sin(\theta_3)\cos(\theta_4)+9\sin(\theta_4)\cos(\theta_3)} & \frac{\sin(\theta_3)}{-9\sin(\theta_3)\cos(\theta_4)+9\sin(\theta_4)\cos(\theta_3)} \end{bmatrix}$$


In [64]: # Vector Final
Fin = Matrix([0,0])
Fin

Out[64]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$


In [65]: # Tolerancia
tol = 1e-6
tol

Out[65]:  $1e-06$ 

In [66]: # Función error
def error(Ini,Fin):
    err = sum(abs(Ini-Fin))
    return err

In [67]: # Error
err = error(Ini,Fin)
err

Out[67]: 3

In [68]: # Newton-Raphson MV
con = 0
while err>tol:
    plt.plot(con,Ini[0].evalf(),"o", color = "blue")
    plt.plot(con,Ini[1].evalf(),"v", color = "red")
    plt.grid()
    plt.show()

    Fin = Ini - Inv.subs([(theta_3,Ini[0]),(theta_4,Ini[1])])*Fun.subs([(theta_3,Ini[0]),(theta_4,Ini[1])])
    err = error(Ini.evalf(),Fin.evalf())
    Ini = Fin.evalf()
    con+=1
    print(con)
    print(err)

Fin

1
0.518778000207701
2
0.272860506677624
3
0.0166091434433497
4
0.000170723787521698
5
2.73841571640787e-9

Out[68]: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1.55050235907826 \\ 2.04702805088061 \end{bmatrix}$$


In [21]: # Respuesta en grados
math.degrees(Fin[0]),math.degrees(Fin[1])

Out[21]: (88.83724130026172, 117.28606786035022)
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