## Assignment Reproducible Research

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## 1 Problem setting

The goal is to verify the following claim. Given the actual risk induced by Hamming distance loss function (e.g. sequence tagging tasks) and the surrogate loss function that belongs to the family of Fenchel-Young losses, we should validate that the value of lower bound for the calibration function in this case is proportional to  $\frac{1}{T}$ , where T is length of input sequence. To confirm this we can numerically solve the optimization problem which arises in lower bound computation for different values of T and inspect whether the relationship is correct.

## 2 Experimental Validation

In this section we present numerical validation of aforementioned claim. From the plot below it can be seen to some extent that lower bound is indeed inversely proportional to the length of sequence T.

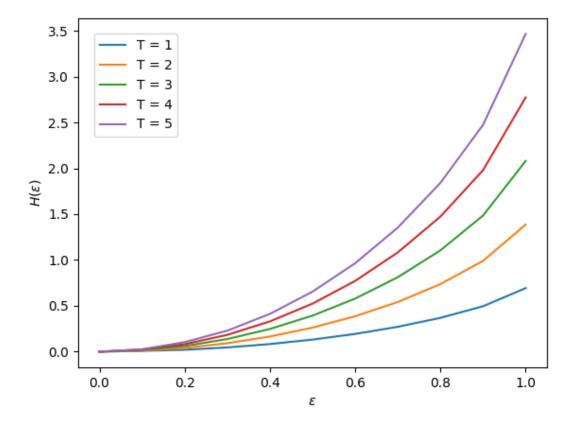


Figure 1: The dependence of lower bound on descrepancy  $\varepsilon$  for different values of T.