



DECSAI

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Modelos con adversario [GANs]

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Modelos con adversario



<http://xkcd.com/1425/>



Modelos con adversario

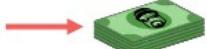


GANs

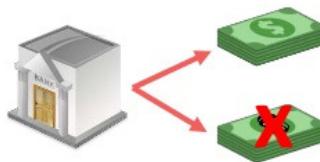
Generative Adversarial Networks

What are GANs?

First, an intuition



Goal: produce counterfeit money
that is as similar as real money.



Goal: distinguish between real and
counterfeit money.

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SlideShare, [Thomas da Silva Paula](#), HP



Modelos con adversario



GANs

Generative Adversarial Networks

Combinación de dos modelos:

- **Modelo discriminativo** (tradicional):
Probabilidad condicional, $P(y|x)$
- **Modelo generativo**:
Probabilidad conjunta, $P(x,y)$



Modelos con adversario

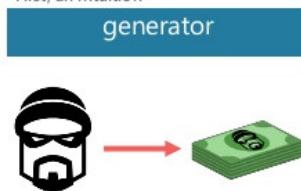


GANs

Generative Adversarial Networks

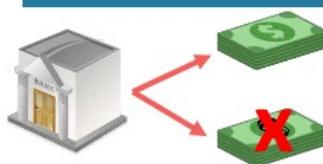
What are GANs?

First, an intuition



Goal: produce counterfeit money that is as similar as real money.

discriminator



Goal: distinguish between real and counterfeit money.

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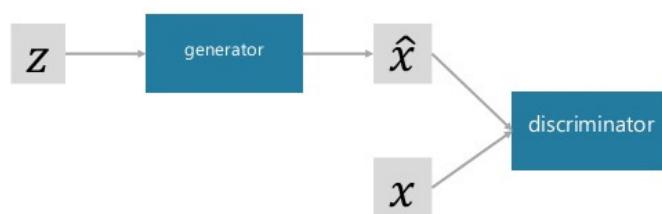
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GANs

Generative Adversarial Networks

What are GANs?



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Modelos con adversario



GANs

Generative Adversarial Networks

Los dos modelos compiten entre sí:

- El **modelo generativo** intenta construir instancias que confundan al **modelo discriminativo**.
- El **modelo discriminativo** utiliza tanto el conjunto de entrenamiento como las muestras sintetizadas por **modelo discriminativo** para ser más robusto.



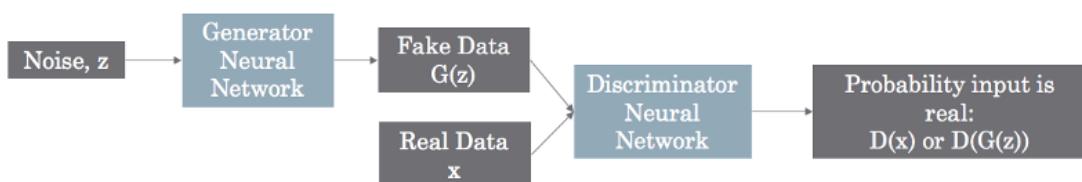
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Más formalmente:



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Generative Adversarial Networks

Como problema de optimización:

$$\min_G \max_D V(D, G) = \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{\mathbf{x} \sim p_{\text{data}}(\mathbf{x})} [\log D(\mathbf{x})]}_{\text{real}} + \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{\mathbf{z} \sim p_{\mathbf{z}}(\mathbf{z})} [\log(1 - D(G(\mathbf{z})))]}_{\text{fake}}.$$

SOLUCIÓN

Algoritmo de aprendizaje basado en el gradiente ascendente para el discriminador y en el gradiente descendente para el generador



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Algoritmo original

Algorithm 1 Minibatch stochastic gradient descent training of generative adversarial nets. The number of steps to apply to the discriminator, k , is a hyperparameter. We used $k = 1$, the least expensive option, in our experiments.

```
for number of training iterations do
    for  $k$  steps do
        • Sample minibatch of  $m$  noise samples  $\{\mathbf{z}^{(1)}, \dots, \mathbf{z}^{(m)}\}$  from noise prior  $p_g(\mathbf{z})$ .
        • Sample minibatch of  $m$  examples  $\{\mathbf{x}^{(1)}, \dots, \mathbf{x}^{(m)}\}$  from data generating distribution  $p_{\text{data}}(\mathbf{x})$ .
        • Update the discriminator by ascending its stochastic gradient:
```

$$\nabla_{\theta_d} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m [\log D(\mathbf{x}^{(i)}) + \log(1 - D(G(\mathbf{z}^{(i)})))] .$$

```
    end for
    • Sample minibatch of  $m$  noise samples  $\{\mathbf{z}^{(1)}, \dots, \mathbf{z}^{(m)}\}$  from noise prior  $p_g(\mathbf{z})$ .
    • Update the generator by descending its stochastic gradient:
```

$$\nabla_{\theta_g} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \log(1 - D(G(\mathbf{z}^{(i)}))) .$$

```
end for
The gradient-based updates can use any standard gradient-based learning rule. We used momentum in our experiments.
```



Modelos con adversario



Modelo generativo

Probabilidad conjunta, $P(x,y)$

Modelo de la distribución de probabilidad que da lugar a los datos observados en el conjunto de entrenamiento.



Modelos con adversario



Modelo generativo

Ejemplos de muestras generadas



7	3	9	3	9	9
1	1	0	6	0	0
0	1	9	1	2	2
6	3	2	0	8	8



Yellow boxes are real data samples that are nearest matches to last column of fake images. This shows the generator didn't merely memorize training examples



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Modelo generativo

Ejemplos de muestras generadas



Dormitorios

<https://arxiv.org/abs/1511.06434>



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Modelo generativo

Ejemplos de muestras generadas



Orientación de las caras

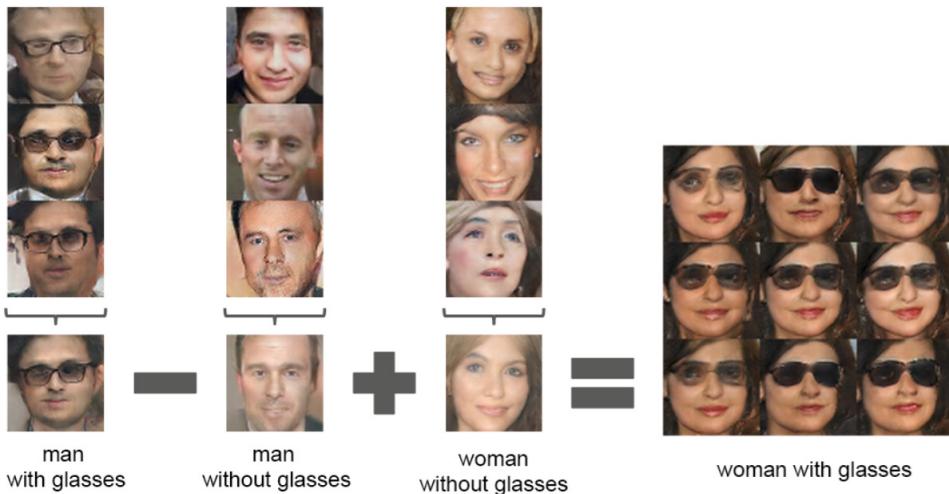


Modelos con adversario



Modelo generativo

Ejemplos de muestras generadas



Aritmética de caras...

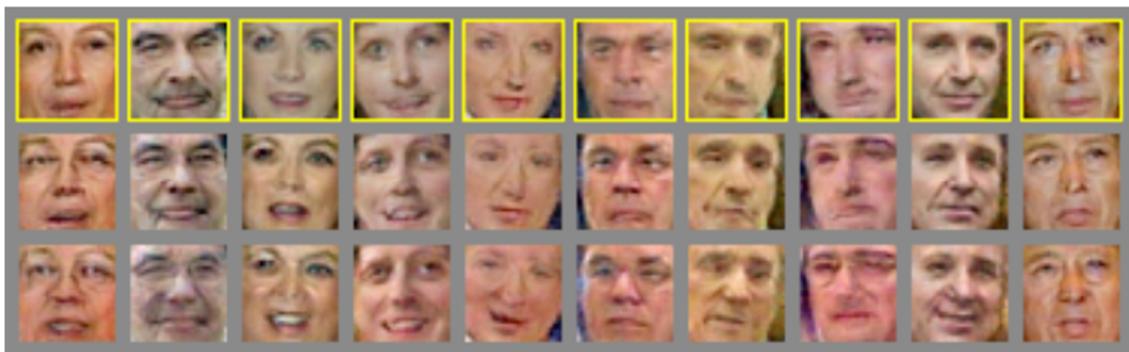


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Modelo generativo

Ejemplos de muestras generadas



Caras generadas (fila superior),
envejecidas (fila central)
y con una “sonrisa” (fila inferior)

<http://www.foldl.me/2015/conditional-gans-face-generation/>



Modelos con adversario



Síntesis de imágenes

<https://thispersondoesnotexist.com/>



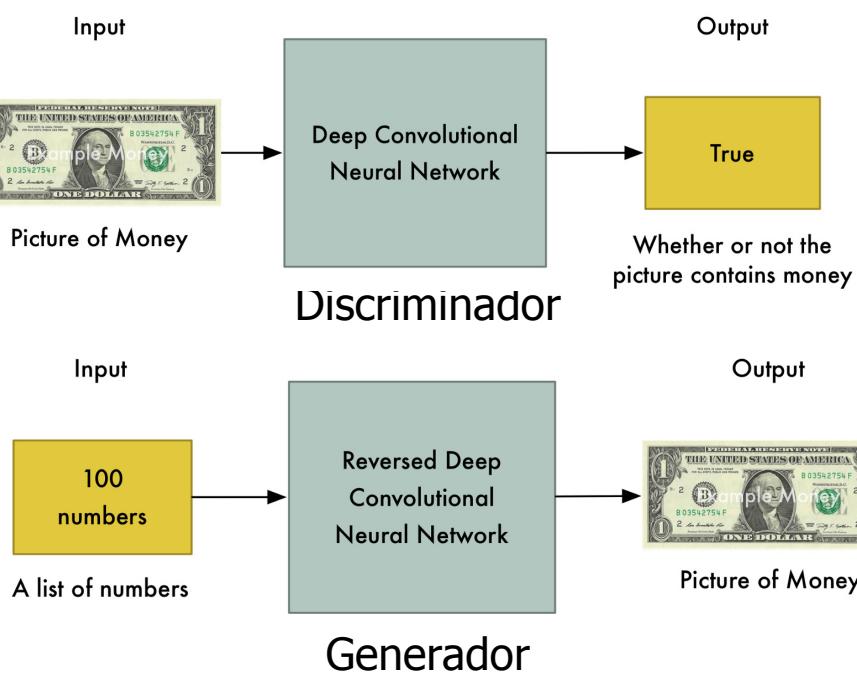
StyleGAN <https://arxiv.org/abs/1812.04948> CVPR'2019



Modelos con adversario



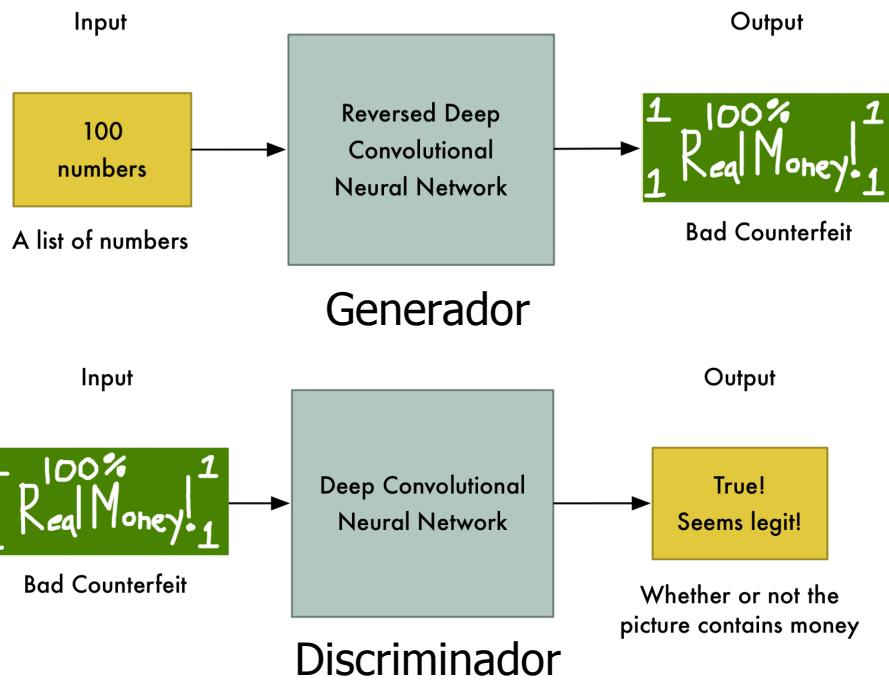
Modelo generativo



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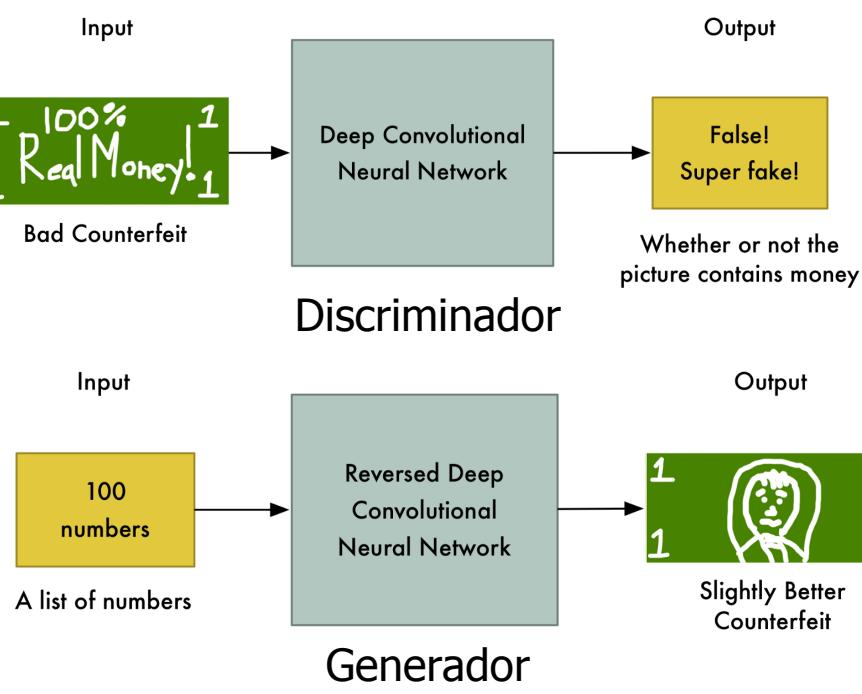
Entrenamiento: Al principio...



Modelos con adversario



Entrenamiento: Con algo más de práctica...



Modelos con adversario



DCGAN

Deep Convolutional GAN

Recomendaciones arquitectónicas:

- Strided convolutions: Sustituir las capas de pooling por convoluciones con paso >1.
- Sin capas completamente conectadas: La salida se conecta directamente a las capas convolutivas.
- Entrenamiento usando normalización por lotes (escala las entradas de cada capa, de forma que tengan media 0 y varianza 1).
- Generador con unidades ReLU y discriminador con unidades “leaky” ReLU (para imágenes en color).

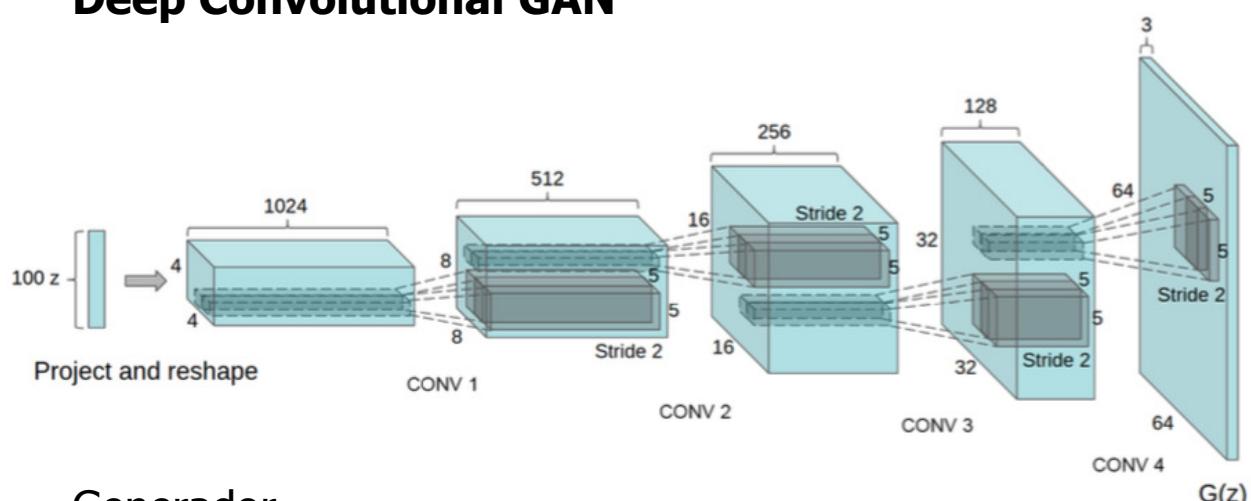


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DCGAN

Deep Convolutional GAN



Generador



Modelos con adversario



Aplicaciones

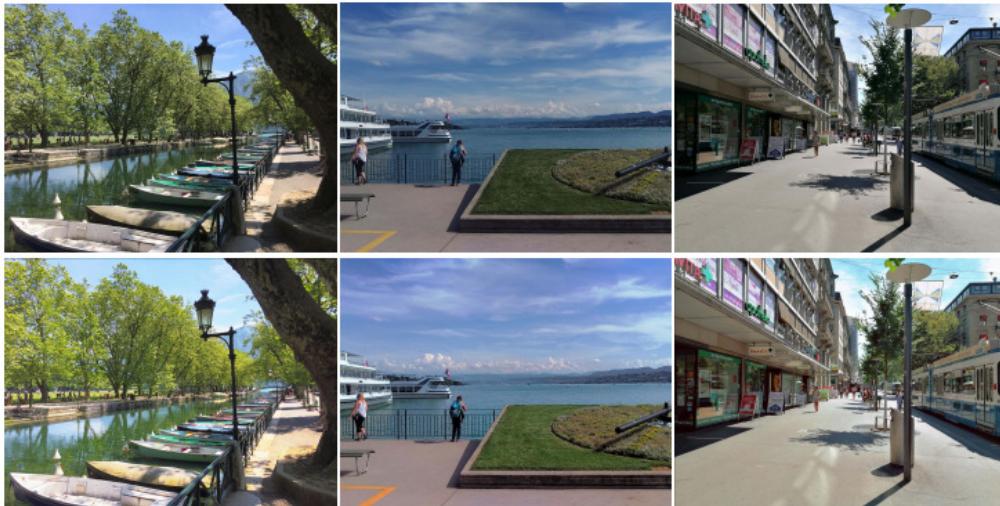


Figure 6: Original (top) vs. enhanced (bottom) images for iPhone 6, HTC One M9 and Huawei P9 cameras.

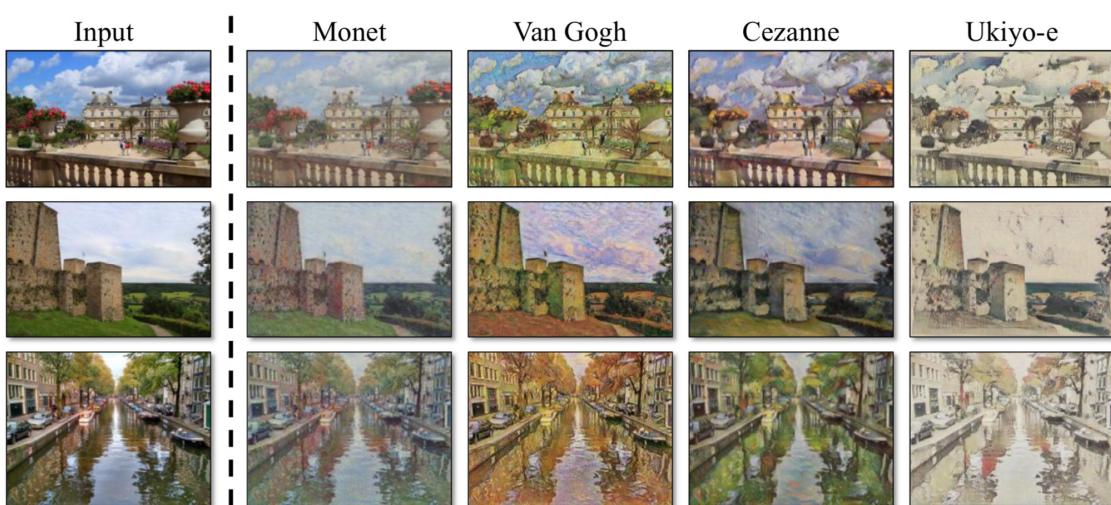
WESPE: Weakly Supervised Photo Enhancer for Digital Cameras. CVPR 2018. <https://arxiv.org/abs/1709.01118>



Modelos con adversario



Aplicaciones



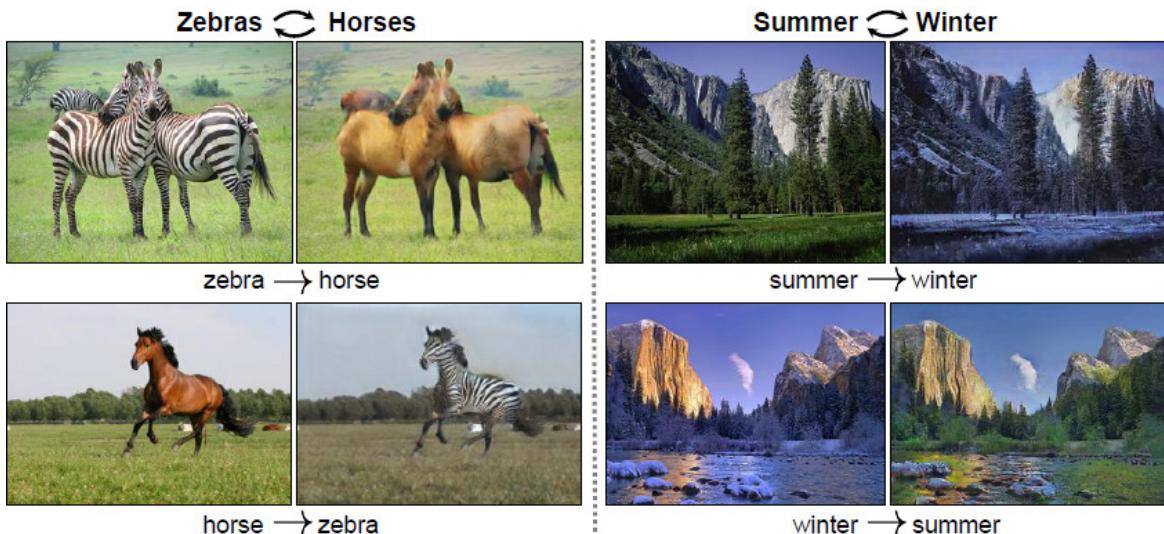
CycleGAN Unpaired Image-to-Image Translation using Cycle-Consistent Adversarial Networks, ICCV'2017



Modelos con adversario



Aplicaciones



CycleGAN Unpaired Image-to-Image Translation using Cycle-Consistent Adversarial Networks, ICCV'2017

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Modelos con adversario



Aplicaciones



CycleGAN Unpaired Image-to-Image Translation using Cycle-Consistent Adversarial Networks, ICCV'2017

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Unsupervised Image-to-Image Translation Networks,
NIPS'2017



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Aplicaciones: "You sketch, the AI paints"



GauGAN, NVIDIA, CVPR'2019



Modelos con adversario



Ejemplos diseñados por un adversario (o cómo engañar fácilmente a una red neuronal)

Inception v3, trained on ImageNet

Enter a valid image URL or select an image from the dropdown.
enter image url
<http://i.imgur.com/iI0yXAA.png> or select image

Use GPU
 Show computation flow



toaster | 98%
Crock Pot | 1%
Siamese cat | 0%
wallaby | 0%
carton | 0%

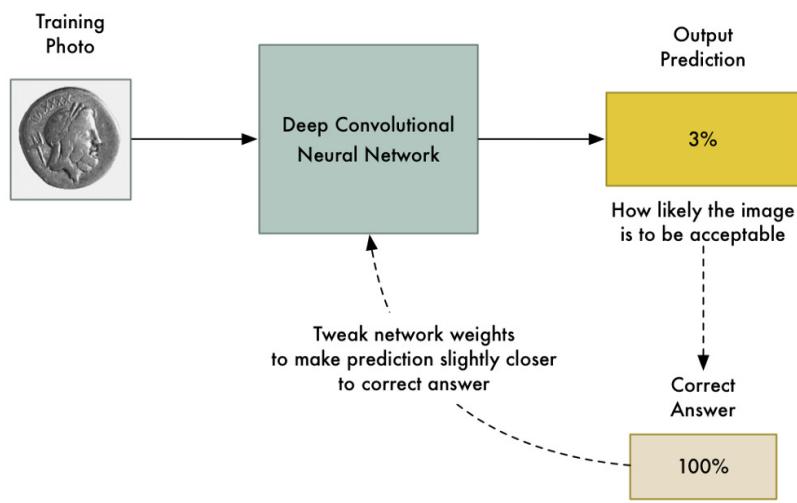


Modelos con adversario



El proceso de entrenamiento habitual...

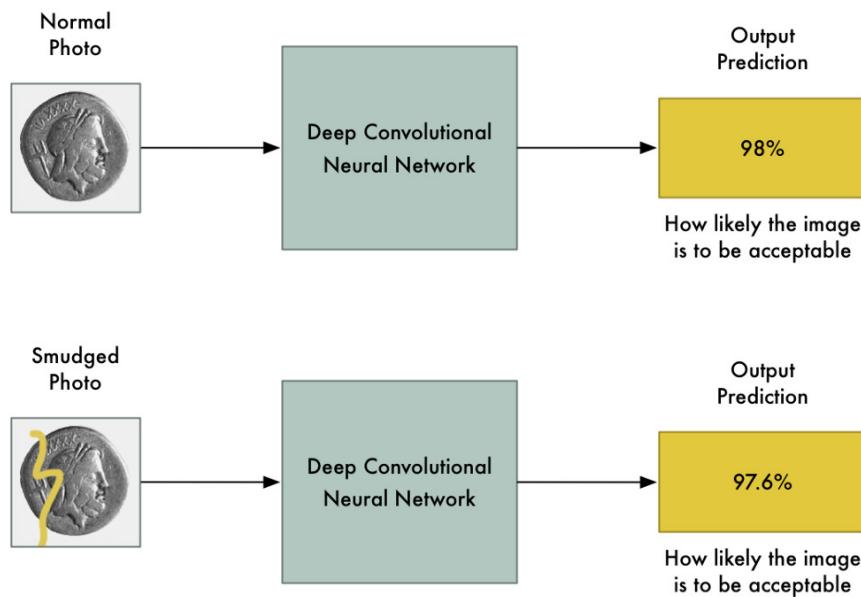
Training the Neural Network



Modelos con adversario



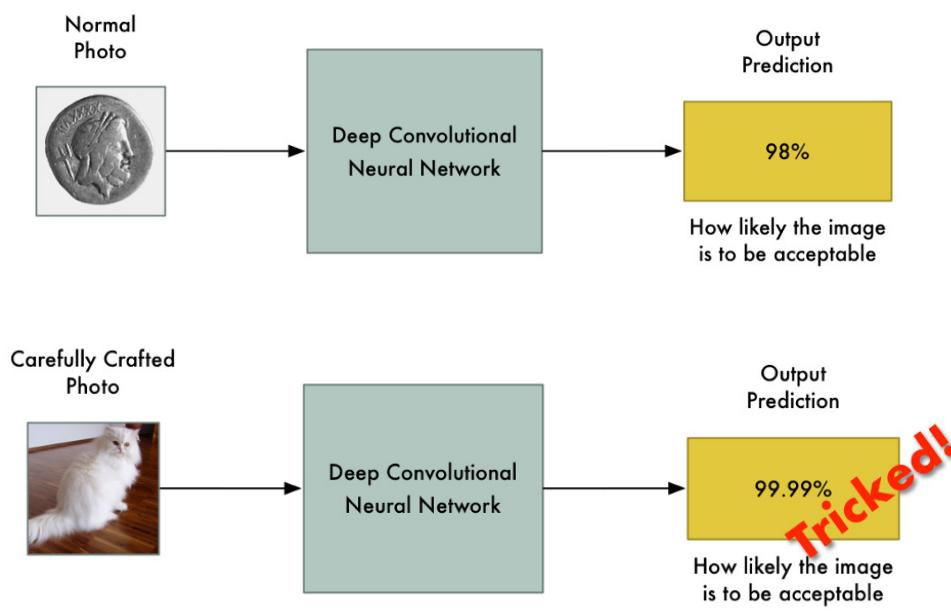
Lo deseable...



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Lo que puede pasar...



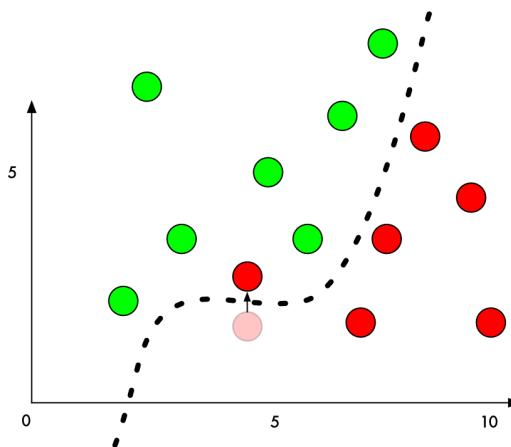
Modelos con adversario



Ejemplos diseñados por un adversario (o cómo engañar fácilmente a una red neuronal)

Si conocemos la red, podemos saber exactamente cómo modificar mínimamente la entrada para confundir a la red neuronal...

... en la dirección
del gradiente !!!



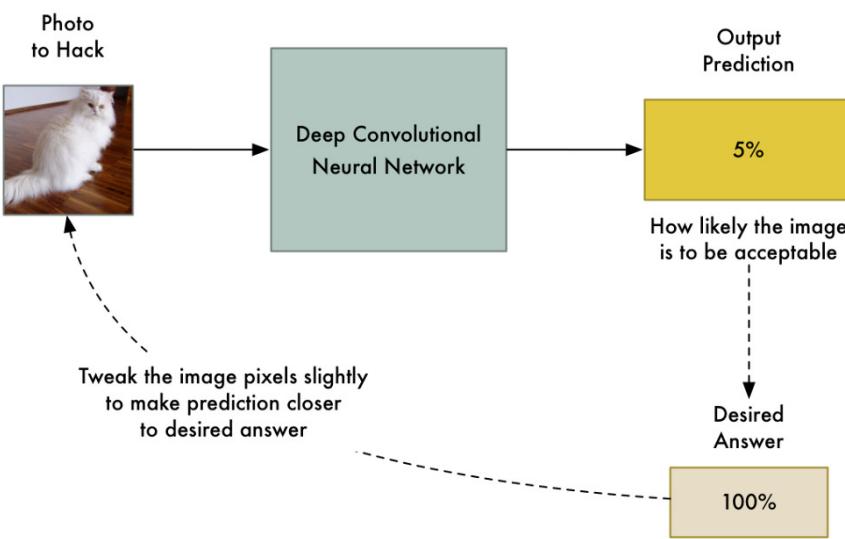
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Modelos con adversario



Ejemplos diseñados por un adversario (o cómo engañar fácilmente a una red neuronal)

Generating a Hacked Picture



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Modelos con adversario

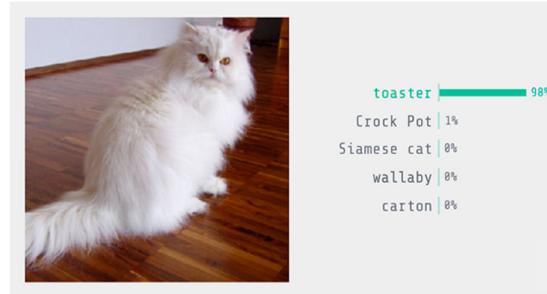


**Ejemplos diseñados por un adversario
(o cómo engañar fácilmente a una red neuronal)**

Original Image



Hacked Image



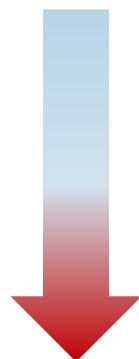
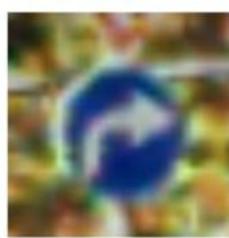
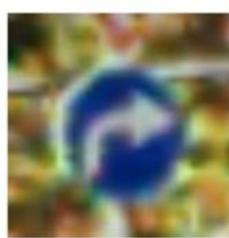
<https://transcranial.github.io/keras-js/#/inception-v3>



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Implicaciones en seguridad



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DCGANs

- Alec Radford, Luke Metz & Soumith Chintala:
“Unsupervised Representation Learning with Deep Convolutional Generative Adversarial Networks”
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Referencias



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<https://arxiv.org/abs/1412.6572>
- Nicolas Papernot, Patrick McDaniel, Ian Goodfellow, Somesh Jha, Z. Berkay Celik & Ananthram Swami:
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