## Department of Physics (Bennett University) EPHY105L (I Semester, 2020-21)

## Tutorial Set - 8

- A parallel plate capacitor with plate separation of 0.6 mm and filled with free space has an applied peak voltage of 25 V at a frequency of 100 MHz. Find the peak value of displacement current density. [Ans: ~ 231.7 A/m²]
- Consider a parallel plate capacitor with circular plates having a radius of 5 cm and plate separation of 0.5 mm and filled with free space. A peak voltage of 20 V at a frequency of 20 MHz is applied across the plates. Neglecting end effects in the capacitor calculate
  - a) The peak value of displacement current density [Ans: 44.5 A/m<sup>2</sup>]
  - The magnetic field at the mid plane between the capacitor plates at a distance of 2 cm from the axis. [Ans: ~ 5.6x10<sup>-7</sup> T]
  - c) The magnetic field at the mid plane between the capacitor plates at a distance of 10 cm from the axis. [Ans:  $\sim 7x10^7$  T]
  - d) At what distance from the axis will the magnetic field be highest?
- 3. Consider an infinitely long air core tightly wound straight solenoid having N turns per unit length and carrying a current given by  $I=I_0\sin\omega t$ . Obtain the induced electric field  $\overrightarrow{E}$  within the interior of the solenoid and outside the solenoid.
- 4. An electromagnetic wave propagating in free space is described by the following expression for the electric field :

$$\vec{E} = \vec{E}_0 \cos[(5 \times 10^6 x + \omega t)]$$

- a) What is the value of  $\omega$ ?
- b) What is the wavelength of the wave?
- c) What will be the direction of propagation of the wave?
- d) If  $\vec{E}_0 = E_0 \hat{y}$ , what will be the direction of the corresponding  $\vec{B}$  of the wave?