

## Milikan's Oil drop experiment

### Aim:

Calculation of electric charge on an oil drop and to show that electric charge exists as multiples of the charge  $e$  of an electron.

### Apparatus:

Milikan's Oil drop ~~experiment~~ apparatus, oil, power supply and stopwatch

Insured



Calculations:formulas used:

$$F = 6\pi\eta r v$$

$$g = 9.80665 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$6\pi\eta r v_1 = (m_{oil} - m_{air}) g$$

$$6\pi\eta r v_1 = v (\rho_o - \rho_a) g$$

$$6\pi\eta r v_1 = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 (\rho_o - \rho_a) g \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{9 v_1 \eta}{2 g \rho}}$$

$$QE = v (\rho_o - \rho_a) g$$

$$QE = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 (\rho_o - \rho_a) g \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

from eq. ① and ②, determine the charge (Q) on the drop

$$\frac{Qv}{d} = \frac{4}{3} \pi \left( \frac{9 v_1 \eta}{2 g \rho} \right)^{3/2} \rho g$$

$$Q = v_1^{3/2} \eta^{3/2} \frac{18 \pi d}{v \sqrt{2} g} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$



$$Q'E = 6\pi\eta r v_2 + V(P_0 - P_a)g$$

$$Q' \frac{V}{d} = 6\pi\eta r v_2 + \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 (P_0 - P_a)g \quad (4)$$

Combine equation (1) and (4) and solving for Q results in

$$Q' = (V_1 + V_2) \frac{\sqrt{V_1}}{V} \eta^{3/2} \frac{18\pi d}{\sqrt{2} g \rho}$$

Calculations: (done in observation table)

Distance b/w the plates ( $d$ ) = 0.016 m

olive oil density ( $\rho_0$ ): 920 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Air density ( $\rho_a$ ): 1.225 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

electric charge on a single  $e^{\ominus}$  ( $q$ ) = 1.60217657  $\times 10^{-19}$  C

Viscosity of air ( $\eta$ ) = 1.81  $\times 10^{-5}$  NS/m<sup>2</sup>

gravitational acceleration ( $g$ ) = 9.80655 m/s<sup>2</sup>

constant ( $\pi$ ) = 3.14159



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### Conclusion

The electric charges on the droplets are approximately integral multiples of electric charge of a single electron.



~~for olive oil~~  
for olive oil

No. of oil drop	Distance travelled downward $l_1$ (m)	Time taken for downward travel $t_1$ (sec)	Distance travelled upward $l_2$ (m)	Time taken for upward travel $t_2$ (sec)	Terminal velocity (m/sec) $v_1 = \frac{l_1}{t_1}$ $v_2 = \frac{l_2}{t_2}$		Balancing potential (V)	Charge of the drop (C)	Charge of the drop (C)
1	0.0025	1.07	0.0025	2.27	$0.23 \times 10^{-2}$	$0.11 \times 10^{-2}$	2400	$6340.32 \times 10^{-19}$	$9706.219 \times 10^{-19}$
2	0.0025	5.47	0.0025	6.16	$4.57 \times 10^{-4}$	$4.05 \times 10^{-4}$	1200	$1502.2 \times 10^{-19}$	$1624 \times 10^{-19}$
3	0.0025	0.31	0.0025	1.39	$0.8 \times 10^{-2}$	$0.12 \times 10^{-4}$	5400	$21966.466 \times 10^{-19}$	$22621 \times 10^{-19}$
4	0.0025	0.58	0.0025	0.63	$0.4 \times 10^{-2}$	$6.42 \times 10^{-4}$	1100	$4215.55 \times 10^{-19}$	$8818 \times 10^{-19}$
5	0.0025	3.39	0.0025	3.44	$7.37 \times 10^{-4}$	$7.26 \times 10^{-4}$	1800	$67.82 \times 10^{-19}$	$135.557 \times 10^{-19}$

No. of oil drop	Ratio $\frac{Q}{q}$	Nearest integer	Percentage error	Average % error	Ratio $\frac{Q}{q}$	Nearest integer	% error	Avg. % error
1	3462.7	3463	0.0005		6066.386	6066	0.0063	
2	938.87	939	0.0013	0.185%	1018.355	1018	0.034	0.202%
3	15729.037	13729	0.0026		14188.71	14139	0.0020	
4	2633.46	2633	0.007		5511.34	5511	0.007	
5	42.38	42	0.89		84.71	85	0.34	