Clustering Data With DBSCAN On Python

Please cluster the following data with DBSCAN Algorithm

[[3, 2, 1], [5, 5, 6], [4, 5, 5],[3, 3, 2], [7, 6, 6], [5, 5,4], [1, 0, 1],[7, 8, 7]]

Show Our Data

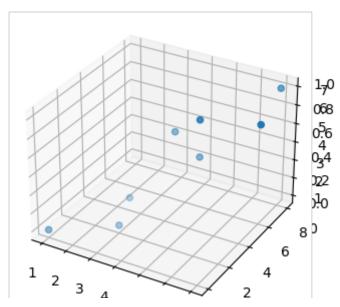
```
Out[112...
```

```
F1 F2 F3
X1
    3
       2
          1
X5
   7
       6
X4
   3
          2
       3
X3
  4
       5
X6
   5
       5
X2
   5
       5
X7
   1
       0
          1
X8
```

Plotting Data

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(5, 4), dpi=100)
    ax = plt.axes(projection='3d')
    ax = plt.axes(projection='3d')
    ax.scatter3D(MyData['F1'], MyData['F2'], MyData['F3'])

Out[113... <mpl_toolkits.mplot3d.art3d.Path3DCollection at 0x7f4886d874c0>
```



eps = The maximum distance between two samples for one to be considered as in the neighborhood of the other.

min_samples = The number of samples (or total weight) in a neighborhood for a point to be considered as a core point

eps = 3 && min_samples = 3

```
clustering = DBSCAN(eps=3, min_samples=3).fit(MyData)
MyData['clusts'] = clustering.labels_
print('Show Clustered Data')
MyData
```

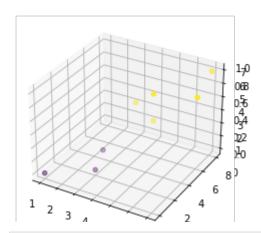
Show Clustered Data

```
Out[114...
```

	F1	F2	F3	clusts
X1	3	2	1	0
X5	7	6	6	1
X4	3	3	2	0
Х3	4	5	5	1
Х6	5	5	4	1
X2	5	5	6	1
X7	1	0	1	0
X8	7	8	7	1

```
In [115...
# Use Matplotlib For plotting Clustered data
fig = plt.figure()
ax = plt.axes(projection='3d')
ax = plt.axes(projection='3d')
ax.scatter3D(MyData['F1'], MyData['F2'], MyData['F3'], c=MyData['clusts'])
print ('Plotting Clustered Data')
```

Plotting Clustered Data



In [116...

print('Show Sorted by Clustered Data Label')
MyData.sort_values(by=['clusts'])

Show Sorted by Clustered Data Label

Out[116...

	F1	F2	F3	clusts
X1	3	2	1	0
X4	3	3	2	0
X7	1	0	1	0
X5	7	6	6	1
Х3	4	5	5	1
X6	5	5	4	1
X2	5	5	6	1
X8	7	8	7	1

Result is = > C1=X1,X4,X7 & C2=X5,X3,X6,X2,X8