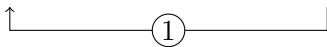(1) a. ...dat Jan een auto gisteren t gekregen heeft.

    ...that John a   car   yesterday t gotten   has
    that John a car yesterday.

  b. Where did this move from t ?
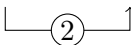
  c. ...dat Jan een auto gisteren t gekregen heeft.
    ...that John a   car   yesterday t gotten   has
    that John a car yesterday.

  d. Another example.

(2) a. This is not <be> verb movement.
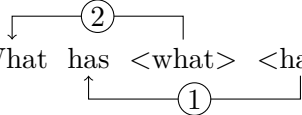
  b. It PRES not be verb lowering.

  c. Another example.

(3) a. What has <what> <has> moved?

  b. What has <what> <has> moved?

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