Class 1: An introduction to Bayesian Hierarchical Modelling

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https://goo.gl/6LpnWY

Let's get started

- ► Tell me who you are, what you are working on, and what you hope to get out of the week
- Timetable for the week
- Pre-requisites

How this course works

- ► This course lives on GitHub, which means anyone can see the slides, code, etc, and make comments on it
- ► The timetable html document provides links to all the pdf slides and practicals
- The slides and the practicals are all written in Rmarkdown format, which means you can load them up in Rstudio and see how everything was created
- ► Let me know if you spot mistakes, as these can be easily updated on the GitHub page
- ► There is a bhm_course.Rproj R project file from which you should be able to run all the code

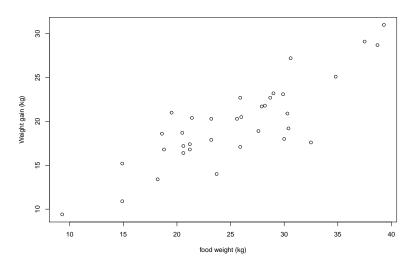
Course format and other details

- Lectures will take place in the morning, practical classes in the afternoon
- ► We will finish earlier on Wednesday/Thursday for a mini-trip
- Please ask lots of questions
- Some good books:
 - Data Analysis using Regression and Hierarchical Models by Gelman and Hill
 - Bayesian Data Analysis by Gelman et al

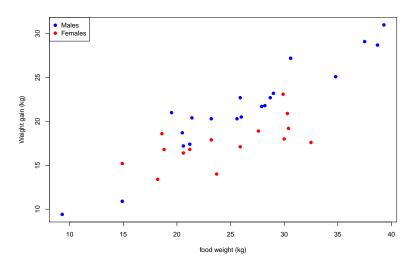
What is a Bayesian hierarchical model?

- ► A model is just a representation/approximation of the real world, here expressed in equations
- ► Hierarchical means that the model is built up in *ordered layers* which makes it easier to fit very complex models
- ▶ Bayesian means the model involves both a *likelihood* and a *prior* probability distribution (more on this tomorrow)

Thinking hierarchically: example 1



More information:



Example 2: 8 Schools

We have 8 schools in a region, with a relative performance score (column score) compared to the national average and a standard deviation (sigma) based on 3 repeated visits

```
## 1 1 28 15
## 2 2 8 10
## 3 3 -3 16
## 4 4 7 11
## 5 5 -1 9
## 6 6 1 11
## 7 7 18 10
## 8 8 12 18
```

- ▶ If you had to pick an overall score for this region how would you calculate it?
- If you had to guess the score of a new measurement for school 1 what value would you use?

Example 3: Earnings data

1192 observations on earnings (in USD) and various measurements about ethnicity, age, height, etc

```
## earn age eth height height_cm y x x_centered

## 1 50000 2 3 74 187.96 10.81978 74 6.932011

## 2 60000 3 3 66 167.64 11.00210 66 -1.067989

## 3 30000 1 3 64 162.56 10.30895 64 -3.067989

## 4 51000 2 3 63 160.02 10.83958 63 -4.067989

## 5 9000 1 3 64 162.56 9.10498 64 -3.067989

## 6 29000 2 3 62 157.48 10.27505 62 -5.067989
```

- ▶ Does height affect earnings?
- Are there different rates of change for different groups (e.g. age/ethnic groups)?

Example 4: Swiss Willow Tit data

3 replicate measurements on whether Swiss Willow Tits were found with covariates on forest cover and elevation

```
rep.1 rep.2 rep.3 c.2 c.3 elev forest dur.1 day.2 day.3 length alt
                                          240
                                                       73
                                                             6.2 Low
                              450
                                          160
                                                             5.1 Low
## 3
                   0 0 0 1050
                                     32
                                          120
                                                       74
                                                             4.3 Med
                   0 0 0 1110
                                     35
                                          180
                                                       71
                                                            5.4 Med
                              510
                                          210
                                                 56
                                                       73
                                                             3.6 LOW
## 6
                              630
                                     60
                                          150
                                                 56
                                                       73
                                                             6.1 Low
```

- ▶ How do the covariates affect the chance of finding the birds?
- Are these effects linear?
- What do we do with the missing data?

More data sets in the data directory

- The data directory contains a few more data sets which we will play with throughout the week
- ► The data_descriptions.txt file shows what they contain
- ▶ If you have some spare time it's worth loading them in, exploring relationships, and fitting some simple models

Summary

- ▶ In hierarchical models we avoid fitting models separately as much as possible
- By fitting models together we borrow strength from the different groups in the data and reduce uncertainty
- ▶ Bayesian models allow us to incorporate all the available data into providing information on the question we want to answer