Boundary Losses in Segmentation problems

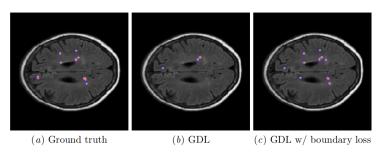
Industrial Team supervised by Vladimir Dokholyan



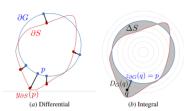
ODS Pet Projects January, 2021

Boundary Losses

Problem: Highly Unbalanced Classes in Segmentation:



Idea of H. Kervadeca et al. - use new boundary loss:



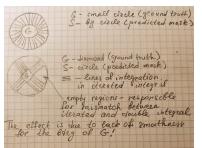
G - true seg, S - predicted seg. $Loss = dist(\partial G, \partial S) = \int_{\partial G} \|y_{\partial S}(p) - p\|^2 dp \sim \int_{\Omega} \phi_G(x) (1_S(x) - 1_G(x)) dx.$

What we did?

1. We considered more general loss:

$$dist_k(\partial G, \partial S) = \left(\int_{\partial G} \|y_{\partial S}(p) - p\|^k dp\right)^{\frac{1}{k}}.$$

2. Got insight into the difference between $\int_{\partial G} \|y_{\partial S}(p) - p\|^k dp$ and $\int_{\Omega} \phi_G(x) (1_S(x) - 1_G(x)) dx$:



3. Reduced the loss to a more standard form

$$Loss_k(\theta) = (dist_k(\partial G, \partial S_\theta))^k = k \int_{\Omega} D_G^{k-1}(x) |1_G(x) - p_{S_\theta}(x)| dx,$$

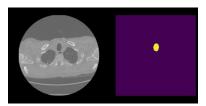
What we did?

4. Clarified the connection to the losses from the paper by D. Karimi et al., 2019.

$$\begin{split} \mathit{SymLoss}_k(\theta) &= \mathit{max} \Big\{ k \int_{\Omega} D_G^{k-1}(x) |1_G(x) - \mathit{p}_{S_{\theta}}(x)| \, \mathit{dx}, k \int_{\Omega} D_{S_{\theta}}^{k-1}(x) |1_G(x) - \mathit{p}_{S_{\theta}}(x)| \, \mathit{dx} \Big\}, \\ \mathit{SumLoss}_k(\theta) &= \left(\mathit{dist}_k(\partial G, \partial S_{\theta}) \right)^k + \left(\mathit{dist}_k(\partial S_{\theta}, \partial G) \right)^k = \\ &\quad k \int_{\Omega} D_G^{k-1}(x) |1_G(x) - \mathit{p}_{S_{\theta}}(x)| \, \mathit{dx} + k \int_{\Omega} D_{S_{\theta}}^{k-1}(x) |1_G(x) - \mathit{p}_{S_{\theta}}(x)| \, \mathit{dx}. \end{split}$$

- 5. Implemented the losses: $Loss_k(\theta)$, $SymLoss_k(\theta)$, $SumLoss_k(\theta)$ in code.
- 6. Ran the tests on chest ct-segmentation dataset

Oh my god, it works!



What we did?

Comparison

Metrics	Dice	Dice+SumBndry
dice	0.6006	0.5879
iou	0.4384	0.4246
loss_bce	0.0282	0.02
loss_bndry	0.2326	0.23339
loss_dice	0.3994	0.4121
loss_iou	0.5616	0.5754

Plans:

- 1 Do careful tests;
- 2 Optimize the performance;
- 3 Embed the new losses into catalyst-team libray.

References:

- 1. Hoel Kervadeca, Jihene Bouchtibaa, Christian Desrosiersa, Eric Grangera, Jose Dolza, Ismail Ben Ayed, "Boundary loss for highly unbalanced segmentation", Proceedings of Machine Learning Research 102:285–296, 2019.
- 2. D. Karimi and S. E. Salcudean, "Reducing the Hausdorff Distance in Medical Image Segmentation With Convolutional Neural Networks," in IEEE Transactions on Medical Imaging, vol. 39, no. 2, pp. 499-513, 2020. arXiv1904.10030

Project's GitHub:

https://github.com/antonsavostianov/bdry_loss

Thank you!