

TOPIC: Protected Access Specifier



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INTRODUCTION

- Access specifiers control visibility and accessibility of members in Java.
- `protected` is one of the four access specifiers.
- Members declared as `protected` have a specific accessibility level.
- Provides controlled access within the same package and to subclasses.
- Accessible within the same package and by subclasses outside the package.
- A key building block for object-oriented programming and design.
- `protected` offers intermediate access between default and private.

DATA ITEMS, MEMBERS, CONSTRUCTORS AS *protected*

```
public class FirstClass {  
    protected String name;  
    protected FirstClass(String name) {  
        this.name = name;  
    }  
    protected String getName() {  
        return name;  
    }  
}
```

- Java class named FirstClass is defined.
- contains a protected instance variable called name
- a protected constructor that takes a parameter named name to initialize the name variable
- protected method named getName() that allows external classes to retrieve the stored name value

ACCESSING *protected* FIELDS

→ Access from the **same package**

```
public class SamePackageClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        FirstClass first = new FirstClass("Arkapratin");  
        System.out.println("FirstClass name is " +  
first.getName());  
        first.name = "APG"; // new name  
    }  
}
```

No errors

ACCESSING *protected* FIELDS (continued)

→ Access from **same package subclass**

```
public class SamePackageSubClass extends FirstClass {  
  
    public SamePackageSubClass(String name) {  
        super(name);  
        System.out.println("SamePackageSubClass name is " +  
this.getName());  
        this.name = "APG"; // new name  
    }  
}
```

No errors

ACCESSING *protected* FIELDS (continued)

→ Access from *different package*

```
public class DifferentPackageClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        FirstClass first = new FirstClass("Arkapratin");  
        System.out.println("FirstClass name is "+  
first.getName());  
        first.name = "APG"; // new name  
    }  
}
```

- We get *compilation errors*

```
The constructor FirstClass(String) is not visible  
The method getName() from the type FirstClass is not visible  
The field FirstClass.name is not visible
```

ACCESSING *protected* FIELDS (continued)

→ Accessing protected fields from different package using subclasses

```
public class SubClass extends FirstClass {  
    public SubClass(String name) {  
        super(name);  
        System.out.println("SubClass name is " + this.getName());  
        this.name = "APG"; // new name  
    }  
}
```

No errors

protected **MEMBER ACCESS TABLE**

Type / position of class	Access Granted ?
Inside class	Yes
Same package class	Yes
Same package subclass	Yes
Other package class	No
Other package subclass	Yes

REFERENCES

1. [Accessing Protected Members in Java - GeeksforGeeks](#)
2. [Access modifiers in java - Javatpoint](#)
3. java the complete reference, 7th edition -herbert schildt

