

TUTORIAL 5 SOLN.

Q1)

Ans 1

$$f(a,b,c,d) = ac + bc + \bar{a}bcd + \bar{a}\bar{b}c + bd + \bar{b}\bar{c}\bar{d}$$

	$c\bar{d}$	$\bar{c}\bar{d}$	$\bar{c}d$	cd
$a\bar{b}$	1		1	1
$\bar{a}\bar{b}$		1	1	1
$\bar{a}b$		1	1	1
ab		1	1	1
$a\bar{b}$	1		1	1

from the k-map,
the set of essential
prime-implicants is
 $c, ad, \bar{b}\bar{d}$

Q2)

Ans 2

f	CD				
	$\bar{C}\bar{D}$	$\bar{C}D$	CD	$C\bar{D}$	
\bar{B}	A	0	1	1	
B	0	0	0	\bar{A}	

BCD	f
000	A
001	0
010	1
011	1
100	0
101	0
110	\bar{A}
111	0

from Truth table

AB	CD			
	$\bar{C}\bar{D}$	$\bar{C}D$	CD	$C\bar{D}$
$\bar{A}\bar{B}$	0		1	1
$\bar{A}B$				1
$A\bar{B}$				0
AB	1		1	1

$$f = A\bar{B}\bar{D} + C\bar{B} + \bar{A}C\bar{D}$$

Q3)

1)

$$(Q) \quad (1101)_2 - (1010)_2$$

$$// \underline{13-10 = +3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{2's complement of } (1010)_2 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{r} 0101 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 0110 \end{array} \text{ i.e., } (0110)_2$$

$$(1101)_2 - (1010)_2 = \begin{array}{r} 1101 \\ + 0110 \\ \hline ① 0011 \end{array} \Rightarrow \underline{(0011)_2}$$

2)

$$(Q) \quad (5A)_{16} - (2F)_{16}$$

$$// 90-33=57$$

$$\begin{aligned} 16\text{'s complement of } (2F)_{16} &\Rightarrow (FF)_{16} - (2F)_{16} + (1)_{16} \\ &\Rightarrow (DE)_{16} + (1)_{16} = \underline{(DF)_{16}} \end{aligned}$$

$$(5A)_{16} - (2F)_{16} = (5A)_{16} + (DF)_{16}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \begin{array}{r} ① \\ 5A \\ + DF \\ \hline ① 39 \end{array} \Rightarrow \underline{(39)_{16}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{i.e., } (5A)_{16} - (2F)_{16} = \underline{(39)_{16}}$$

3)

$$Q) \quad (3E)_{16} - (7A)_{16} \quad // \quad 62 - 122 = \underline{\underline{-60}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 16\text{'s complement of } (7A)_{16} &= (FF)_{16} - (7A)_{16} + (1)_{16} = (85)_{16} + (1)_{16} \\ &= (86)_{16} \end{aligned}$$

$$(3E)_{16} - (7A)_{16} = (3E)_{16} + (86)_{16}$$

$$= \begin{array}{r} \textcircled{1} \\ 3E \\ + 86 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\text{discard } \rightarrow \textcircled{1} \underline{CA}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore (3E)_{16} < (7A)_{16} \quad \text{we perform 16's complement again to denote -ve No.} \\ \text{16's complement of } (CA)_{16} &= (FF)_{16} - (CA)_{16} + 1 = (3B)_{16} + (1)_{16} \\ &= \underline{\underline{(3C)_{16}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore (3E)_{16} - (7A)_{16} = \underline{\underline{- (3C)_{16}}}$$

Q4)

Q.4

1) (0101 1001) BCD

BCD to Excess 3

Adding +3 in BCD number.

$$\begin{array}{r} 0101 \quad 1001 \\ +3 \rightarrow \underline{0011} \quad \underline{0011} +3 \\ \hline 1000 \quad 1100 \\ \text{Excess 3} \end{array}$$

BCD to Gray

(0101 1001) BCD \rightarrow (59)₁₀

\downarrow In Binary

(111100)₂

\downarrow to Gray

★ we know

$$\begin{array}{c} B_0 \oplus B_1 \oplus B_2 \dots \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ G_1 \quad G_2 \quad G_3 \dots \end{array}$$

Hence (111100)₂ \rightarrow (100010)

gray

2) (1001 0011) BCD

BCD to Excess 3

Adding +3 in BCD number

$$\begin{array}{r} 1001 \quad 0011 \\ +3 \rightarrow \underline{0011} \quad \underline{0011} +3 \\ \hline 1100 \quad 0110 \rightarrow \text{Excess 3} \end{array}$$

BCD To Gray

$$(1001\ 0011)_{BCD} \rightarrow (9\ 3)_{10}$$

↓ Binary

$$(1011101)_2$$

↓ Gray

As done in previous conversion
done in same way, we get -
 $(1011100111)_{Gray}$.

ANS 5:

Ans

Input					output			
A	B	C	D		W	X	Y	Z
0	0	0	0	2's →	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	→	1	1	1	1
0	0	1	0	→	1	1	1	0
0	0	1	1	→	1	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	→	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	1	→	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	→	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	→	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	→	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	→	0	1	1	1
1	0	1	0	→	0	1	1	0
1	0	1	1	→	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	→	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	1	→	0	0	1	1
1	1	1	0	→	0	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	2's →	0	0	0	1

Note:

(i) 0001 (original)
 ↓ 1 ↔ 0
 1110 (1's complement)
 ↓ +1
 1111 (2's complement)

CD

AB	0	1	2	3
AB	4	5	6	7
AB	8	9	10	11
AB	12	13	14	15

$W = \overline{A}(B+C+D) + A\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D}$
 $W = A \oplus (B+C+D)$

CD

AB	0	1	2	3
AB	4	5	6	7
AB	8	9	10	11
AB	12	13	14	15

$X = \overline{B}(C+D) + B\overline{C}\overline{D}$
 $X = B \oplus (C+D)$

CD

AB	0	1	2	3
AB	4	5	6	7
AB	8	9	10	11
AB	12	13	14	15

$Y = C \oplus D$
 $Y = C\overline{D} + \overline{C}D$

CD

AB	0	1	2	3
AB	4	5	6	7
AB	8	9	10	11
AB	12	13	14	15

$Z = D$

Ans

Q6:

Ans Here total number of 1's = 5

\therefore implicant = 5

Implicants = $\overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}$, $\overline{A}B\overline{C}$, $AB\overline{C}$, $\overline{A}B\overline{C}$, ABC

Prime implicants = $\overline{A}\overline{B}$, $\overline{A}\overline{C}$, AB , $B\overline{C}$

Essential prime implicants = $\overline{A}\overline{B}$, AB

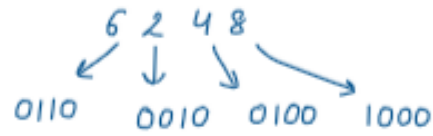
	BC			
	$\overline{B}\overline{C}$	$\overline{B}C$	$B\overline{C}$	BC
\overline{A}	1	1		1
A			1	1

Ans

Q7.

Solⁿ: (a) 6248

(i) BCD code



$$(6248)_{10} \rightarrow (0110\ 0010\ 0100\ 1000)_{BCD}$$

(ii) Excess -3

$$\text{Excess-3} = \text{BCD} + 3$$

$$\text{So, } \begin{array}{r} 0110 \\ + 0011 \\ \hline 1001 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 0010 \\ + 0011 \\ \hline 0101 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 0100 \\ + 0011 \\ \hline 0111 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 1000 \\ + 0011 \\ \hline 1011 \end{array}$$

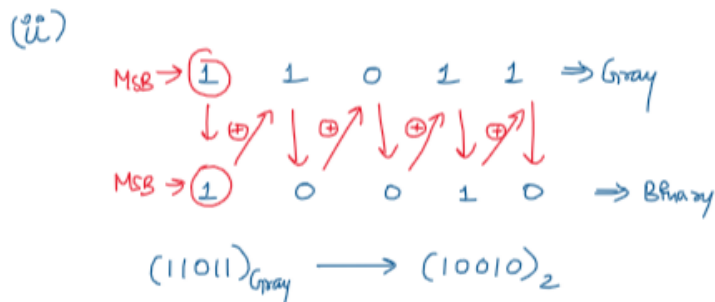
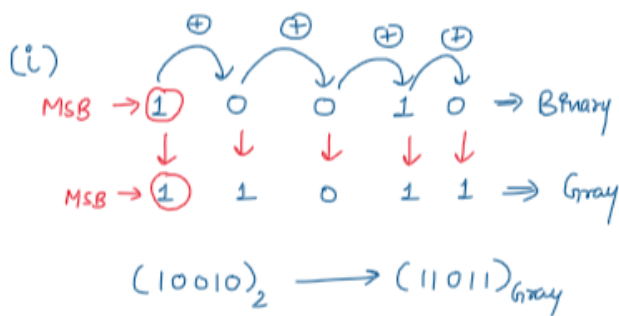
$$(6248)_{10} \rightarrow (1001\ 0101\ 0111\ 1011)_{\text{excess-3}}$$

(iii) 2421 code

2	4	2	1	
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	2
0	0	1	1	3
0	1	0	0	4
1	0	1	1	5
1	1	0	0	6
1	1	0	1	7
1	1	1	0	8
1	1	1	1	9

$$(6248)_{10} \rightarrow (1100\ 0010\ 0100\ 1110)$$

(b)



Q8.

Solⁿ: Let a number N is given to the system 'S'.

output after 1's complement = $15 - N$

output after 2's complement = $16 - 15 + N = N + 1$

So, output of system S is $(N + 1)$.



Now, 3 such systems are connected in cascade in system 'H'.

So, Final output = Input + $(3)_{10}$

Given, Input = $(1010)_2$

$$(0_3 0_2 0_1 0_0)_2 = (1_3 1_2 1_1 1_0)_2 + (0011)_2$$

$$= (1010)_2 + (0011)_2$$

$$(0_3 0_2 0_1 0_0)_2 = (1101)_2$$