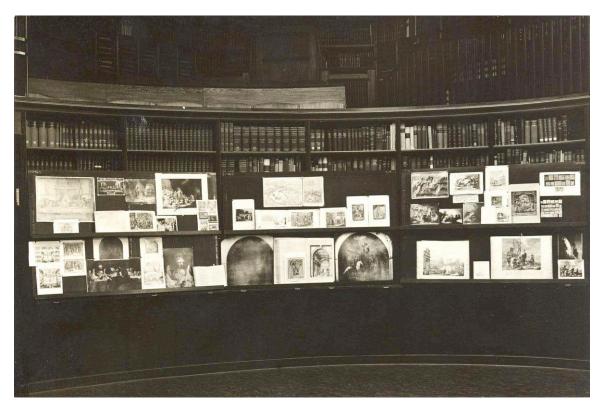


Figure 1 Marcel Duchamp, Boîte en Valise, 1948



**Figure 2** Thomson and Craighead, *Trigger Happy*, screen capture from a web-based video game, 1998



**Figure 3** Aby Warburg, *Mnemosyne Atlas*, 1925-1929







Figure 5 The Memex computer

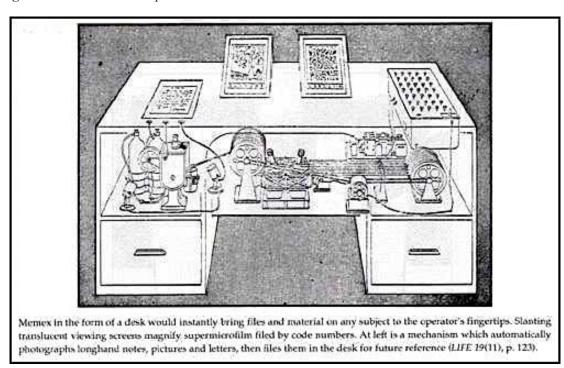
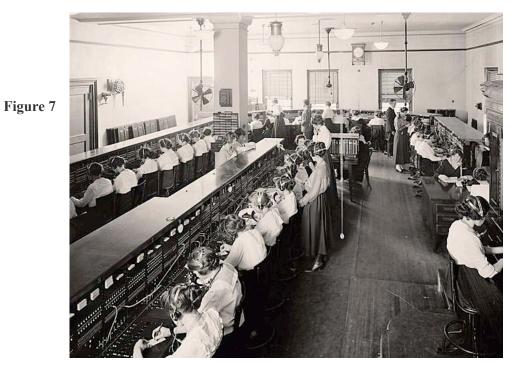


Figure 6 The Memex computer, interior



Figures 7—9 Female telephone switchboard operators (the first "supercomputers")



Figure 8

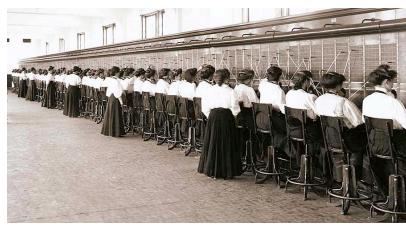


Figure 9

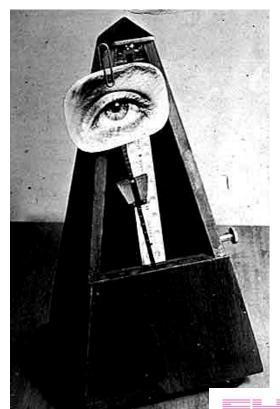


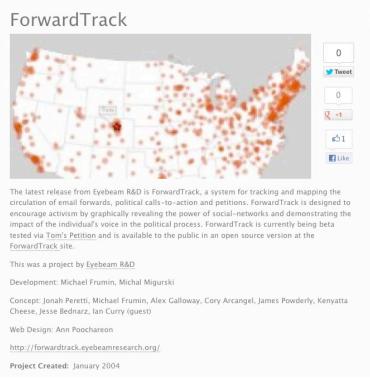
Figure 10 Man Ray, Object to Be Destroyed (aka Indestructible Object), 1923

## ART + TECHNOLOGY CENTER

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ABOUT PUBLIC PROGRAMS PROJECTS CREATIVE RESIDENCIES

Figure 11 Eyebeam Art & Technology Center, flyer, 2004



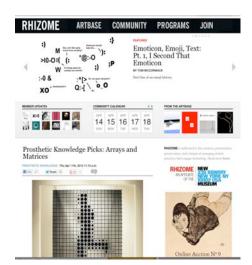


Figure 12 http://rhizome.org

## THE ARCHIVAL PROCESS

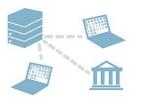


We store a copy of the original artwork on our servers, maintained by leading data storage professionals. During this stage, a descriptive record of the artwork is created, including meta-data about the artwork's technology, content and context.

**Figure 13** Rhizome's cataloging practice, http://rhizome.org/artbase/about/



Works are checked for broken URLs or technological obsolescence. If repairs are needed, we create another copy of the original artwork and perform the necessary fixes on this copy.



We then host the artwork here on our site, providing 24/7 free access and historic context. Our records are shared with other institutions in order to promote the artworks themselves, and to further cataloging standards for new media and digital art.

A discovery engine for meaningful knowledge, fueled by crossdisciplinary curiosity. A <u>Brain Pickings</u> project edited by Maria Popova. Twitter: <u>@explorer</u>

## **Explore**

66 The [Digital Public Library of America] represents the confluence of two currents that have shaped American civilization: utopianism and pragmatism. The utopian tendency marked the Republic at its birth, for the United States was produced by a revolution, and revolutions release utopian energy—that is, the conviction that the way things are is not the way they have to be. When things fall apart, violently and by collective action, they create the possibility of putting them back together in a new manner, according to higher principles.

[...]

For all its futuristic technology, the DPLA harkens back to the eighteenth century. What could be more utopian than a project to make the cultural heritage of humanity available to all humans? What could be more pragmatic than the designing of a system to link up millions of megabytes and deliver them to readers in the form of easily accessible texts?

Above all, the DPLA expresses an Enlightenment faith in the power of communication. Jefferson and Franklin—the champion of the Library of Congress and the printer turned philosopher-statesman—shared a profound belief that the health of the Republic depended on the free flow of ideas.

**Figure 14** Digital Public Library of America, 2013 http://exp.lore.com/post/477397653 02/the-digital-public-library-of-america-represents



**Figure 15** 0-Day art project for conserving digital art, Jeremiah Johnson, 2012



Figure 16 http://mouchette.org



Figure 17 http://mouchette.org



Figure 18 http://mouchette.org

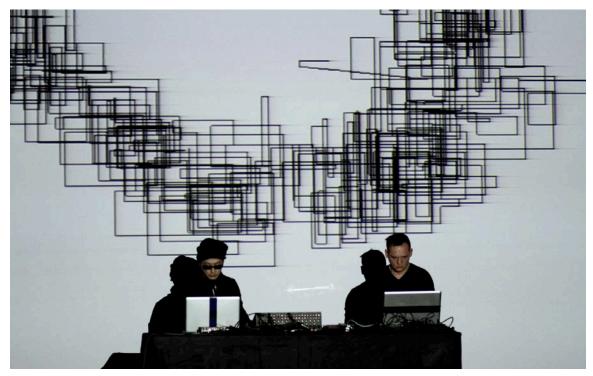


Figure 19 Ryoji Ikeda, Terminal 5 Exhibition performance, 2004 http://www.epavlispavlakis.com/ryoji-ikeda/



Figure 21 Ryoji Ikeda, Datamatics 2.0 http://www.artsblog.it/post/3927/ryoji-ikeda-datamatics-20-a-mito

Figure 20 Ryoji Ikeda, Test Pattern, 2010 http://michaelbierylo.berkleemusicblogs.com/2010/03/26/ryoji-ikeda/



## A SINGLE NUMBER THAT HAS 124,761,600 DIGITS

Ryoji Ikeda's work for s[edition] is a complex and fascinating audio-visual representation of a single number; a number so large it has 124,761,600 digits. In representation of a single number; a number so large it nas 24,76,1600 egists. In mathematical terms, this number is fairly small considering the endless possibilities between naught and infinity. If visualized in single digits, 124,761,600 is unimaginably large. However a number that needs this many digits to describe it is utterly beyond human comprehension! With A Single Number That Has 124,761,600 Digits, Ryoji Ikeda brings all 124,761,600 digits before our eyes. Read More:







Figure 22 Ryoji Ikeda's work on s[edition]



Figure 23 Heather Dewey Hagbourg



Figure 24 Richard Rinehart

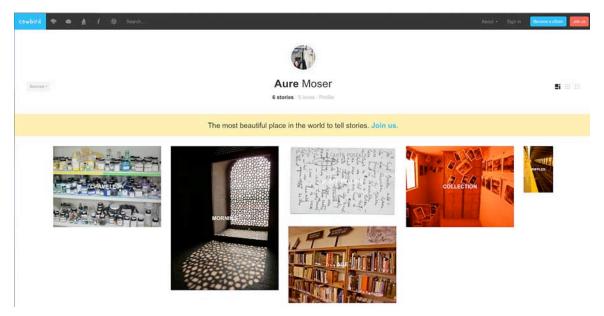
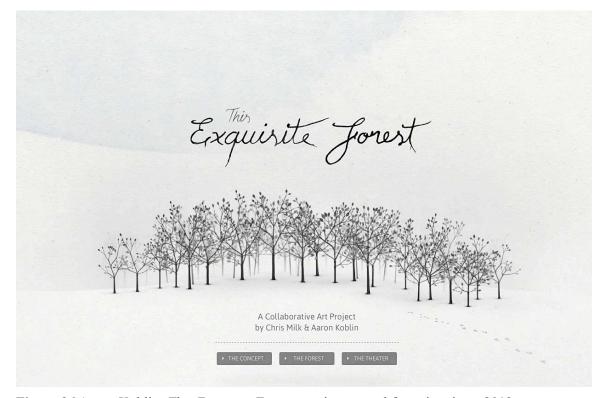
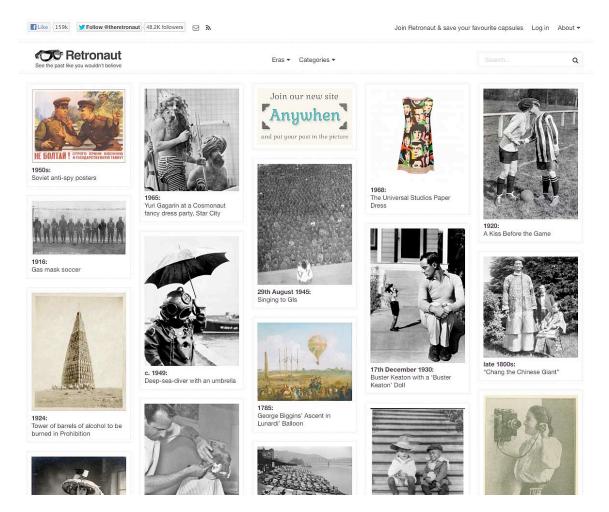


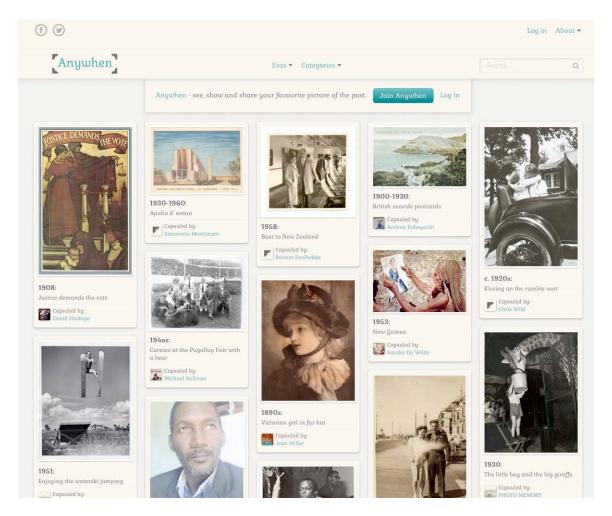
Figure 25 Johnaton Harris, Cowbird.org, a witness to life, 2012 http://cowbird.com/aure-moser/



**Figure 26** Aaron Koblin, *This Exquisite Forest*, version control for animations, 2013 http://www.exquisiteforest.com/



**Figure 27** Retronaut.org, *crowdsources technostalgia*, 2013 http://www.retronaut.com/



**Figure 28** Anywhen.com, *crowdsources technostalgia*, 2013 http://www.anywhen.com/