Chap 1. Newton's law of viscosity Viscosity = shear strain (ds) to Tyxlyroy that

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Tyxly

Tyxly In a 2-D flow, the rate of shear strain -d5 - lim -(5/t+ot-5/t) - lim - ot tan () = d = lin (Vxlytay Vxly lst ot, xx, of so syst = (Vxlyroy-Vxlylat)

Limtand = 0 = dy or Tyx=M(\frac{dVx}{dy}) (7-4)

In a 3-D flow, the rate of shear strain 2 on yz plane ttot d5 - ling - (5/t+ot - 5/t)

dt stoxogozoo st - ling (0,+02)
- ot,0x,0y,02>0 st - lim (1/y/ztaz-1/y/z)
ot 0x,0/10200 0Z + (Valgtay-Valg) plane rate of shear Stain in y lear stress (Tzy) direction vacting = (Vylztoz-Velz) on my plane rate of shear de Welytoy-Vely strain in Z direction tan (): - dz with shear stress (Tyz) acting on XZ plane lim tand = d

2nd order vactor Oxx Txy Txz
Tyx Gyy Tyz JZ plane xz plane in cartisian acting on xy plane of direction magnitude the same Tij = Tii · #