

**Exam #2**

June, 2021

**Name:**\_\_\_\_\_

1. This exam is due on June 22.
2. Be sure to show all work and explain your reasoning as clearly as possible.

| Problem | Points | Score |
|---------|--------|-------|
| 1       | 25     |       |
| 2       | 25     |       |
| 3       | 25     |       |
| 4       | 25     |       |
| Total   | 100    |       |

1. ( **25 points**) Please state the divergence theorem in  $R^3$  and prove it.

2. ( **25 points**) Please use Green's theorem to prove the following theorem:

Let  $\Gamma$  be a Jordan region in the  $uv$ -plane with a piecewise-smooth boundary  $C_\Gamma$ . A vector function  $r(u, v) = x(u, v)i + y(u, v)j$  maps  $\Gamma$  onto a region  $\Omega$  of the  $xy$ -plane.

$r$  is one-to-one and  $C^2$  function, and the Jacobian  $J$  is non-zero on the interior of  $\Gamma$ . Then

$$\text{Area of } \Omega = \int \int_{\Gamma} |J(u, v)| \, du dv$$

3. ( **25 points**) Please sketch the region of the integration and evaluate the integrals.

(a)

$$\int_{-2}^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-y^2}} \int_{-\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}}^{\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}} y^2 \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} dz dx dy$$

(b)

$$\int_0^1 \int_x^1 \cos(y^2) dy dx$$

(c)

$$\int_C (y + \sin x) dx + (z^2 + \cos y) dy + x^3 dz,$$

where  $C$  is the curve  $\mathbf{r}(t) = (\sin t, \cos t, \sin 2t)$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ . ( in the clockwise direction)

4. ( **25 points**)

(a) Please state the Mean Value Theorem for the double integral:  $\int \int_D f(x, y) \, dx dy$ .

Here,  $D = \{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 \leq 3\}$  is a closed disk. And  $f$  is a continuous function.

(b) Please prove this theorem.