(A) False

(F) False

(B) True

(c) Thue

(GNFa/se

+27

(D) True

(H) Fatse

(E) True

(J) True

2 . di

die area = 0.4 cm², defects per cm² = 4. yield =  $\frac{1}{(1+4\times0.4\div1)^2}$  = 30.86%

78

die area = 0.4 cm², defects per cm²: 4:2=2 yield =  $\frac{1}{(1+2\times 0.4 \pm 2)^2}$  = 5\.22%

3. Computer A = CPI=13, clock rate = 600 MHz Computer B = CPI=25, clock rate = 750 MHz

Execution time  $A = 1.3 \times 100000 \div (600 \times 10^6)$ =  $2.167 \times 10^{-4}$ 

Execution time B = Execution time A

=  $2.5 \times \text{instruction count} = (750 \times 10^6)$ instruction count = Execution time A  $2.5 \approx (950 \times 10^6)$ = 65000

4. arithmetic instructions:

CPI=1, instruction count=500×106

load/store instructions:

CPI = 10, instruction count = 300 × 106

branch instructions

CPI=3, instruction count = 100 x 106

(A) Assume clock cycle time = 1

Original execution time  $= (1 \times 500 \times 10^6 + 10 \times 300 \times 10^6 + 3 \times 100 \times 10^6) - \times 1$   $= 3800 \times 10^6$ 

with new withmetic instructions:

clock cycle time = 1×1-1=1-1

execution time

 $= (1 \times 500 \times 10^6 \times 0.75 + 10 \times 300 \times 10^6 + 3 \times 100 \times 10^6) \times 1.1$ 

= 4042,5 × 101

不是好選擇,因為執行時閉比原本還長。

Assume clock cycle time =1

Double the performance of arithmetic instructions:

CPI = 0.5

execution time

 $= (0.5 \times 500 \times 10^{6} + 10 \times 700 \times 10^{6} + 7 \times 100 \times 10^{6}) \times 1$ 

= 3550 × 106

overall speedup = 3800×106=(3550×106)=1.01x

lox performance of anthwetic instructions:

CPI = 0.1

execution time =  $(0.1 \times 500 \times 10^6 + 10 \times 10^6 \times 10^6 + 10 \times 10^6) \times 10^6$ 

= 3350 x106

overall speed up = 3800 ×106 = (3350 × 106) = 1.13x

5. beg , byé . + 2

先将指金内的参数 address 左移工的。,再将左移後的值加上PC+4,即可得到要branch的目標位址,再批到目標位址繼續執行程式。

其他在後面

```
6. $00= int *a, $al = int h
      addi $sp, $sp, -4
      sw $50, 0($sp) # mtf;
      slt $t0, $a1, $zero #h<0:$t0=1, h>=0:$t0=0
      bne $t0, $zero, else # if(h>=0), branch if $t0 + tzero
      W $t1, 40($a0) # a[10]
      add $t1, $t1, $a1 # a[10]+h
      add $50, $t1, $zero #f = alfo] +h
       j exit # exit if()
  else: |w $tl, 40 ($a0) # a[10]
       sub $t1, $t1, $al # a[10]-h
       add $50, $4 $zero # f = a[10]+h
  exit: add $v0, $50, $zero # return f
       IN $50, 0 ($5p)
       addi $5p, $5p, 4
      jr $ra # procedure return
7. (A) $19 = 0 \\
     $17 = 0130
      $>0 = 0 \times 20 + 0 \times 10 = 0 \times 20
      memory 0x28 = 0x30/
                              +12
  (B) $1 = 0 x 60
       $2 = 0 $50
  (C) YES/
8. (A) Dx22512852
  (B) 11Q*R
  (c) addi $51, $52, 19874 +16
   (D) $51, 10885
```

stack: +4 if else: +4 Exit: +4