Solution to Midterm Exam I

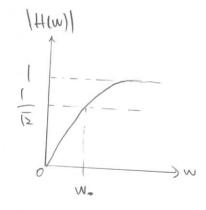
$$P = Re \left\{ \frac{Vrms^{2}}{Z^{2}} \right\} = Re \left\{ \frac{Vrms}{R-jX} \right\} = Re \left\{ \frac{Vrms^{2}}{R^{2}+X^{2}} (R+jX) \right\}$$

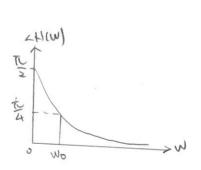
$$= \frac{Vrms^{2}}{R^{2}+X^{2}} R$$

$$Q_{L} = |Q_{1}| - |Q_{2}| = P(|tan\theta_{1}| - |tan\theta_{2}|) = \frac{Vrms}{x_{L}} = \frac{Vrms}{w_{L}}$$

$$L = \frac{Vrms}{w_{P}(|tan\theta_{1}| - |tan\theta_{2}|)}$$

$$V_0(w) = V_S(w) \times \frac{R}{R+Jwc} \Rightarrow H(w) = \frac{U_0(w)}{V_S(w)} = \frac{JWRC}{I+JwRC} = \frac{JW}{W_0}$$
where $W_0 = \frac{1}{RC}$





6. (a) Complex power:
$$S = \frac{V_{rms}}{I_{rms}}$$

= $(2502 - 10)(6,2225°) = 1550215° (VA)$

Reactive Power:
$$S = P + jQ = 1000 + jQ$$

$$\sqrt{1000^2 + Q^2} = 1210 \implies Q = 681.2488 \text{ (VAR)}$$
Complex David

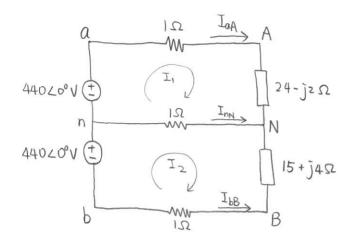
7. Phase currents

$$I_{AB} = \frac{22220^{\circ}}{4+j3} = 35.2 - 26.4j = 442-36.87^{\circ}(A)$$

$$I_{BC} = \frac{2202-120^{\circ}}{4+\bar{j}3} = 442-156.80^{\circ}(A)$$

line currents

$$V_{ab} = \sqrt{3} V_{an} \angle 30^{\circ} = 120\sqrt{3} \angle 120^{\circ}$$
 $V_{bc} = V_{ab} \angle -120^{\circ} = 120\sqrt{3} \angle 0^{\circ}$
 $I_{Bc} = \frac{V_{bc}}{-j_{100}} = 2.07846j = 2.07846 \angle 90^{\circ} (A)$
 $V_{ca} = V_{ab} \angle 120^{\circ} = 120\sqrt{3} \angle 240^{\circ}$
 $I_{cA} = \frac{V_{ca}}{j_{100}} = 2.07846 \angle 150^{\circ} (A)$



$$\begin{cases} 440 - I_{1}(25-j2) - (I_{1}-I_{2}) = 0 \\ 440 - (I_{2}-I_{1}) - I_{2}(16+j4) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$(26-j2)I_1-I_2=440$$
 — 0
- $I_1+(17+j4)I_2=440$ — 0

0+(26-j2)2:

$$I_{2}[(17+j4)(2b-j2)-1]=440(27-j2)$$