

b).  $f(x)$  is even function

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2l} \left[ \int_{-l}^0 f(x) dx + \int_0^l f(x) dx \right] = \frac{1}{2l} \left[ \int_0^l f(x) dx + \int_0^l f(x) dx \right] \quad \begin{matrix} +(-y) = f(-y) \\ \hat{=} x = -y \\ dx = -dy \end{matrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{l} \left[ \int_0^l f(x) dx + \int_0^l f(x) dx \right] = \frac{1}{l} \cdot \int_0^l f(x) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{l} \left[ \int_{-l}^0 f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx + \int_0^l f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx \right] = \frac{1}{l} \left[ \int_0^l f(-y) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} (-y) (-dy) + \int_0^l f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{l} \left[ \int_{-l}^0 f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx + \int_0^l f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx \right] = \frac{1}{l} \left[ \int_0^l f(-y) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} (-y) (-dy) + \int_0^l f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx \right]$$

$$= 0$$

$f(x)$  is odd function:

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2l} \int_{-l}^l f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2l} \left[ \int_{-l}^0 f(x) dx + \int_0^l f(x) dx \right] = \frac{1}{2l} \left[ -\int_0^l f(x) dx + \int_0^l f(x) dx \right] = 0$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{l} \left[ \int_{-l}^0 f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx + \int_0^l f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx \right] = \frac{1}{l} \left[ \int_0^l f(-y) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} (-y) (-dy) + \int_0^l f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx \right]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{l} \int_0^l f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx + \int_0^l f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{l} \left[ \int_{-l}^0 f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx + \int_0^l f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx \right] = \frac{1}{l} \left[ \int_0^l f(-y) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} (-y) (-dy) + \int_0^l f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx$$

4.  $f(x, y) = h(x) g(y)$

$$\Rightarrow h(x) = a_{n_0} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_{n_1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{l_1} x + b_{n_1} \sin \frac{n\pi}{l_1} x) \Rightarrow$$

$$g(y) = a_{g_0} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_{g_1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{l_2} y + b_{g_1} \sin \frac{n\pi}{l_2} y)$$

$$\begin{cases} a_{n_0} = \frac{1}{2l_1} \int_{-l_1}^{l_1} h(x) dx \\ a_{n_1} = \frac{1}{l_1} \int_{-l_1}^{l_1} h(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l_1} x dx \\ b_{n_1} = \frac{1}{l_1} \int_{-l_1}^{l_1} h(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l_1} x dx \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_{g_0} = \frac{1}{2l_2} \int_{-l_2}^{l_2} g(y) dy \\ a_{g_1} = \frac{1}{l_2} \int_{-l_2}^{l_2} g(y) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l_2} y dy \end{cases}$$