

- 1) T
- 2) T
- 3) T
- 4) T
- 5) F
- 6) F
- 7) F

$$\frac{\frac{150 \times 2}{2.5}}{2} = 60 \#$$

$$80 \times \frac{80}{100} \times \frac{1}{4} + 100 \times \frac{20}{100} = 20 + 20 = 40$$

有 2009 (2) 樣

$$P_1 = \frac{4+6+10}{1+2+5} = 2.5 \quad P_2 = \frac{4+6+20}{13} = 2.3$$

$$t_1 = \frac{2.5 \times 8 \times 10^9}{500M} \quad \text{MIPS} = 200 \quad P_2 \text{ fast MIPS} = 217$$

$$t_A = \frac{8+12+30}{500} = \frac{1}{10} \quad t_B = \frac{4+16+16}{400} = \frac{8.25}{100} \quad \frac{B}{A} = 0.825$$

- (1) 2000
- (2) 2000
- (3) 2064
- (4) 64
- (5) 29
- (6) 129
- (7) X
- (8) 16
- (9) 16
- (10) 145
- (11) 145
- (12) X

6. (98?)

$$(1) S = \frac{10^6 \times 2 \times 10}{10} = 2 \times 10^6 \text{ (ns)} = 2 \mu s$$

(2) ~~27~~ ~~222~~

(3) 87

(4) $15\% \times 2 + 10\% \times 2.5\% \times 9 + 55\%$
 $= 0.3 + 0.225 + 0.25 = 1.225$

(1) 108

(2) 1044

(3) 0

(4) 3

(5) 2

(6) 210 (??)

(7) —

(8) —

(9) 2

(10) — 2/5

8. pipelined datapath 在某一時脈的剖面圖
 就是 single-cycle 的管線圖

① ② ③ ④

A B C D

A B C D

A B C D

A B C D

⇒ A B C D

pipelined datapath 和 multicycle datapath 都是一丁
 指令使用到多丁時脈, pipeline 是把 multicycle
 datapath 不同指令在同一時脈中被平行處理,
 pipeline 單一時脈的 time 和 multicycle 一樣都
 是最長 of function unit 花費時間。