

Mid Exam

- 考試日期：
 - 10/08(四)
- 考試方式：以個人為單位
- 考試時間：50 min
- 考試注意事項：可帶一張A4紙大小的參考資料(只限一張)，如晶片編號等有助於考試資訊皆可印在參考資料中，內容是手寫或影印都可以，正反面皆可有資料。

Comparator (1/2)

- There are two inputs denoted as A and B. Both A and B are 1-bit value. A comparator is designed to determine whether A is equal to B or not. The output results are represented with E .
- The function and truth table of the comparator is described as follows.

$$E \equiv \begin{cases} 1 & , \text{if } A \text{ is equal to } B \\ 0 & , \text{else} \end{cases}$$

A	B	E
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

Comparator (2/2)

Please

(a) implement the circuit on the breadboard.

Suggested Boolean algebra of the comparator.

$$E = AB + A' B'$$

XOR (1/2)

1. Boolean Algebra

$$F = A \oplus B$$

$$\Rightarrow F = A'B + AB'$$

3. Circuit Diagram



2. Truth Table

A	B	F
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

XOR (2/2)

Please

(a) implement the circuit on the breadboard.

Constant Multiplier (1/2)

- There is a 2-bit input X (represented as ^{MSB}X1 and X0). A constant multiplier is designed to multiply the input by 3. Finally, show the result with decimal format (0, 1, 2,,9) on Digital Display in the breadboard.

Hint-1:

The output digital number is 0, 3, 6 or 9, respectively, for four different inputs (0, 1, 2, 3).

Constant Multiplier(1/2)

■ Please

- (a) Implement the circuit on the breadboard, and show the result with decimal format (0, 1, 2,,9) on Digital Display in the breadboard.

Suggested Boolean algebra of the constant multiplier.

$$D = X_1X_0 \quad C = X_1X_0' \quad B = X_1X_0' + X_1'X_0 \quad A = X_0$$