



Industrial issues of Hybrid/Heterogeneous Critical Systems

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THALES

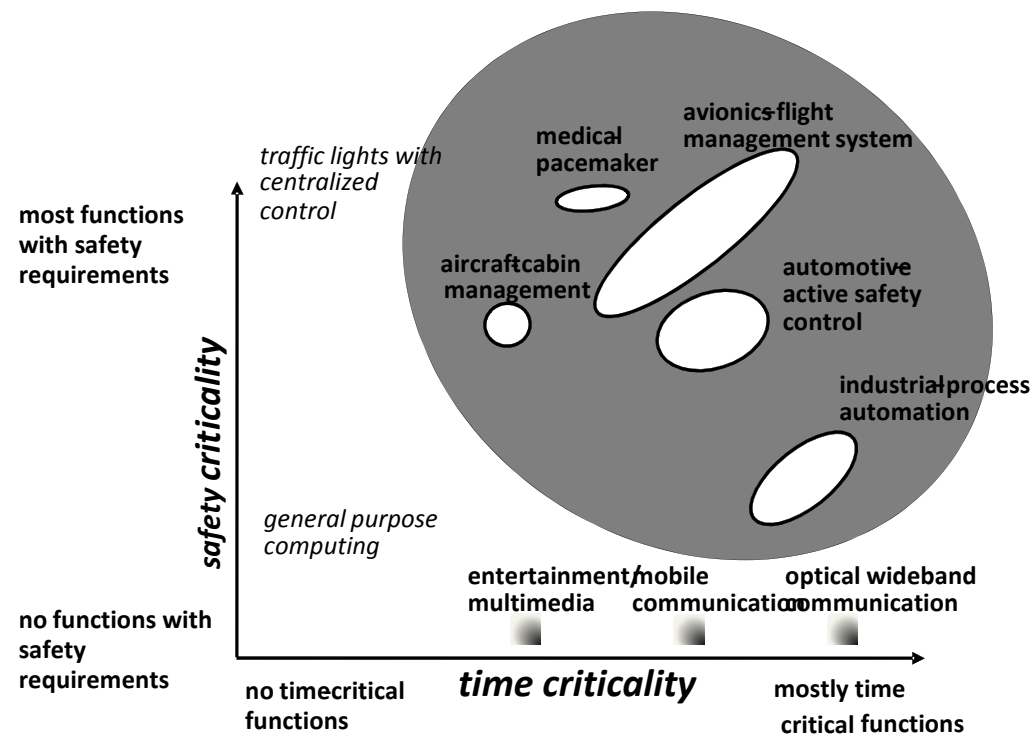
Hybrid Critical Systems for THALES

◆ Safety critical missions

- Failure have could have catastrophic consequences

◆ Timing critical missions

- Timing failure may have strong impact on the functional capabilities of the system



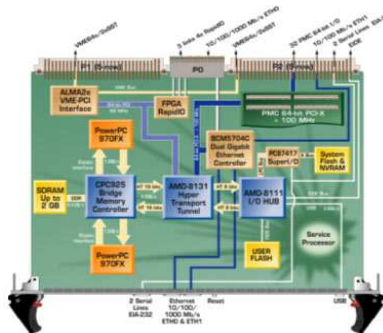
Safety critical missions

A software-intensive avionics system

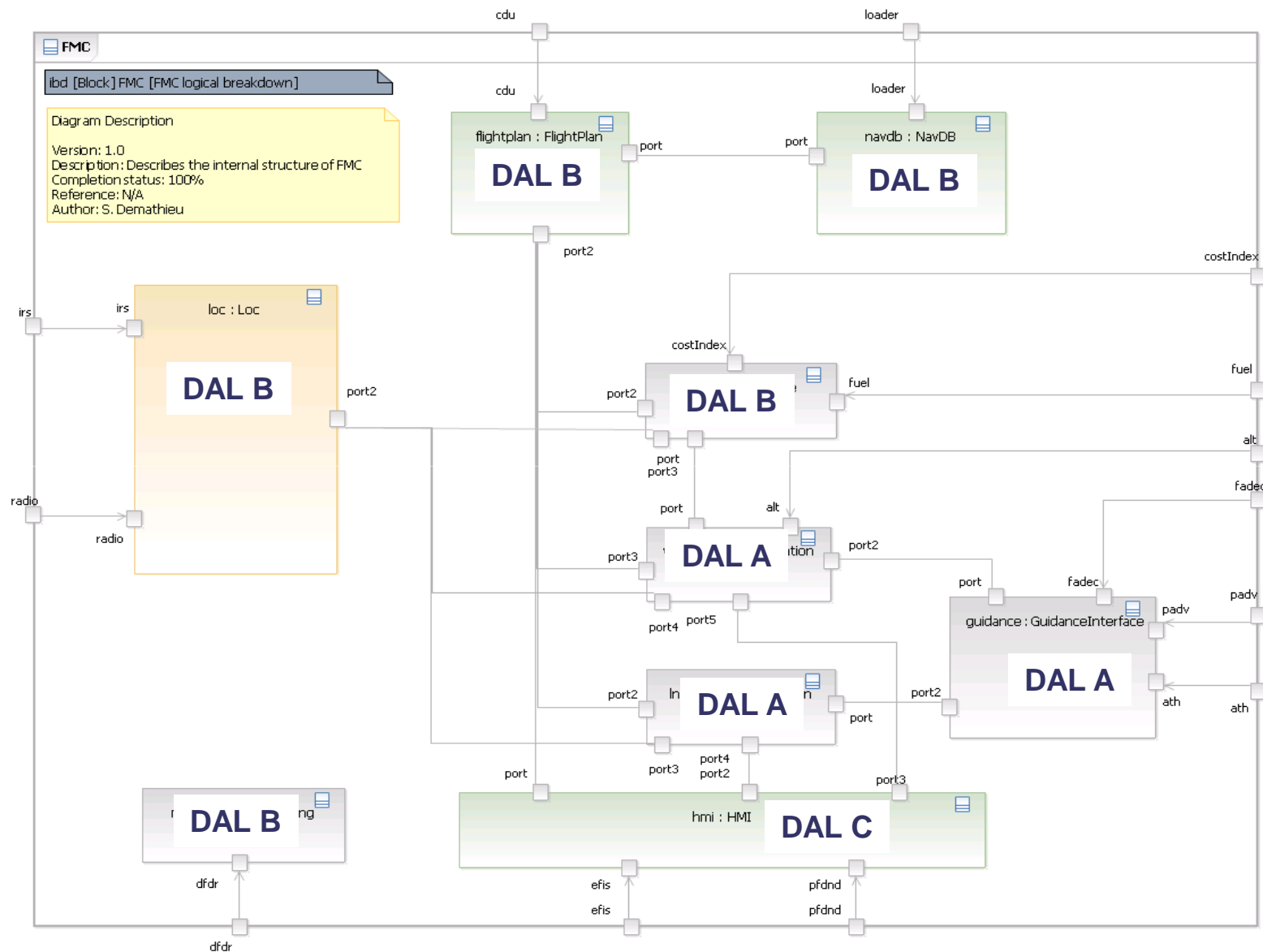
- ◆ Automated navigation (guidance for related devices: AP / FD / ATH)
- ◆ Lateral and vertical trajectory optimizations
- ◆ Fuel consumption and forecast
- ◆ Flight data display

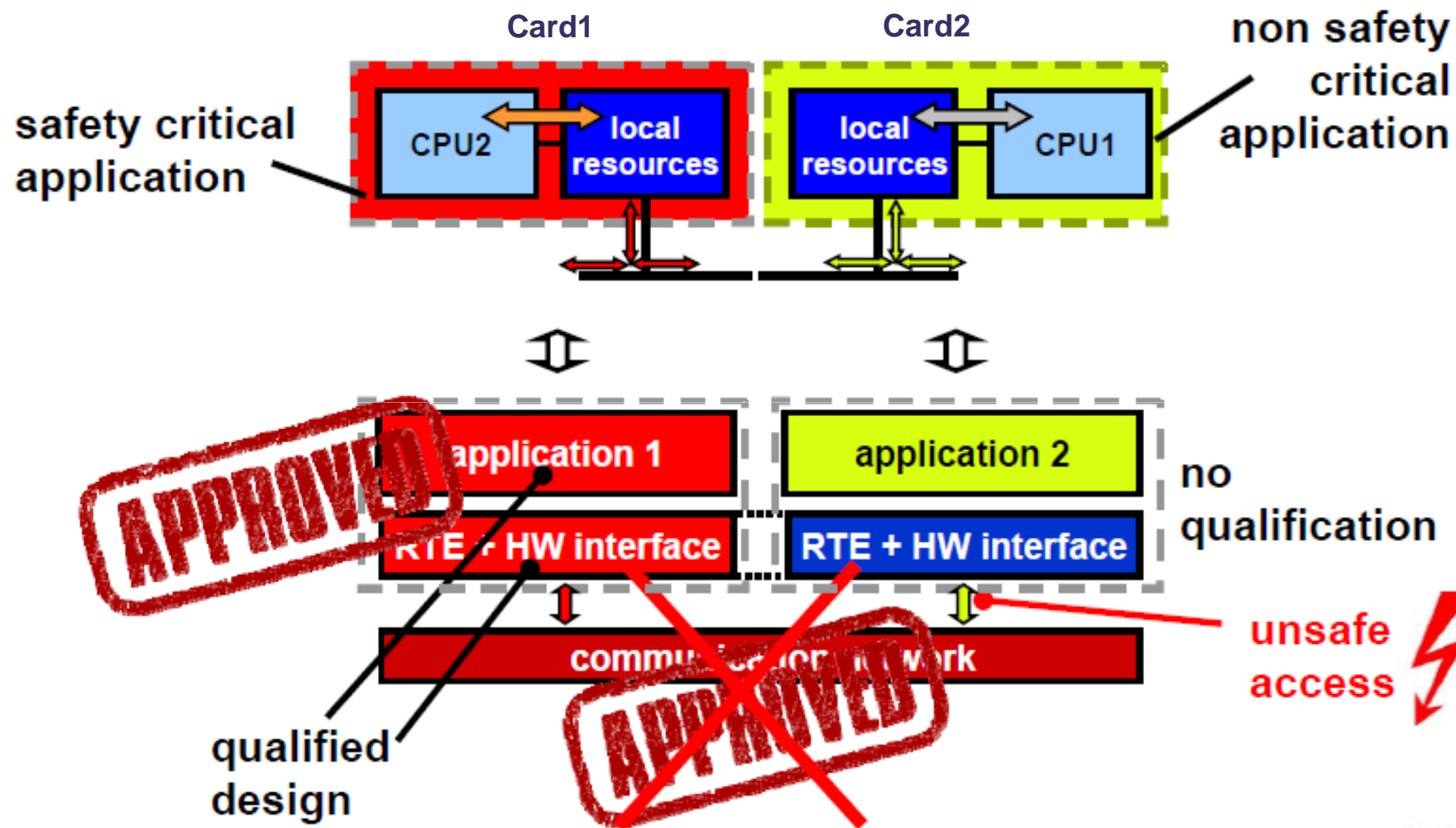
A safety-critical, hard-real time, embedded system

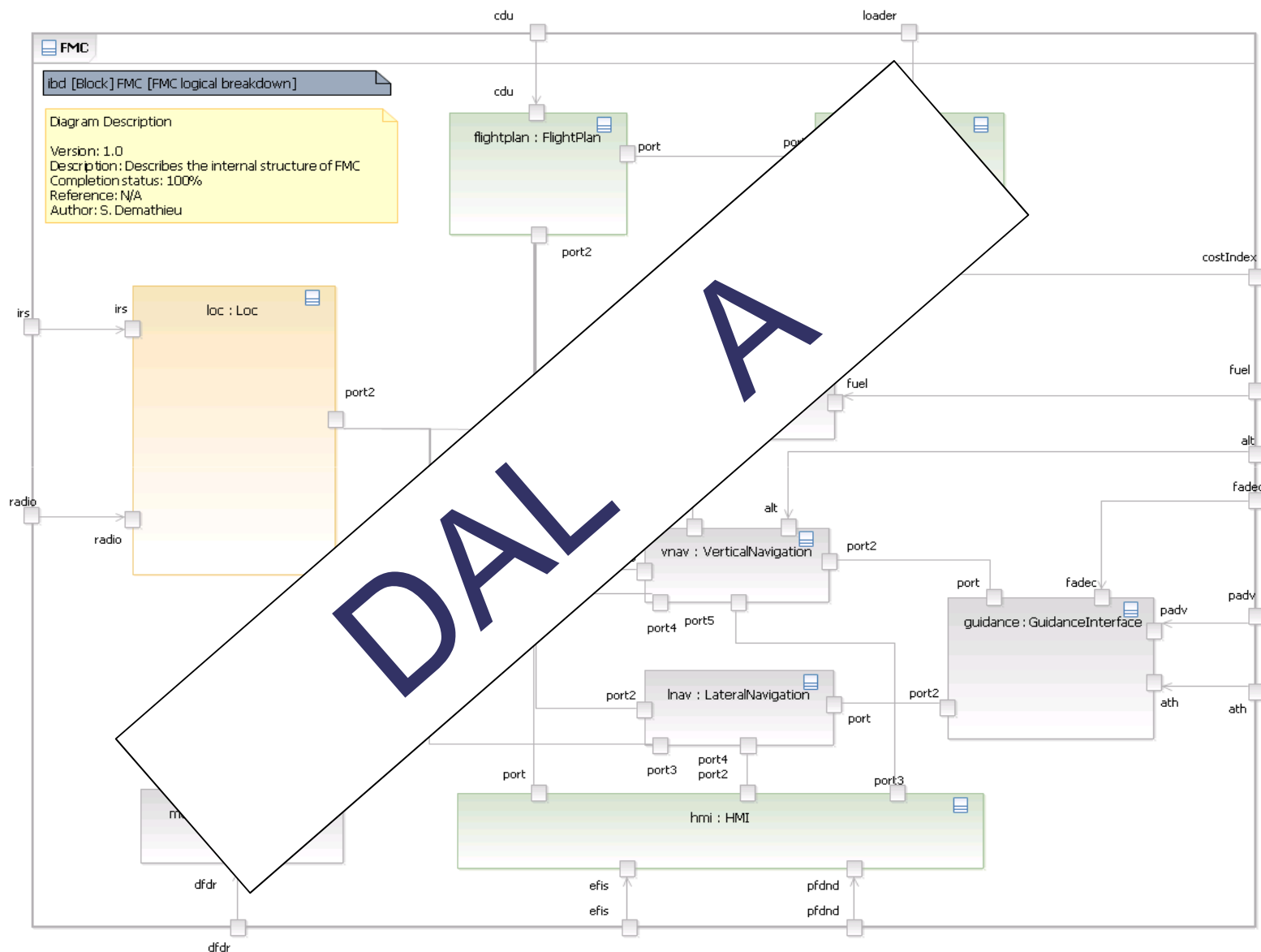
- ◆ Strict latency on processing and communications
- ◆ Strict jitter constraints
- ◆ Dimensioning of buses, FIFOs and CPU power



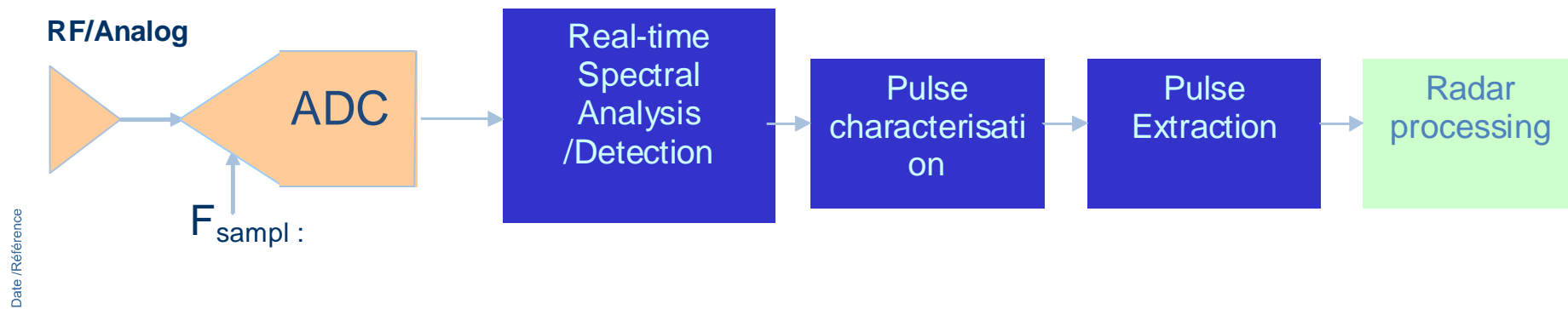
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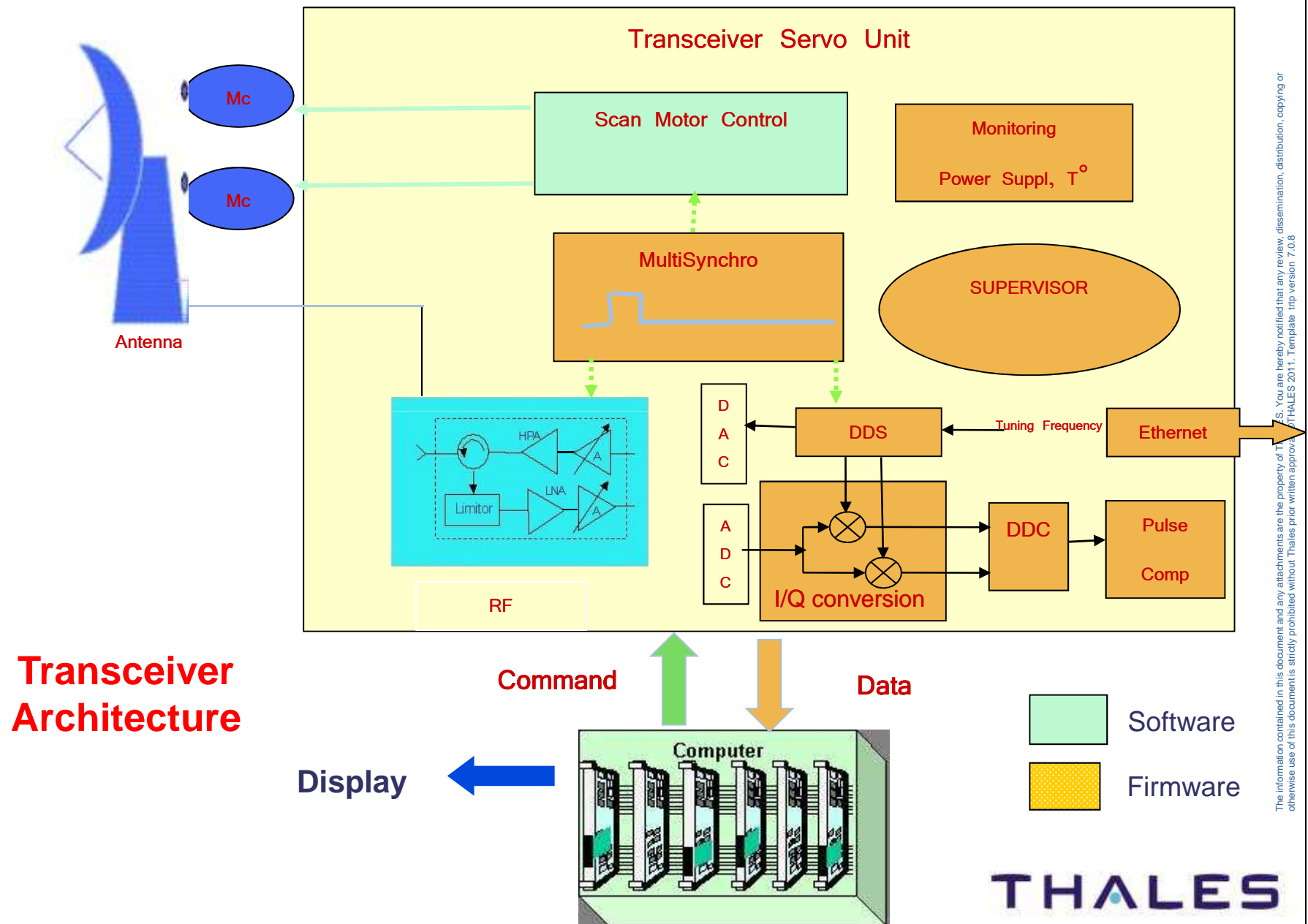




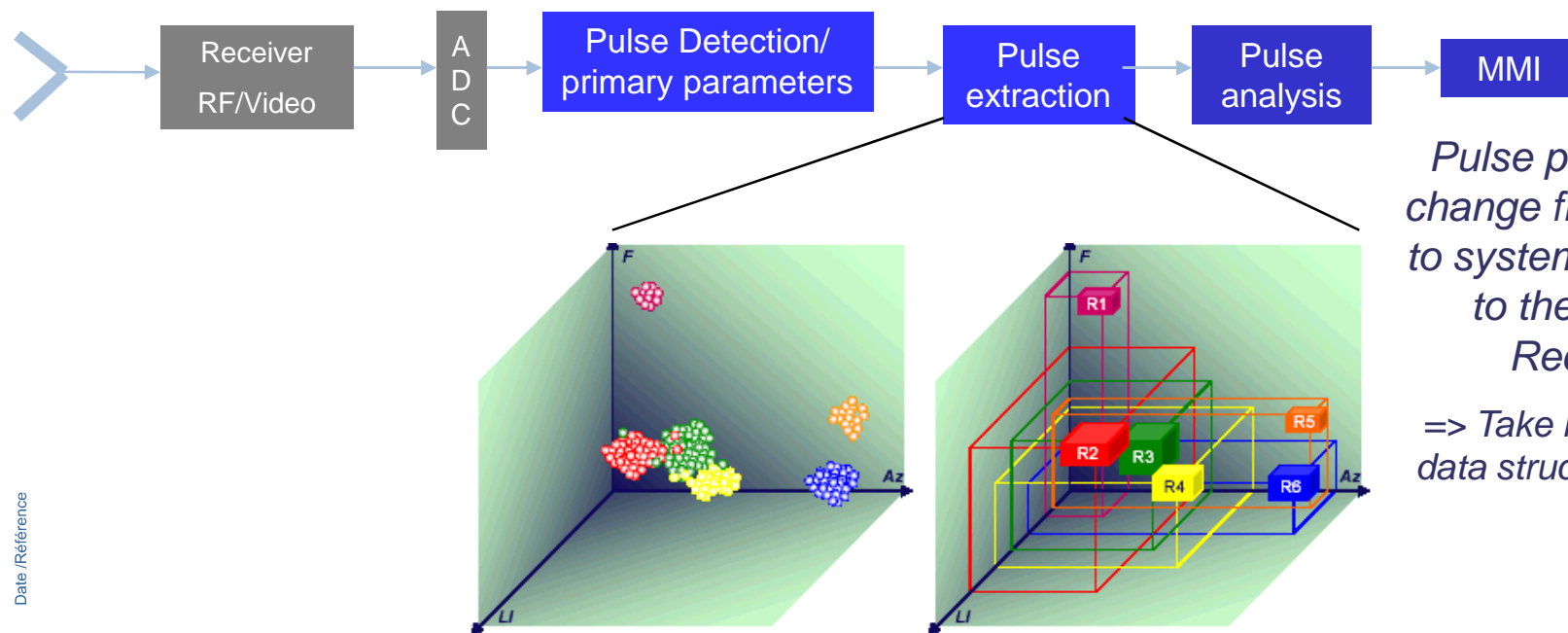


Timing critical missions



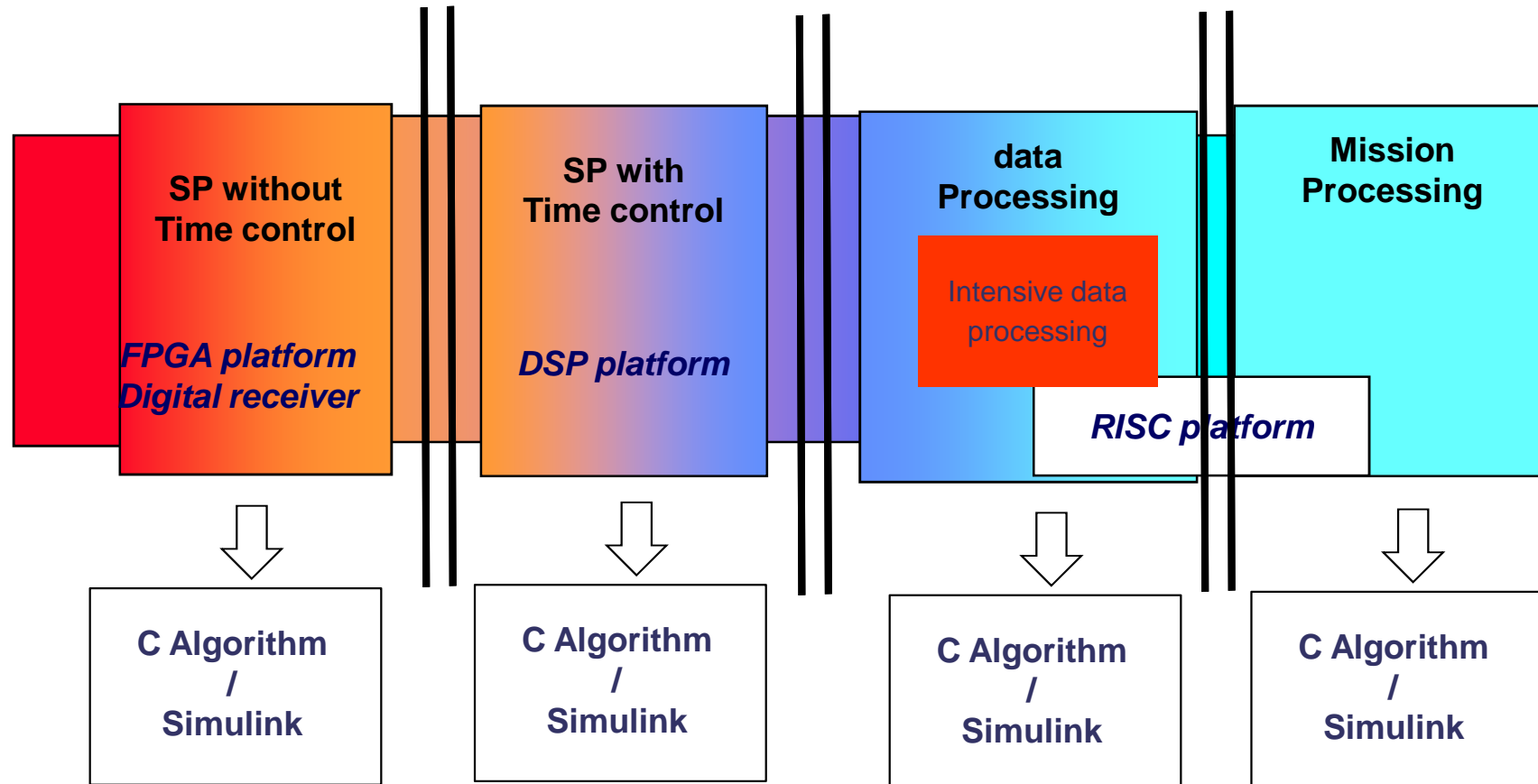


Radar: Back-end processing



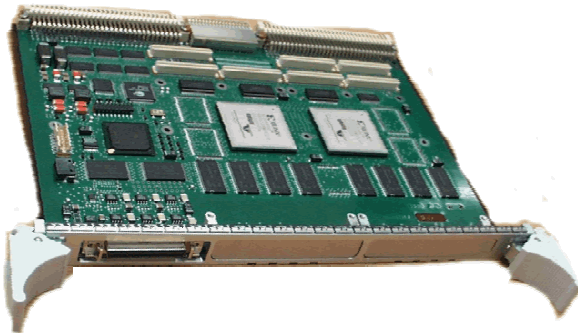
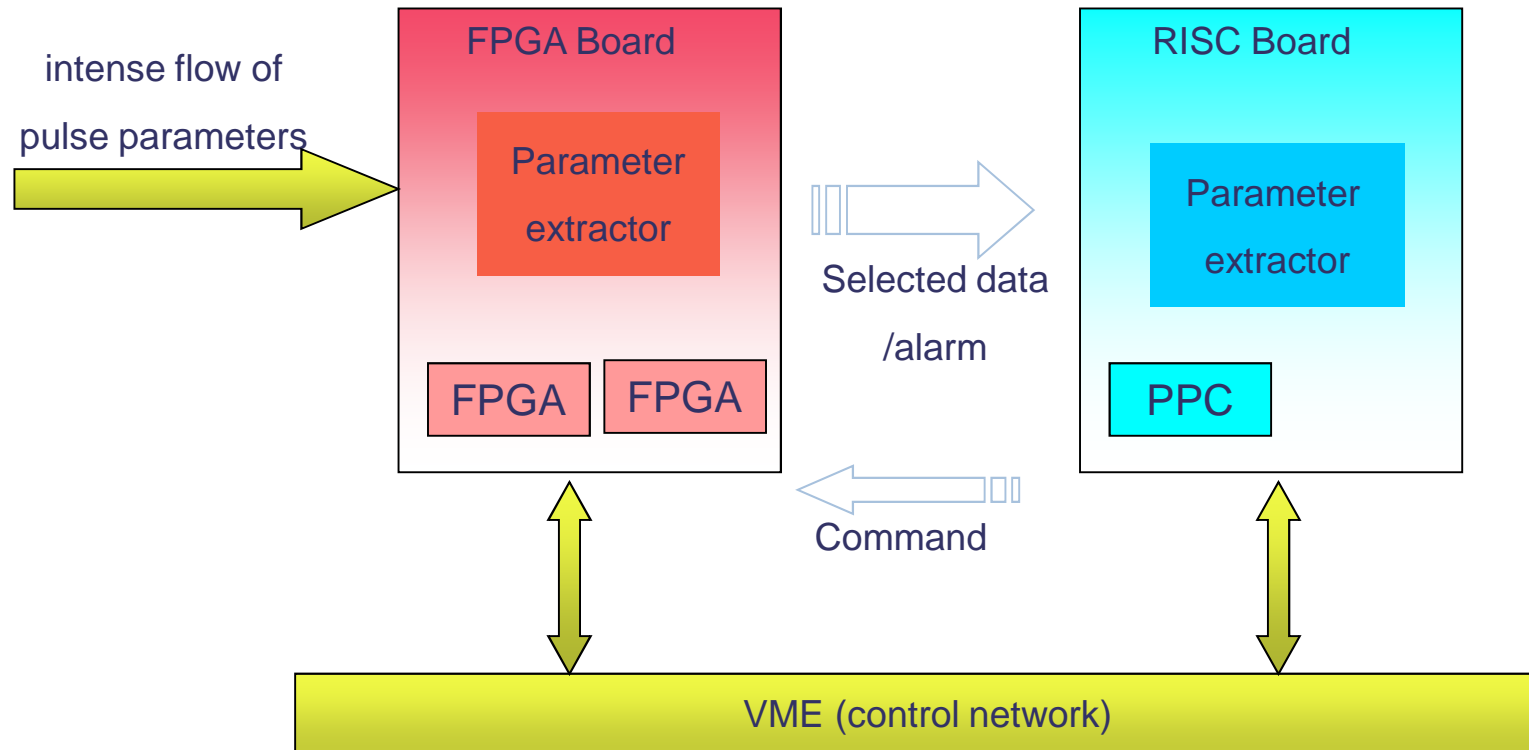
Data-driven

Control-driven



Heterogenous Model of Computations

- Timing exchange issues ? How to analyse the global system ?



According to IEEE, a system is:

« a combination of components that act together to perform a function not possible with any of the individual parts »

Real-time embedded systems are inherently heterogeneous, mixing:

- ◆ Analog and digital parts
- ◆ Hardware and Software parts
- ◆ Data-dominated and Control-dominated parts
- ◆ Synchronous and Asynchronous behaviour (GALS)

Real-Time embedded interacts with the environment

- ◆ Environment could be multi-physics (then heterogenous).

Increase of the numbers of antennas

- ◆ Example: New Beam forming

Increase of the data sampling rate

Migration from Analog to Digital technology

- ◆ Example: Digital receiver

What the impact is the architecture ?

- ◆ Is timing processing enough ?
- ◆ Timing processing / synchronisation still maintained ?
- ◆ Response time still valid ?
- ◆ Hardware architecture still valid ?

(MDE) Engineering Issues

Date /Référence

THALES

System Engineering

Doors

UML

Matlab

Word

Design Space
ExplorationImplicit
ChoicesLack of
Traceability

Semantic Gap

Decision
MakingCultural and
Technological
BreakpointsVerification
and
Validation

Hardware / Software Engineering

VHDL

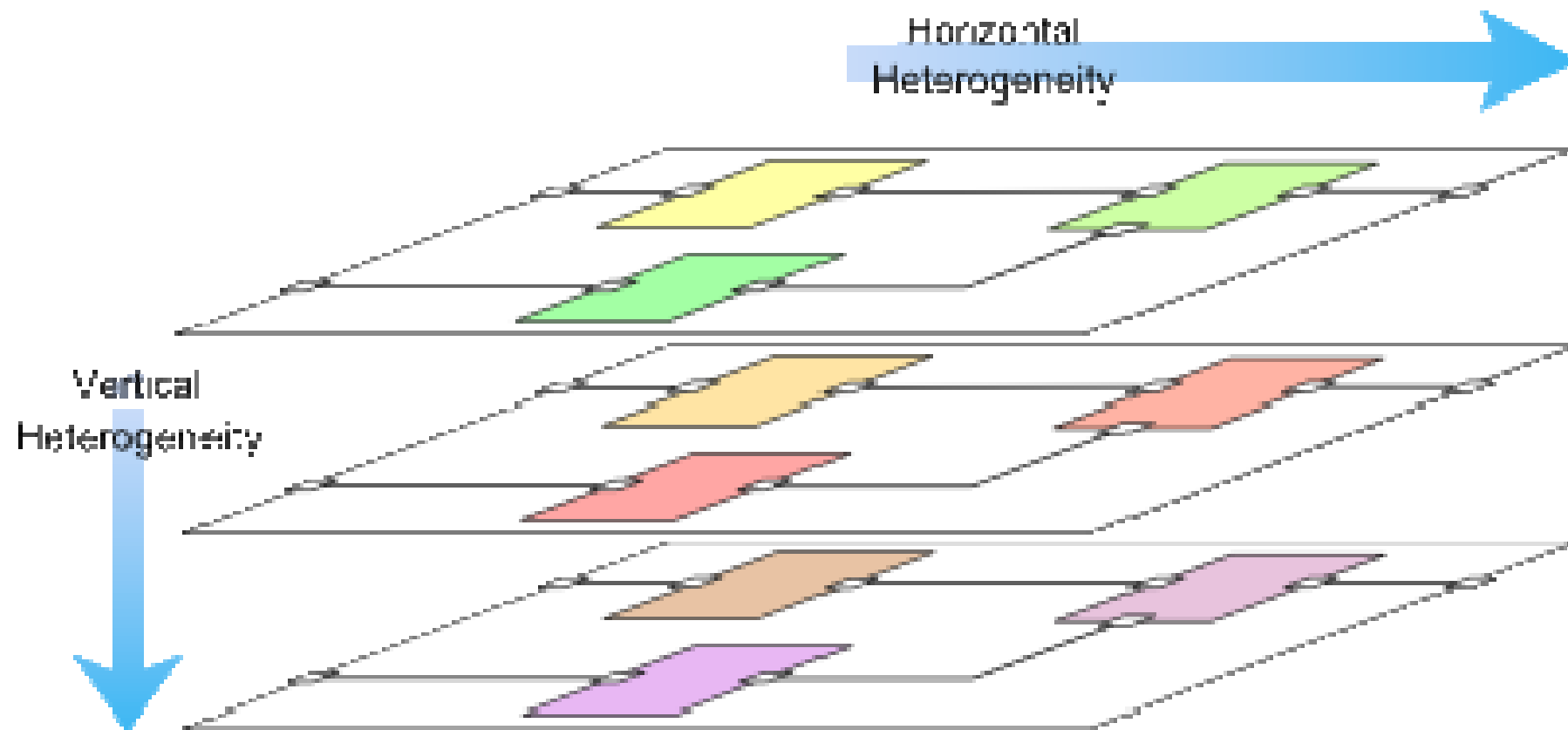
Java
C++

SystemC

MBE Efforts:
Formalization,
Action Language



ESL Efforts:
Raise Abstractions,
Verification Libraries



Heterogeneous systems are inherently complex

- ◆ Abstraction (vertical approach), hierarchy (horizontal approach)
- ◆ and domains (analytical approach)

Improve the modeling of heterogeneity

- ◆ Enable the explanation of the Heterogeneous execution semantics
 - ◆ Enable inter-connections of different execution semantics.
 - ◆ Enable the refinements and the mapping of execution semantics between abstract levels
- ➔ Precise modeling and formal representation

Need to improve the early verification of models

- ◆ Support for both simulation and formal verification
 - Formal methods are strongly required to optimise the heterogeneous system
 - ◆ Ease the implementation of the system
 - ◆ Ease the architecture exploration and reuse.
- ➔ Verification methods (global versus composition).

Industrial companies like THALES is facing difficulties to design efficiently « Hybrid Systems »

- ◆ High Overcost
- ◆ Limited capabilities of reuse.
- ◆ High difficulties to identify the adequate architecture

Current MDE standards and practices do meet our requirement to design, verify and optimise these systems

- ◆ Non Adequate modeling language
 - Need to be more precise (formal)
- ◆ Non adequate analysis techniques
 - Able to integrate « heterogenous hypothesis »
- ◆ Non Adequate model transformation / refinement techniques.
 - Especially between abstraction levels.