## Easy problems!

1. The semi-annual  $y_t$  is modelled by ETS(AAA) process:

$$\begin{cases} u_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0; 16) \\ s_t = s_{t-2} + 0.1u_t \\ b_t = b_{t-1} + 0.2u_t \\ \ell_t = \ell_{t-1} + b_{t-1} + 0.3u_t \\ y_t = \ell_{t-1} + b_{t-1} + s_{t-2} + u_t \end{cases}$$

Given that  $s_{100} = 2$ ,  $s_{99} = -1.9$ ,  $b_{100} = 0.5$ ,  $\ell_{100} = 4$  find 95% predictive interval for  $y_{101}$  and  $y_{102}$ .

- 2. Consider a stationary solution of the equation  $y_t = 2 + y_{t-1} 0.25y_{t-2} + u_t$ , where  $u_t$  is a white noise process.
  - (a) Calculate  $E(y_t)$ , the first two values of autocorrelation function.
  - (b) Assuming normality and independence of  $u_t$ ,  $u_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0; 16)$ ,  $y_{99} = -1$ ,  $y_{100} = 5$ , calculate short-term 95% predictive interval for  $y_{101}$  and long-term 95% predictive interval for  $y_{100+h}$  where  $h \to \infty$ .
- 3. Consider six observations y = (10, 20, 40, 100, 110, 150). Construct regression tree to predict  $y_t$  using  $y_{t-1}$  as unique predictor. The value of TSS is used to split a node. Growing of tree stops when each node contains no more than 2 observations. To split two values use the mean between them.
  - (a) Draw your tree!
  - (b) What is the forecast of this tree for the next observation?

## A little bit harder!

4. Consider the ETS(AAN) process:

$$\begin{cases} u_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0; \sigma^2) \\ b_t = b_{t-1} + \beta u_t \\ \ell_t = \ell_{t-1} + b_{t-1} + \alpha u_t \\ y_t = \ell_{t-1} + b_{t-1} + u_t \end{cases}$$

with initial constants  $b_0$  and  $\ell_0$ .

Find  $Cov(y_t, y_s)$ . Is the ETS(AAN) stationary?

- 5. Check whether the sum of two independent ETS(ANN) processes is a ETS(ANN) process.
- 6. Consider MA(1) process  $y_t = u_t + 2u_{t-1}$  where  $(u_t)$  is a white noise with variance  $\sigma$ .
  - (a) Find  $Cov(y_t, y_s)$  for all t and s.
  - (b) Find best linear prediction for  $y_t$  using  $y_{t-1}$  and  $y_{t-2}$ .

I will give you a hint for the point b. You need to find  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$  in  $y_t = \alpha_1 y_{t-1} + \alpha_2 y_{t-2} + w_t$  such that prediction error  $w_t$  is uncorrelated with predictors  $y_{t-1}$  and  $y_{t-2}$ .