基于 StanfordCoreNLP 的生物医学实体间依存分析

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- 一、实验环境配置(Linux or macOS)
- 1. 配置 JDK 1.8 及以上版本 (建议安装在 home 目录下)

java -version # 查看 java 版本, 如果为 1.8.0 及以上版本, 则无需再配置 JDK # 下载 JDK 安装包

wget

--no-check-certificate

--no-cookies

--header

"Cookie:oraclelicense=accept-securebackup-cookie"

 $\frac{https://download.oracle.com/otn-pub/java/jdk/8u201-b09/42970487e3af4f5aa5bca3f5424}{82c60/jdk-8u201-linux-x64.tar.gz}$

tar -zxvf jdk-8u201-linux-x64.tar.gz # 解压 JDK cd jdk1.8.0_201 pwd # 查看当前路径 'JDK_path' vi ~/.bashrc

在 ~/.bashrc 文件最后添加 #####分割线##### # JDK JAVA_HOME='JDK_PATH' export JAVA_HOME

PAHT=\$JAVA_HOME/bin:\$PATH export PATH #####分割线 ##### source ~/.bashrc # 更新环境变量 java -version # 检查是否安装成功

2. 下载 CoreNLP 3.9.2

mkdir yourProject # 创建工作目录 cd yourProject # 更改工作目录

下载 CoreNLP 压缩包

wget http://nlp.stanford.edu/software/stanford-corenlp-full-2018-10-05.zip

unzip stanford-corenlp-full-2018-10-05.zip #解压

3. 使用 pip 安装 stanfordcorenlp (pip 版本与所用 python 版本相同):

pip install stanfordcorenlp # 安装 python package

- 4. 工作环境配置 (在 /yourProject 目录下)
 - # 下载实验代码

wget https://github.com/YaoXinZhi/CoreNLP_test/archive/master.zip

unzip master.zip # 解压文件 mv stanford-corenlp-full-2018-10-05 CoreNLP_test-master/CoreNLP_test/

python DependencyDistance_StanfordCoreNLP.py -h # 查看参数 python DependencyDistance_StanfordCoreNLP.py

-r ../data/bioconcept_offsets_3000 -w ../result # run

```
    bioconcept_offsets_3000 

    ★

                                                Mineralogical and geochemical analyses showed two main types of intimately associated products: a polymetal 327|335|Limonite|Chemical|MESH:C021024
                sentence
                 annotation 254|263|hvdroxide|Chemical|MESH:C031356
                annotation 254 265 mydroxide Chemical [MESH:D003300 annotation 445 | 151 | pyrite | Chemical | MESH:C011342
                                                  Silicate phases such as opaline, silica, iron-silicon clay, and trace amounts of mica and zeolite are encoun
                 sentence
                annotation 90|97|zeolite|Chemical|MESH:D017641
annotation 41|45|iron|Chemical|MESH:D007501
                annotation 0|8|Silicate|Chemical|MESH:D017640
               sentence Hydrocalcite (CaCO3 * H2O) and Nesquehonite (MgCO3 * 3H2O) in Carbonate Scales. annotation 62|71|Carbonate|Chemical|CHEBI:41609
               annotation 45[50]MgC03|Chemical|CHEBI:31793
annotation 22|25|H20|Chemical|CHEBI:33813
                annotation 0|12|Hydrocalcite|Chemical|
                                                  Hydrocalcite (CaCO(3) * H(2)0) with exactly one molecule of hydrate water is the main component of carbonate
     19
                sentence
               annotation 99|108|carbonate|Chemical|CHEBI:41609
annotation 24|29|H(2)0|Chemical|CHEBI:33813
                 annotation 0|12|Hydrocalcite|Chemical|
                sentence When the magnesium content of the water is high, the hydrocalcite occurs together with MgCO(3) * 3H(2)O (ne annotation anno
                 annotation 9|18|magnesium|Chemical|MESH:D008274
                                                  Some workers have considered it to be a pseudomorph after diamond, and have used the proposed diamond ances
               sentence
               annotation 284|296|(Fe, Ni)(3)C|Chemical|
annotation 217|221|Ni-C|Chemical|
                 annotation 200/210/cliftonite/Chemical
                 annotation 58|65|diamond|Chemical|MESH:D018130
```

注: sentence 行 为提供给 StanfordCoreNLP 依存分析的句子 annotation 行为 Pubtator 对句子中出现生物医学实体的注释 其中每一行为一条注释 通过'I'分隔 分别为 起始位置[终止位置]注释词语[实体类型]对应 ID(如果有)

三、结果解释

1. 通过上面的代码 结果存放在

/result/bioconcept_offsets_3000_DepencyParsing

```
1:Ti->conj->Cr 119|121|Ti|Chemical| 107|109|Cr|Chemical| 5:Ti->conj->Cr->nmod->decrease->nmod->accompanied->conj->zoned->nsubjpass->Clinopyroxene 119|121|T 4:Cr->nmod->decrease->nmod->accompanied->conj->zoned->nsubjpass->Clinopyroxene 107|109|Cr|Chemical|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      119|121|Ti|Chemical|
                                                Cristobalite, ilmenite with Ti-rich lamellae, ulv spinel (often Cr-rich), troilite, and kamacite are low
3:kamacite->conj->lamellae->nmod->ilmenite->appos->Cristobalite 89|97|kamacite|Chemical| 0|12|Cristobalite|Chemical| 14|22|ilmenite|Chemical|MESH:C029232 1:Cristobalite->appos->cristobalite|Chemical| 14|22|ilmenite|Chemical|MESH:C029232 1:Cristobalite->appos->ilmenite 0|12|Cristobalite|Chemical| 14|22|ilmenite|Chemical|MESH:C029232 1:Cristobalite|Chemical|MESH:C029232 1:Cristobalite|MESH:C029232 1:Cri
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      0|12|Cristobalite|Chemica
                                                Four rock analyses by x-ray fluorescence show affinity with terrestrial basalts but with anomalous amount 

*Ti->conj->Ni 149|151|Zn|Chemical| 137|139|Ni|Chemical| |

*Ti->conj->Rb 149|151|Zn|Chemical| 129|131|Rb|Chemical| |

*Ti->conj->Cr 149|151|Zn|Chemical| 118|120|Cr|Chemical| |

*Ti-140|131|Zn|Chemical| 118|120|Cr|Chemical| |
 2:7n->con1->T1->con1->Rb
2:Zn->conj->Ti->conj->Cr
                                                                                                                | 110|112|Ti|Chemical| | | | | |
| 137|139|Ni|Chemical| | 129|131|Rb|Chemical|
| 137|139|Ni|Chemical| | 118|120|Cr|Chemical|
1:Zn->conj->Ti 149|151|Zn|Chemical|
2:Ni->conj->Ti->conj->Rb
2:Ni->conj->Ti->conj->Cr
1:Ni->conj->Ti 137|139|Ni|Chemical| 110|112|
2:Rb->conj->Ti->conj->Cr 129|131|Rb|Chemical|
                                                                                                                                                                  110|112|Ti|Chemical
2:Rb->conj->Ti 13/|13||Na||chemical|
2:Rb->conj->Ti 129|131|R
1:Rb->conj->Ti 129|131|Rb|Chemical|
1:Cr->conj->Ti 118|120|Cr|Chemical|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   118|120|Cr|Chemical|
                                                                                                                                                                  110|112|Ti|Chemical
                                                                                                                                                                  110 | 112 | Ti | Chemical |
sentence The Apollo 11 basalt was probably formed at depths of 200 to 400 kilometers by a small degree of partial of 7:CaO->compound->percent->appos->percent->dep->O->dep->A1->appos->FeO->dep->FeO->conj->MgO 192|195|CaO|Chemical|CHEBI: 5:CaO->compound->percent->appos->percent->dep->O->dep->A1->appos->FeO 192|195|CaO|Chemical|CHEBI: 31344 147|150|FeO|Chemical|CHEBI: 31344 147|150|FeO|Chemical|CHEBI: 5:CaO->conj->FeO->dep->FeO 158|161|MgO|Chemical|CHEBI: 31794 147|150|FeO|Chemical|CHEBI: 50820
sentence Residual phases include microcrystalline Fe-rich "pyroxene," plagioclase, K-rich alkali feldspar, silica, 5:Ba->nmod->concentrations->nmod->rich->amod->reas->conj->pyroxene->conj->silica 161|163|Ba|Chemical| 98|104|si 5:Ba->nmod->concentrations->nmod->rich->amod->reas->conj->pyroxene->amod->Fe-rich 161|163|Ba|Chemical| 41|48|Fe-
```

2:silica->conj->pyroxene->amod->Fe-rich 98|104|silica|Chemical|MESH:D012822 41|48|Fe-rich|Chemical|

Clinopyroxene is zoned from augite to subcalcic ferroaugite compositions and is accompanied by decrease is

下面 行 为 Pubtator 在该句子中注释出的实体两两之间的依存树分析结果

冒号 前的数字为 两实体间最短依存路径距离

冒号 后为两实体间的依存路径

最后为 Pubtator 所注释出的该句子中所含有的两实体自由组合

例如蓝框中 Pubtator 所注释出的实体为 Zn 和 Ni

两实体在句子中的依存距离为 2

依存路径为 Zn -> conj -> Ti -> conj -> Ni

Zn, Ti, Ni 为两个实体最短依存路径上的三个节点

其中 Conj 为 依存类型关系 其余关系可在

Stanford typed dependencies manual

(https://link.jianshu.com/?t=http://nlp.stanford.edu/software/dependencies_manual.pdf)中找到