Semester 2

Tutorial Week 04 – Solutions

- 1. (1) $P(A) \ge 0$, for any event A;
 - (2) $P(\Omega) = 1$;
 - (3) If $A_1, ..., A_n$ are mutually exclusive events then $P(A_1 \cup ... \cup A_n) = P(A_1) + ... + P(A_n)$.
- **2.** (a) 6/36 = 1/6
- (b) 10/36 = 5/18
- (c) 18/36 = 1/2

- **3.** (a) $(2/6) \times (2/6) \times (2/6) = 1/27$
 - (b) P(same colour) = P(3W or 3R or 3G) $\stackrel{\text{mut. excl.}}{=}$ P(3W) + P(3R) + P(3G) $\stackrel{\text{indep.}}{=}$ $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6}$.
- 4. (a) $P(A \text{ fails } | B \text{ has failed}) = \frac{P(A \text{ and } B \text{ fail})}{P(B \text{ fails})}$ $P(B \text{ fails}) = P(A \text{ and } B \text{ fail}) + P(A \text{ does not fail } \cap B \text{ fails}) = 0.15 + 0.15 = 0.3$ and so $P(A \text{ fails } | B \text{ has failed}) = \frac{0.15}{0.3} = 1/2$.
 - (b) $P(B \text{ does not fail } \cap A \text{ fails}) = P(A \text{ fails}) P(A \text{ and } B \text{ fail}) = 0.2 0.15 = 0.05$
- **5.** Answer (b), since

$$P(X < 4) = P(X = 1) + P(X = 2) + P(X = 3) = \frac{1}{9} + \frac{2}{9} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{4}{9}$$

6. Answer (d), since

$$A = \{2,4,6\}; \quad B = \{3,6\}.$$

 $A \text{ or } B \text{ is } A \cup B = \{2,3,4,6\} \text{ and } P(A \cup B) = \frac{7}{9}.$
 $A \text{ and } B \text{ is } A \cap B = \{6\} \text{ and } P(A \cap B) = \frac{2}{9}.$

- 7. (a) Number of ways of selecting 4 students among 28: $\binom{28}{4} = \frac{28 \times 27 \times 26 \times 25}{4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1} = 20,475$. Number of ways of selecting 4 male students among 16: $\binom{16}{4} = \frac{16.15.14.13}{4.3.2.1} = 1,820$. Hence, P(all male) = 1,820/20,475 = 0.089 (3dp).
 - (b) P(at least one female) = 1 1,820/20,475 = 0.911 (3dp)
- 8. (a) sample(1:6,6,replace=T)
 - (b) sample(1:6,6,replace=F)
 - (c) sample(1:52,7,replace=F)
 - (d) sample(1:6,1,replace=T)
 - (e) sample(1:6,6,replace=T)

2012