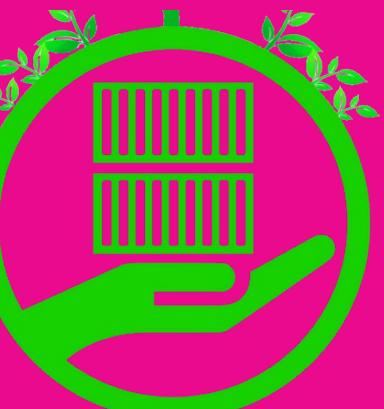


Starting GreenOps

SUSTAINABLE COMPUTING IN PRACTICE

Today, we change into the transformative power of renewable energy and energy efficiency.



Frank Klöker

- Grew up in the dirtiest lignite mining area in the world
- Taking care of environment since 2023
- GreenOps Engineer at Deutsche Telekom



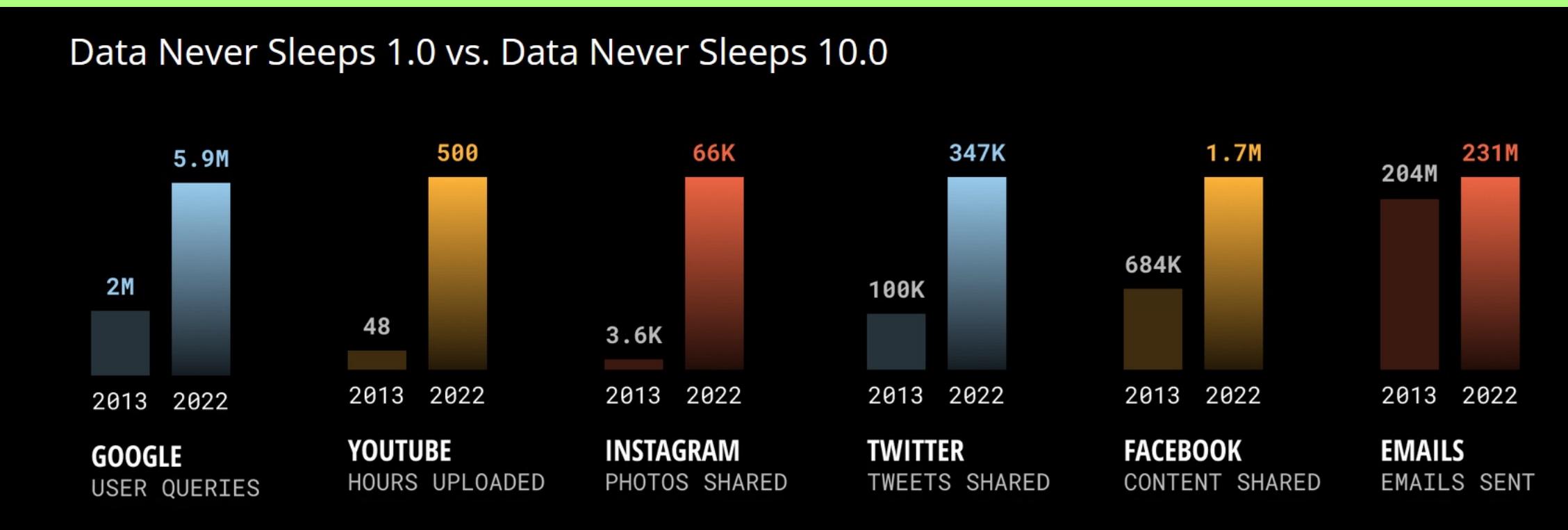
Facts

- Data center are the most CO² driver per industry sector
- Cloud Computing is 5 times greener than regular data center
- Power consumption increased +12% per year



Created by KI (DALL-E-3) 15.03.2024

Facts



<https://www.domo.com/data-never-sleeps>



Data Never Sleeps 11.0

Domo has been keeping tabs on the world's data usage—in a minute—for over a decade now. What the numbers consistently show is that how we use data is always evolving—and that data isn't slowing down. We're also seeing some big changes. The rise of Artificial Intelligence (AI) is reshaping the way we communicate, work, and create. Digital payments continue to replace traditional transactions. Taylor Swift streams in countless headphones. And a rash of cybercrime grows alongside these digital experiences.

In Domo's 11th edition of Data Never Sleeps, we take the pulse of our digital age, where every click, swipe, and stream fuels an ever-expanding digital universe. These are not just numbers; they are the heartbeat of a world where data reigns supreme.



The world's internet population continues to grow significantly year-over-year. As of November 2023, the internet represents 5.2 billion people—approximately 64.6% of the global population. According to Statista, the total amount of data predicted to be created, captured, copied, and consumed globally in 2023 is 120 zettabytes, a number projected to grow to 181 zettabytes by 2025.

Global Internet Population Growth (IN BILLIONS)



Learn more at domo.com

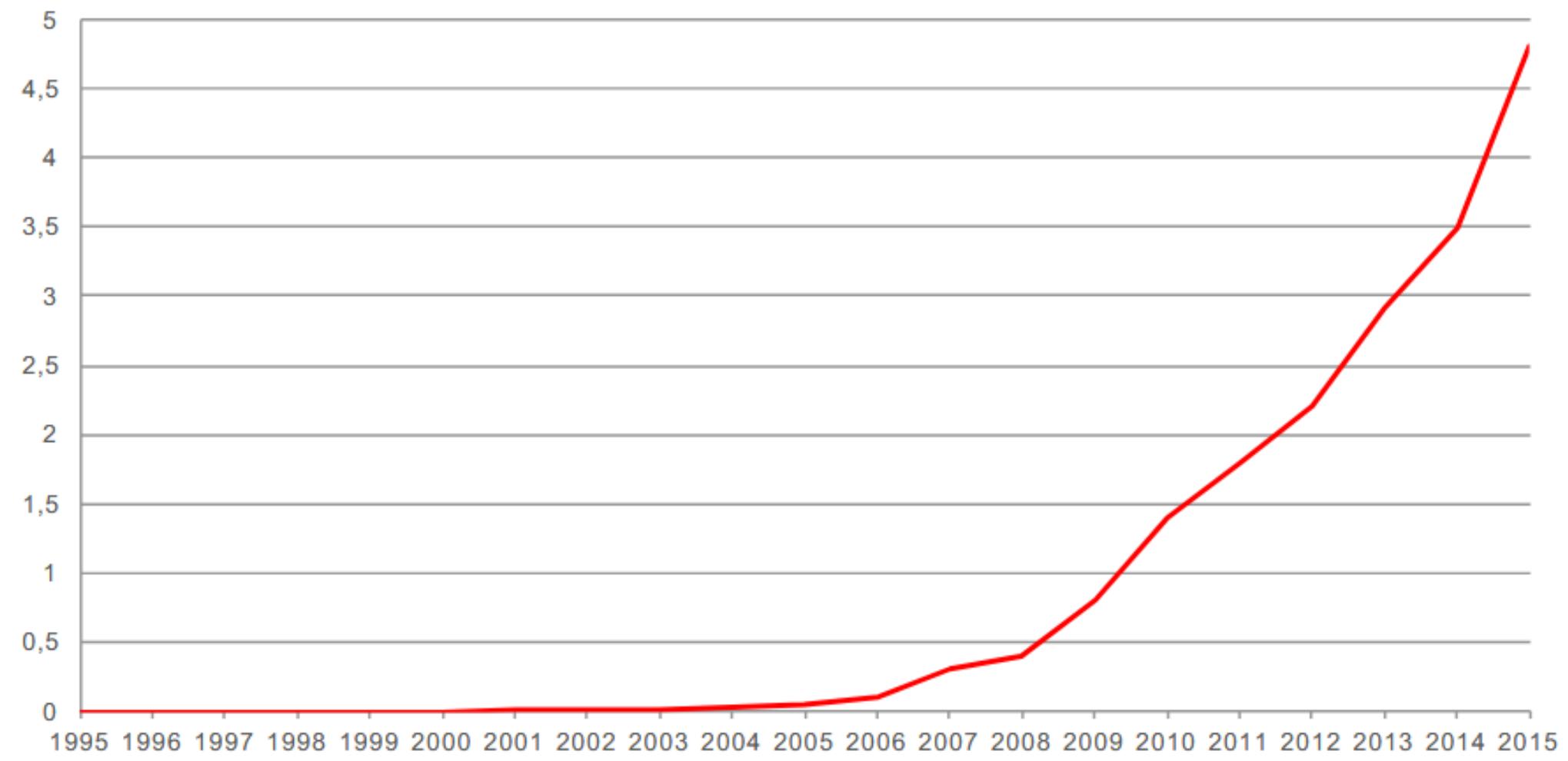
SOURCES: EARTHWEB, DUSTIN STOUT, DEMANDSAGE, HOOTSUITE, BUSINESSOFAPPS, DOORDASH, SOCIALPILOT, X | TWITTER.COM, GITNUX, INVIGATE, THINKIMPACT, SIFMA.ORG, STATISTA, PR NEWSWIRE, NETSCOUT



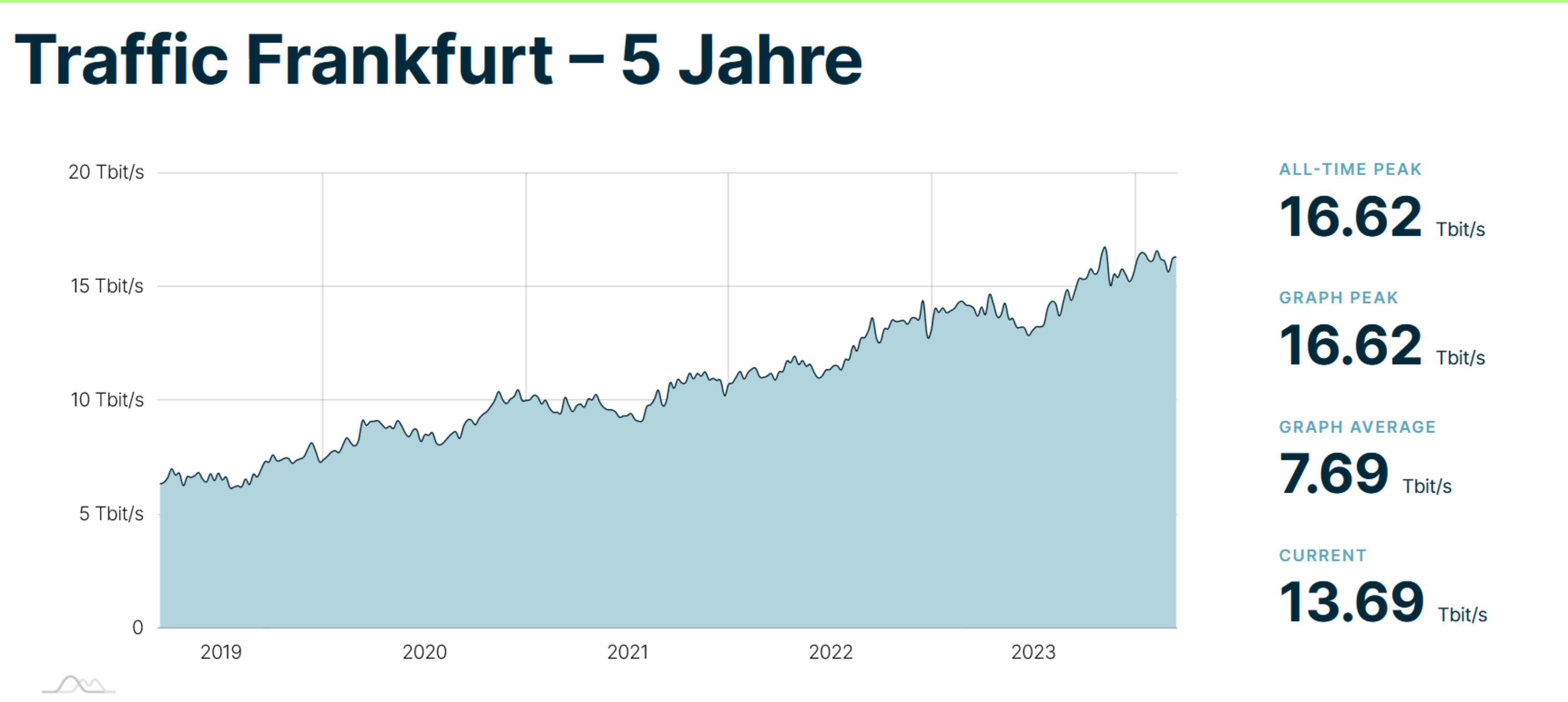
The old days...

Frankfurt 1995-2015

Peak traffic at DE-CIX Frankfurt 1995 - 2015
(in terabits per second)



Current...



Cost savings

Lowering energy bills for consumers and businesses.

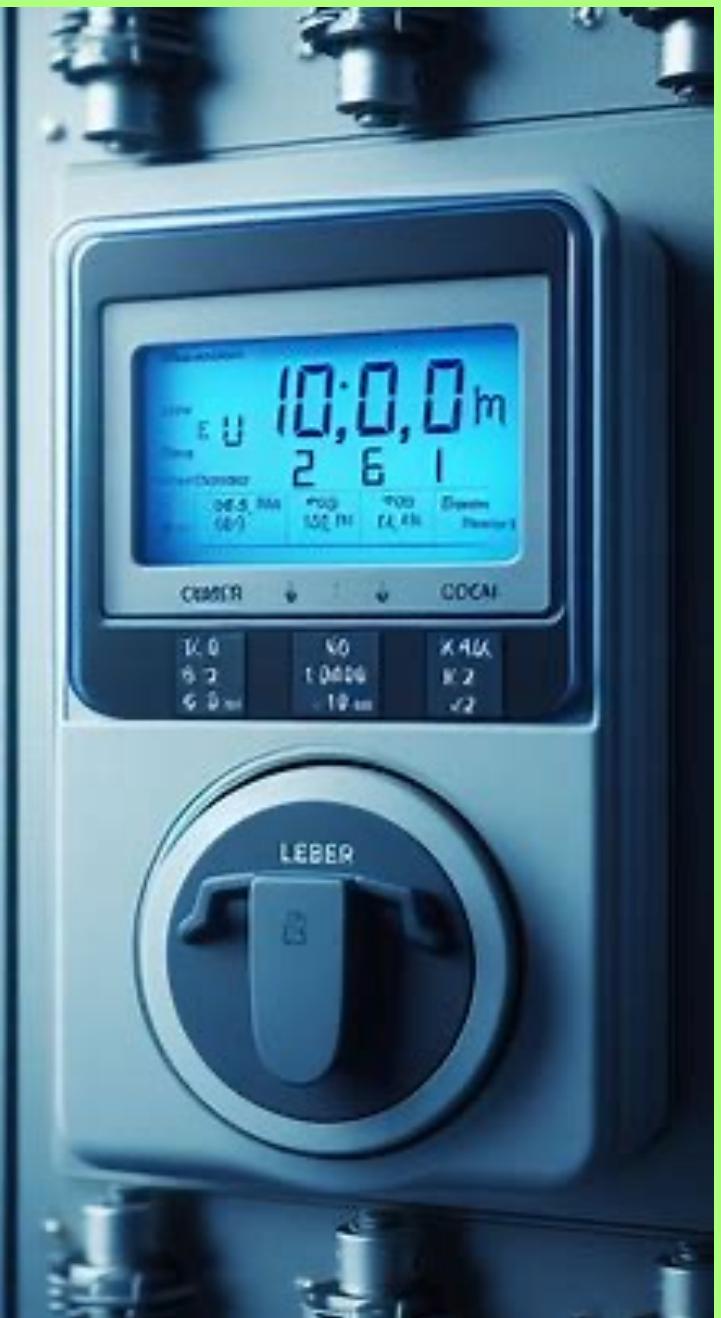
Environmental impact

Reducing overall energy consumption and mitigating climate change.

Resource Conversation

Preserving natural resources and promoting sustainability.

MAKING EVERY WATT



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COUNT

Calculation...

1 kWh

DE: 55.000.000 kWh =

198.000.000.000.000 J



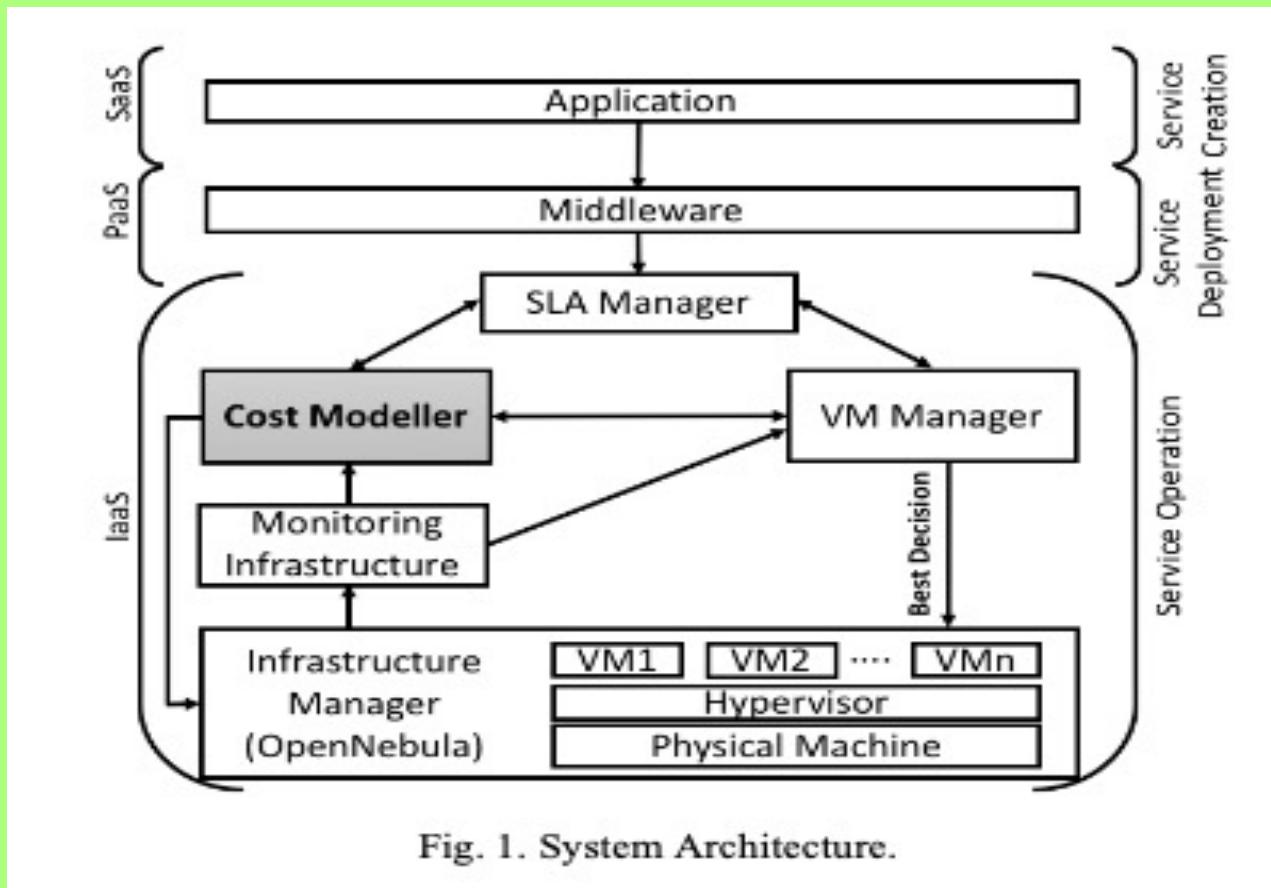
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$1 \text{ Joule [J]} = 1 \text{ Wattsekunde [Ws]} = 1 \text{ VAs} = 1 \text{ N m} = 1 \text{ kg m}^2 \text{ s}^{-2}$.

The old days...

$$\text{Monthly TCO per VM} = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N \frac{E_n + S_n + A_n + P_n + R_n}{(1+r)^n}}{V_1 + V_2 + V_3 + \dots + V_N}$$

© http://wikibon.org/wiki/v/Calculating_Infrastructure_TCO_per_VM



© <https://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/141570/7/Energy-based%20Cost%20Model%20of%20Virtual%20Machines%20in%20Cloud%20Environment.pdf>

Calculating Infrastructure TCO per VM



- ASCETIC: <https://www.cetic.be/ASCETiC-en>
- HAL Open Science <https://inria.hal.science/hal-01276913/file/paper.pdf>

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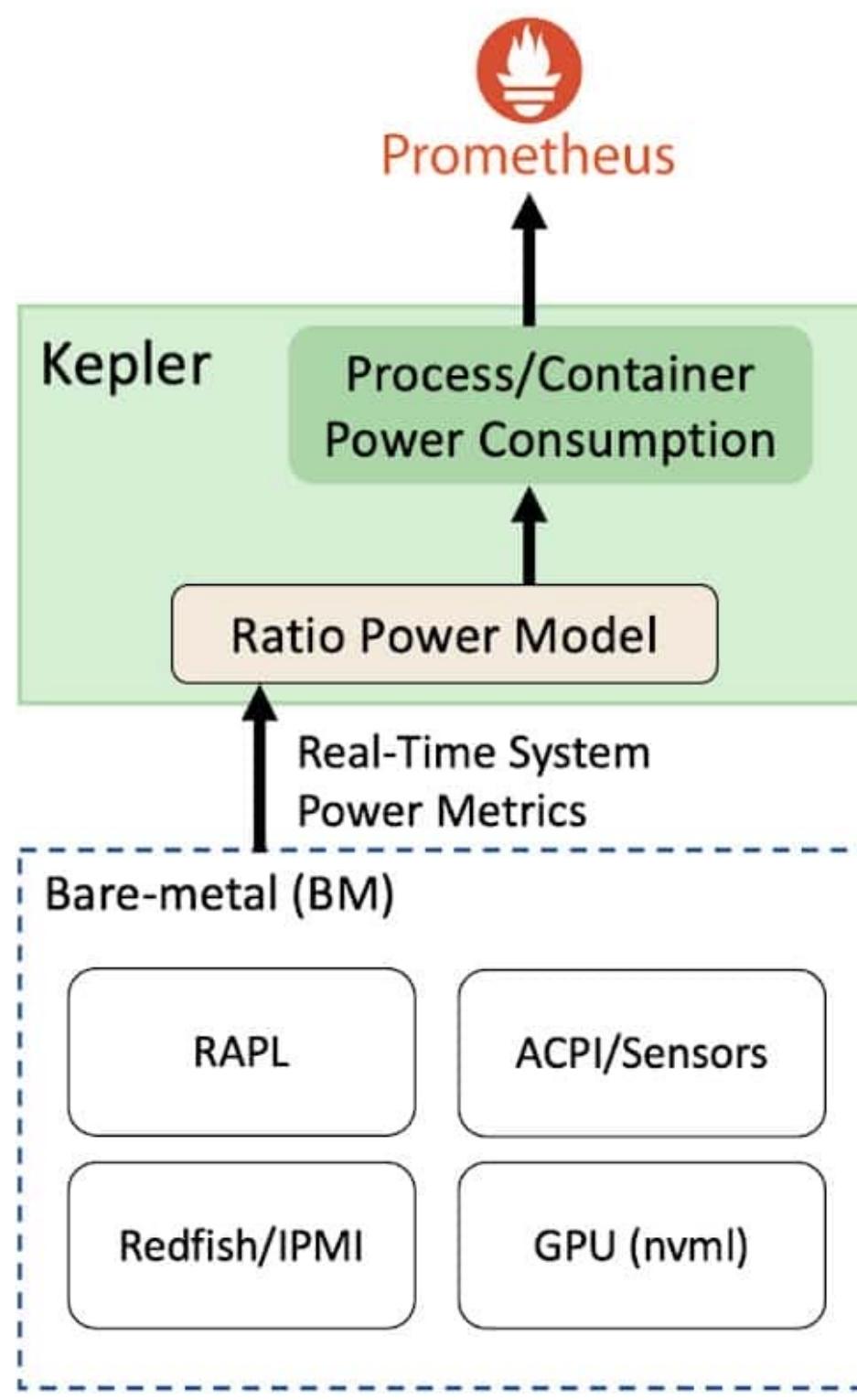
- **eBPF** (Extended Berkeley Packet Filter)
- a new feature of the Linux Kernel
- a bytecode interpreter to executes programs in the Kernel without changes in Kernel source code or load Kernel modules
- a sandbox in the Kernel
- bind programs on code paths (“hooks”) and execute event-driven
- includes helper calls to access memory segments
- for security and monitoring in network paket filter
- extended for programmable function without additional layer

Kepler

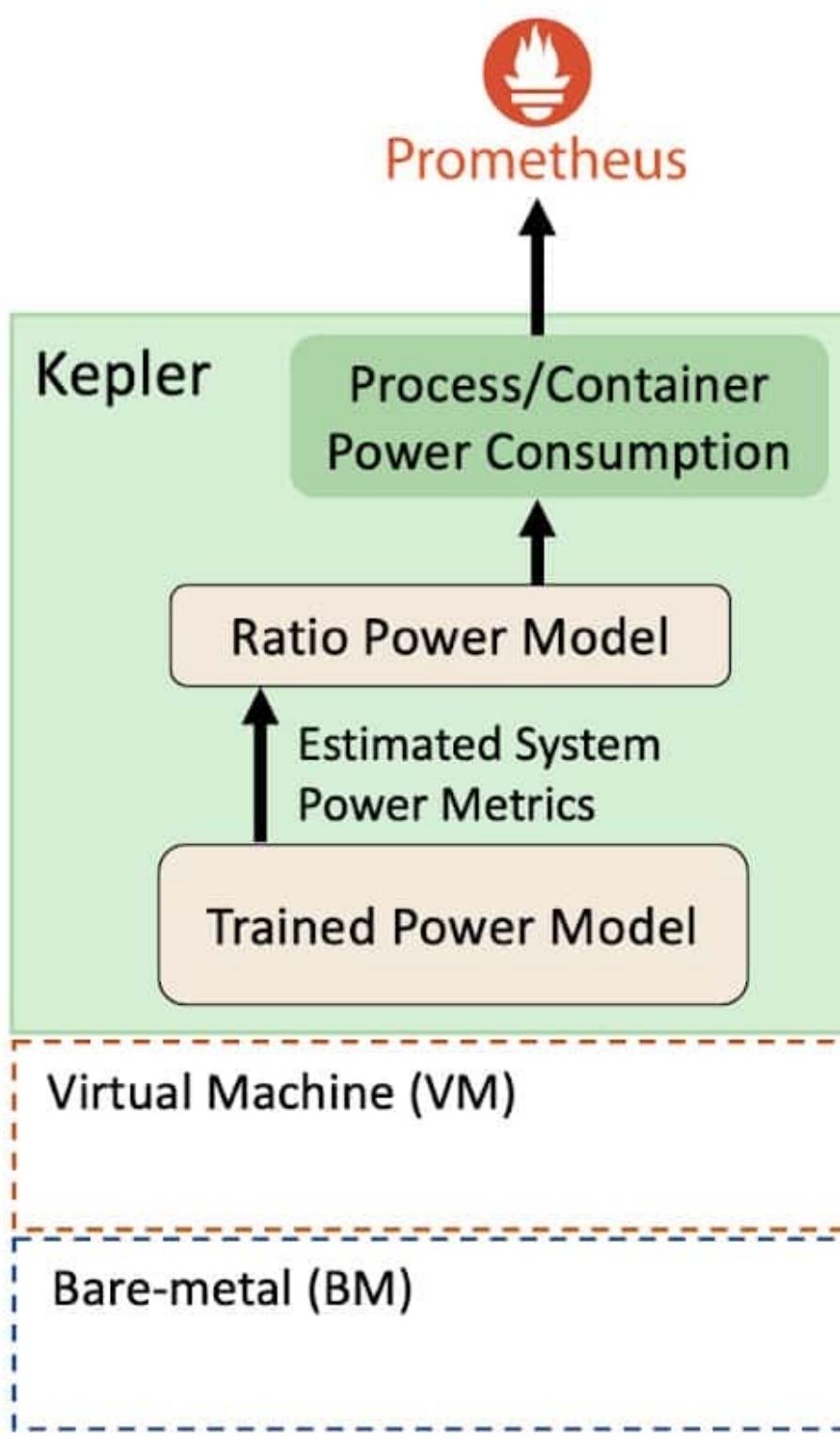
- **Kepler** (Kubernetes-based Efficient Power Level Exporter)
- for Prometheus
- uses eBPF to probe CPU performance counters and Linux kernel tracepoints.
- data and stats from cgroup and sysfs can then be fed into ML models to estimate energy consumption by Pods.
- pre-trained model
- pipeline to train your own model

Kepler

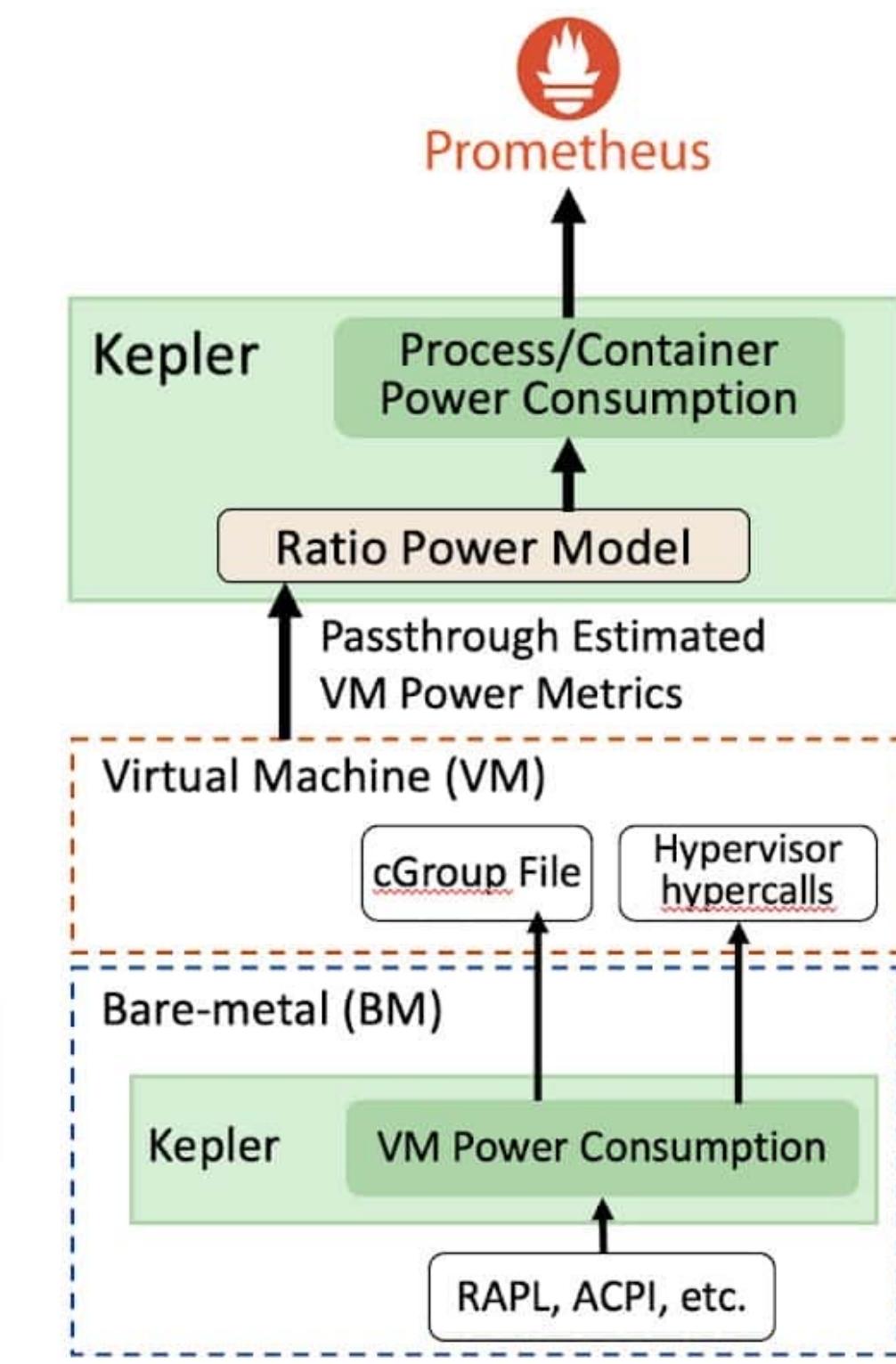
1) Direct Real-Time System Power Metrics



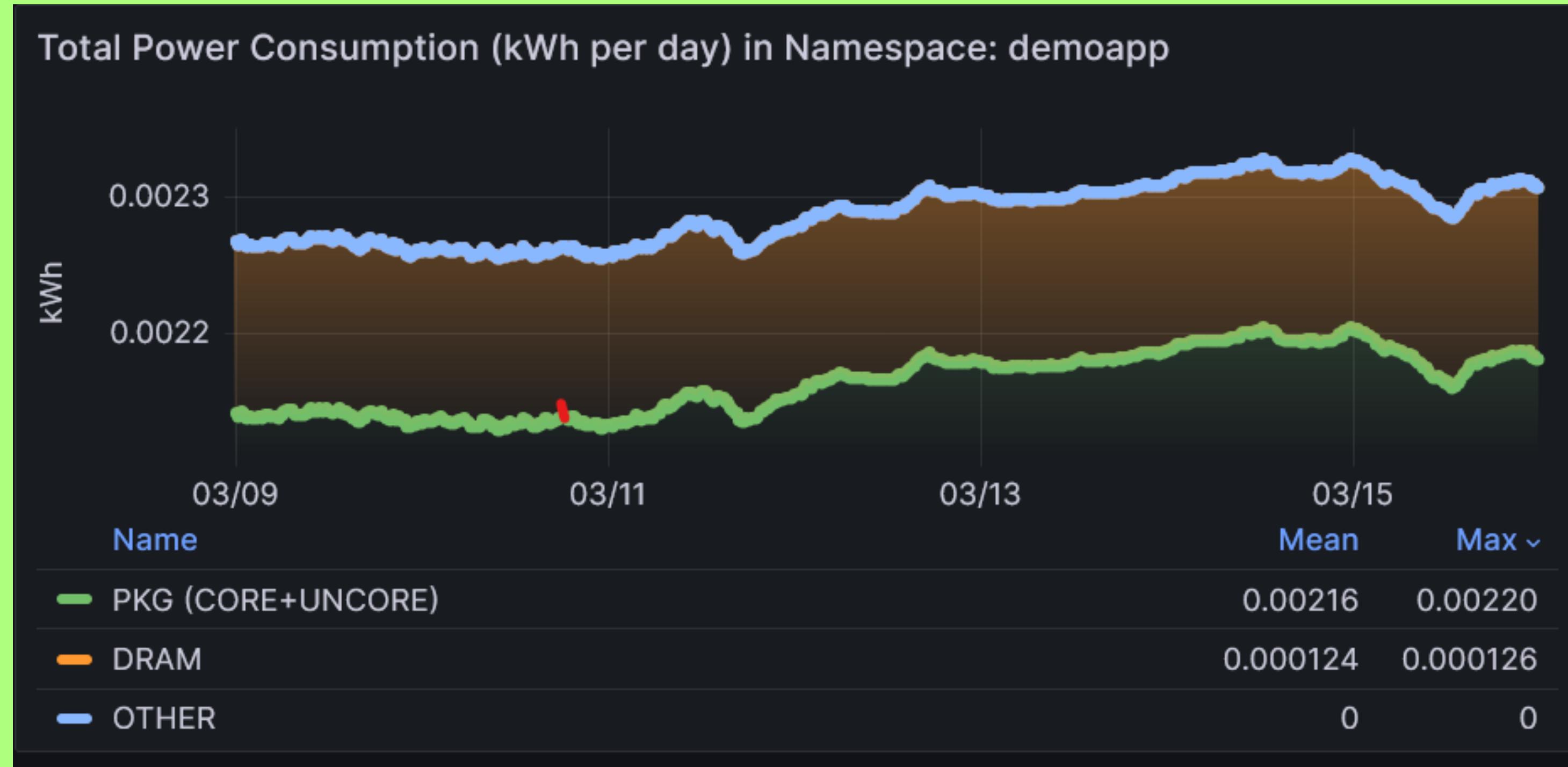
2) Estimated System Power Metrics for a VM



3) Passthrough Estimated VM Power Metrics



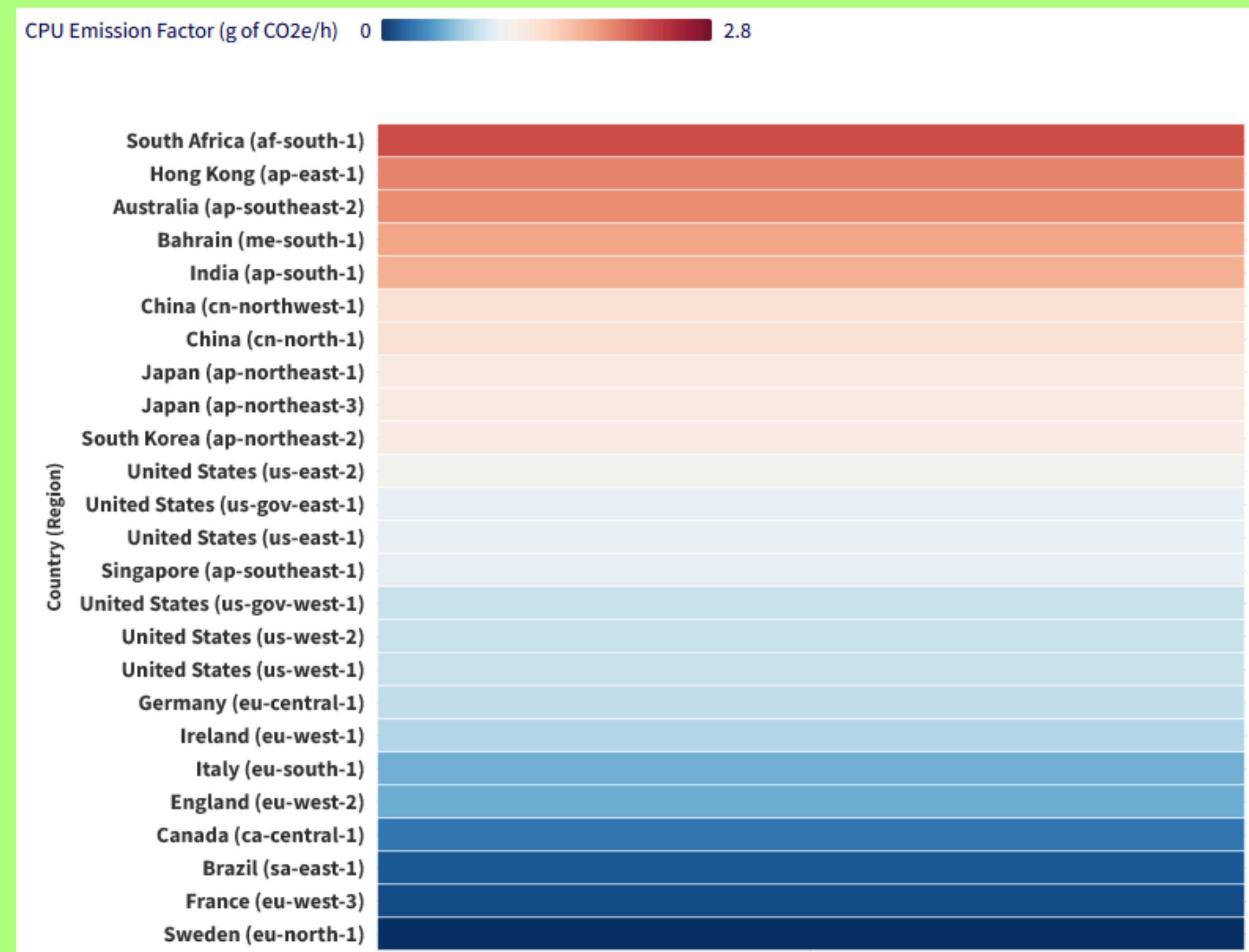
Kepler



Energy generation

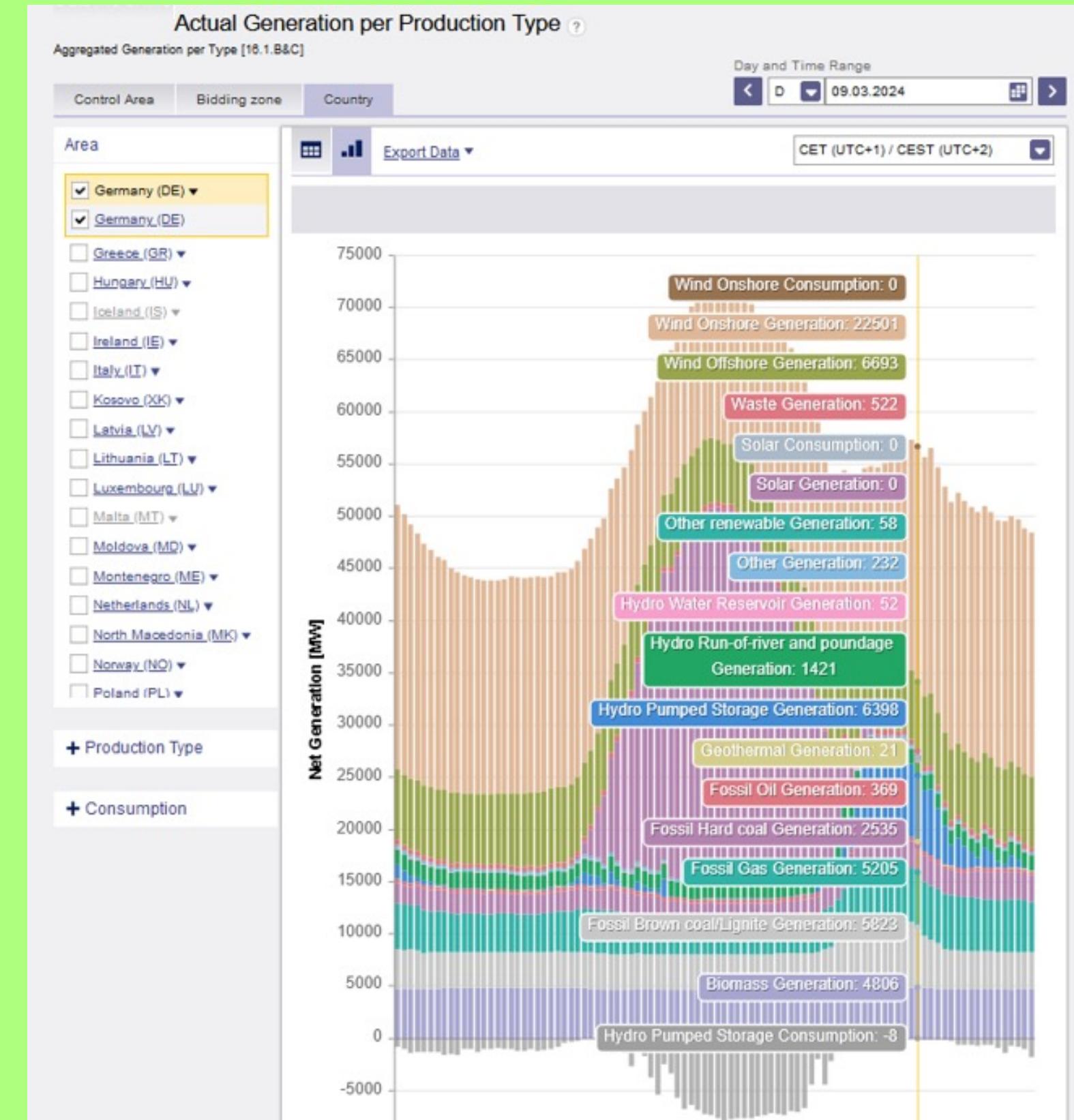
- **watttime.org** (current energy consumption per city/street, in US)
- realized by Smart Grid
- without Smart Grid you can not say how many and which kind of energy consumed in a city or area
- in Cloud Computing you don't know exactly the location of your used computer, especially as end-user
- focus on energy generation in Germany as autonom system

Carbon emission AWS cloud by region



Entso-e

- ENTSO-E, the European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity
- TSO's are entities operating independently from the other electricity market players and are responsible for the bulk transmission of electric power on the main high voltage electric networks.
- 40 members in 36 countries
- all data open
- has an API



Emission

- emissions are the sum of all substances that an energy generation system emits during operation
- usually refers to pollutants such as sulfur, tar and smoke
- climate research has focused on the greenhouse gas CO²
- for each type of energy generation, constants can now be derived as to how many grams of CO² are lost per kWh of electricity
- for lignite there are currently 996, for offshore wind farms there are 4
- numbers are not that constant due the innovation of plants



coal plant Espenhausen, 1980

Entso-e Python Flask

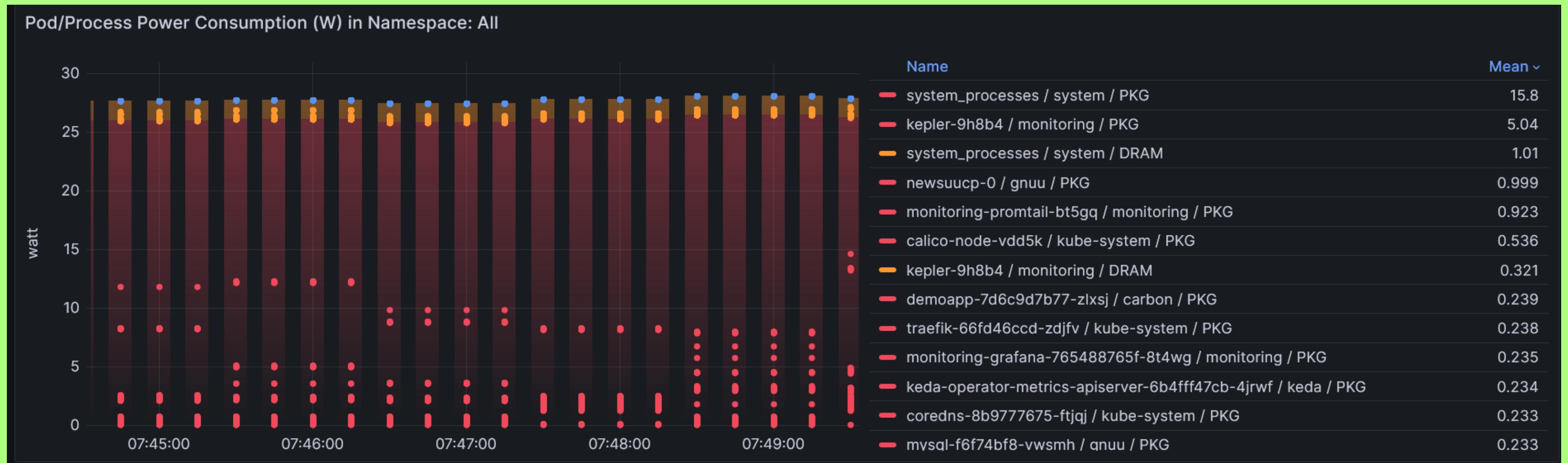
```
# HELP entsoe_factor_b01 Factor CO2g/kWh Biomass
# TYPE entsoe_factor_b01 gauge
entsoe_factor_b01 230
# HELP entsoe_factor_b02 Factor CO2g/kWh Brown Coal
# TYPE entsoe_factor_b02 gauge
entsoe_factor_b02 996
# HELP entsoe_factor_b04 Factor CO2g/kWh Gas
# TYPE entsoe_factor_b04 gauge
entsoe_factor_b04 378
# HELP entsoe_factor_b05 Factor CO2g/kWh Hard Coal
# TYPE entsoe_factor_b05 gauge
entsoe_factor_b05 880
# HELP entsoe_factor_b10 Factor CO2g/kWh Hydro Pumped Storage
# TYPE entsoe_factor_b10 gauge
entsoe_factor_b10 23
# HELP entsoe_factor_b11 Factor CO2g/kWh Hydro Run River
# TYPE entsoe_factor_b11 gauge
entsoe_factor_b11 23
```

Carbon Footprint

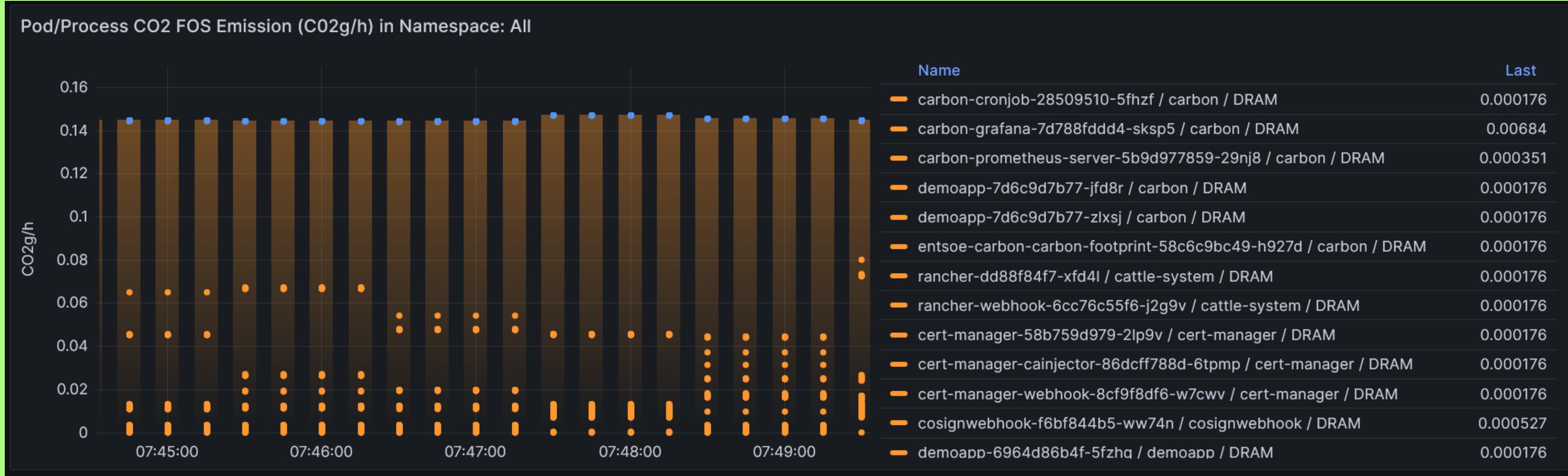


<https://github.com/caas-team/caas-carbon-footprint>

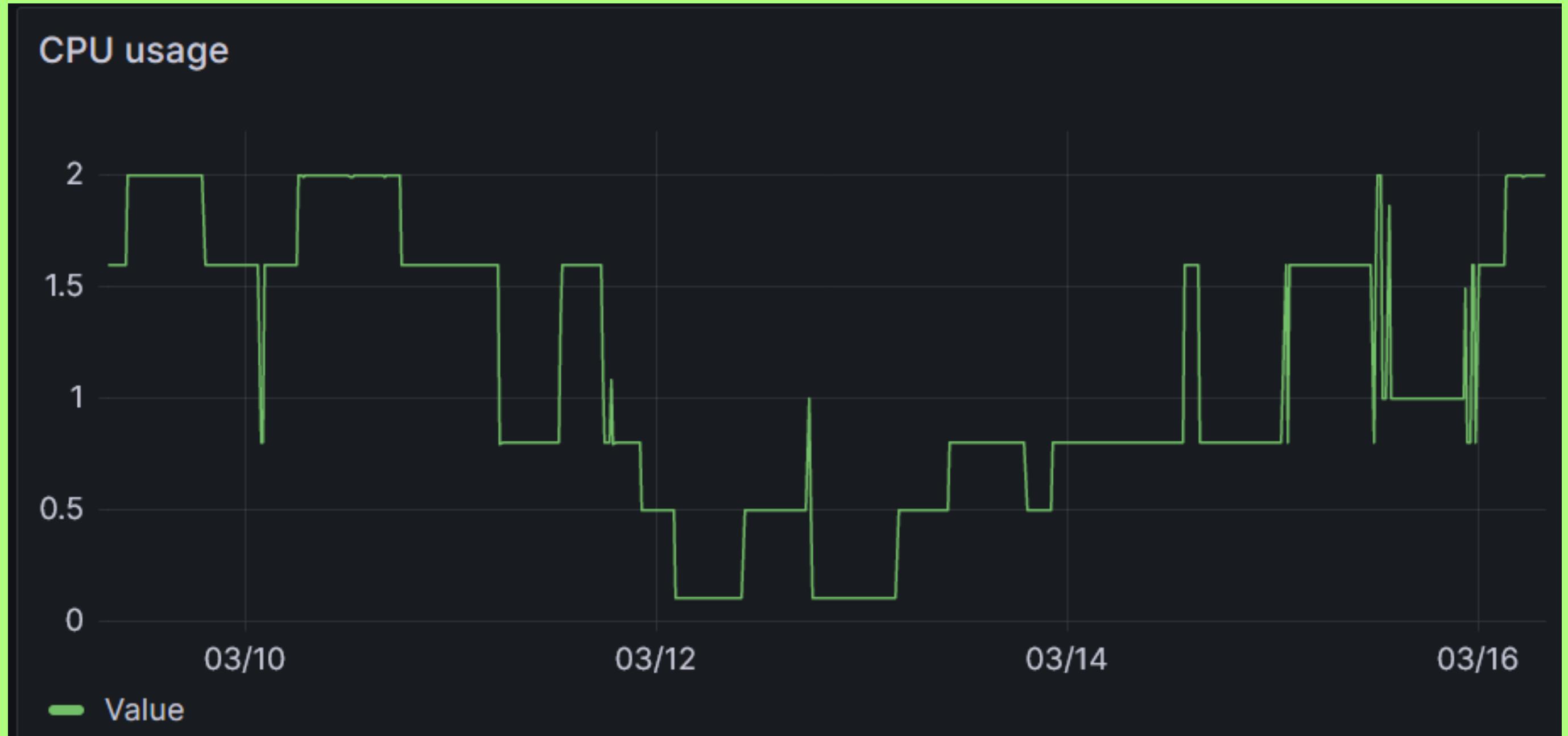
Kepler – Power consumption per Pod



Entso-e – Carbon emission per Pod



Carbon cronjob



<https://github.com/caas-team/caas-carbon-footprint/blob/main/examples/resources/carbon-cronjob.yaml>

Carbon Workload Adjuster

- **Cronjob** (adjust deployment scale on green energy factor)
- **HPA** (allow scale based on green energy factor)
- **Prometheus Keda** (use Prometheus to scale apps with Keda)

Starting GreenOps

- **Platform Maintenance Jobs**
 - regular OS updates (only in Green time)
 - regular build of container images (only in Green time)
 - mirror of container images (only on Green time)
 - build ML model with high resource usage
- **Job Management**
 - every kind of job workload (billing, mailings, user cleanups not only “at night” but depend on the carbon emission)
- **Platform availability** (“Sorry we close due the weather condition”)



Your thought?



Your thought?

