

99-coding-dojo

June 2, 2024

1 Coding Dojo

Starting from the program below, each participant has to take turns proposing an improvement/modification that uses certain elements of the remainders and/or the new syntaxes.

Some ideas : - replace some conversion with a `static_cast`, - use `constexpr`, - replace old-fashioned loops with range-based `for`, - use universal initialisation with `{}`, - infer some types with `auto`, `decltype`, etc... - replace hand-made dynamic memory management with smart pointers, - add `explicit` to some constructor, - template the code so to try float and double precision in the same program, - check some static properties with `static_assert` and type traits, - try to precompute things at compile time with `constexpr`, - try to save some useless copies with rvalue references `&&`, - use lambda functions together with algorithms from the standard library, - insert some variadic templates...

```
[13]: %%file tmp.dojo.cpp

#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <cmath>
#include <cstdlib>

// complex numbers
template< typename R >
class Cplx {
public :
    Cplx( R a_real = 0., R a_imag = 0. ) : m_real(a_real), m_imag(a_imag) {
    }
    friend Cplx<R> operator*( Cplx<R> const & lhs, Cplx<R> const & rhs ) {
        R r = lhs.m_real*rhs.m_real - lhs.m_imag*rhs.m_imag ;
        R i = rhs.m_real*lhs.m_imag + lhs.m_real*rhs.m_imag ;
        return Cplx<R>(r,i) ;
    }
    friend std::ostream & operator<<( std::ostream & os, Cplx<R> const & c ) {
        return (os<<std::setprecision(2)<<c.m_real<<std::showpos<<c.m_imag<<"j" ) ;
    }
private :
    R m_real, m_imag ;
} ;
```

```

// alias
typedef Cplx<double> CplxD ;

// return a random complex on the unit circle
CplxD random_complex() {
    double e = 2*M_PI*(double(std::rand())/RAND_MAX) ;
    return CplxD(std::cos(e),std::sin(e)) ;
}

// fill an array of random complexes
void init( CplxD * cs, std::size_t dim ) {
    std::srand(1) ;
    for ( std::size_t i = 0 ; i < dim ; ++i ) {
        cs[i] = random_complex() ;
    }
}

// return a single complex ^ degree
CplxD power( CplxD c, int degree )
{
    CplxD res(1.,0.) ;
    for ( int d = 0 ; d < degree ; ++d ) {
        res = res*c ;
    }
    return res ;
}

// raise an array of Cplx to power degree
void process( CplxD * cs, std::size_t dim, int degree ) {
    for ( std::size_t i = 0 ; i < dim ; ++i ) {
        cs[i] = power(cs[i],degree) ;
    }
}

// return the global product of n complex numbers
CplxD reduce( const CplxD * cs, std::size_t dim ) {
    CplxD res(1.,0.) ;
    for ( std::size_t i = 0 ; i < dim ; ++i ) {
        res = res*cs[i] ;
    }
    return res ;
}

// main program
int main() {

```

```

// general parameters
const std::size_t DIM = 1000000 ;
const int DEGREE = 16 ;

// allocate memory
CplxD * cs = new CplxD [DIM] ;

// generate random input
init(cs,DIM) ;

// compute output
process(cs,DIM,DEGREE) ;

// check result
std::cout<<reduce(cs,DIM)<<std::endl ;

// release memory
delete [] cs ;

// end
return 0 ;
}

```

Overwriting tmp.dojo.cpp

```
[22]: !rm -f tmp.dojo.exe && g++ -std=c++03 -O2 tmp.dojo.cpp -o tmp.dojo.exe
```

```
[23]: !time -f "%U s" ./tmp.dojo.exe
```

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