



Kubernetes

Getting Started from a
Developer Perspective



Architecture



First
Apps



Distributed
Computing

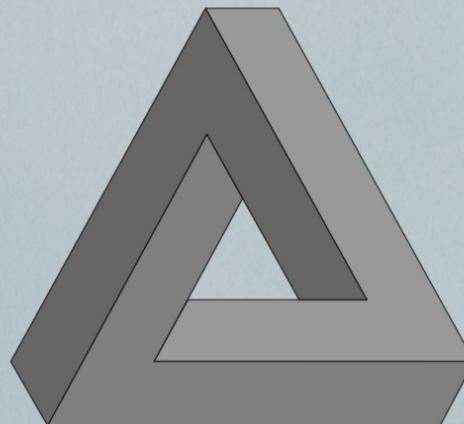


Fin

**Resource
Commodities**

CPU

I/O



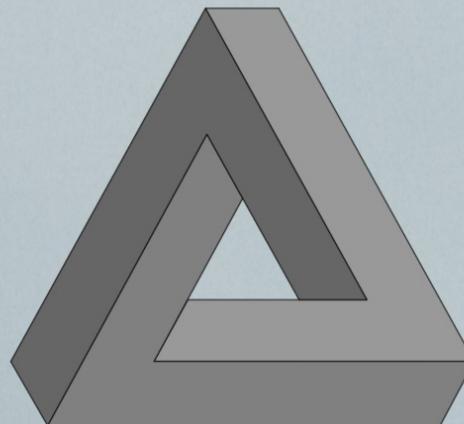
Memory

Resource
Commodities

CPU

I/O

Memory



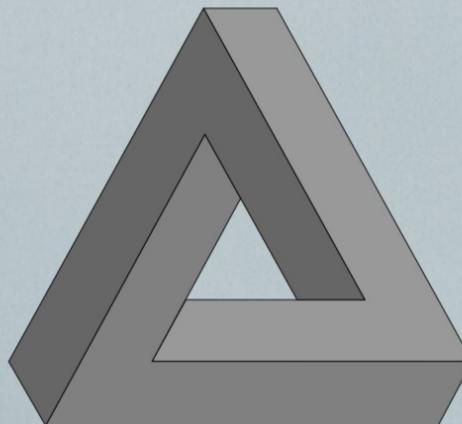
Operating systems manage these resource

**Resource
Commodities**

CPU

I/O

Memory



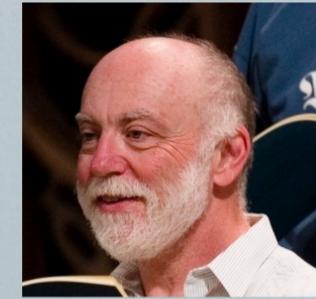
Operating systems manage these resource

Virtual machines abstract access to these resources

Containers are lighter technique for restricted resource access

8 Fallacies of Distributed Computing

1. The network is reliable
2. Latency is zero
3. Bandwidth is infinite
4. The network is secure
5. Topology doesn't change
6. There is one administrator
7. Transport cost is zero
8. The network is homogeneous



- L. Peter Deutsch at Sun Microsystems

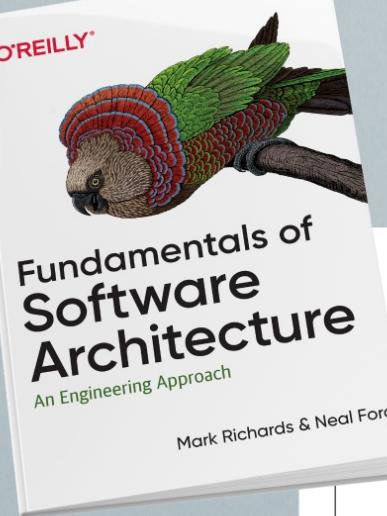


- James Gosling added 8th, 6 years later.

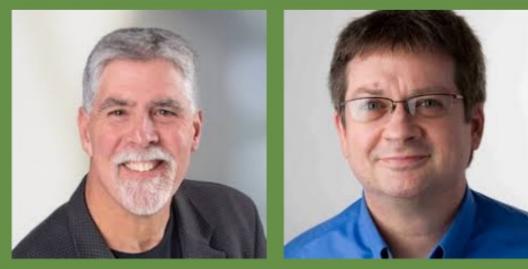
space-based architecture

	layered monolith	microkernel	microservices	service-based	event-driven	space-based
agility	★	★★★★	★★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★
deployment	★	★★★★	★★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★	★★★★
testability	★★	★★★★	★★★★★★	★★★★★	★★	★
performance	★★★★	★★★★	★	★★★	★★★★★★	★★★★★★★
scalability	★	★	★★★★★★	★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★★★
elasticity	★	★	★★★★★	★★	★★★	★★★★★★
simplicity	★★★★★★	★★★★★	★	★★★	★	★
fault-tolerance	★	★	★★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★★	★★★★
evolvability	★	★★★	★★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★★	★★★★
total cost	★★★★★★	★★★★★★★	★	★★★★★	★★★	★★

O'REILLY®



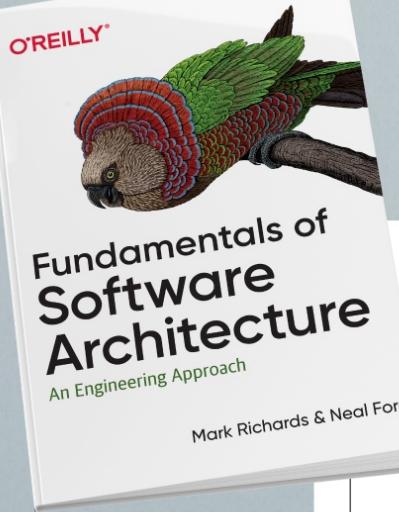
Mark
Richards



Neal
Ford

space-based architecture

	layered monolith	microkernel	microservices	service-based	event-driven	space-based
agility	★	★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★
deployment	★	★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★	★★★★
testability	★★	★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★	★
performance	★★★★	★★★★	★	★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★
scalability	★	★	★★★★★	★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★
elasticity	★	★	★★★★★	★★	★★★	★★★★★
simplicity	★★★★★	★★★★★	★	★★★	★	★
fault-tolerance	★	★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★
evolvability	★	★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★
total cost	★★★★★	★★★★★	★	★★★★★	★★★	★★★



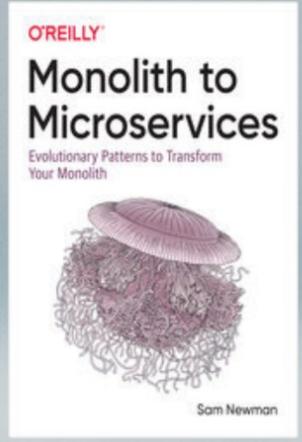
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space-based architecture

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simplicity	★★★★★	★★★★★	★	★★★	★	★
fault-tolerance	★	★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★
evolvability	★	★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★
total cost	★★★★★	★★★★★	★	★★★★★	★★★	★★★





Kubernetes

Getting Started from a
Developer Perspective



Architecture



First
Apps



Distributed
Computing



Fin

Kubernetes Architecture



Key
Features



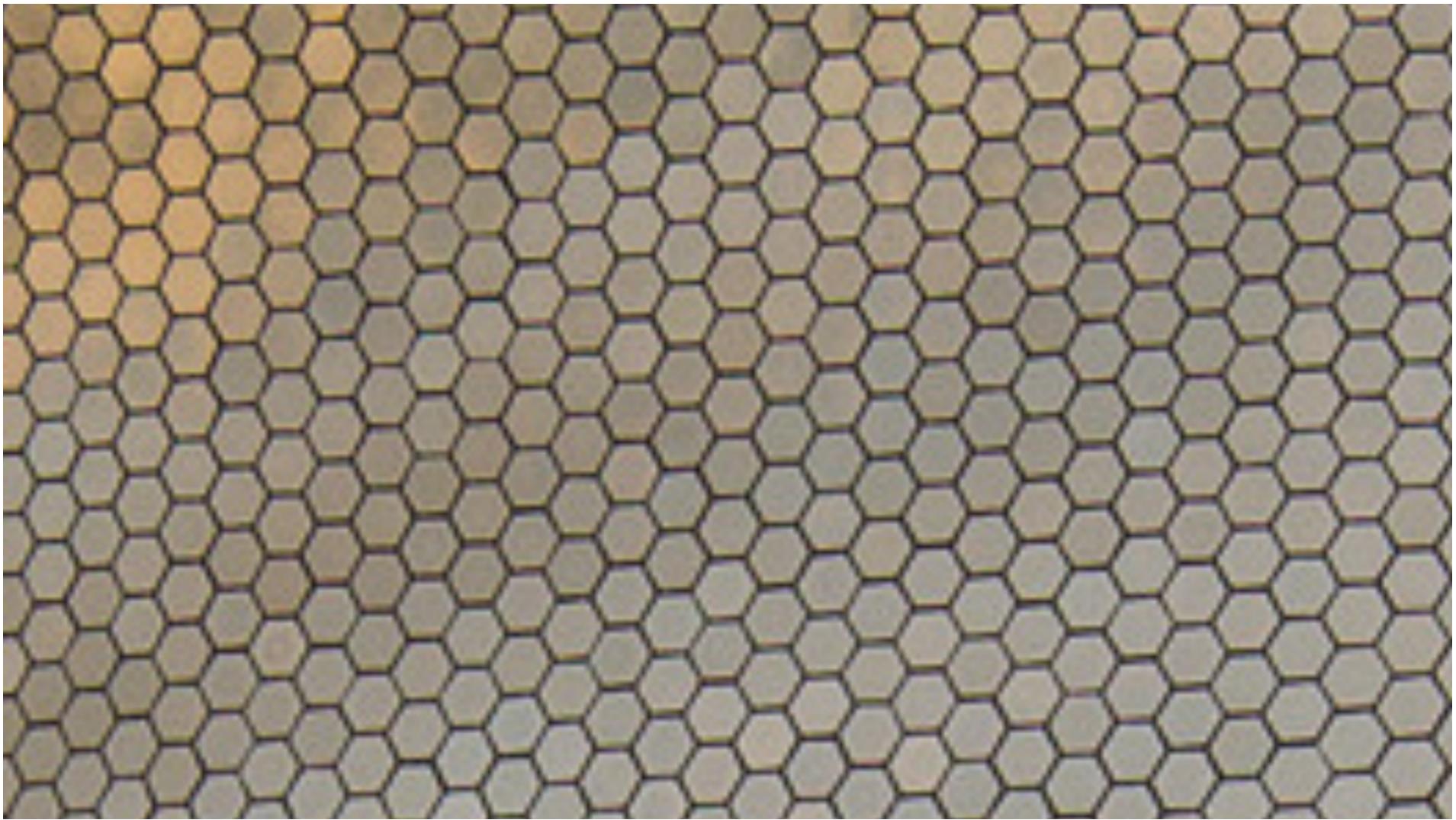
Components



Declarative

Soumaya museum of art Mexico City





Your Code ...

```
1  public class DeepThought {  
2      public int worker() {  
3  
4          int x = getMeaningOfLife();  
5  
6          int y = getMeaningOfUniverse();  
7  
8          int z = getMeaningOfEverything();  
9  
10         return x + y + z;  
11     }  
12 }  
13 |
```

Your Code ...

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1  public class DeepThought {  
2      public int worker() {  
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4          int x = getMeaningOfLife();  
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```
Your Code ...
1  public class DeepThought {
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8
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11
12 }
13 }
```





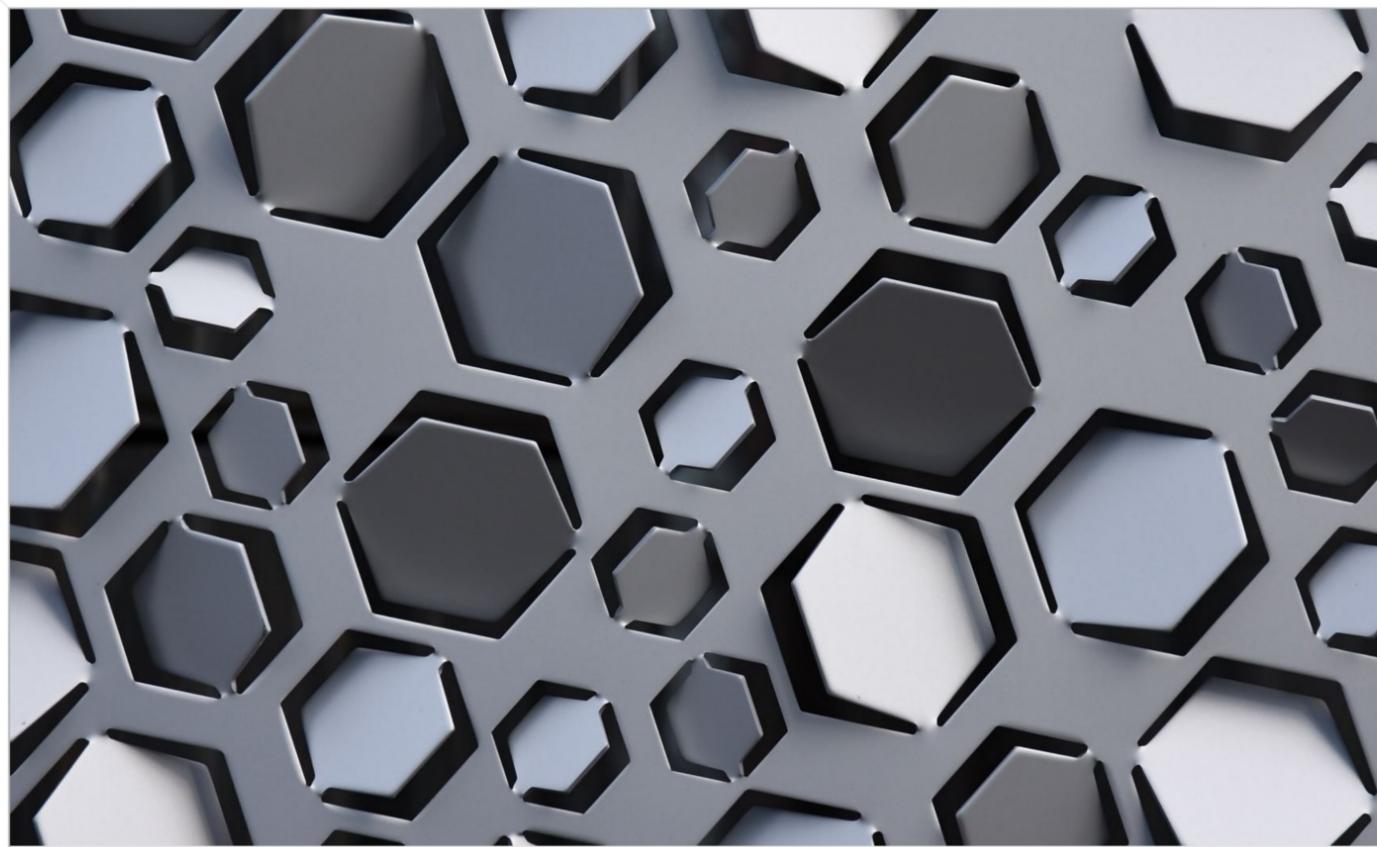




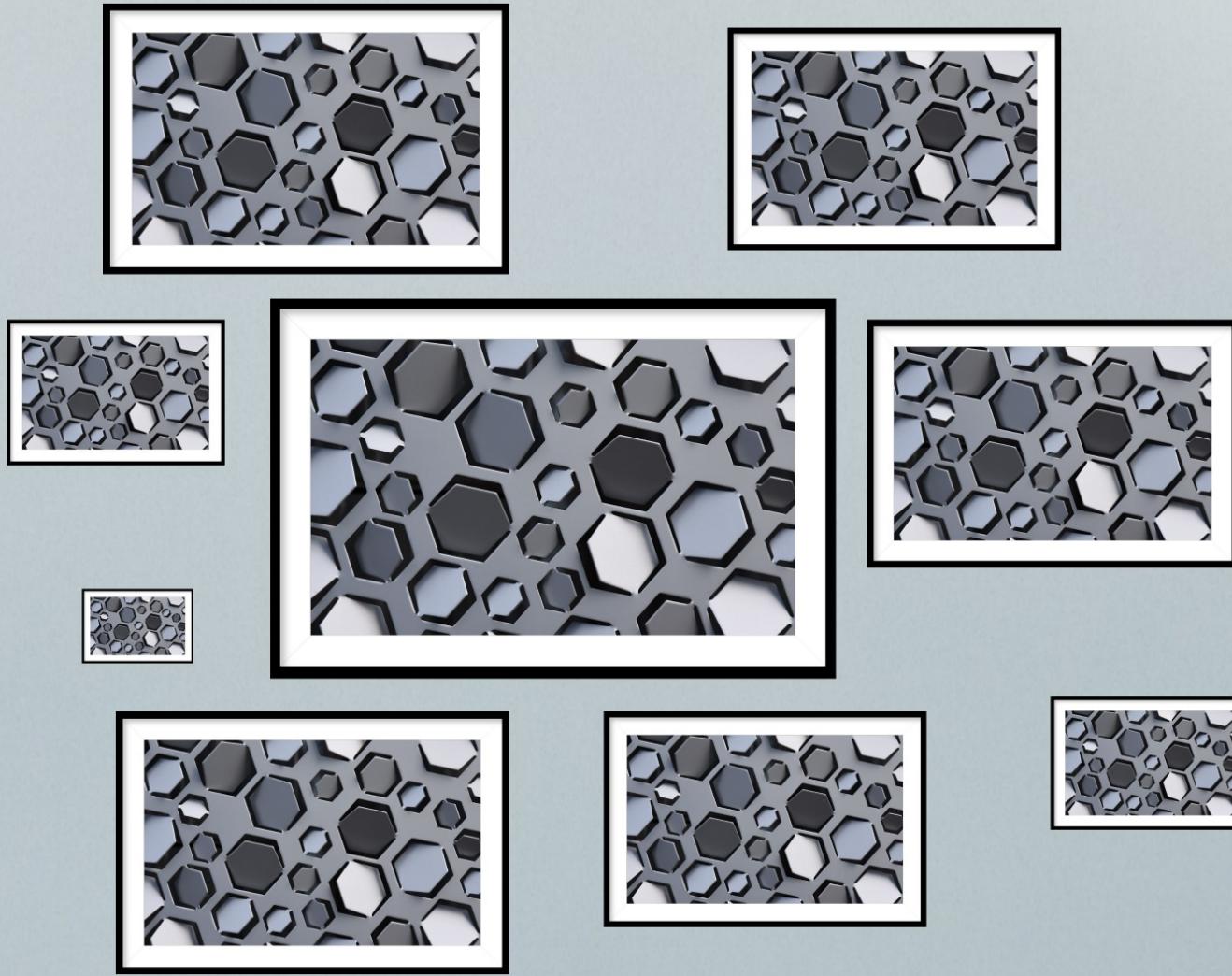


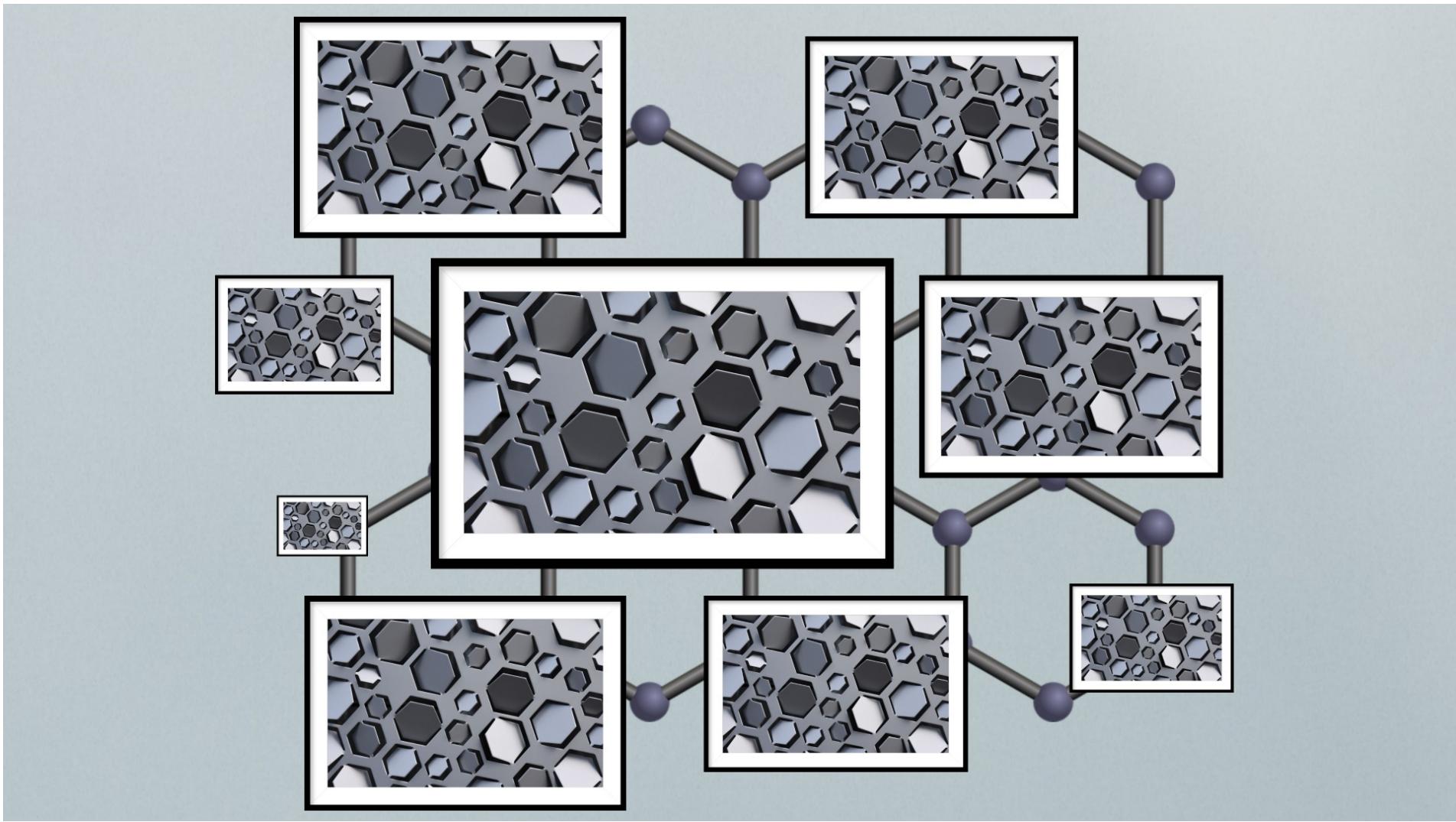












100+ agnostic targets



kubernetes

100+ agnostic targets



kubernetes

Managed



Google Cloud Platform



Amazon
EKS



AZURE KUBERNETES
SERVICE



DigitalOcean



IBM Cloud
Kubernetes Service

100+ agnostic targets



kubernetes

Managed



Google Cloud Platform



Amazon EKS



Hybrid, on-prem



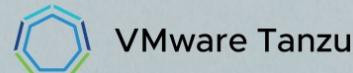
AZURE KUBERNETES SERVICE



DigitalOcean



IBM Cloud
Kubernetes Service



100+ agnostic targets



kubernetes

Managed



Google Cloud Platform



Amazon EKS



AZURE KUBERNETES SERVICE



DigitalOcean



IBM Cloud
Kubernetes Service



Red Hat
OpenShift
Container Platform

VMware Tanzu

RANCHER



Hybrid, on-prem

Custom,
Edge



Kubernetes

16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system



Kubernetes 16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

Scalability & Elasticity



Kubernetes 16 Essentials

Open source and
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Cloud 2.0
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Security
Scalability & Elasticity



Kubernetes 16 Essentials

Open source and
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Cloud 2.0
Operating system

Volumes
Security
Scalability & Elasticity



Kubernetes 16 Essentials

Open source and
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Cloud 2.0
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Balancing
Volumes
Security
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Kubernetes 16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

Portability
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Volumes
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Scalability & Elasticity



Kubernetes 16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

{
Resource\$
Portability
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Kubernetes

16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

Scheduling
Resource\$
Portability
Balancing
Volumes
Security
Scalability & Elasticity



Kubernetes 16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

{ Declarative
Scheduling
Resource\$
Portability
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Scalability & Elasticity



Kubernetes

16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

{

- Distributed
- Declarative
- Scheduling
- Resource\$
- Portability
- Balancing
- Volumes
- Security
- Scalability & Elasticity



Kubernetes

16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

- {
- Networking
- Distributed
- Declarative
- Scheduling
- Resource\$
- Portability
- Balancing
- Volumes
- Security
- Scalability & Elasticity



Kubernetes

16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

- Extensibility
- Networking
- Distributed
- Declarative
- Scheduling
- Resource\$
- Portability
- Balancing
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Kubernetes

16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

- {
- Abstraction
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Kubernetes

16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

- {
- Self-healing
- Abstraction
- Extensibility
- Networking
- Distributed
- Declarative
- Scheduling
- Resource\$
- Portability
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Kubernetes 16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

- {
- Observability
- Self-healing
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- Extensibility
- Networking
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Kubernetes

16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

- { Namespacing
- Observability
- Self-healing
- Abstraction
- Extensibility
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- Distributed
- Declarative
- Scheduling
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Kubernetes

16 Essentials

Open source and
cloud agnostic

Cloud 2.0
Operating system

- High Availability
- Namespacing
- Observability
- Self-healing
- Abstraction
- Extensibility
- Networking
- Distributed
- Declarative
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- Resource\$
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Kubernetes 16 Essentials

Open source and
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Cloud 2.0
Operating system

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Cluster Operating System

Coordinates machines into cluster using shared network to communicate between each server

Each physical or virtual machine is called a **Node**

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Master nodes run processes that manage cluster

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Worker nodes run your processes

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Pods are groupings of one or more containers

Cluster Operating System

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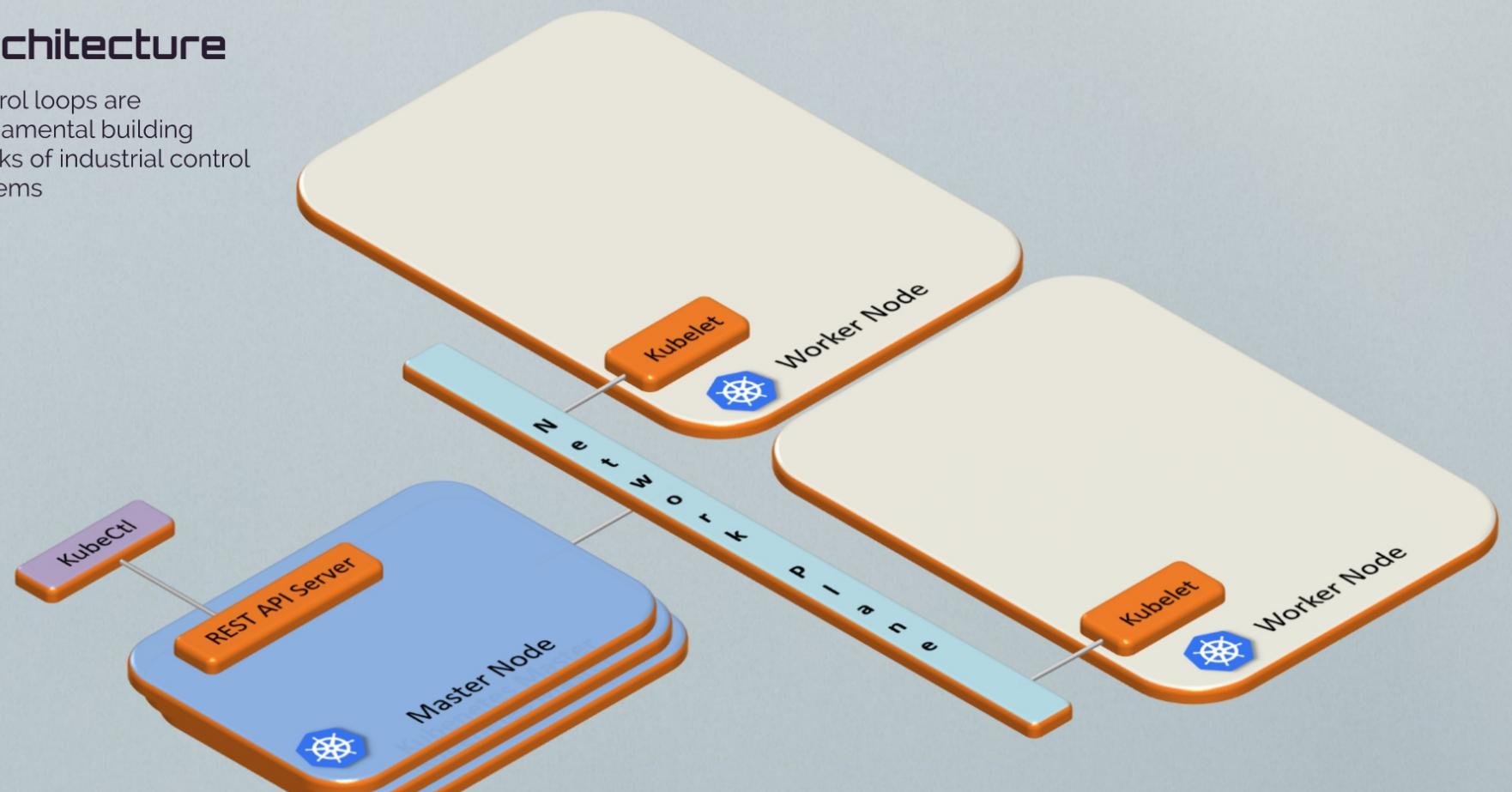
Master nodes run processes that manage cluster

Worker nodes run your processes

- Pods are groupings of one or more containers
- Services load balance between replicated pods

Architecture

control loops are fundamental building blocks of industrial control systems



Components written in Go

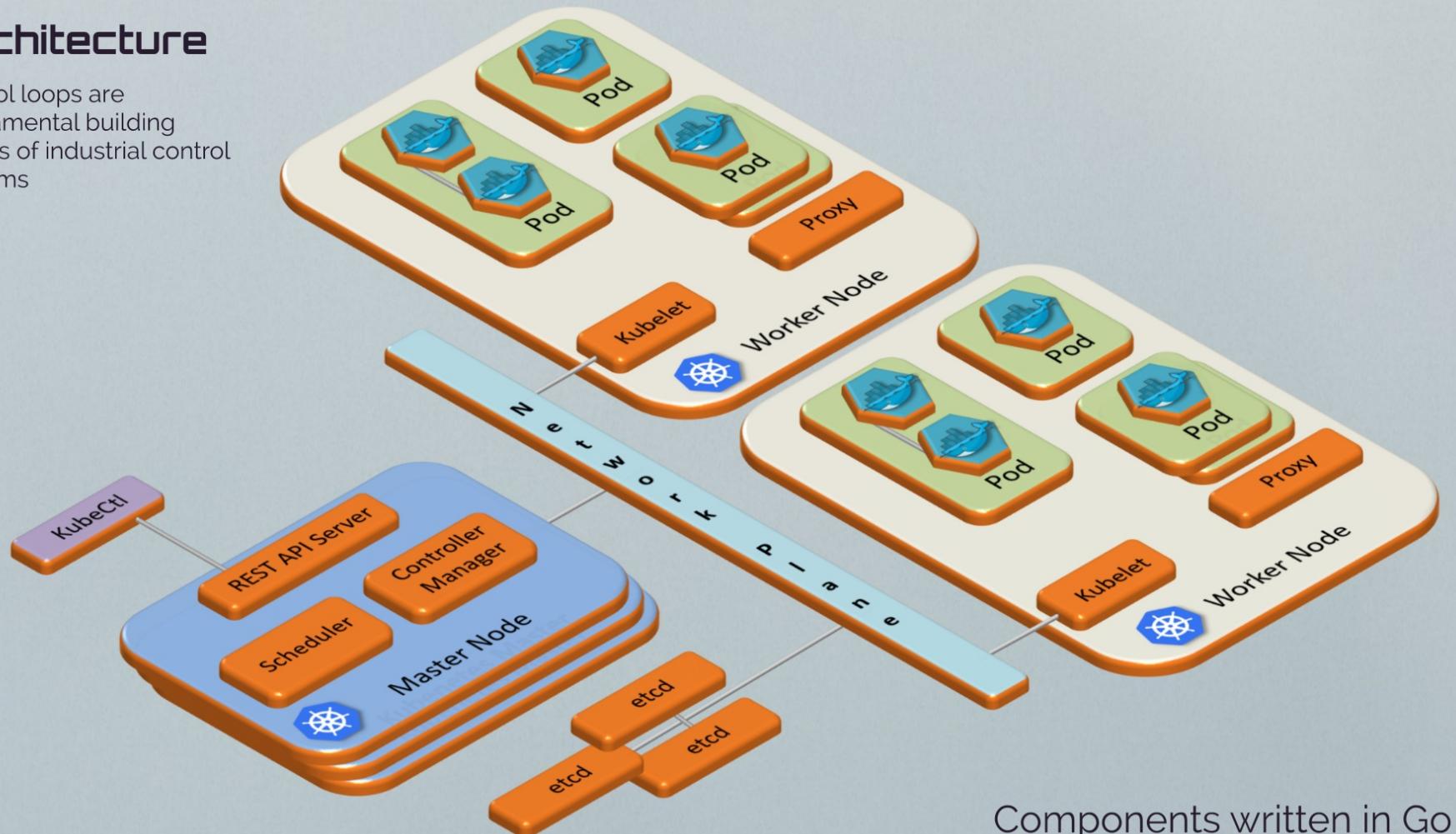
Architecture

control loops are
fundamental building
blocks of industrial control
systems

Components written in Go

Architecture

control loops are fundamental building blocks of industrial control systems



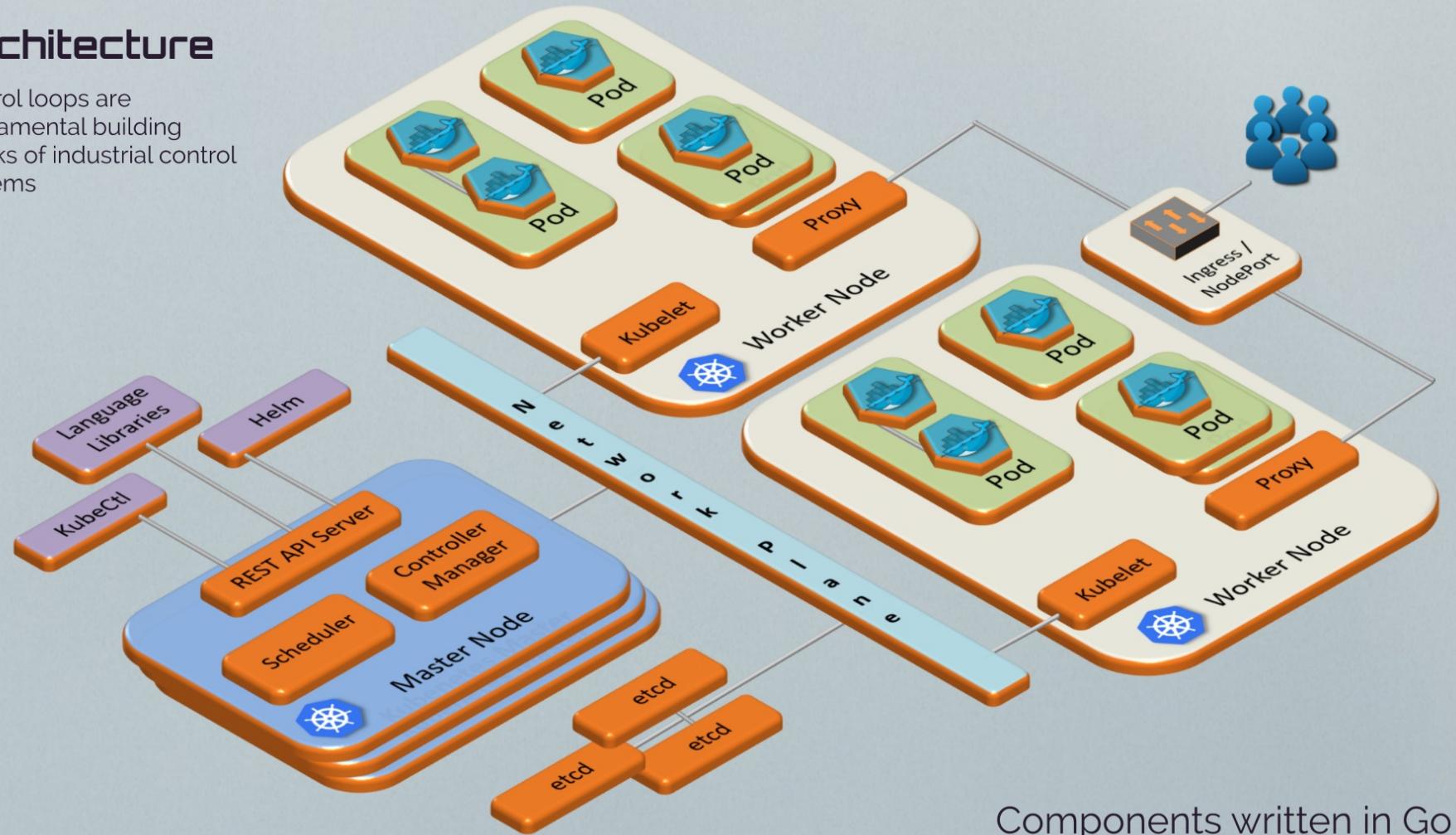
Architecture

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Components written in Go

Architecture

control loops are fundamental building blocks of industrial control systems





State machine instructions

- You declare, not script
- Model resources with YAMLs and charts

Imperative

```
$ kubectl create namespace ticketing  
$ kubectl label namespace ticketing venue=opera watch=cpu  
$ kubectl get namespaces  
$ kubectl get namespace apps-collection -o YAML
```



State machine instructions

- You declare, not script
- Model resources with YAMLs and charts

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$ kubectl get namespaces  
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```

Declarative

```
apiVersion: v1  
kind: Namespace  
metadata:  
  labels:  
    venue: opera  
    watch: cpu  
spec:
```



State machine instructions

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Declarative

```
apiVersion: v1 ————— Object controller version  
kind: Namespace ————— Object classification  
metadata: ————— Associated data  
  labels:  
    venue: opera  
    watch: cpu  
spec:
```



State machine instructions

- You declare, not script
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Imperative

```
$ kubectl create namespace ticketing  
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Declarative

```
apiVersion: v1 ————— Object controller version  
kind: Namespace ————— Object classification  
metadata: ————— Associated data  
labels:  
  venue: opera  
  watch: cpu  
spec: ————— Specific object details
```



State machine instructions

- You declare, not script
- Model resources with YAMLs and charts

Imperative

```
$ kubectl create namespace ticketing  
$ kubectl label namespace ticketing venue=opera watch(cpu)  
$ kubectl get namespaces  
$ kubectl get namespace apps-collection -o YAML
```

Declarative



Human friendly data serialization standard



Package manager for Kubernetes



VSCode and IntelliJ extensions for writing YAMLs

```
apiVersion: v1          Object controller version  
kind: Namespace        Object classification  
metadata:               Associated data  
  labels:  
    venue: opera  
    watch: cpu  
spec:                  Specific object details
```

Declaring Pods



Declaring Pods

```
$ docker run --name my-nginx -p 80 nginx:1.19.2
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$ kubectl run my-nginx --image=nginx:1.19.2 --port 80
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Declaring Pods

Pod
Container(s)

```
$ docker run --name my-nginx -p 80 nginx:1.19.2
```

```
$ kubectl run my-nginx --image=nginx:1.19.2 --port 80
```

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  labels:
    app: nginx
spec:
  containers:
  - name: nginx
    image: nginx:1.19.2
  ports:
  - containerPort: 80
```



Declaring Pods

Pod
Container(s)

```
$ docker run --name my-nginx -p 80 nginx:1.19.2
```

```
$ kubectl run my-nginx --image=nginx:1.19.2 --port 80
```



Declaring Pods

ReplicaSet
Pod
Container(s)

```
$ docker run --name my-nginx -p 80 nginx:1.19.2
```

```
$ kubectl run my-nginx --image=nginx:1.19.2 --port 80
```

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: ReplicaSet
spec:
  replicas: 3
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: nginx
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: nginx
  spec:
    containers:
    - name: nginx
      image: nginx:1.19.2
    ports:
    - containerPort: 80
```



Declaring Pods

ReplicaSet

Pod
Container(s)

```
$ docker run --name my-nginx -p 80 nginx:1.19.2
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```
$ kubectl run my-nginx --image=nginx:1.19.2 --port 80
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Declaring Pods

Deployment

ReplicaSet

Pod
Container(s)

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```
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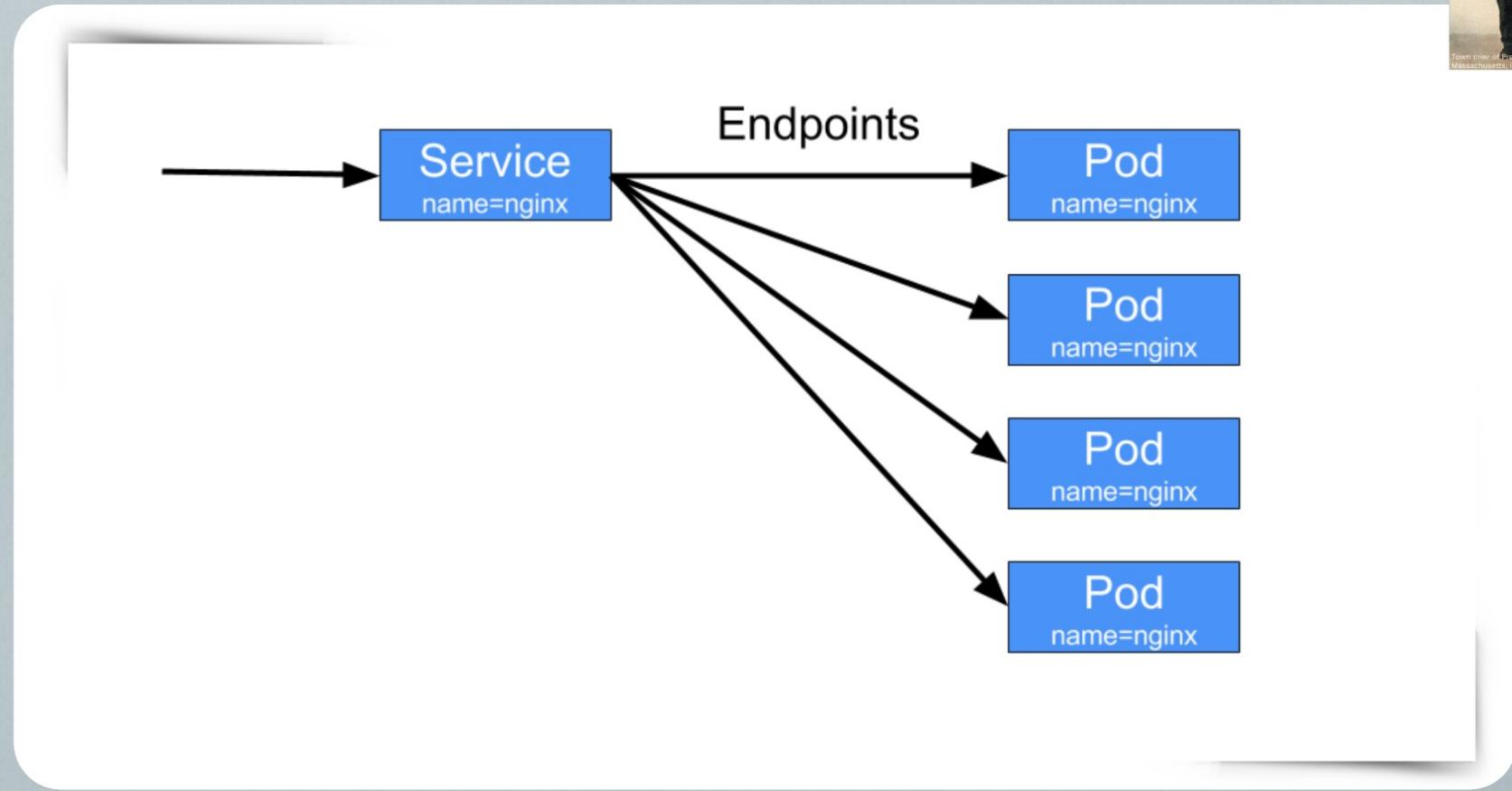
```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: nginx-deployment
  labels:
    app: nginx
spec:
  replicas: 3
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: nginx
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: nginx
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: nginx
          image: nginx:1.19.2
          ports:
            - containerPort: 80
```





Declaring Service Associated to Pods

Labels used to declare associations



Declaring Service Associated to Pods

Labels used to declare associations



Town crier of普利茅斯, Massachusetts, in 1890 - Wikipedia

Declaring Service Associated to Pods

Labels used to declare associations



```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: nginx-deployment
spec:
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: nginx
  replicas: 2
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: nginx
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: nginx
          image: nginx:1.15.1
          ports:
            - containerPort: 80
              name: nginx-pod-port
```

Declaring Service Associated to Pods

Labels used to declare associations



```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: webserver
  labels:
    app: webserver
spec:
  type: NodePort
  selector:
    app: nginx
  ports:
  - port: 31000
    targetPort: nginx-pod-port
    protocol: TCP
  name: web
```

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: nginx-deployment
spec:
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: nginx
  replicas: 2
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: nginx
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: nginx
        image: nginx:1.15.1
      ports:
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Declaring Service Associated to Pods

Labels used to declare associations



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spec:
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  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: nginx
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      containers:
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          ports:
            - containerPort: 80
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Kubernetes

Getting Started from a
Developer Perspective



Architecture



First
Apps



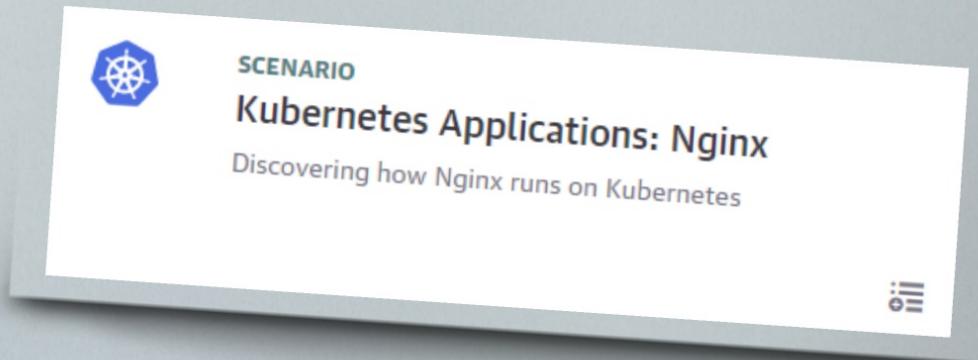
Distributed
Computing



Fin



A common Hello World
for Kubernetes



A white rectangular card with rounded corners, tilted slightly. It features the Nginx logo at the top left. To its right, the word "SCENARIO" is written in small capital letters. Below that, the title "Kubernetes Applications: Nginx" is displayed in a larger, bold, dark blue font. Underneath the title, the subtitle "Discovering how Nginx runs on Kubernetes" is written in a smaller, gray font. In the bottom right corner of the card, there is a small blue icon consisting of three vertical bars of increasing height.

<https://bit.ly/36lqfF9>

Goals

- kubectl CLI tool
- Install Nginx on Kubernetes
- See Deployments in Pods
- See Service provide access to replication of Pods



First App

Goals

- Command line tool
- Dashboard
- Run app
- Scale app
- Load balance
- Test resilience
- Roll out new version of app



SCENARIO

Kubernetes Fundamentals: First
Kubernetes Application

Deploy an application on Kubernetes



<https://bit.ly/33Cd4Uw>



RabbitMQ™

AMQP messaging benefiting
from Kubernetes

Goals

- More Kubectl
- Helm charts
- Install RabbitMQ on Kubernetes
- StatefulSet application
- Play with a little chaos

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Kubernetes Applications: RabbitMQ

Discovering how RabbitMQ runs on Kubernetes

bitnami

<https://bit.ly/3dcRg4Y>



R Language



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Kubernetes Applications: Shiny R

Discovering how Shiny applications run on
Kubernetes



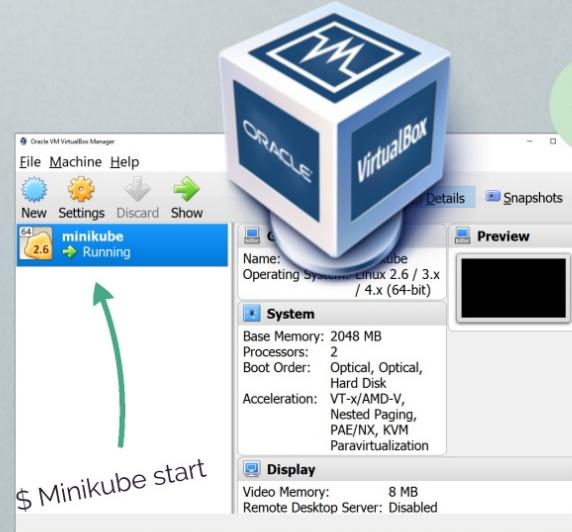
<https://bit.ly/3jEK5EP>

Goals

- Basics of kubectl CLI tool
- Install Shiny R applications on Kubernetes
- Containers are deployed as Deployments in Pods
- Service can provide access to a Pod

Explore Kubernetes

Single-node *on your laptop*



Install Minikube

<https://kubernetes.io/docs/tasks/tools/install-minikube>

This page shows how to [install Minikube](#).

- [Before you begin](#)
- [Install a Hypervisor](#)
- [Install kubectl](#)
- [Install Minikube](#)
- [What's next](#)



Docker Desktop For
Mac or Windows



Other laptop based clusters:
KinD, K3s, Microk8s, Minishift



Kubernetes

Getting Started from a
Developer Perspective



Architecture



First
Apps



Distributed
Computing



Fin

Thank you

Veni, Vidi, Didici

I came, I saw, I learned



**Containers now preferred packaging for cloud native
Kubernetes helps you navigate complexities of distributed computing**

Scaling · Resilience · Multiple targets · Declarative · Extensible



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Kubernetes

Getting Started from a
Developer Perspective



Architecture



First
Apps



Distributed
Computing



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