

# Simple Soccer

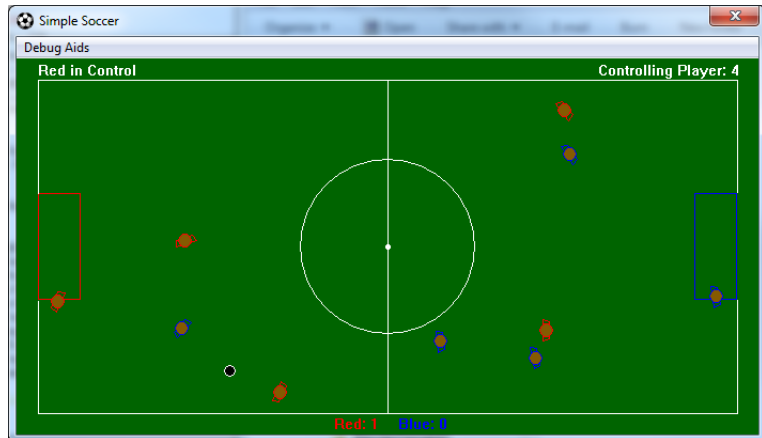
A game demo from *Programming Game AI by Example*, Mat  
Buckland

CSCI 321

WWU

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# Simple Soccer



# Simple Soccer

- Soccer pitch
- Goals
- Ball
- Teams
- Field players
- Goalies

# Pitch

- Holds center spot for game restart.
- Booleans: GameOn, GoalieHasBall



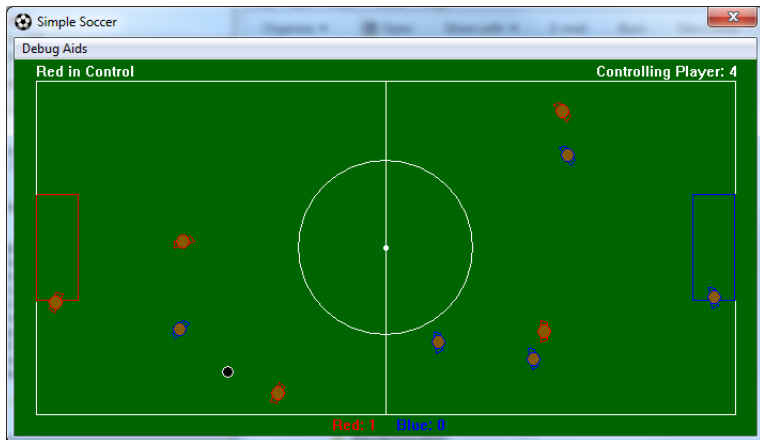
## Pitch divided into regions

- Players head for home region if nothing else to do.
- Home region may change during play.



## Goals

- Checks for score (collision with ball).
- Keeps score, resets game.



## Ball

- Checks for collisions with boundary
- Does not collide with players (need to dribble)
- Accelerated by kick, decelerated by friction.
- Players need to make predictions:
  - FuturePosition:

$$\Delta x = u\Delta t + \frac{1}{2}a\Delta t^2$$

$\Delta x$  is distance traveled,  $\Delta t$  is time taken.

- TimeToCoverDistance:

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta t &= \frac{v - u}{a} \\ v &= \sqrt{u^2 + 2a\Delta x}\end{aligned}$$

$u$  is the starting velocity,  $v$  is the ending velocity

- Velocities are not accumulative, but that works for this game.

## Soccer Team

- A *tiered* or *hierarchical* AI, some decisions handled at the team level, some at individual level.
  - Used in RTS: unit, troop, command levels
- Players and teams have the ability to send *messages*.
  - Messages handled in each player's global state
- Important players (can be NULL):
  - Receiving player
    - After a pass has been made
  - Closest player to the ball
  - Controlling player
    - Includes receiving player
  - Supporting player



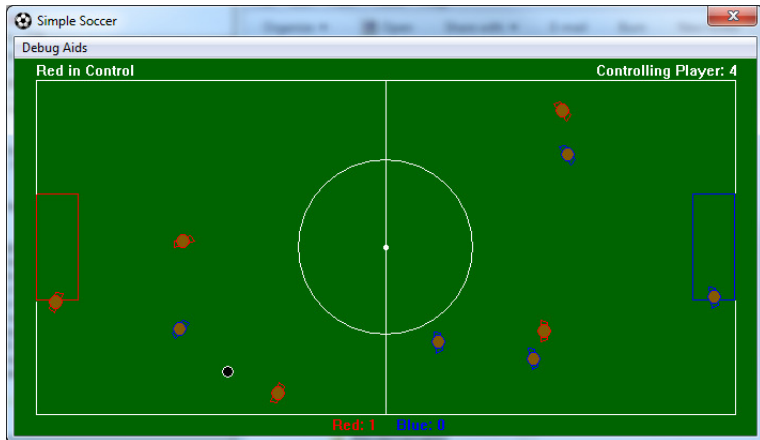
# Support Spots

- Can a pass be made to there?
- Can a goal be scored from there?
- How far is it from supporting player's position?
- Is it too close or far from the controlling player?
- Need not be calculated every step.



# Soccer Team States

- Change home regions, send messages:
  - PrepareForKickOff
  - Defending
  - Attacking



## Field Player Motion

- Uses speed and velocity-aligned heading unit vector
- Heads track ball for illusion of intelligence
  - Nobody receives ball from behind
- Uses steering behaviors
  - arrive
  - seek
  - pursuit

## Field Player States

- GlobalPlayerState (sends and receives messages)
- Wait
- ReceiveBall
- KickBall
- Dribble
- ChaseBall
- ReturnToHomeRegion
- SupportAttacker

## Messages for GlobalPlayerState

- SupportAttacker
- GoHome
- ReceiveBall
- PassToMe
- Wait

## ChaseBall

- **seek** the ball
- Changes to KickBall if ball comes in range
- Changes to ReturnToHomeRegion if not closest player to ball

## Wait

- If upfield of Controller, sends message PassToMe
- If closest to ball, and no receiver, change to ChaseBall

## ReceiveBall

- Entered on message ReceiveBall
- Only one player in ReceiveBall state
- Uses either **arrive** or **pursuit** based on
  - Randomness
  - Threatening opponent
  - Receiver close to opponent's goal
- Change to ChaseBall if
  - Ball comes close
  - Team loses control



# KickBall

- Change to ChaseBall when:
  - Too soon after kick
  - Ball behind player
  - Player waiting to receive ball
  - Goalie has ball
- If player has a shot, or occasionally randomly (potshots):
  - Shoot ball with random noise added
  - Strength of kick determined by angle from player's heading
  - Change to Wait
  - Find support
- If pass is possible and threatened:
  - Pass ball with random noise added
  - Send message to receiver
  - Change to Wait
  - Find support
- Otherwise, Find Support and change to Dribble

## Dribble

- Set controlling player to me
- If ball is downfield, make small angled kicks
- Otherwise kick upfield
- Enter ChaseBall

## SupportAttacker

- **arrive** at best support spot
- If team loses the ball, change to ReturnToHomeRegion
- If can shoot, send RequestPass to controlling player
- If at best support spot:
  - Steering off
  - Track ball
  - If not threatened, send RequestPass

# Goalkeepers

- Always faces ball
- Moves laterally in front of the goal and along heading axis
- States:
  - GlobalKeeperState
  - TendGoal
  - ReturnHome
  - PutBallBackInPlay
  - InterceptBall

## GlobalKeeperState

- Receive message GoHome
- Receive message ReceiveBall

## TendGoal

- **interpose** between ball and a corresponding position in the goal
- If ball is very close:
  - Trap ball
  - Set GoalKeeperHasBall to true
  - Change state to PutBallBackInPlay
- If ball is somewhat close:
  - Change state to InterceptBall
- If too far from goal:
  - Change state to ReturnHome

## ReturnHome

- **arrive** at home region
- If in home region or team loses the ball:
  - Change to TendGoal

## PutBallBackInPlay

- Set the controlling player to me
- Message all field players on both teams to return home
- If pass is available:
  - Kick the ball
  - Set GoalKeeperHasBall to false
  - Send message ReceiveBall
  - Change to TendGoal

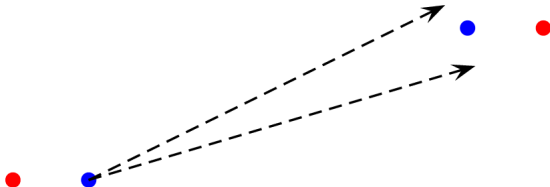


# InterceptBall

- **pursuit** of ball
- If too far from goal and goalie is NOT closest to the ball:
  - Change to ReturnHome
- If ball is very close:
  - Trap the ball
  - Set GoalKeeperHasBall to true
  - Change to PutBallBackInPlay

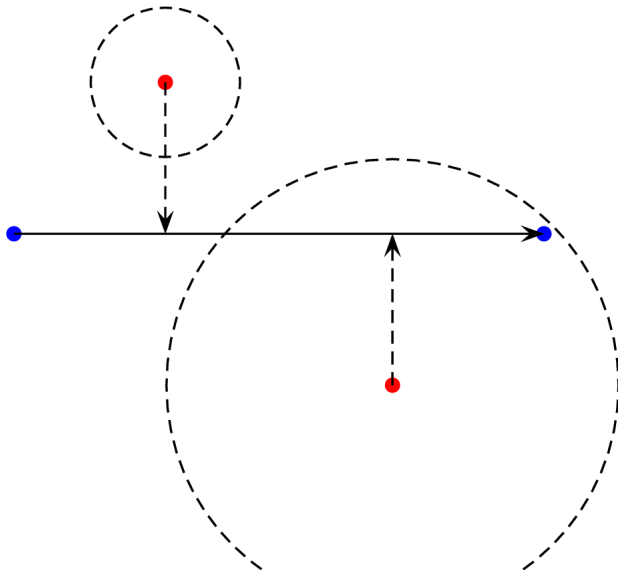
## isPassSafeFromOpponent

- Yes if Opponent is behind player or farther back from target than receiver



## isPassSafeFromOpponent

- Can opponent get to closest intercept point in time?



## CanShoot

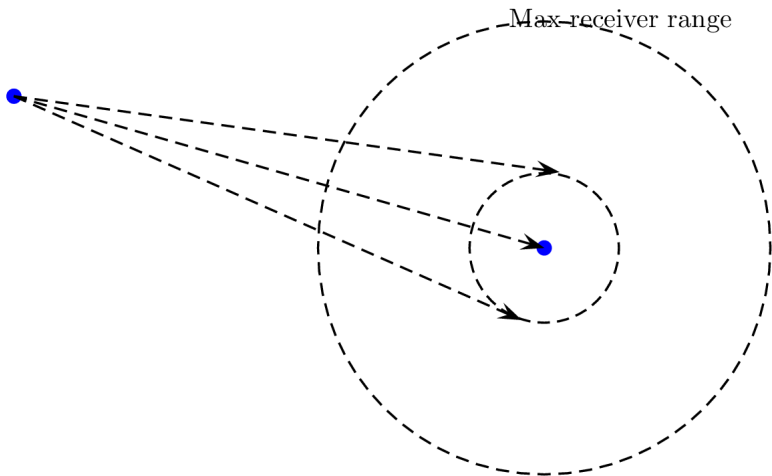
- Randomly pick several points along the goal line
- Check each one to see if opponent can intercept

## FindPass

- Iterate through teammates within passing distance
- Call GetBestPassToReceiver
- Keep the one closest to goal

## GetBestPassToReceiver

- Calculate how long it takes ball to get to receiver
- Find a circle one-third the size of receiver's range
- Keep safe pass closest to goal



# Making Estimates and Assumptions

- Artificial stupidity
- It's more realistic
- Two ways:
  - Make it perfect and then dumb it down
  - Design it using simplifying assumptions
- Examples:
  - Adding random noise to a perfect kick
  - Using one-third size circles to estimate a receiver's range