

# M1 (b) – Encapsulation

Jin L.C. Guo

## Recap of last class

- Programming mechanisms:
  - Scope and Visibility
- Concepts and Principles:
  - Information Hiding, Encapsulation, Escaping Reference, Immutability
- Design Techniques:
  - Object Diagrams
- Patterns and Antipatterns:
  - Primitive Obsession

### Activity 1

- Add Color attribute to Card
  - Which class should be changed?
  - What data structure should be used to represent Color?

```
/**
* A card's suit.
public enum Suit
   CLUBS, DIAMONDS, SPADES, HEARTS;
   public enum Color {BLACK, RED}
   public Color getColor()
       switch(this)
           case CLUBS:
               return Color.BLACK;
           case DIAMONDS:
               return Color.RED;
           case SPADES:
               return Color.BLACK;
           case HEARTS:
               return Color.RED;
           default:
               throw new AssertionError(this);
}
```

```
/**
* A card's suit.
public enum Suit
   CLUBS(Color.BLACK),
   DIAMONDS(Color.RED),
   SPADES(Color.BLACK),
   HEARTS(Color.RED);
   private Color aColor;
   public enum Color {BLACK, RED}
   Suit(Color pColor)
                                   package-private/private access
       this.aColor = pColor;
   }
   public Color getColor()
       return this aColor;
}
```

## Activity 2

• Are there any way to change the state of an Undergrad object without going through its own methods?

• What about Course?

Model the structure of the system at a specific time

Model the structure of the system at a specific time

• Complete or part of the system

Model the structure of the system at a specific time

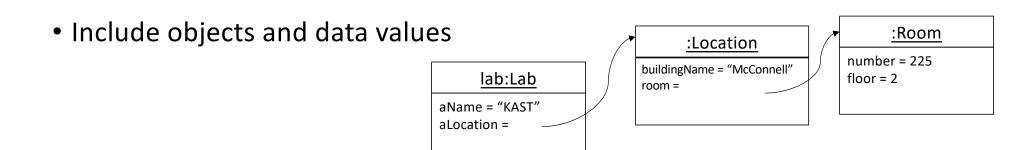
• Complete or part of the system

Include objects and data values

name:Type

Object field = value

- Model the structure of the system at a specific time
- Complete or part of the system



- Model the structure of the system at a specific time
- Complete or part of the system
- Include objects and data values
- To discover or explain facts of software design (by capturing object relations)

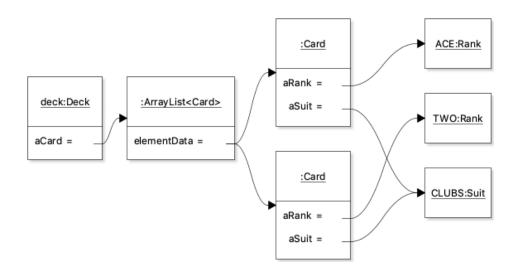
## Activity 3 - Draw Object Diagram

```
public class Deck
{
          private List<Card> aCards = new ArrayList<>();

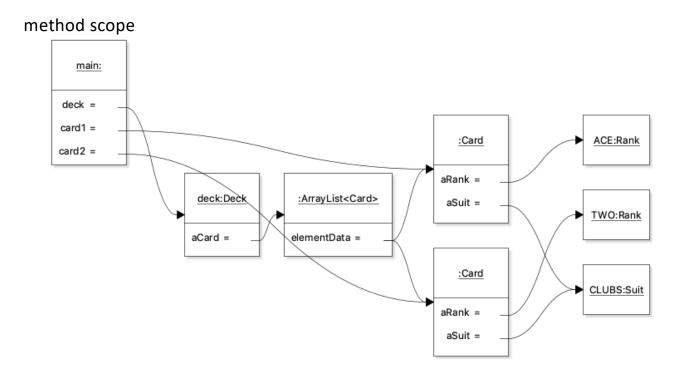
          public void addCard(Card pCard)
          {
                aCards.add(pCard);
          }
}
```

```
Deck deck = new Deck();
Card card1 = new Card(Rank.ACE, Suit.CLUBS);
Card card2 = new Card(Rank.TWO, Suit.CLUBS);
deck.addCard(card1);
deck.addCard(card2);
```

## Object Diagram - Capturing Object Relations



## Capturing Object Relations – Object Diagram



## Well-encapsulated Card Class

```
public class Card
{
    final private Rank aRank;
    final private Suit aSuit;

    public Card(Rank pRank, Suit pSuit)
    {
        aRank = pRank;
        aSuit = pSuit;
    }

    public Rank getRank()
    {
        return aRank;
    }

    ......
}
```

```
public class Deck
{
          private List<Card> aCards = new ArrayList<>();
          public void addCard(Card pCard)
          {
                aCards.add(pCard);
          }
}
```

```
Deck deck = new Deck();
Card card1 = new Card(Rank.ACE, Suit.CLUBS);
Card card2 = new Card(Rank.TWO, Suit.CLUBS);
deck.addCard(card1);
deck.addCard(card2);
```

```
public class Deck
{
     private List<Card> aCards = new ArrayList<>();
     ... ...
     public int size ()
     {
          return aCards.size();
     }
     public Card getCard(int pIndex)
     {
          return aCards.get(pIndex);
     }
}
```

Add access methods that only return references to immutable objects.

```
public class Deck
{
    private List<Card> aCards = new ArrayList<>();
    ... ...

public List<Card> getCards()
    {
        return new ArrayList<> (aCards);
}
```

Returning a copy

## Copy Constructor

• A special constructor that creates an object using another object of the same Java class.

```
public class Deck
{
          private List<Card> aCards = new ArrayList<>();
          public List<Card> getCards()
                    return new ArrayList<> (aCards);
                                                                     :ArrayList
                                                 :Deck
                                main:
                                                                                          card1:Card
}
                                             aCards =
                                                               elementData = -
                              deck =
                              cards =
                                                                     :ArrayList
                                                                                          card2:Card
Returning a copy
                                                               elementData = -
```

```
public class Deck
{
    private List<Card> aCards = new ArrayList<>();
    .......

    public List<Card> getCards()
    {
        ArrayList<Card> result = new ArrayList<>();
        for(Card card:aCards)
        {
            result.add(new Card(card.getRank(), card.getSuit()));
        }
        return result;
}

Returning a copy

public Card(Card pCard){ ... ... }

public static copyCard(Card pCard){ ... ... }
```

## Shallow Copy VS Deep Copy

