MongoDB and PHP

César D. Rodas crodas@ferpectos.com

http://cesarodas.com/

Latinoware 2010 Foz do Iguaçu, Brasil

Who is this fellow?

- Paraguayan :-)
- Zealot of
 - Open Source (BSD-license)
 - PHP
 - MongoDB
- PECL Developer
- Work for a cool company (btw, we're hiring)
- ... and few other things

Agenda

- Introduction to MongoDB
- MongoDB Queries
- Real life example:
 - Designing data model for a Wordpress.com like site
 - Optimize our data model to run in sharded environment

MongoDB

- <EN>Mongo</EN>!= <PT>Mongo</PT>
- Document oriented database
- Fast, Scalable, Easy to use (devel-friendly)
- Support Indexes
 - Simple
 - Compound
 - Geo spatial
- Schemaless
- Support sharding
- Nested documents
- PECL client

Documents?

It's just an Array()

In fact everything is an Array() in MongoDB

http://bit.ly/mongodb-php

Documents?

It's just an Array()

In fact everything is an Array() in MongoDB

http://bit.ly/mongodb-php

MongoDB - Operations

• Select

- \$gt, \$lt, \$gte, \$lte, \$eq, \$neq: >, <, >=, <=, ==, !=
- \$in, \$nin, \$or
- \$size, \$exists
- \$where: Any javascript expression
- group()
- limit()
- skip()

Update

- \$set
- \$unset
- \$push
- \$pull
- \$inc
- findAndModify()

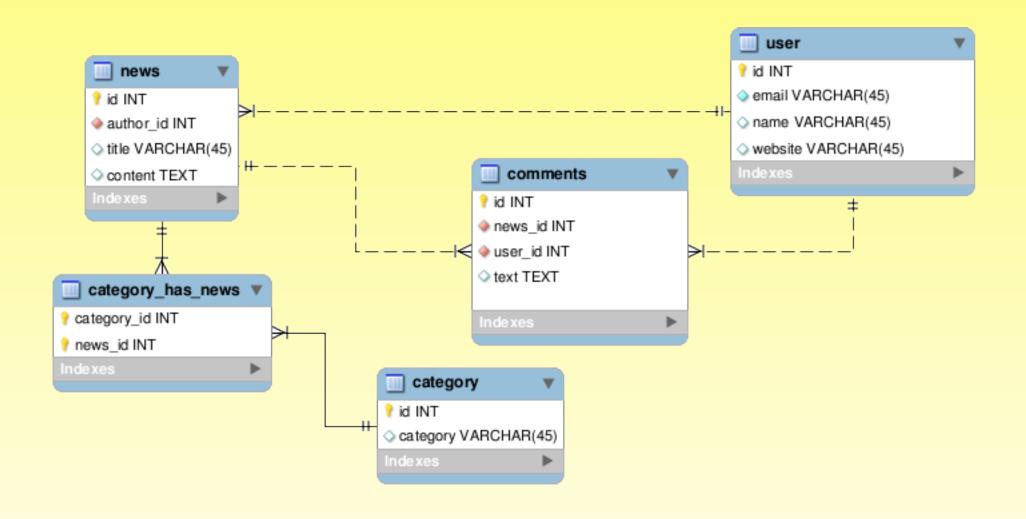
Is it better than my MySQL (or Pg)?

NO.

It is different.

Differences with a rel. database

- Denormalize data is not bad
 - It makes queries simplest and faster
 - Disk-space is much cheaper than CPU (and your user's time)
 - Much simple to distribute data across multiple nodes
- No CPU wasting doing ORM
 - Objects in the programming language and in the database
 - No abstraction to generate SQL
- No SQL injection :-)
- No Joins (they are evil!)
- Batch processing
- No CREATE TABLE (or ALTER TABLE) needed



The fun part

Data-structure

```
suser = array(
                      'name' => 'crodas',
                      'email' => 'crodas@ferpectos.com',
                      'website' => 'http://cesarodas.com',
category = array(
                      array('name' => 'Sport'),
                      array('name' => 'Politcs')
something to the second seco
                      'news' = > $news['_i],
                      'text' => 'I like MongoDB',
                      // these are duplicated!
                      'name' => $user['name'], /* 'crodas' */
                      'website' => $user['website'], /*'http://cesarodas.com',*/
```

```
news = array(
   'title' => 'My Talk about MongoDB',
   'content' => 'MongoDB rules, bla, bla!'
   'author' => $user['_id'],
   // duplicated items
   'authorName' => $user['user'],
   'categories' => array(
      // copy all categories (incuding _id and name)
      $category[0], $category[1] ... $category[$x]
   'comments' => array(
      // copy 10 comments (example)
      $comment[0],
      $comment[1],
   // total comments for this news, to made easier pagination
   'totalComments' => count($comment),
```

Select

```
// MySQL
"SELECT news.*, user.name FROM news
INNER JOIN user ON user.id = news.author_id WHERE id = 1"
"SELECT category.category FROM category_has_news
INNER JOIN category ON category WHERE news_id = 1"
"SELECT * FROM comments
INNER JOIN user ON user.id = comments.user_id
WHERE news_id = 1"
// In MongoDB
$mongo = new MongoDB;
db = mongo-database;
news = db->news->find(array('_id' => 1));
```

What if the user changes its name?

Update

```
update comments
$update = array(
   set' => array(
      'name' => $new_name
$db->comments->update(array('news' => 1), $update, array('multiple' => true));
// update news (and embed)
$update = array(
   '$set' => array(
      'category' => $list_of_first_10_comments,
      'authorName' => $new_name,
$db->news->update(array('_id' => 1), $update, array('multiple' => true));
```

Questions?

Thanks

@crodas

crodas.org