

MongoDB Advanced Topics

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Who is this fellow?

- Paraguayan
- Zealot of
 - Open Source
 - PHP
 - MongoDB
- PECL Developer
- ... and few other things



I'd like to thanks to...



- 10gen
- Yahoo!
- My Brazilian friends

Agenda

- Introduction to MongoDB
- MongoDB Queries
- Real life example:
 - Designing data model for a Wordpress.com like site
 - Optimize our data model to run in sharded environment



MongoDB

- <EN>Mongo</EN> != <PT>Mongo</PT>
- Document oriented database
- Fast, Scalable, Easy to use
- Support Indexes
 - Simple
 - Compound
 - Geo spatial
- Support sharding
- PECL client





Documents?



It's just an Array()



In fact everything is an Array() in MongoDB



http://bit.ly/mongodb-php



The fun part

MongoDB - Operations

Select

- \$gt, \$lt, \$gte, \$lte, \$eq, \$neq: >, <, >=, <=, ==, !=
- \$in, \$nin
- \$size, \$exists
- \$where: Any javascript expression
- group()
- limit()
- skip()

Update

- \$set
- \$unset
- \$push
- \$pull
- \$inc





pecl install mongo

MongoDB - Connection



```
/* connects to localhost:27017 */
$connection = new Mongo();
/* connect to a remote host (default port) */
$connection = new Mongo( "example.com" );
/* connect to a remote host at a given port */
$connection = new Mongo( "example.com:65432" );
/* select some DB (and create if it doesn't exits yet) */
$db = $connection->selectDB("db_name");
/* select a "table" (collection) */
$table = $db->getCollection("table");
```



FROM SQL to MongoDB

MongoDB - Count

```
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```

```
/* SELECT count(*) FROM table */
$collection->count();

/* SELECT count(*) FROM table WHERE foo = 1 */
$collection->find(array("foo" => 1))->count();
```

MongoDB - Queries

```
* SELECT * FROM table WHERE field IN (5,6,7) and enable=1
* and worth < 5
* ORDER BY timestamp DESC
$collection->ensureIndex(
   array('field'=>1, 'enable'=>1, 'worth'=>1, 'timestamp'=>-1)
);
$filter = array(
      'field' => array('$in' => array(5,6,7)),
      'enable' => 1,
      'worth' => array('$lt' => 5)
   );
$results = $collection->find($filter)->sort(array('timestamp' => -1));
```



MongoDB - Pagination

```
/*
* SELECT * FROM table WHERE field IN (5,6,7) and enable=1
* and worth < 5
* ORDER BY timestamp DESC LIMIT $offset, 20
* /
$filter = array(
      'field' => array('$in' => array(5,6,7)),
      'enable' => 1,
      'worth' => array('$lt' => 5)
   );
$cursor = $collection->find($filter);
$cursor->sort(array('timestamp' => -1))->skip($offset)->limit(20);
foreach ($cursor as $result) {
   var_dump($result);
```





Designing data structure

Simple multi-blog system

MongoDB - Collections

- Blog
- Post
- User
- Comment



Blog document

```
$blog = array(
  "user" => <userref>,
   "title" => "Foo bar blog"
   "url" => array(
      "foobar.foobar.com",
      "anotherfoo.foobar.com",
   "permissions" => array(
      "edit" => array(<userref>, <userref>)
   "post" => 1,
```



Post document

```
$post = array(
   "blog" => <blogref>,
   "author" => <userref>,
   "uri" => "/another-post",
   "title" => "Another post",
   "excerpt" => "bla, bla, bla",
   "body" => "bar, foo bar, foo, bar",
   "tags" => array("list", "of tags"),
   "published" => true,
   "date" => <mongodate>,
);
```



Missing docs.

```
$comment = array(
  "post" => <postref>,
  "name" => "foobar",
  "email" => "foo@bar.com",
  "comment" => "Hello world",
  "date" => <mongodate>,
);
$user = array(
  "user" => "crodas",
  "email" => "crodas@php.net",
  "password" => "a1bad96dc68f891ca887d50eb3fb65ec82123d05",
  "name" => "Cesar Rodas",
```



About indexes

```
$blog_col->ensureIndex(array("url" => 1));

$post_col->ensureIndex(array("blog" => 1, "date" => -1));

$post_col->ensureIndex(array("blog" => 1, "uri" => 1), array("unique" => 1));

$comment_col->ensureIndex(array("post" => 1, "date" => -1));

$user_col->ensureIndex(array("user" => 1), array("unique" => 1));

$user_col->ensureIndex(array("email" => 1), array("unique" => 1));
```



That's it.



Hum...



Until now, nothing new



Let's shard it!

Strategy

- Shard Blog collection
- Shard User collection
- Other collections are isolated
 - Create namespaces for post and comments (foo.post, foo.comments)
 - Modify Blog collection, add info about "namespace" (and DB).
- MongoDB will distribute our DB and namespaces



Configuring the sharding

```
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```

```
/* Assuming you have already MongoDB running
  on a sharded env., you should do this once.
   $admin is a connection to the "admin" DB.
$admin->command(array(
   "shardcollection" => "blog",
  "key" => array("uri" => 1),
));
$admin->command(array(
   "shardcollection" => "user",
   "key" => array("user" => 1),
   "unique" => true,
));
```

New blog document

```
$blog = array(
  "user" => <userref>,
  "title" => "Foo bar blog"
  "url" => array(
      "foobar.foobar.com",
      "anotherfoo.foobar.com",
   "permissions" => array(
      "edit" => array(<userref>, <userref>)
  "post" => 1,
   "namespace" => "3h3g3k3",
   "database" => "34fs321",
```





Select the DB and namespace to use "post" and "comments"



Questions?



Thank you hackers!



MongoDB is looking from Brazilian help.



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