

Discussion 3

"What have I gotten myself into?"

Block Review

(quick lecture recap)

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Types

- **Command**

- Not meant to report = No outputs
- Used primarily for side-effects
- (Not functions)



- **Reporter**

- (Mostly) Functions
- Reports a specific value
- No side-effects

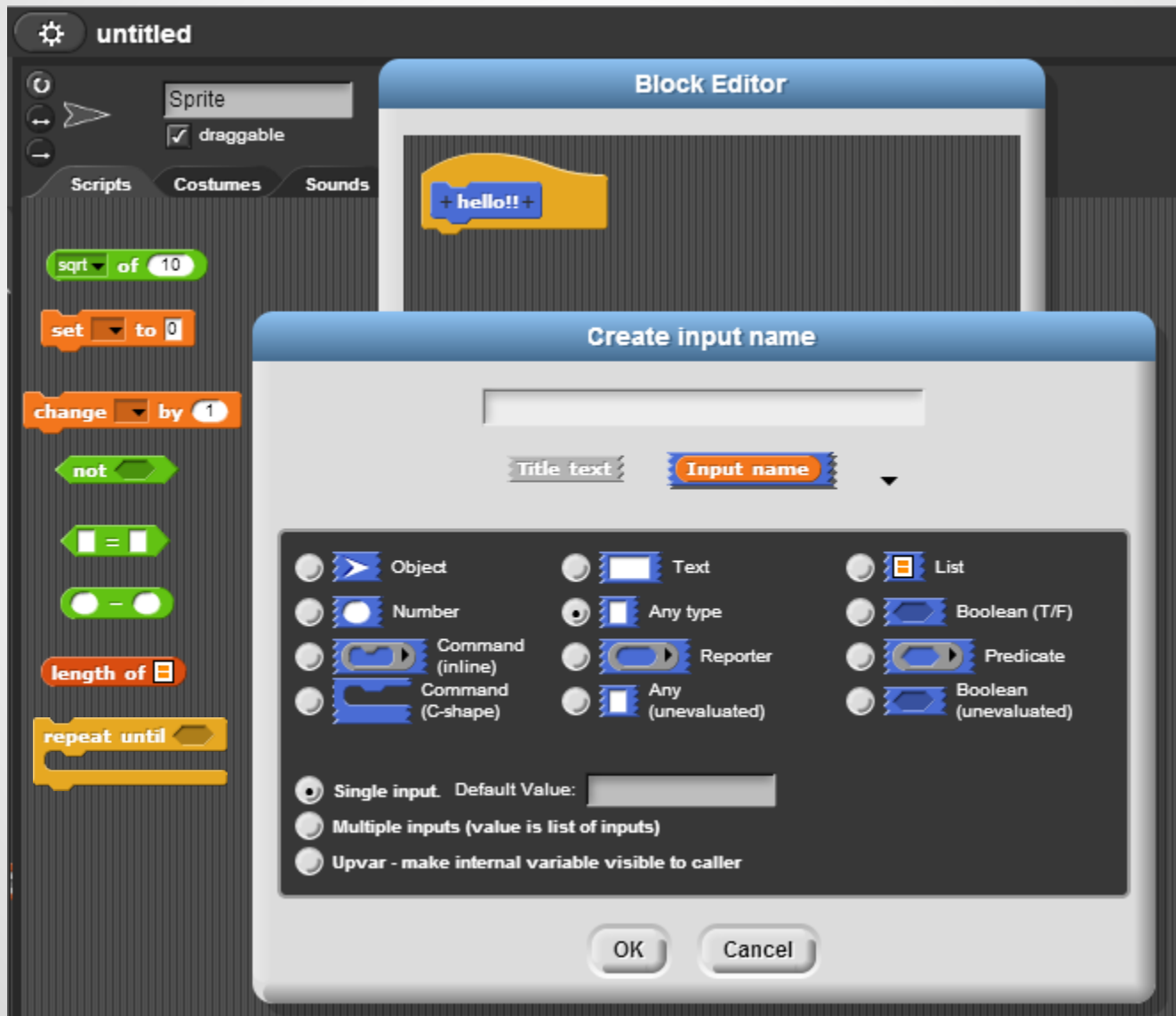


- **Predicate**

- Functions
- Report Boolean values
 - True or False
- No side-effects



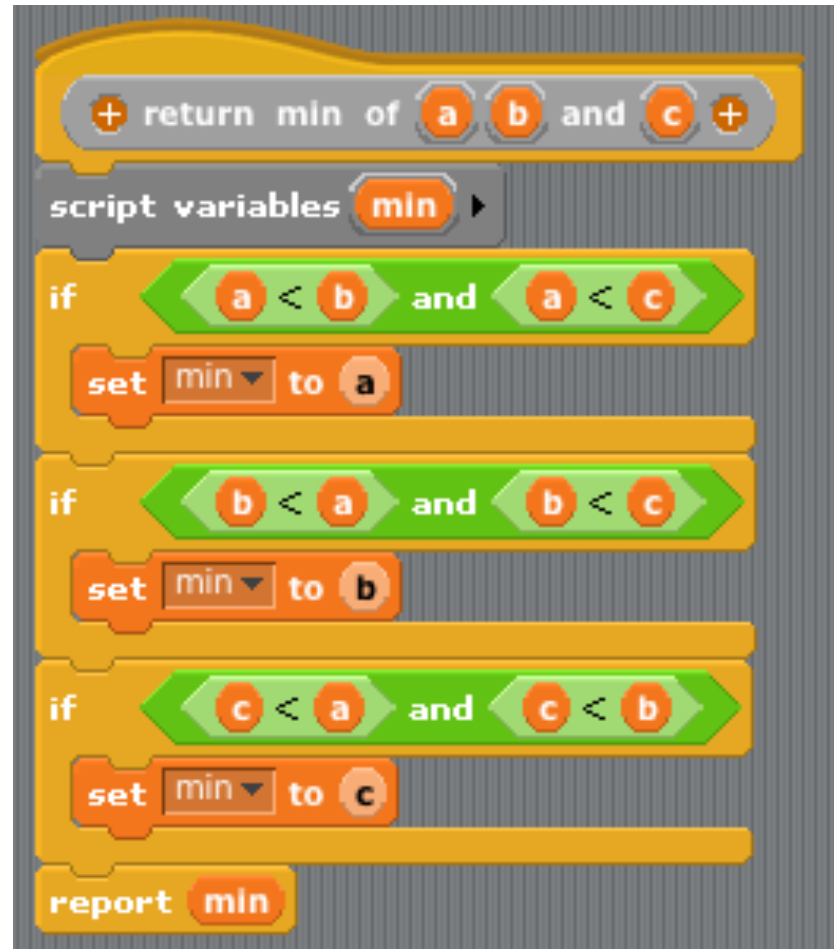
A Side Note on Inputs



Is there anything wrong here?



Answer!



Oh dear Mod. What happened?

$$13 \bmod 5 = 3$$

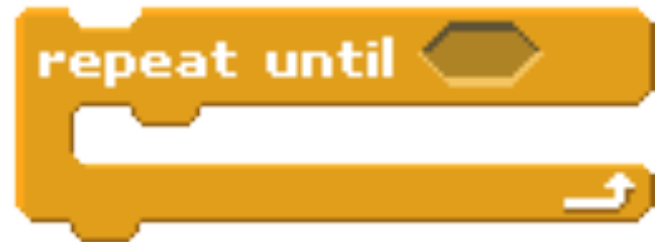
- Like the "Remainder" you remember from elementary school division

2 R3 <-- this is the value mod returns
5) 13

Rinse and Repeat... and Repeat Until



- Only loops a finite (x) number of times
- Equivalent to copying and pasting inner portion of code (x) times



- Acts like simple Repeat
- Loops UNTIL the boolean (hexagon function) becomes true.
- Like poking your sibling until they yell at you to stop



A Short Lengthy Discussion

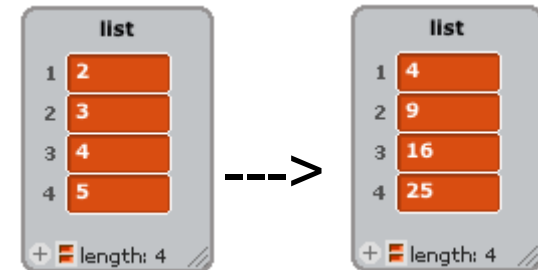
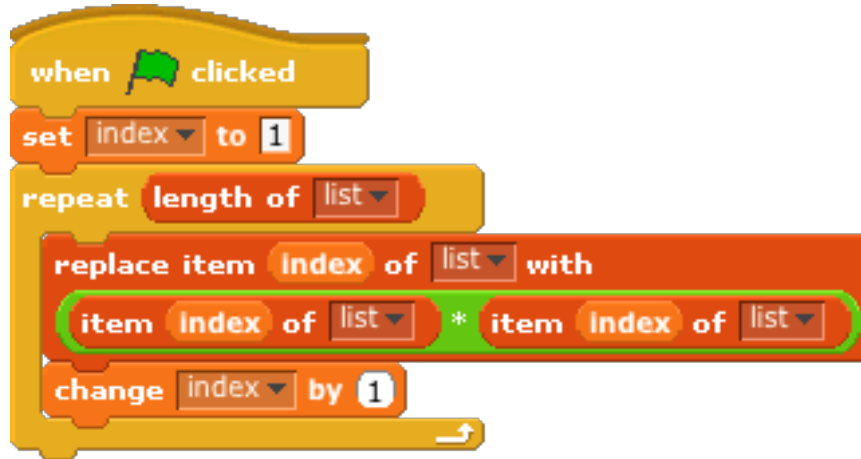
length of list ▼

- Red (list block)
- Only for lists

length of word

- Green ("word" block)
- Only for words

Are you indexexpecting another pun?



- An index is a number. A way of keeping track of how far through the list/word the loop has come.
- It is not the item in the list, but only refers to a number that can be used to access a specific item on the list.

index \neq **item (index) of (list)**

- Trace out the script above to see how it works.

Practice Makes Perfect

</Puns>

From *Simply Scheme*:

The technical term for "the things that a function accepts as an argument" is the ***domain*** of the function. The name for "the things that a function returns" is its ***range***.

Programming Paradigms

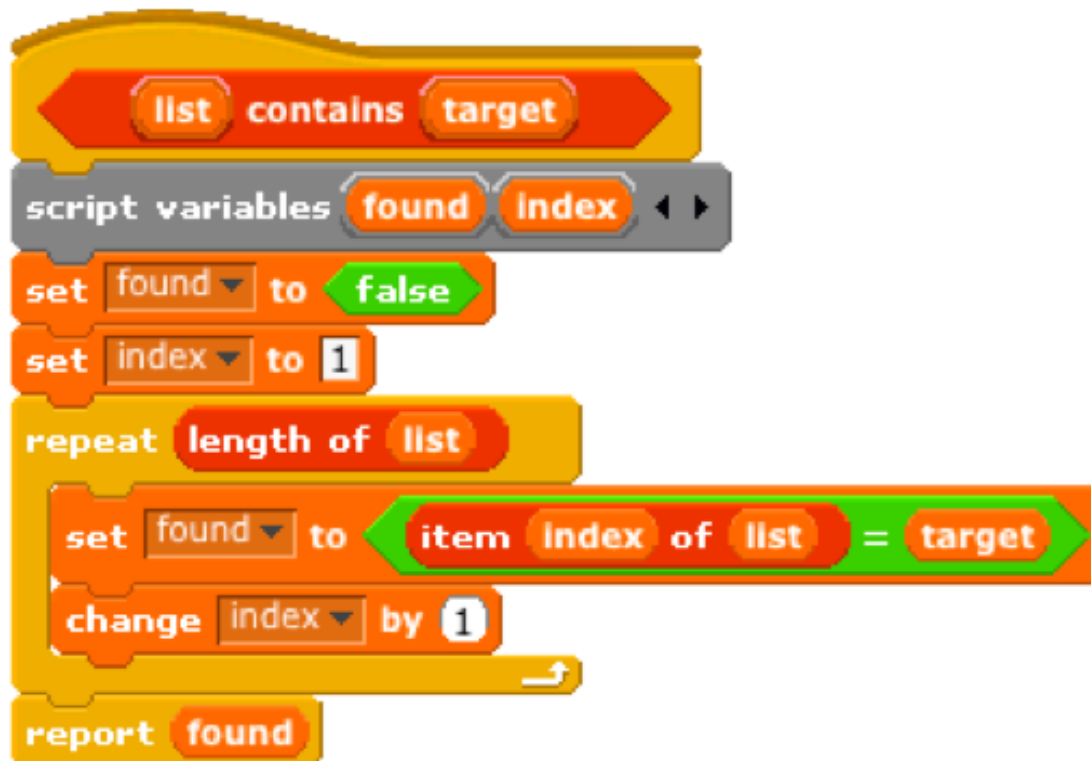
Question 4: Draw lines to match the four programming paradigms with their descriptions.

- a) functional
- b) imperative
- c) object-oriented
- d) declarative

- 1) answer a question via search for a solution
- 2) construct instances from classes and send messages between them
- 3) follow a list of instructions one by one
- 4) evaluate an expression and use the result

Debugging

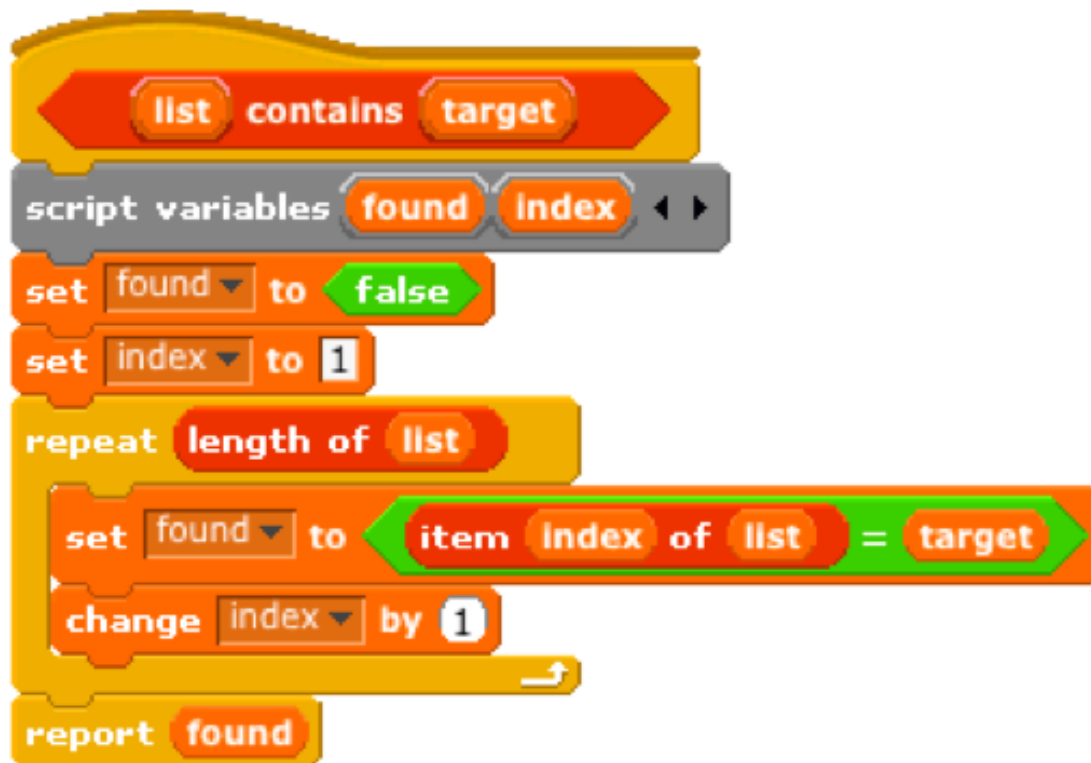
Question 8: We are trying to write a new predicate block that will return **true** when a particular value is present within a list. Unfortunately, there is a bug.



a) Give an example of values of **list** and **target** for which this code works correctly, despite the bug.





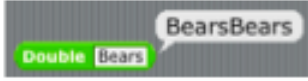
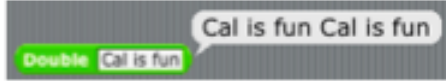

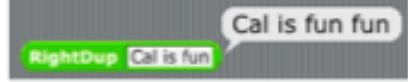

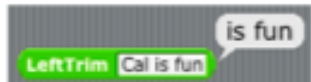
Debugging Part 2

Question 8: We are trying to write a new predicate block that will return **true** when a particular value is present within a list. Unfortunately, there is a bug.



b) Describe what you would change so that the block will work correctly for all inputs.

Float like a Butterfly, String Like a Bee*

| Block | Description | Word example | Sentence example |
|----------|--|--|--|
| Length | Report the number of letters in a word / words in a sentence |  |  |
| Unend | Remove the ends of a word / sentence. |  |  |
| Double | Double a word / sentence |  |  |
| RightDup | Duplicate the rightmost letter / word |  |  |
| LeftTrim | Remove the first letter / word from the left |  |  |

a) _____ (I love cal)___ → 9

b) _____ (go bears and beat stanford)___ → dan

*Ok I promise about the "no more puns" this time.