

Invite your friends to take CS10 next sem!

## The Beauty and Joy of Computing

Calendar? **Lecture #25** Slip days  
**Summary & Review**

**Michael Ball**  
Head TA

Lab this week is Survey (0.20), online final (1.30)

Register iclicker, then turn in during lab or dis

BJC Art or Poem Submit this at final for extra credit!

**OCULUS RIFT, NEXT "IT"?**  
Facebook's purchase of Oculus Rift is one indication that this is an incredibly HOT potential new technology. Gamers rejoice!

Discussion this week is important – course feedback + summary

oculusvr.com

## Administrivia: Become active!

- With-Snap! Exam details
  - No exam handed out unless you've filled in both HKN + our survey
  - No "study sheets" needed / allowed since you have access to Snap!
- Final Exam details
  - Only bring pens, three 8.5"x11" handwritten sheets (writing on both sides).
  - Leave backpacks, books, calculators, cells & pagers home!
  - Everyone must take ALL of the final!
  - Bring your "Beauty and Joy of Computing" Art/Poem for extra credit!
- If you did well in CS10 and want to be on staff?
  - Usual path: **Lab Assistant** ⇒ **Reader** ⇒ **TA**
  - Indicate on your final survey whether you're even remotely interested
  - We strongly encourage anyone who gets an B or above in the class to follow this path...

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## Taking advantage of Cal Opportunities

- "The Godfather answers all of life's questions"  
– Heard in "You've got Mail"
- Why are we one of the top Universities in the WORLD?
  - Research, research, research!
  - Whether you want to go to grad school or industry, you need someone to vouch for you!
    - ...as is the case with the Mob
- Techniques
  - Find out what you like, do lots of web research (read published papers), hit OH of Prof, show enthusiasm & initiative
- <http://research.berkeley.edu/>
- <http://researchmatch.herokuapp.com/>

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## Dan's Research Projects

- CS Illustrated**
- Improve CS10/Snap!**
- Ensemble**
- Improve Privacy Teaching**

We'll email class about opportunities this sprig...

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## Opportunities Next Semester

- CS61A (1<sup>st</sup> course in CS major)
  - Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs, Python
- CS9 series (learn a second language)
  - I would recommend Python next, CS9H
- GamesCrafters DeCal (Game Theory R & D)
  - Develop SW, analysis on 2-person games of no chance. (e.g., go, chess, connect-4, nim, etc.)
  - Req: Game Theory / SW Interest
- MS-DOS X DeCal (Mac Student Developers)
  - Learn to program Macintoshes.
  - Req: Interest. Owning a mac helps, not required.
- UCBUGG DeCal (Recreational Graphics)
  - Develop computer-generated images, animations.
  - Req: 3D interest

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## Ok, I'm hooked! Where do I go next?

- CS Major / Minor**
  - You are here
- CS61A**
  - In Python, one big idea every week. Awesome!
- CS61B**
  - In Java, data structures, algorithms and software engineering (lite)
- CS61C**
  - In C and MIPS, Great ideas in computer architecture (parallelism) ... I teach this!

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## Things to remember from CS10

- Abstraction
  - The key idea underpinning all computer science
  - ...and (in CS10) functions, HOFs
- ...From Blown to Bits
  - Technology has social implications (privacy, energy, copyright, etc); try to see the big picture
  - It also often has unintended consequences!
  - Things are never black or white, pure good or pure evil
- ...From "Program or Be Programmed"
  - Technology has an explicit and implicit agenda, understanding it is important.
  - Learning to program is empowering (Steve Jobs' video)

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## The Future for Future Cal Alumni

- What's The Future?
- New Millennium
  - Always-on internet connectivity + internet of things!
  - AI breakthroughs
  - HCI breakthroughs
  - Post-PC Era (power is in cloud, interface in pocket)

"The best way to predict the future is to invent it" – Alan Kay

# The Future is up to you!

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## Question 11

**Question 11: Eating my Halloween candy well beyond Thanksgiving...** (6 pts)  
Your mom asks you the difference between an iterative and recursive solution to a problem. You decide to explain it to her by showing how you would program a robot to eat a bag of M&Ms iteratively and recursively. Assume the robot knows how to "eat one M&M" and check if "Bag is Empty".

| Eat M&Ms Iteratively: | Eat M&Ms Recursively: |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| <br><br><br><br><br>  | <br><br><br><br><br>  |

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## Question 12: Magical Mystery Tour (11 pts)

a) Below each script, write ALL the possible values of `list` after each script is run.

| Script 1  | Script 2   |
|---|--|
| <pre> script variables list set list to list A B swap 1 and 2 in list swap 1 and 2 in list </pre> | <pre> script variables list set list to list A B C launch swap 1 and 2 in list swap 1 and 2 in list </pre> |
| <br><br><br>  | <br><br><br>   |

b) Assuming `swap` and `pick-random` are constant-time operations, `length-of(list)` is a linear-time operation, what is the running time of `mystery`? \_\_\_\_\_

c) What does `mystery` do?

d) Assuming you didn't know how `mystery` was written, but were just given the spec from your answer to (c), how would you test `mystery` really, really, really thoroughly? (this is called black-box testing)

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## Question 14: Give me some love! XOXO... (10 pts)

You decide to write `love`, a function to chart how affectionate you are (i.e., what you do) with your sweetie over the course of a given day (day 1 is your first day together, day 2 is your second, etc.). It returns a (possibly long) sentence whose elements are only: hugs (o), kisses (x), and just hanging out (-). We provide a helper block `reverse-words`, that does what you'd imagine: `reverse-words("CS10 is fun") → "fun is CS10"`

a) What will you do on day 3? I.e., what will `love 3` return? If it is an error, say what the error is. If it is an infinite loop, write "it never returns".

b) What will you do on day 4? I.e., what will `love 4` return? If it is an error, say what the error is. If it is an infinite loop, write "it never returns".

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## Question 14

c) Now let's do some analysis of your long-term relationship. What are the first three and last three things you do on day 9999? That is, what are the first three and last three letters of `love 9999`? Fill in the blanks.

d) `love` can return a long and seemingly random sequence of `xs`, `os` & `-s`. For each of the following activities, circle either POSSIBLE or IMPOSSIBLE if it's ever possible to do these things someday. The first one is already done for you.

- POSSIBLE IMPOSSIBLE : "- - -" (Hang out three times in a row)
- POSSIBLE IMPOSSIBLE : "- - - -" (Hang out four times in a row)
- POSSIBLE IMPOSSIBLE : "o x" (Hug immediately followed by a kiss)
- POSSIBLE IMPOSSIBLE : "o o" (Hug twice in a row)

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# Q15

**Question 15: A sorted Question (10 pts)**

Recall that our `map` function usually takes a `Function` (of one argument) and one `List`, and applies the `Function` to every element of the list, returning a `List` of the same size. It can also take many lists, and in this case the `Function` must take the number of arguments equal to the number of lists, all the same size. The elements of the lists are one-by-one passed as arguments to the function. E.g.

a) Write the following new block in "crush" of `map` that takes a `Function` (of two arguments) and a `List` (of at least two items) and applies the function to every pair of two neighbors, returning a list one element smaller than the input. You may not use explicit recursion or iteration, and you may find the list manipulation helper functions (listed below) helpful. Here is an example call:

```
map(function)over-neighbors-in(list)
return()
```

b) Now, using this function you've written in (a), write `Sorted?`(`List`) that returns `True` when the input list is sorted in ascending order (i.e., every element is smaller than the ones after it, like the list `(3 4 7)`). Again, you may not use explicit recursion or iteration.

```
Sorted?(list)
return()
```

**List manipulation helper functions**

| Name                                | Description   | Example   |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| <code>item(n)of(list)</code>        | Returns item at list index <code>num</code>                                     | <code>item(3)of( (eval is fun) ) → fun</code>             |
| <code>all-but-first-of(list)</code> | Returns a new list with the last element removed. Doesn't change the original.  | <code>all-but-first-of( (eval is fun) ) → (is fun)</code> |
| <code>all-but-last-of(list)</code>  | Returns a new list with the first element removed. Doesn't change the original. | <code>all-but-last-of( (eval is fun) ) → (eval is)</code> |

# The Future for Future Cal Alumni

## THANK YOU!

## Good Luck!

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