

# On gradual LNL-models

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## 1 Gradual LNL model

**Definition 1.** A *gradual LNL-model* consists of

1. a gradual  $\lambda$ -model  $G\lambda^* = (\mathcal{T}, C, *_C, \top, \text{split}, \text{squash}, \text{box}, \text{unbox}, \text{error})$
2. a symmetric monoidal closed category  $(\mathcal{L}, I, \otimes, \multimap)$  with distinguished object  $*_{\mathcal{L}}$
3. a pair of symmetric monoidal functors  $(G, n) : \mathcal{L} \longrightarrow C$  and  $(F, m) : C \longrightarrow \mathcal{L}$  forming a symmetric monoidal adjunction with  $F \dashv G$ .

that satisfy the following additional conditions:

1.  $F* \multimap F*$  is a retract of  $F(* \Rightarrow *)$ . That is, there exist morphisms  $m_r : F(*) \multimap F(*) \longrightarrow F(* \Rightarrow *)$  and  $m_l : F(* \Rightarrow *) \longrightarrow F(*) \multimap F(*)$  with  $m_r; m_l = \text{id}_{F(*) \multimap F(*)}$ .
2.  $G(*) \cong *$

The subscript on  $*$  shall be omitted below where the meaning is clear from the context.

We now show that  $F$  preserves the retract properties of  $\text{squash}_S$  and  $\text{split}_S$  in  $C$  for  $* \Rightarrow *$  and  $* \times *$ . That is, we shall show that  $F(*) \multimap F(*)$  is a retract of  $F*$ , as is  $F* \otimes F*$ .

**Lemma 2.**  $F(*) \multimap F(*)$  is a retract of  $F*$  with morphisms  $\mathcal{L}\text{squash}_{F* \multimap F*} := m_{*,*}; F\text{squash}_{* \Rightarrow *}$  and  $\mathcal{L}\text{split}_{* \Rightarrow *} := F\text{split}_{* \Rightarrow *}; p_{*,*}$ .

*Proof.* Observe that:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}\text{squash}; \mathcal{L}\text{split} &= m_{*,*}; F\text{squash}_{* \Rightarrow *}; F\text{split}_{* \Rightarrow *}; p_{*,*} \\
 &= m_{*,*}; F(\text{squash}_{* \Rightarrow *}; \text{split}_{* \Rightarrow *}); p_{*,*} \\
 &= m_{*,*}; F(\text{id}_{* \Rightarrow *}); p_{*,*} \\
 &= m_{*,*}; \text{id}_{F(* \Rightarrow *)}; p_{*,*} \\
 &= m_{*,*}; p_{*,*} \\
 &= \text{id}_{F(*) \otimes F(*)}
 \end{aligned}$$

□

## References

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- [4] Joachim Lambek. The mathematics of sentence structure. *American Mathematical Monthly*, pages 154–170, 1958.