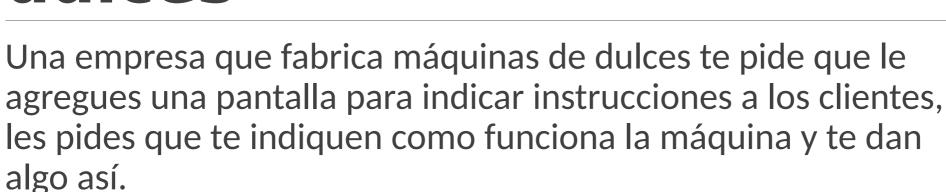
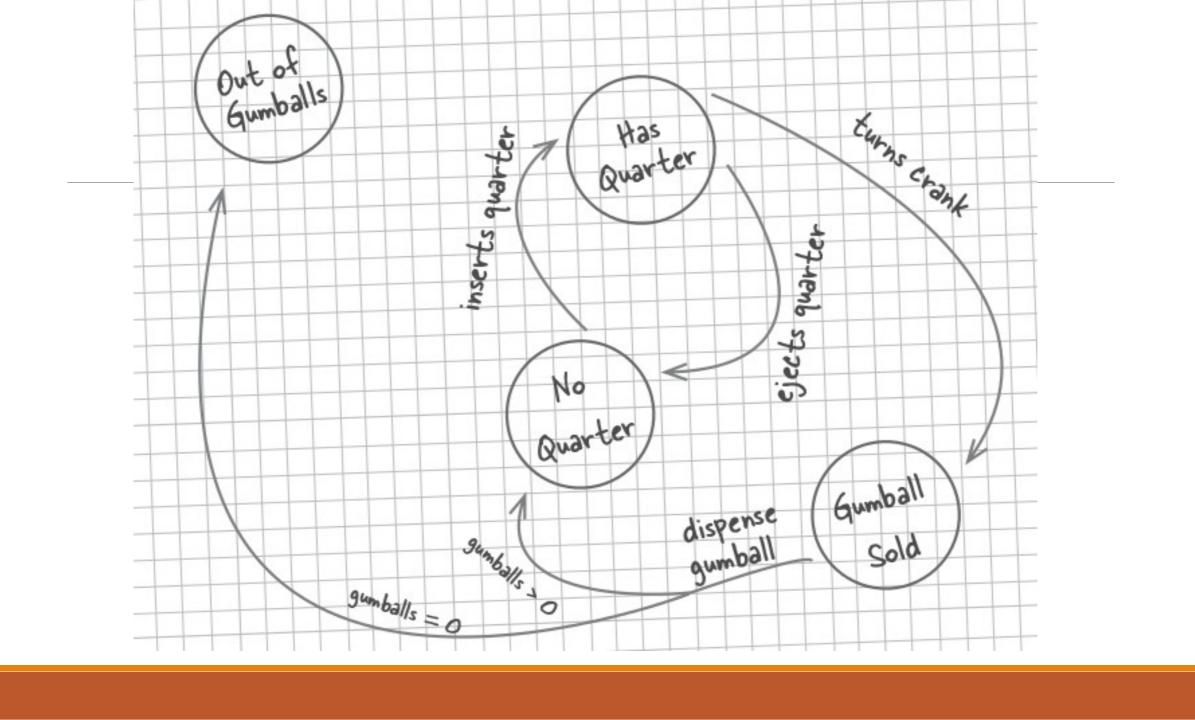
# Patrón de diseño "State"

# Problema: Maquina de dulces



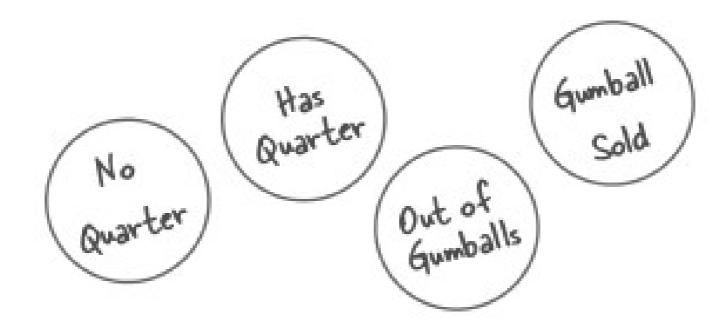




# ¿Qué hacemos con eso?

El diagrama no son especificaciones, es un diagrama de estados, así que hay que analizarlo por partes.

### Los estados



### Las acciones

```
inserts quarter turns crank
ejects quarter
dispense
```

### Identificando los estados

Como primera idea pongamos cada estado como un entero y guardemos el "estado" actual en otro entero.

```
final static int SOLD_OUT = 0;
final static int NO_QUARTER = 1;
final static int HAS_QUARTER = 2;
final static int SOLD = 3;

int state = SOLD_OUT;
```

# Implementando las acciones

Las acciones las implementamos como métodos, pero hay que evitar que se realicen acciones en estados que no están permitidas esa acciones.

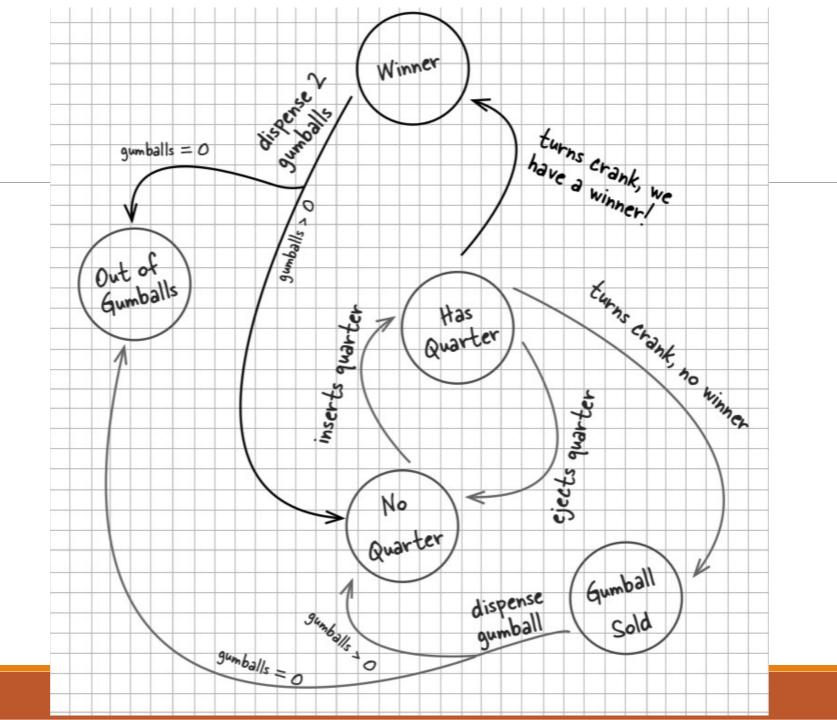
```
public void insertQuarter() {
    if (state == HAS QUARTER) {
        System.out.println("You can't insert another quarter");
    } else if (state == SOLD OUT) {
        System.out.println("You can't insert a quarter, the machine is sold out");
    } else if (state == SOLD) {
        System.out.println("Please wait, we're already giving you a gumball");
    } else if (state == NO QUARTER) {
        state = HAS QUARTER;
        System.out.println("You inserted a quarter");
```

# Y así hacemos para los otros métodos. FIN



# Y ahora...; cambios!

El código parece funcionar bien, pero ahora el jefe quiere agregar una promoción, una de cada diez veces la máquina entregará dos dulces en lugar de uno.



# ¿Cuál es el problema?

Para cada estado que se agregue hay que agregar condicionales en cada método que existe, además de agregar la transición de estados y el nuevo estado.

# ¿Cómo arreglamos esto?

Recuerden los principios de diseño hay que encapsular lo que cambia, en este caso lo que cambia son las acciones a realizar dependiendo del estado.

# Diagrama de estados



insertQuarter() ejectQuarter()

turnCrank()

dispense()







#### SoldState

insertQuarter() ejectQuarter() turnCrank() dispense()

#### SoldOutState

insertQuarter() ejectQuarter() turnCrank() dispense()

#### **NoQuarterState**

insertQuarter() ejectQuarter() turnCrank() dispense()

#### **HasQuarterState**

insertQuarter() ejectQuarter() turnCrank() dispense()

```
public class GumballMachine {
    final static int SOLD_OUT = 0;
    final static int NO_QUARTER = 1;
    final static int HAS_QUARTER = 2;
    final static int SOLD = 3;

int state = SOLD_OUT;
    int count = 0;
```

```
public class GumballMachine {
    State soldOutState;
    State noQuarterState;
    State hasQuarterState;
    State soldState;

State state = soldOutState;
int count = 0;
```

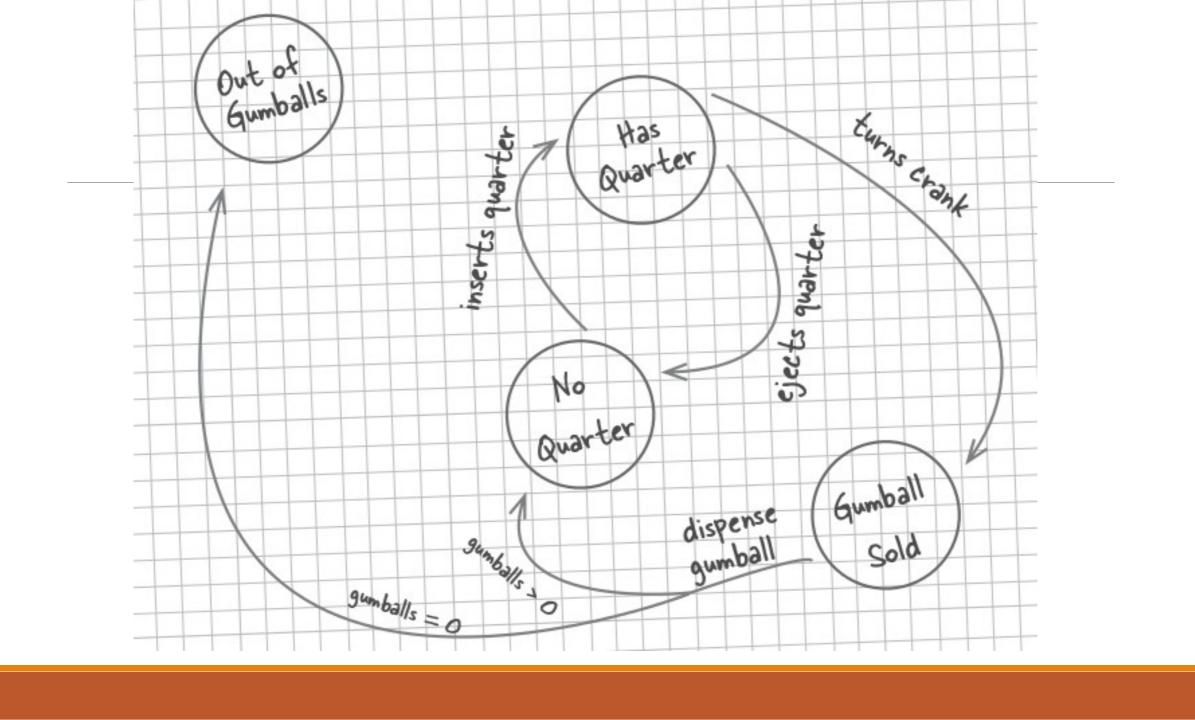
```
public class GumballMachine {
    State soldOutState;
    State noQuarterState;
    State hasQuarterState;
    State soldState;
    State state;
    int count = 0;
    public GumballMachine(int numberGumballs) {
        soldOutState = new SoldOutState(this);
        noQuarterState = new NoQuarterState(this);
        hasQuarterState = new HasQuarterState(this);
        soldState = new SoldState(this);
        this.count = numberGumballs;
        if (numberGumballs > 0) {
            state = noQuarterState;
        } else {
            state = soldOutState;
    public void insertQuarter() {
        state.insertQuarter();
```

```
public interface State {
    public void insertQuarter();
    public void ejectQuarter();
    public void turnCrank();
    public void dispense();
}
```

```
public class NoQuarterState implements State {
    GumballMachine gumballMachine;
    public NoQuarterState(GumballMachine gumballMachine) {
        this.gumballMachine = gumballMachine;
    public void insertQuarter() {
        System.out.println("You inserted a quarter");
        gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.getHasQuarterState());
    public void ejectQuarter() {
        System.out.println("You haven't inserted a quarter");
    public void turnCrank() {
        System.out.println("You turned, but there's no quarter");
    public void dispense() {
        System.out.println("You need to pay first");
```

```
public class SoldOutState implements State {
   GumballMachine gumballMachine;
   public SoldOutState(GumballMachine gumballMachine) {
       this.gumballMachine = gumballMachine;
   public void insertQuarter() {
       System.out.println("You can't insert a quarter, the machine is sold out");
   public void ejectQuarter() {
       System.out.println("You can't eject, you haven't inserted a quarter yet");
   public void turnCrank() {
       System.out.println("You turned, but there are no gumballs");
   public void dispense() {
       System.out.println("No gumball dispensed");
```

```
public class SoldState implements State {
   GumballMachine gumballMachine;
    public SoldState(GumballMachine gumballMachine) {
        this.gumballMachine = gumballMachine;
    public void insertQuarter() {
        System.out.println("Please wait, we're already giving you a gumball");
    public void ejectQuarter() {
        System.out.println("Sorry, you already turned the crank");
    public void turnCrank() {
        System.out.println("Turning twice doesn't get you another gumball!");
    public void dispense() {
        gumballMachine.releaseBall();
        if (gumballMachine.getCount() > 0) {
            gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.getNoQuarterState());
        } else {
            System.out.println("Oops, out of gumballs!");
            gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.getSoldOutState());
```

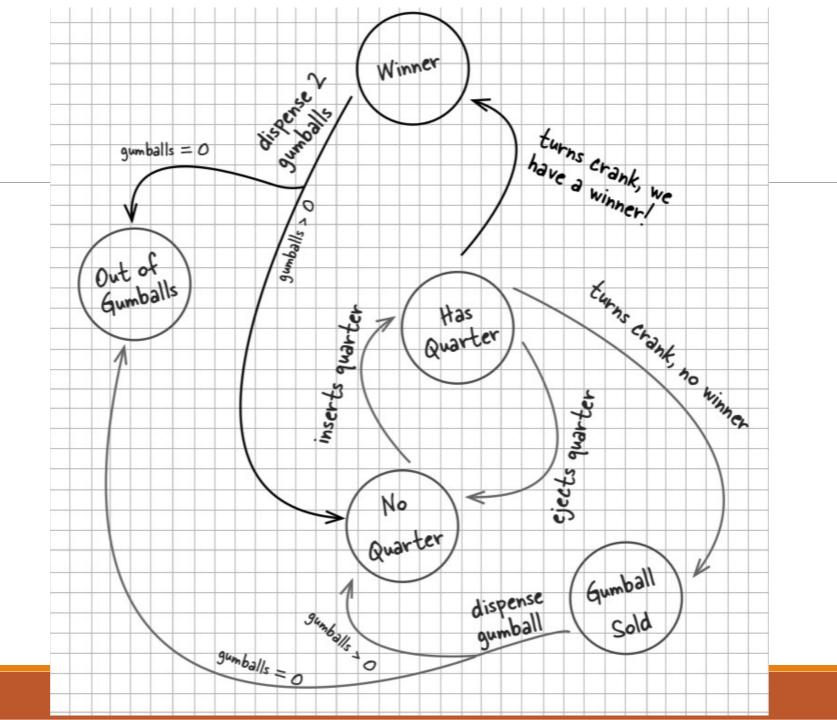


```
public class HasQuarterState implements State {
   GumballMachine gumballMachine;
   public HasQuarterState(GumballMachine gumballMachine) {
        this.gumballMachine = gumballMachine;
   public void insertQuarter() {
        System.out.println("You can't insert another quarter");
   public void ejectQuarter() {
        System.out.println("Quarter returned");
        gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.getNoQuarterState());
   public void turnCrank() {
        System.out.println("You turned...");
        gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.getSoldState());
   public void dispense() {
        System.out.println("No gumball dispensed");
```

Ahora si van los cambios para implementar la promo

# Cambios en la clase principal

```
public class GumballMachine {
   State soldOutState;
   State noQuarterState;
   State hasQuarterState;
   State soldState;
   State winnerState;
   State state = soldOutState;
   int count = 0;
    public GumballMachine(int numberGumballs) {
        soldOutState = new SoldOutState(this);
        noQuarterState = new NoQuarterState(this);
        hasQuarterState = new HasQuarterState(this);
        soldState = new SoldState(this);
        winnerState = new WinnerState(this);
```



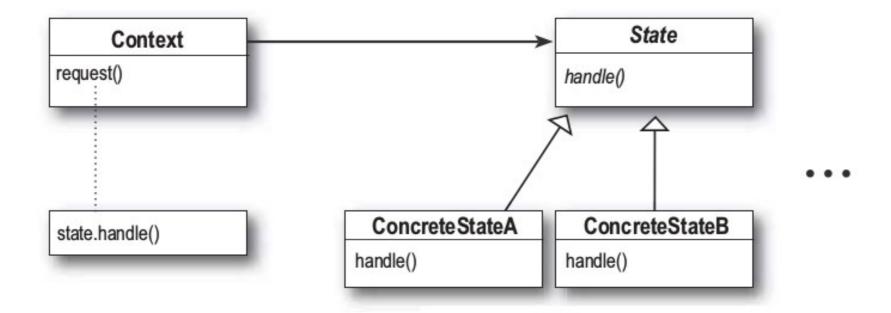
```
public class HasQuarterState implements State {
   Random randomWinner = new Random(System.currentTimeMillis());
   GumballMachine gumballMachine;
   public HasQuarterState(GumballMachine gumballMachine) {
       this.gumballMachine = gumballMachine;
   public void insertQuarter() {
       System.out.println("You can't insert another quarter");
   public void ejectQuarter() {
       System.out.println("Quarter returned");
       gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.getNoQuarterState());
   public void turnCrank() {
       System.out.println("You turned...");
       int winner = randomWinner.nextInt(10);
       if ((winner == 0) && (gumballMachine.getCount() > 1)) {
            gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.getWinnerState());
       } else {
            gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.getSoldState());
   public void dispense() {
       System.out.println("No gumball dispensed");
```

```
public class WinnerState implements State {
   GumballMachine gumballMachine;
   public WinnerState(GumballMachine gumballMachine) {
        this.gumballMachine = gumballMachine;
   public void insertQuarter() {
        System.out.println("Please wait, we're already giving you a Gumball");
   public void ejectQuarter() {
       System.out.println("Please wait, we're already giving you a Gumball");
   public void turnCrank() {
        System.out.println("Turning again doesn't get you another gumball!");
   public void dispense() {
        gumballMachine.releaseBall();
        if (gumballMachine.getCount() == 0) {
            qumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.getSoldOutState());
       } else {
            qumballMachine.releaseBall();
            System.out.println("YOU'RE A WINNER! You got two gumballs for your quarter");
           if (gumballMachine.getCount() > 0) {
                qumballMachine.setState(qumballMachine.getNoQuarterState());
            } else {
                System.out.println("Oops, out of gumballs!");
                qumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.getSoldOutState());
```

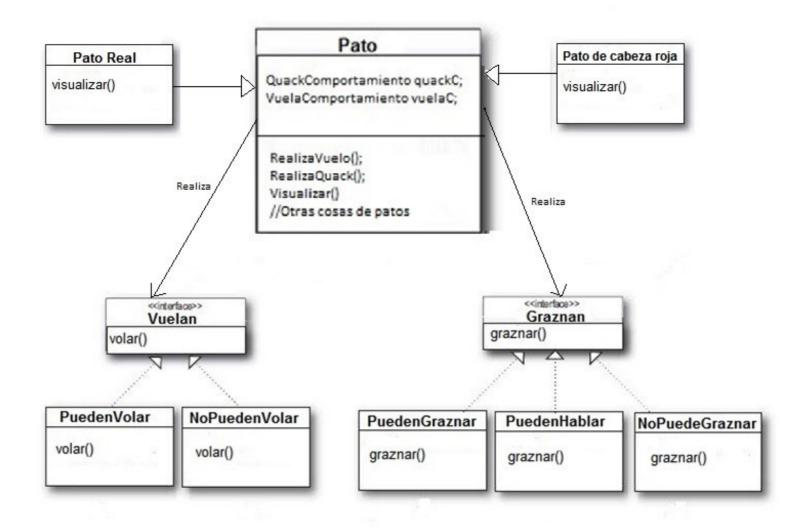
# El patrón "State" definido

El patrón "state" permite a un objeto alterar su comportamiento cuando su estado interno cambia, el objeto aparenta cambiar su clase.

# Diagrama general



# ¿Recuerdan a los patos?



# Diferencias con "Strategy"

La diferencia es la intención:

# Diferencias con "Strategy"

La diferencia es la intención:

- El patrón de diseño "strategy" se usa cuando tienes uno o varias clases que comparten cierta similitud en su comportamiento, y se puede cambiar entre estos, pero sin importar un estado interno.
- El patrón de diseño "state" se usa cuando una clase tiene distintas fases (estados) y en cada una de estas su comportamiento es distinto