Practical File

Subject: Design and Analysis of Algorithm

CSB 252

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Index

Linear Search

//Source Code

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int LS(int ar[],int size,int val)

{

    int i;

    for(i=0;i<size;i++){

        if(ar[i]==val)

            return i;

    }

  return -1;

}

int main()

{

   int a[50],n,i,val,index;

   cout<<"No. of elements: ";

   cin>>n;

   cout<<"Enter elements\n";

   for(i=0;i<n;i++)

      cin>>a[i];
```

```
  cout<<"No. you want to search for : ";
  cin>>val;
  index=LS(a,n,val);
  if(index==-1)
    cout<<"Not found!!";
  else
    cout<<val<<" is present at index "<<index+1;
  return 0;
}
```

Output

```
Roll No. 161210040
No. of elements: 7
Enter elements
1
3
5
7
9
2
4
You want to search for : 7
7 is present at index 4
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 15.803 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Binary Search

//Source Code

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {

int search(int [],int,int);

int n,i,a[100],e,res;

cout<<"Roll Number. 161210040"<<endl;

cout<<"Enter size of the array:"<<endl;

cin>>n;

cout<<"\nEnter Elements of Array in Ascending order\n";

   for(i=0;i<n;++i)    {

            cin>>a[i];

}

cout<<"\nEnter element to search:";    cin>>e;

res=search(a,n,e);

if(res!=-1)

  cout<<"\nElement found at position "<<res+1;

else

  cout<<"\nElement is not found....!!!";

return 0;

}

int search(int a[],int n,int e)

{

int f,l,m;
```

```
f=0;
l=n-1;
while(f<=l)   {
        m=(f+l)/2;
        if(e==a[m])
                return(m);
        else if (e>a[m])
                f=m+1;
        else
                l=m-1;
}
   return -1;
}
```

Output

```
Roll No. 161210040
Enter size of the array:
5

Enter Elements of Array in Ascending order
1
3
5
7
9

Enter element to search:5

Element found at position 3
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 17.010 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Insertion Sort

//Source Code

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int  main()

{

   int size, arr[50], i, j, temp;

   cout<<"Enter Array Size : ";

   cin>>size;

   cout<<"Enter Array Elements : ";

   for(i=0; i<size; i++)

   {

      cin>>arr[i];

   }

   cout<<"Sorting array\n";

   for(i=1; i<size; i++)

   {

      temp=arr[i];

      j=i-1;

      while((temp<arr[j]) && (j>=0))

      {

         arr[j+1]=arr[j];

         j=j-1;

      }
```

```
      arr[j+1]=temp;
    }
    cout<<"Sorted Array : \n";
    for(i=0; i<size; i++)
    {
      cout<<arr[i]<<" ";
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output

```
Roll No. 161210040
Enter Array Size : 5
Enter Array Elements : 9
1
8
2
5
Sorted Array :
1 2 5 8 9
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 6.861 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Quick Sort

//Source Code

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

void quick_sort(int[],int,int);

int partition(int[],int,int);

int main()

{

   int a[50],n,i;

   cout<<"Roll No. 161210040";

   cout<<"\nNo. of elements : ";

   cin>>n;

   cout<<"\nEnter elements\n";


   for(i=0;i<n;i++)

      cin>>a[i];


   quick_sort(a,0,n-1);

   cout<<"\nSorted Array\n";


   for(i=0;i<n;i++)

      cout<<a[i]<<" ";

   return 0;

}
```

```
void quick_sort(int a[],int l,int u)
{
   int j;
   if(l<u)
   {
      j=partition(a,l,u);
      quick_sort(a,l,j-1);
      quick_sort(a,j+1,u);
   }
}

int partition(int a[],int l,int u)
{
   int v,i,j,temp;
   v=a[l];
   i=l;
   j=u+1;
   do
   {   do
         i++;
      while(a[i]<v&&i<=u);
      do
         j--;
      while(v<a[j]);
      if(i<j)
```

```
    {
      temp=a[i];
      a[i]=a[j];
      a[j]=temp;
    }
  }
while(i<j);
  a[l]=a[j];
  a[j]=v;
  return(j);
}
```

Output

```
Roll No. 161210040
No. of elements : 5

Enter elements
7
1
6
4
2

Sorted Array
1 2 4 6 7
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 6.596 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Min Heap

//Source Code

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

void min_heapify(int *a,int i,int n)

{

   int j, temp;

   temp = a[i];

   j = 2 * i;

   while (j <= n)

   {

      if (j < n && a[j+1] < a[j])

         j = j + 1;

      if (temp < a[j])          break;

      else if (temp >= a[j])

      {

         a[j/2] = a[j];

         j = 2 * j;

      }

   }

   a[j/2] = temp;

   return;

}

void build_minheap(int *a, int n)

{
```

```
    int i;
    for(i = n/2; i >= 1; i--)
    {
        min_heapify(a,i,n);
    }
}
int main()
{
    int n, i, x;
    cout<<"Enter no of elements of Heap:\n";
    cin>>n;
    int a[20];
    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    {
        cout<<"Enter Number "<<(i)<<endl;
        cin>>a[i];
    }
    build_minheap(a, n);
    cout<<"Min Heap\n";
    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    {
        cout<<a[i]<<endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output

```
Enter no of elements of Heap:
5
Enter Number 1
6
Enter Number 2
1
Enter Number 3
9
Enter Number 4
2
Enter Number 5
8
Min Heap
1
2
9
6
8

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 15.378 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Breadth First Search

//Source Code

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int cost[10][10],i,j,k,n,qu[10],front,rare,v,visit[10],visited[10];

int main()

{

   int m;

   cout<<"Roll No. 161210040\n";

   cout <<"Enter no of vertices:";

   cin >> n;

   cout <<"Enter no of edges:";

   cin >> m;

   cout <<"\nEdges \n";

   for(k=1; k<=m; k++)

   {

      cin >>i>>j;

      cost[i][j]=1;

   }

   cout <<"Enter initial vertex to start traversal:";

   cin >>v;

   cout <<"Visited vertices:";

   cout <<v<<" ";

   visited[v]=1;

   k=1;
```

```
    while(k<n)
    {
        for(j=1; j<=n; j++)
            if(cost[v][j]!=0 && visited[j]!=1 && visit[j]!=1)
            {
                visit[j]=1;
                qu[rare++]=j;
            }
        v=qu[front++];
        cout<<v <<" ";
        k++;
        visit[v]=0;
        visited[v]=1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output

```
Roll No. 161210040
Enter no of vertices:4
Enter no of edges:4

Edges
1 2
1 3
2 4
2 3
Enter initial vertex to start traversal:1
Visited vertices:1 2 3 4
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 26.317 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Depth First Search

//Source Code

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int cost[10][10],i,j,k,n,stk[10],top,v,visit[10],visited[10];

int main()

{

   int m;

   cout<<"Roll Number 161210040\n";

   cout <<"Enter No. of Vertices";

   cin >> n;

   cout <<"Enter No. of Edges";

   cin >> m;

   cout <<"\nEdges: \n";

   for(k=1; k<=m; k++)

   {

      cin >>i>>j;

      cost[i][j]=1;

   }

   cout <<"Enter Initial Vertex";

   cin >>v;

   cout <<"Visited vertices are in the order: "<<endl;

   cout << v <<" ";
```

```
    visited[v]=1;
    k=1;
    while(k<n)
    {
        for(j=n; j>=1; j--) if(cost[v][j]!=0 && visited[j]!=1 && visit[j]!=1)
            {
                visit[j]=1;
                stk[top]=j;
                top++;
            }
        v=stk[--top];
        cout<<v << " ";
        k++;
        visit[v]=0;
        visited[v]=1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output

```
Roll Number 161210040
Enter No. of Vertices
4
Enter No. of Edges
4

Edges:
1 2
1 3
2 4
3 4
Enter Initial Vertex
1
Visited vertices are in the order:
1 2 4 3
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 15.244 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Fractional Knapsack

//Source Code

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int max(int a, int b)

{

   return (a > b)? a : b;

}


int knapSack(int W, int wt[], int val[], int n)

{

   if (n == 0 || W == 0)

      return 0;


   else if (wt[n-1] > W)

      return knapSack(W, wt, val, n-1);


   else

      return max( val[n-1] + knapSack(W-wt[n-1], wt, val, n-1),knapSack(W, wt, val, n-1));

}

int main()

{

   int W;

   int val[3],wt[3];
```

```
    cout<<"Roll Number 161210040\n";
    cout<<"Enter Maximum allowed weight: \n";
    cin>>W;

    cout<<"Enter the value of items\n";
    for (int i=0; i<3; i++)
    {
        cin>>val[i];
    }
    cout<<"Enter the weight of items\n";
    for (int i=0; i<3; i++)
    {
        cin>>wt[i];
    }

    int n = sizeof(val)/sizeof(val[0]);
    cout<< "Maximum Profit: " <<knapSack(W, wt, val, n);

}
```

Output

```
Roll Number 161210040
Enter Maximum allowed weight:
50
Enter the value of items
60
100
120
Enter the weight of items
10
20
30
Maximum Profit: 220
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 47.559 s
Press any key to continue.
```

0/1 Knapsack

//Source Code

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int max(int a, int b)

{

   return (a > b)? a : b;

}

int knapSack(int W, int wt[], int val[], int n)

{

   int i, w;

   int K[n+1][W+1];

   for (i = 0; i <= n; i++)

   {

      for (w = 0; w <= W; w++)

      {

         if (i==0 || w==0)

            K[i][w] = 0;

         else if (wt[i-1] <= w)

            K[i][w] = max(val[i-1] + K[i-1][w-wt[i-1]],  K[i-1][w]);

         else

            K[i][w] = K[i-1][w];

      }

   }

   return K[n][W];
```

```
}
int main()
{
   cout<<"Roll Number 161210040\n";
   int i, n, val[20], wt[20], W;
   cout<<"Enter number of items:"<<endl;
   cin>>n;
   cout<<"Enter value and weight of items:\n";
   for(i = 0; i < n; ++i)
   {
      cin>>val[i]>>wt[i];
   }
   cout<<"Enter Max Allowed Wt:"<<endl;
   cin>>W;
   cout<<"Maximum profit is:"<<endl;
   cout<< knapSack(W, wt, val, n);
   return 0;
}
```

Output

```
Roll Number 161210040
Enter number of items:
3
Enter value and weight of items:
60 10
100 20
120 30
Enter Max Allowed Wt:
50
Maximum profit is:
220
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 44.461 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Travelling Salesman Problem

//Source Code

```
#include<stdio.h>

int a[10][10],visited[10],n,cost=0;

void get()

{

	int i,j;

	printf("Enter No. of Cities: ");

	scanf("%d",&n);

	printf("\nEnter Cost Matrix\n");

	for(i=0;i < n;i++)

	{

		printf("\nEnter Elements of Row # : %d\n",i+1);

		for( j=0;j < n;j++)

			scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);

		visited[i]=0;

	}

	printf("\n\nThe cost list is:\n\n");

	for( i=0;i < n;i++)

	{

		printf("\n\n");

		for(j=0;j < n;j++)

			printf("\t%d",a[i][j]);

	}
```

```
}
int least(int c)
{
	int i,nc=999;
	int min=999,kmin;
	for(i=0;i < n;i++)
	{
		if((a[c][i]!=0)&&(visited[i]==0))
			if(a[c][i] < min)
			{
				min=a[i][0]+a[c][i];
				kmin=a[c][i];
				nc=i;
			}
	}
	if(min!=999)
		cost+=kmin;
	return nc;
}
void mincost(int city)
{
	int i,ncity;
	visited[city]=1;
	printf("%d --> ",city+1);
	ncity=least(city);
```

```
        if(ncity==999)
        {
                ncity=0;
                printf("%d",ncity+1);
                cost+=a[city][ncity];
                return;
        }
        mincost(ncity);
}
void put()
{
        printf("\n\nMinimum cost:\n\n");
  printf("\n");
        printf("%d",cost);
}

int main()
{
        get();
        printf("\n\nThe Path is:\n\n");
        mincost(0);
        put();
  return 0;
}
```

Output

```
Enter No. of Cities: 4

Enter Cost Matrix

Enter Elements of Row # : 1
0 4 1 3

Enter Elements of Row # : 2
4 0 2 1

Enter Elements of Row # : 3
1 0 2 5

Enter Elements of Row # : 4
3 1 5 0


The cost list is:


        0       4       1       3

        4       0       2       1

        1       0       2       5

        3       1       5       0

The Path is:

1 --> 3 --> 4 --> 2 --> 1

Minimum cost:


11
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 91.680 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Longest Common Subsequence

//Source Code

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string.h>
using namespace std;
void lcs( char *X, char *Y, int m, int n )
{
  int L[m+1][n+1];
  for (int i=0; i<=m; i++)
  {
    for (int j=0; j<=n; j++)
    {
      if (i == 0 || j == 0)
        L[i][j] = 0;
      else if (X[i-1] == Y[j-1])
        L[i][j] = L[i-1][j-1] + 1;
      else
        L[i][j] = max(L[i-1][j], L[i][j-1]);
    }
  }
  int index = L[m][n];
  char lcs[index+1];
  lcs[index] = ' ';
  int i = m, j = n;
  while (i > 0 && j > 0) {
```

```
    if (X[i-1] == Y[j-1])
    {
        lcs[index-1] = X[i-1];
        i--; j--; index--;
    }
    else if (L[i-1][j] > L[i][j-1])
      i--;
    else
      j--;
  }
  cout << "\nLongest Common Subsequence of " << X << " and " << Y << " is " << lcs;
}
int main()
{  char x[20],y[20];
  int m,n;
  cout<<"Roll No. 161210040\n";
  cout<<"Enter 1st sequence : ";
  cin>>x;
  cout<<"\nEnter 2nd sequence : ";
  cin>>y;
  m=strlen(x);
  n=strlen(y);
  lcs(x,y,m,n);
  return 0;
}
```

Output

```
Roll No. 161210040
Enter 1st sequence : YELLOW

Enter 2nd sequence : HELLO

Longest Common Subsequence of YELLOW and HELLO is ELLO ▯@
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 8.489 s
Press any key to continue.
```