# ABM Tutorial Part 1

# **Getting Started**

Downloading & Installing Netlogo

Accessing This Tutorial on GitHub

# **About Agent-Based Modeling**

## Writing Your First Models

### A Basic Template for Nearly Every Model

A newly started NetLogo model has no buttons nor any code. But in my experience, nearly every model has a setup and go buttons. Likewise, there are to setup and to go procedures to go with those buttons. Most models also tend to have some global, patch, and turtle variables.

Instead of creating these items every time I start a model, I like to have a basic template to start from. Such a template might look like this:

And the corresponding code block looks like this.

### $File: \ 00-base\_template.nlogo:$

```
;; basic NetLogo model template
;; Author: First Last
;; Date: 8 July 2019

globals [
]

patches-own [
]

turtles-own [
]

to setup
   clear-all

  reset-ticks
end

to go
   tick
end
```

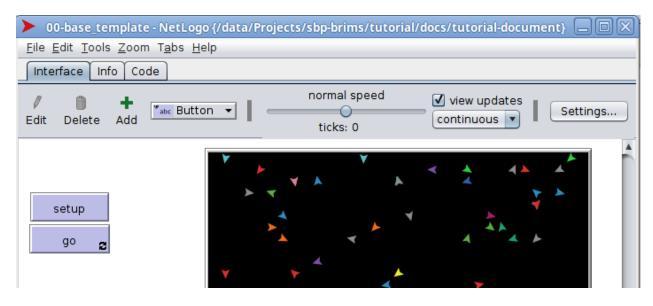


Figure 1:

Note that this NetLogo model does pretty much nothing except clear the environment.

To use this template, open it up and save-as using the name you want for your new model.

### A Basic Template that Does Something

Many models feature a population of turtles that randomly move around. So this slightly more advanced template adds a slider to provide the count of the population, along with code in the setup procedure to create that population (and randomly place them in the world). It also adds a new wiggle procedure that causes the turtles to randomly turn a bit, along with code in the go procedure to ask the turtles to wiggle then move forward.

Things to note:

- sliders show up as global variables, but they're defined in the interace and not in the code itself)
- the wiggle procedure was borrowed from the Ants model that can be found in the Model Library the Model Library is an excellent source of ways to solve a huge variety of problems
- wiggle works by having the turtles turn to the right at a random angle up to 40 degrees, then to the left at another random angle up to 40 degrees.

And the corresponding code block looks like this.

#### File: 01-base\_template\_moving\_population.nlogo:

```
;; basic NetLogo model template, with randomly moving population
;; Author: First Last
;; Date: 8 July 2019
globals [
]
patches-own [
]
turtles-own [
```

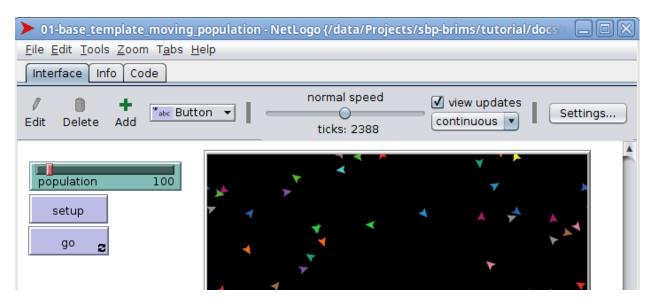


Figure 2:

```
]
to setup
  clear-all
  create-turtles population [
    setxy random-pxcor random-pycor
  reset-ticks
end
to go
  ask turtles [
    wiggle
    forward 1
  ٦
  tick
end
to wiggle ;; turtle procedure - borrowed from ants model
  right random 40
  left random 40
  if not can-move? 1 [ rt 180 ]
end
```

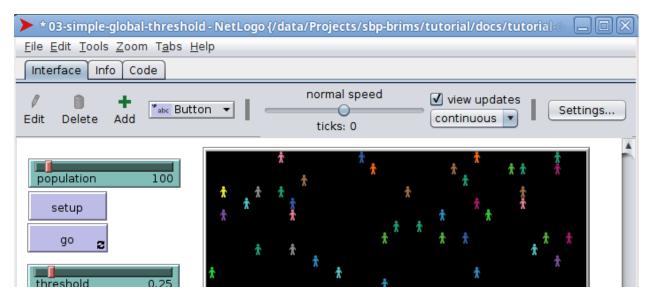


Figure 3:

# A First Population Opinion Model

For our first model that exhibits some Population Opinion Dynamics, we'll start by considering some of the models described in a paper by Pawel Sobkowicz of the National Centre for Nuclear Research, Warsaw, Poland, "Extremism without extremists: Deffuant model with emotions", published in Frontiers in Physics in 2015

(https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fphy.2015.00017/full)

### Opinions, Thresholds, and Exchanges

#### Things to Consider (Leading to Variables!)

From the description of the model in the paper, we can start to think about what might be needed to implement a NetLogo model.

First let's consider the agents:

- there's only one type of turtle (e.g. a person), so there's no need to make new breeds
- a person has an opinion  $(person_i)$  has an opinion  $o_i$ )

Next, let's think about global variables. The paper mentions a threshold d and an convergence rate u. Since both of these can take on a range of values set by the model's user, it makes sense to make these into sliders.

It also might be helpful to define some hard limits like the bounds of opinion (-1 to 1) as global variables that are managed strictly within the code.

And while the agents wil move around and encounter one another randomly, there's no information needed about where they are, so we won't need any patch variables.

Setting up these variables, we have something that looks like this:

And the corresponding code block looks like this.

#### File: 03-simple-global-threshold.nlogo:

```
;; basic population opinion dynamics with global threshold
;; Author: First Last
;; Date: 8 July 2019
globals [
        ;; maximum possible opinion
  o-max
  o-min ;; minimum possible opinion
1
turtles-own [
  opinion ;; opinion on spectrum from -1 to 1
to setup
  clear-all
  ;; set global variables
  set o-max 1
  set o-min -1
  create-turtles population [
    set shape "person"
    setxy random-pxcor random-pycor
   ;; set turtle's opinion as uniform-random between opinion bounds
    set opinion random-float (o-max - o-min) + o-min
    set-turtle-color
  reset-ticks
end
to go
  ask turtles [
    wiggle
    forward 1
  tick
to wiggle ;; turtle procedure - borrowed from ants model
  right random 40
  left random 40
  if not can-move? 1 [ rt 180 ]
end
to set-turtle-color ;; turtle procedure
  ifelse opinion > 0
  [ set color scale-color red opinion (o-max * 1.5) 0 ]
  [ set color scale-color blue (0 - opinion) (o-max * 1.5) 0 ]
```

end

Note:

- the opinions of turtles are set randomly, drawing from a uniform distribution (random-float)
- the shape of the turtles were changed to people
- we've added a turtle procedure to set their color based on the sign and intensity of their opinions

#### Now the Interactions

```
opinion_i(t+1) = opinion_i(t) + u(opinion_j(t) - opinion_i(t))

opinion_j(t+1) = opinion_j(t) + u(opinion_i(t) - opinion_j(t))
```

And the corresponding code block looks like this.

#### File: 04-simple-global-threshold.nlogo:

```
;; basic population opinion dynamics with global threshold
  ;; Author: First Last
 ;; Date: 8 July 2019
 globals [
                  o-max
                                                                                       ;; maximum possible opinion
                   o-min
                                                                                  ;; minimum possible opinion
٦
turtles-own [
                   opinion ;; opinion on spectrum from -1 to 1
٦
to setup
                   clear-all
                   ;; set global variables
                   set o-max 1
                   set o-min -1
                   create-turtles population [
                                      set shape "person"
                                     setxy random-pxcor random-pycor
                                     ;; set turtle's opinion as uniform-random between opinion bounds % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left(
                                     set opinion random-float (o-max - o-min) + o-min
                                     set-turtle-color
                  reset-ticks
 end
 to go
                   ask turtles [
```

```
; if there is another turtle here, interact and adjust opinion % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1
                             if (any? other turtles-here)
                                            ;; this is an interaction between two agents
                                            let other-turtle one-of turtles-here
                                            let oi [opinion] of self
                                            let oj [opinion] of other-turtle
                                            if (abs (oi - oj) <= threshold)</pre>
                                                          set opinion oi + convergence-u * (oj - oi)
                                                          ask other-turtle [set opinion oj + convergence-u * (oi - oj)]
                                            ]
                                            set-turtle-color
                             ]
                             wiggle
                             forward 1
              tick
 end
to wiggle ;; turtle procedure - borrowed from ants model
              right random 40
              left random 40
              if not can-move? 1 [ rt 180 ]
 end
to set-turtle-color ;; turtle procedure
              ifelse opinion > 0
               [ set color scale-color red opinion (o-max * 1.5) 0 ]
               [ set color scale-color blue (0 - opinion) (o-max * 1.5) 0 ]
 end
```