VECTOR

Containerization of AUTOSAR Adaptive - Challenges & Solutions

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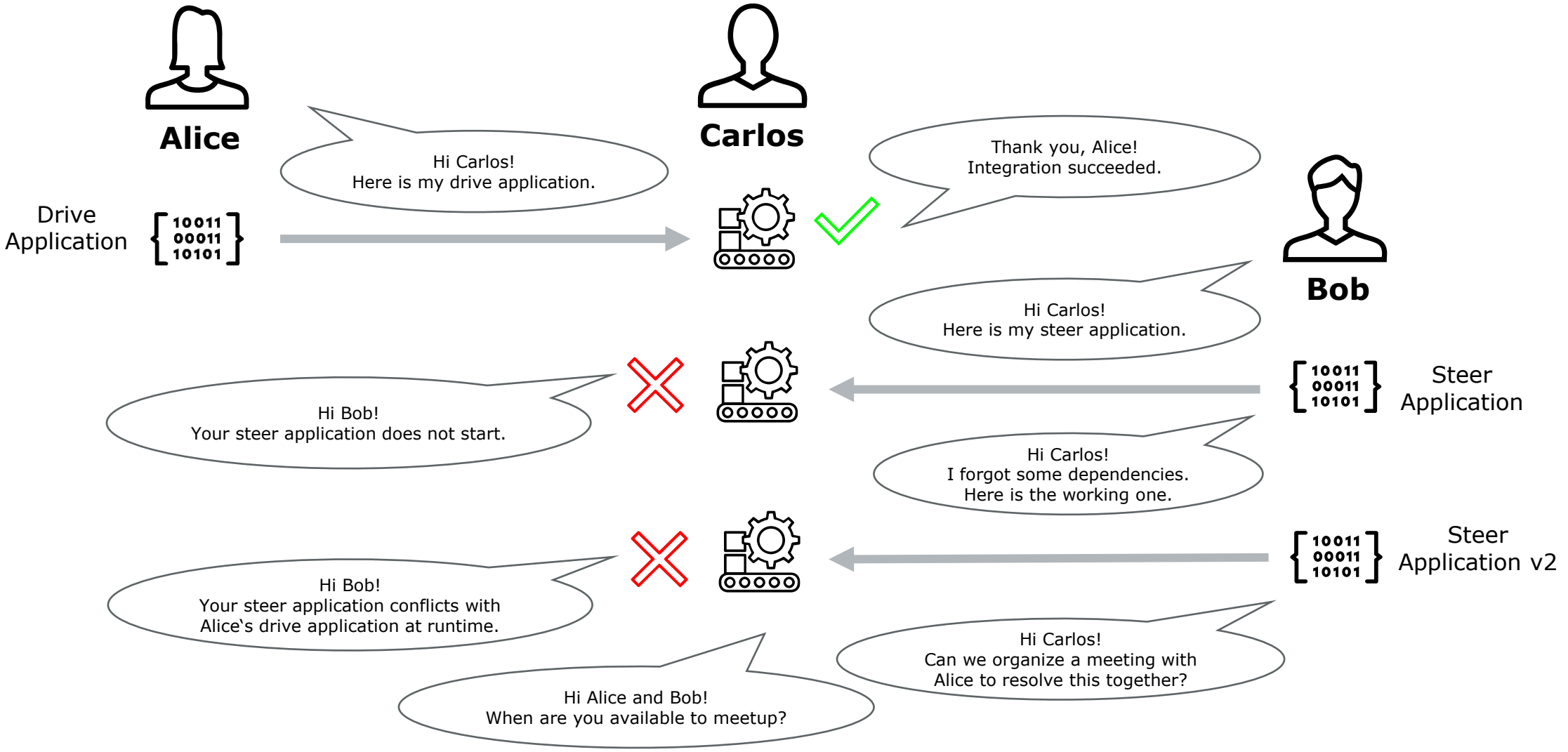
Some day in AUTOSAR Adaptive Application development department…



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What we want

Distributed Development of AUTOSAR Adaptive Applications

Independent Applications

- Less Coordination Efforts
- Self-Containment with all Dependencies
- Reproducability
- Predictability
- Isolated Environment

Possible Solution: Execution of AUTOSAR Adaptive Application as **Container**

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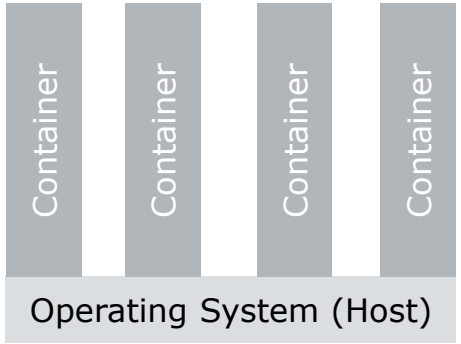
What are Containers?

- Containerization enables to create multiple instances of the „user space“ of an operating system
  - ➔ Operating System-Level Virtualization

- Each instance of the „user space“ is called Container
  - Own Processes
  - Own Filesystem
  - Own Users
  - Own Network
  - Own Resource Assignments



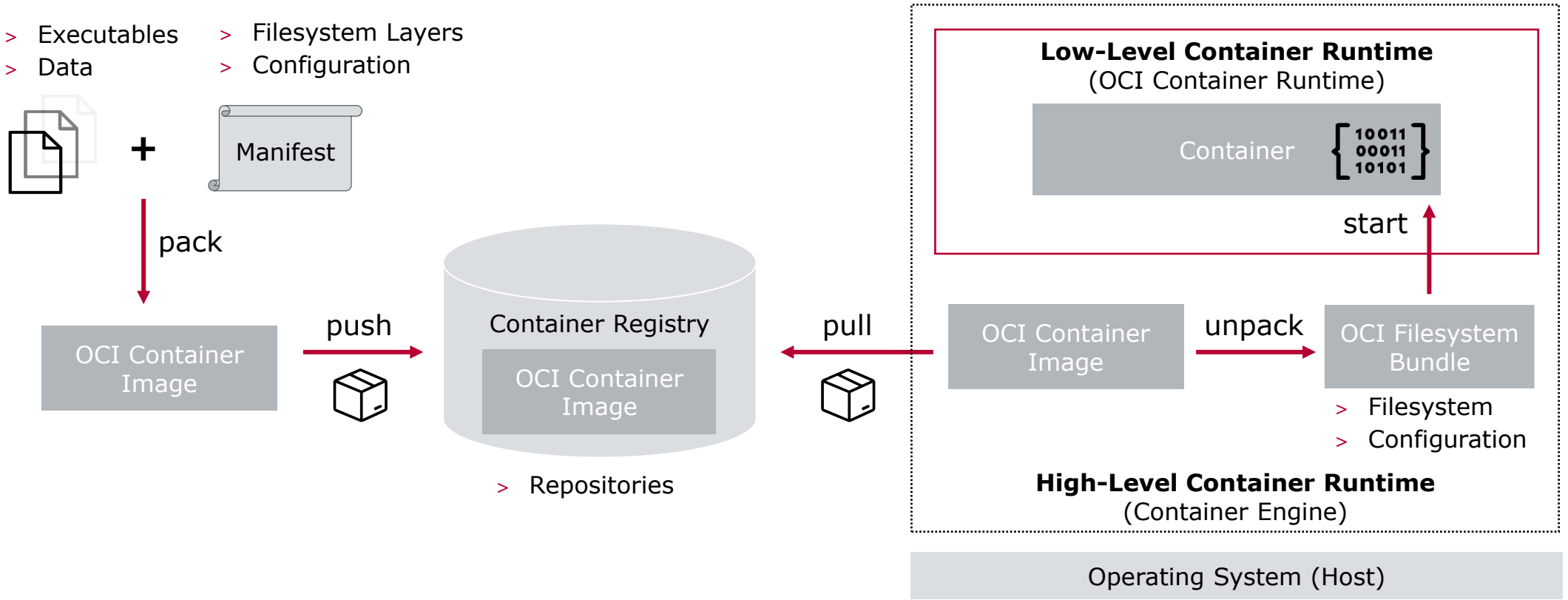
- The „kernel space“ of the operating system (host) is shared among all Containers
  - Kernel Code
  - Resources (CPU, Memory, Network, Storage, Devices)

- Container may access host environment if granted to access global files for instance

Goal: **Simplify** to develop, test, package, release, deploy and operate software units in a **self-contained** fashion

Container Workflow

- The Open Container Initiative (OCI) maintains open standards around the Container Technology
  - OCI Image Format Specification → Container Image Format (Manifest, Filesystem Layers and Config)
  - OCI Distribution Specification → HTTP-based Distribution Protocol for Container Images; Registry
  - OCI Runtime Specification → Filesystem Bundle, Execution Environment and Lifecycle for Container



Setting the Scene

How can we develop and operate an AUTOSAR Adaptive Application as Container?

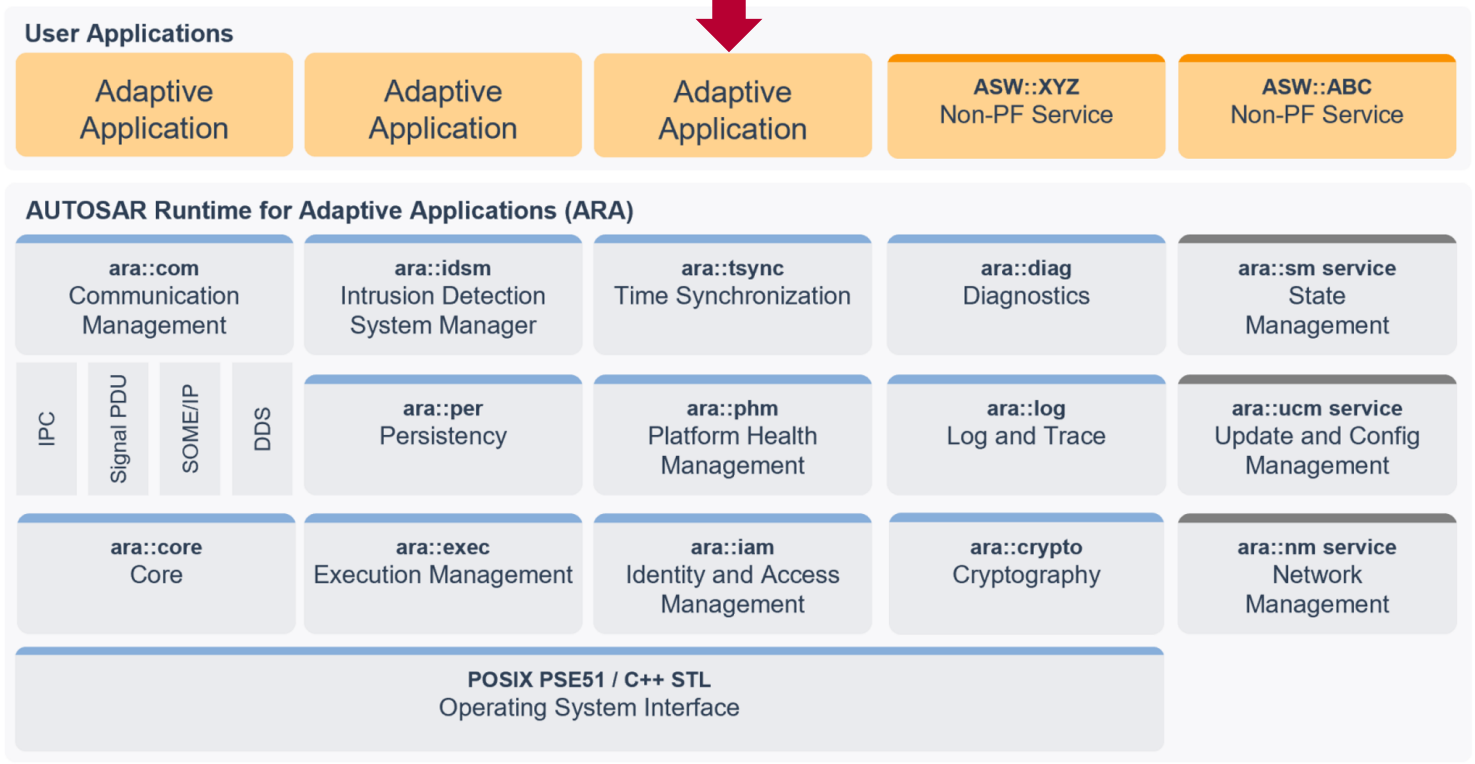


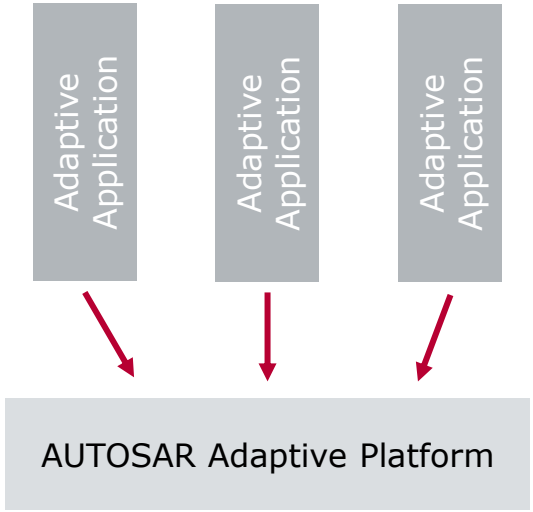
Image Source: Explanation of Adaptive Platform Design AUTOSAR AP R21-11

Challenges

Development

1. Application Design must respect Container boundaries
   - Applications and Platform are modeled as Software Clusters
   - Global manifest is split to enable independent Sub-System Design
   - Service interfaces are used to externalize the functionality of Applications

2. Application Deployment must enable Container independence
   - Executables ship with all their dependencies like libraries
   - Configuration becomes partial and an additive fragment for integration
   - Persistent data is only local

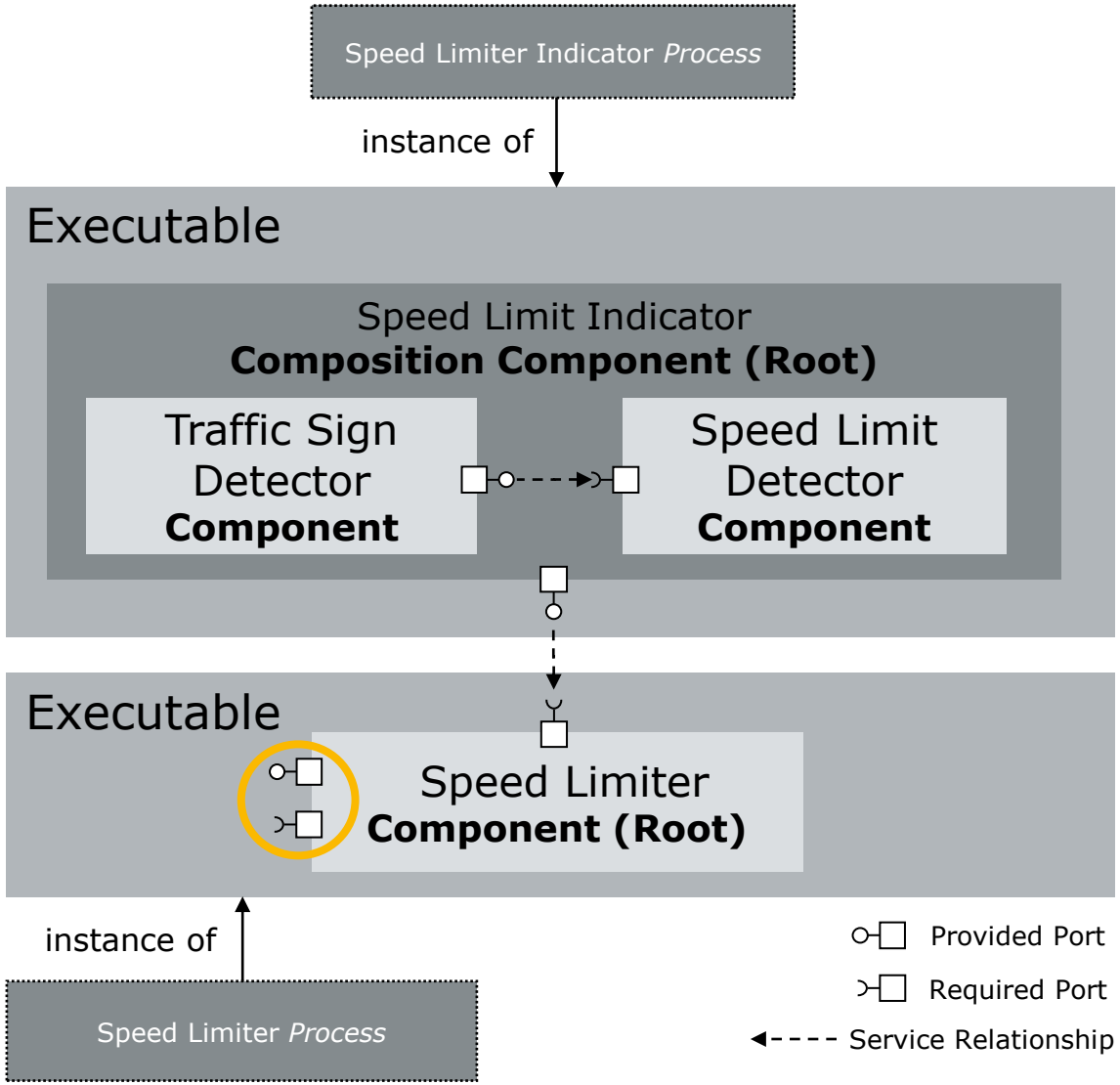


Operations

1. Lifecycle of Container must be managed
   - Container Orchestrator needed to manage lifecycle of multiple Containers
   - Execution, State and Platform Health Management become distributed
   - Update Management must check compatibility of Container during deployment

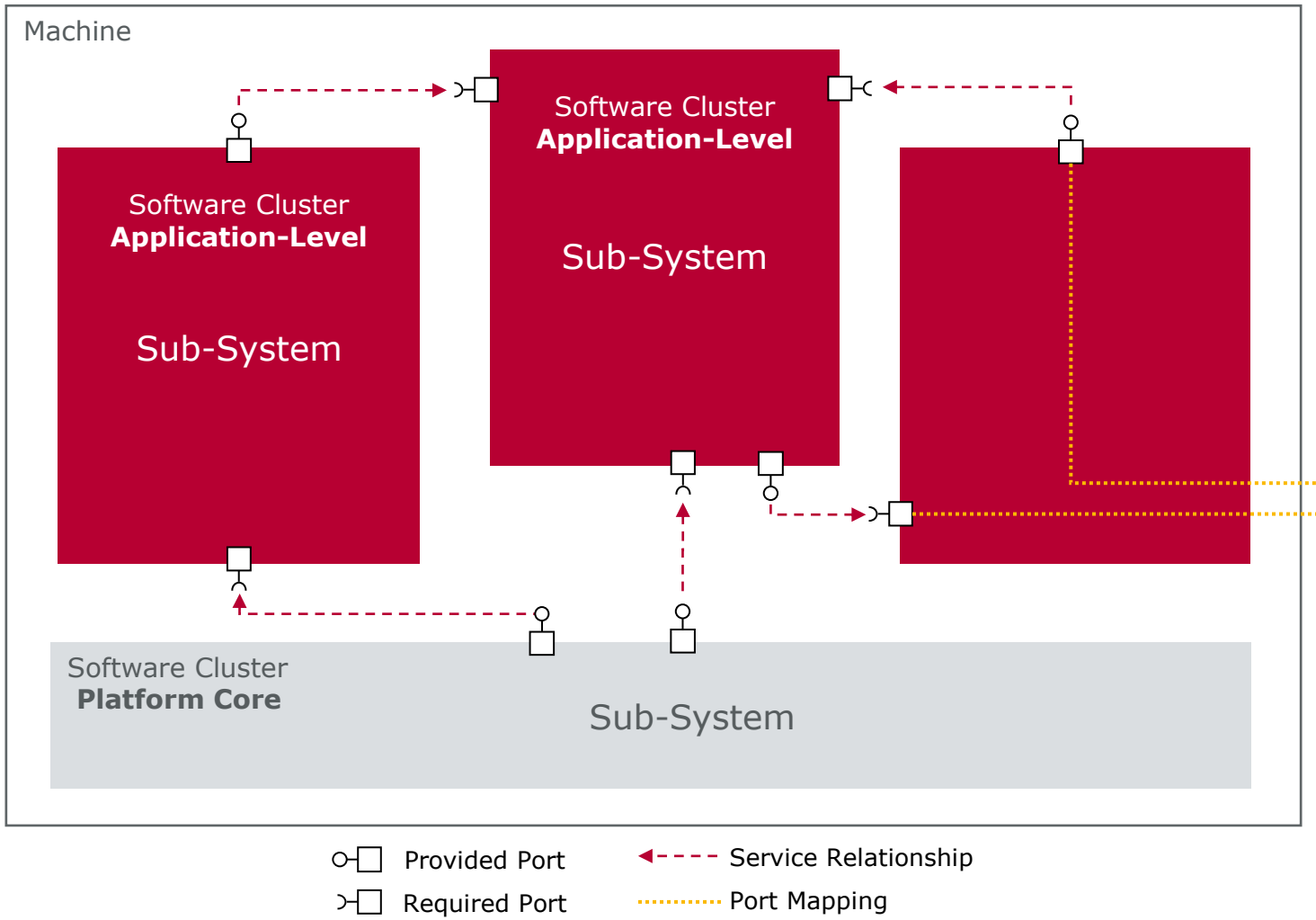
2. All Functional Clusters of Platform must operate cross Container boundaries
   - Configuration Management must access Configuration fragments inside Container
   - Data exchange especially for Communication Management must work cross Container

Application Design with Software Components, Executables and Processes

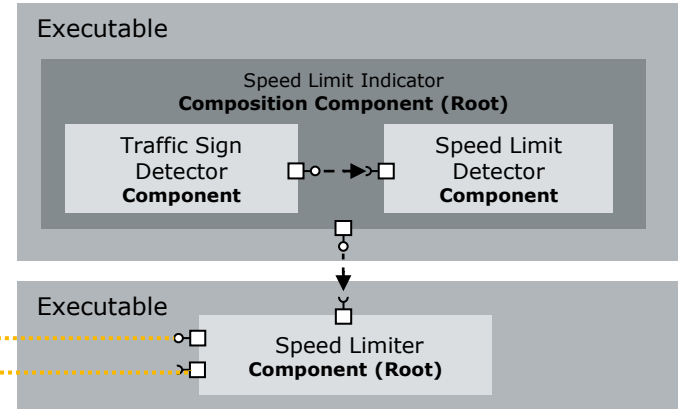


- Executable is a software unit that consist of **one Root Software Component**
- Software components itself can be **composed** of multiple sub-components
- Software components have **Ports**
- Ports enable to **provide** and **require** Services
- Communication between ports is realized **at runtime** with ara::com for instance
- Each Executable can be instantiated as **Processes**

Sub-System Design with Software Cluster

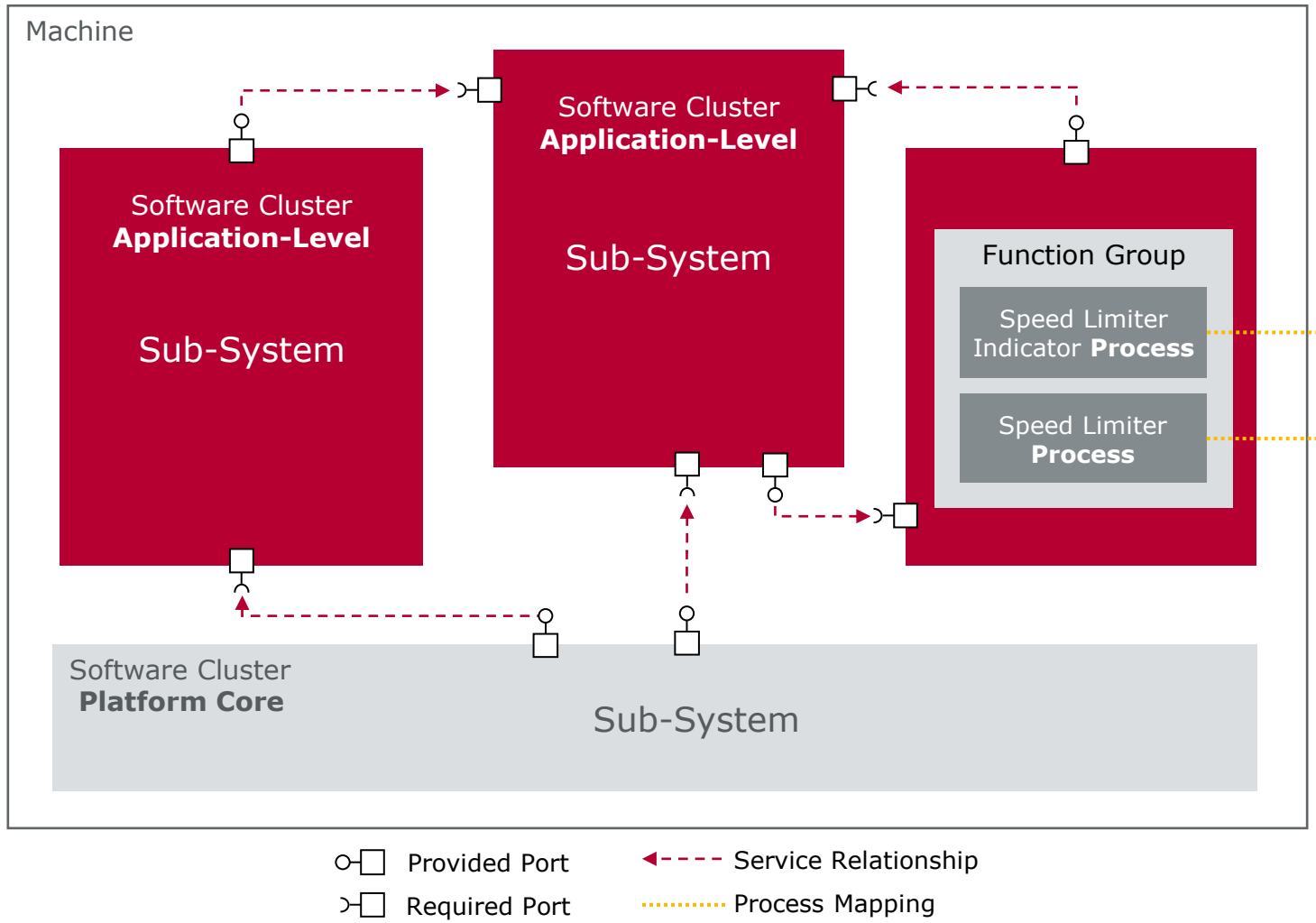


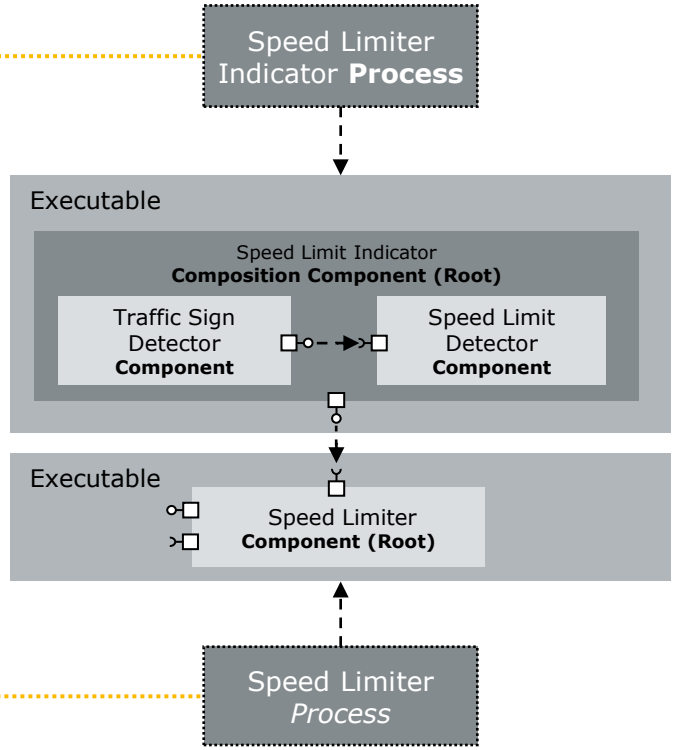
- Software Cluster enable to divide the System Design of a Machine into **Sub-Systems**



- Software Cluster can have **Ports**
- Outer Ports of a Software Cluster can be **mapped at design time** to outer Ports of Software Components

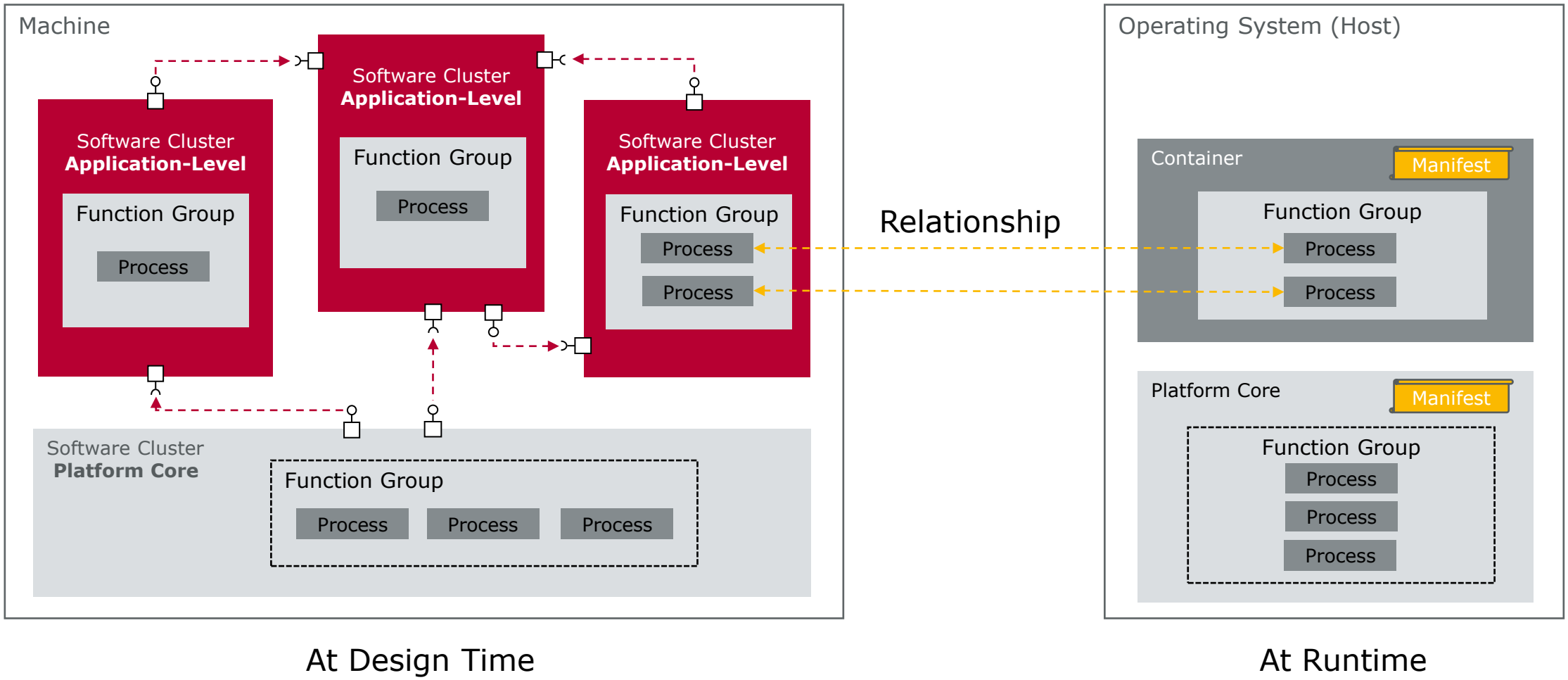
Deployment of Processes as Software Cluster





- Software Cluster can represent a **set of Processes** and **Function Groups**
- Processes and Function Groups are **mapped at design-time**

Concept Proposal



At Design Time

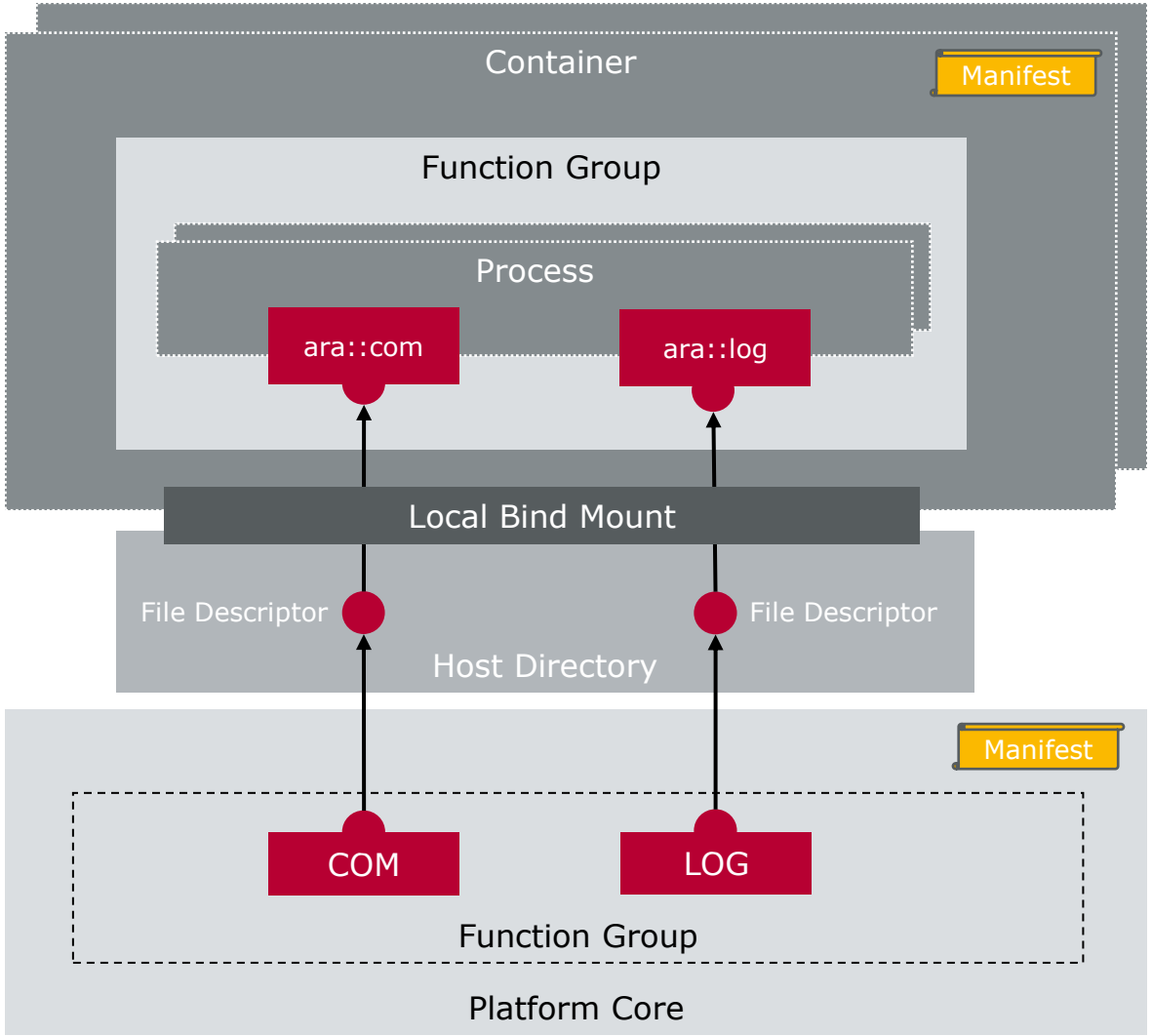
At Runtime

Idea: Execute the Processes of each Application-Level Software Cluster in a **Container**

Concept Proposal: Data Exchange beyond Container Boundaries

- Container and Platform Core need to exchange data for example
  - Service-oriented Communication
  - Log and Trace
- Inter-Process Communication
  - Unix Domain Socket, Shared Memory
  - Accessible typically through Files
- File descriptors are accessible from Containers and Platform Core by using **shared** Host Directories

➜ **Bind mount Host Directory** into Container



Concept Proposal: Distributed Execution and Platform Health Management

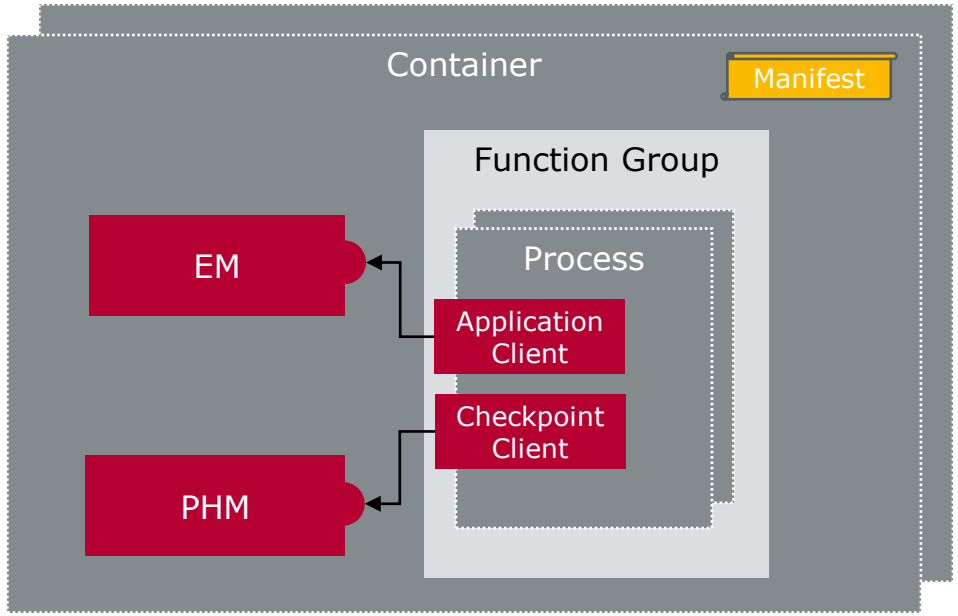
- Each Container has own
  - Execution Management
  - Platform Health Management

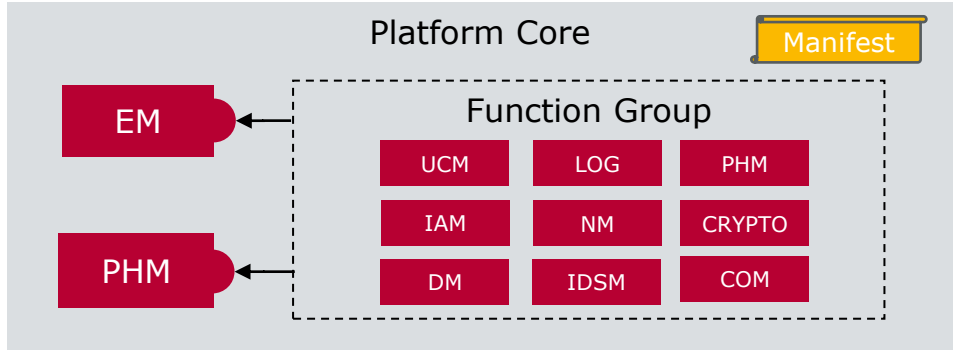
  since those operate on **Process-level**

➔ Execution Management is responsible for lifecycle of Processes **inside** Container

➔ Platform Health Management supervises only Processes **inside** Container

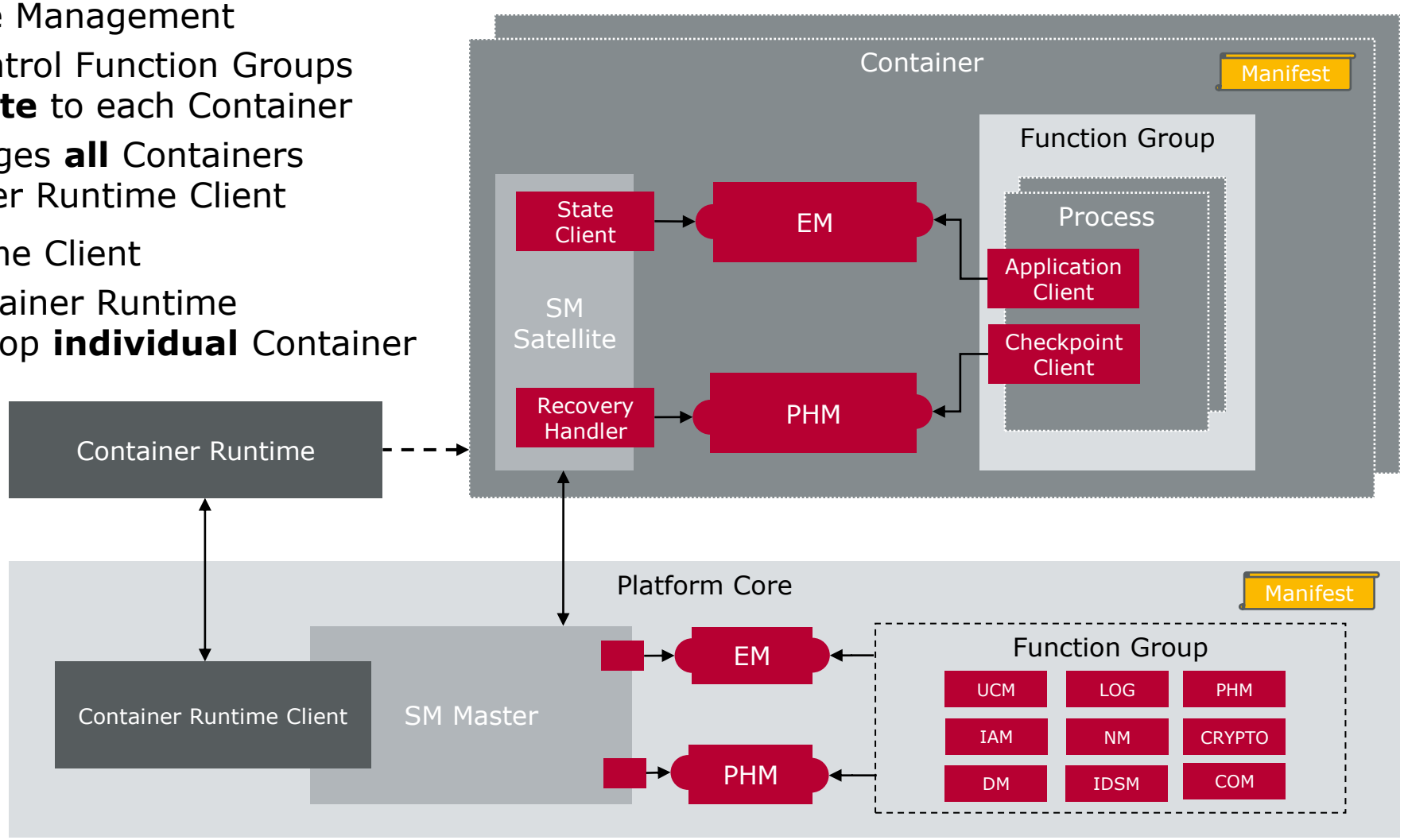
➔ External **Container Orchestration** needed to manage dependencies and lifecycle of **multiple Container**





Concept Proposal: Container Orchestration and Distributed State Management

- Distributed State Management
  - ➜ **Satellites** control Function Groups that are **private** to each Container
  - ➜ **Master** manages **all** Containers using Container Runtime Client
- Container Runtime Client
  - ➜ Instructs Container Runtime to start and stop **individual** Container



Some of the Open Questions towards a Final Solution

Execution Management

- Are multiple Processes (Co-Location) per Container desired?
- How does the Container Lifecycle and Function Groups interplay?

Final Solution must also ensure Functional Safety

State, Platform Health and Network Management

- Do we want to control the Lifecycle of Container depending on Partial Network Requests?
- How does the Liveness Supervision of Container and their Processes work?
- What are suitable Recovery Strategies if Container and their Processes do not react?

Diagnostic, Update and Configuration Management

- How is the interplay between Container Runtime and Update Management?
- How to integrate Update Workflow of Container with Container Registries?
- How do we access and apply the Configuration Fragments (Manifest) of each Container?
- How do we handle Diagnostic services and addressing?

Security

- How do we manage Access Policies for shared resources between Container?

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Towards loosely coupled Systems

Distributed Development of AUTOSAR Adaptive Applications

- Software Cluster enable independent development of AUTOSAR Adaptive Applications
- Container are a possible execution environment for the Processes of Software Cluster
- Container Orchestration needed to manage lifecycle of multiple Container
- Distributed Execution, State and Platform Health Management is a consequence
- Affects Update, Configuration and Diagnostic Management and Security
- Future Work: Consider execution of Functional Cluster Processes of Platform in Container

Contact us if you are interested! We are open for projects to enable this vision.

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