

R documentation

of all in ‘man’

December 21, 2023

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Builtin.marginals

*Builtin Marginal Tables for Marginal Adjustment***Value**

Marginal table function (ends in .m) to be used in the marginal.tables component of a model.

List of tables

AgeRaceSex.m	Age by Race by Sex Age given by Age.code Race by Race.code
AgeSex.m	Age by Sex Age given by Age.code Race by Race.code
Race.m	Number of categories given by PAT.race.code
HispanicAgeSex.m	Hispanic yes/no Age given by PAT.age.code
Poverty2.m	Poverty 2 categories: Below/Above/Undefined
PovertyRaceSex.m	Poverty 2 categories: Below/Above/Undefined Race given by PAT.race.code()
Poverty4.m	Poverty 4 categories Under 100_200, 200_300, 300+, Undefined
Employed.m	Employed, Unemployed, Not_in Under_16
HouseType.m	Non_inst, Inst (Institutional), House (Household)
DisabilityRace.m	Disability Yes, No, Other, Race give by Race.code
Education.m	Under_18, Less_than_high_school, High_school Some_College, College_degree
Education4.m	Less_than_high_school, High_school, Some_college, College_degree
Tenure.m	Rent, Own, Group_quarters.
MaritalStatus3.m	Married, Single Mother, Single Father.
MaritalStatus3a.m	Married, Single, Under_15_years
MaritalStatus7.m	Married, Widowed, Separated, Divorced Never_married, Other, Under_15_years.
HealthIns3.m	Insured, Uninsured, Military_inst (Military or Institutional Group Quarters

FamilyType3.m Married_head, Female_head, Male_head, Other

Author(s)

David Dorer

Builtin.models

Builtin Models

Models

1. BrooklineI.model

marginal tables: AgeRaceSex, MaritalStatus3, HispanicAgeSex, Education4, Employed, Tenure, DisabilityRace, Poverty2, HouseType, FamilyType3, HealthIns3

extra variables: SPM3 (Supplemental Poverty Measure)

parameters: geotype="tract", model.type="person", nages="7a", nraces="5"

2. BrooklineIII.model

marginal tables: AgeRaceSex, MaritalStatus7, DisabilityRace, Poverty2, Tenure, Employed, HouseType, FamilyType3

extra variables: SNAP, SPM3 (Supplemental Poverty Measure)

parameters: geotype="tract", nages="9", nraces="5", model.type="person"

3. BrooklineIIIb.model

marginal tables: AgeSex.m, Race.m, Poverty2.m, Hispanic.m, HouseType.m, Employed.m, Tenure.m, MaritalStatus7.m

extra variables: SNAP, SPM3 (Supplemental Poverty Measure)

parameters: geotype="blockgroup", nages="9", nraces="5", model.type="person"

4. PennsylvaniaI.model

marginal tables: AgeRaceSex, Poverty4, Employed, Education4, HispanicAgeSex, MaritalStatus3, Tenure.

extra variables: WIC, Age6a, EmployedHouse18.

parameters: nages="9", nraces="5", geotype="tract", model.type="person".

5. NewYorkCityI.model

marginal tables: AgeRaceSex, HispanicAgeSex, Education4, Poverty2, Employed.

extra variables: none.

parameters: nages="9", nraces="5", model.type="person", geotype="tract".

6. TestI.model

marginal tables: AgeRaceSex, HispanicAgeSex, Education4, Poverty2, Employed.

extra variables: SPM3

parameters: nages="9", nraces="5", geotype="person", model.type="person".

Author(s)

David Dorer 20 Dec 2023 11:33

Builtin.variables	Builtin Derived PUMS variables
Value	
PUMS variable function (ends in .v) to be used in the variables component of a model.	
List of variables	
Age.v	Age arguments AGEp and nages
WIC.v	Does person live in a household that receives WIC benefits.
Race.v	Race with arguments RAC1P and nraces
SNAP.v	Does person live in a household that receives SNAP benefits.
Hispanic.v	Is the person of Hispanic Ethnicity ("Hispanic" or "No")
Employed.v	Is the person employed ("Under_16", "Employed", "Unemployed", "Not_in")
EmployedHouse18.v	Are all adults in household over 18 employed?
Tenure.v	"Group_quarters", "Own", "Rent".
HousingCost.v	"Low", "High", "Vacant".
Poverty2.v	Poverty Threshold "Below", "Above", "Undefined".
Poverty4.v	Poverty Threshold "Below", "100_to_199", "200_to_299", "Over_300", "Undefined".
HealthIns3.v	"Insured", "Uninsured", "Military_inst" (Military or Institutional Group Quarters).
Disability.v	"Yes", "No", "Other" (See table B18101)
HouseType.v	Non_inst, Inst (Institutional), House (Household)
Education4.v	"Less_than_high_school", "High_school", "Some_college", "College_degree"
FamilyType3.v	"Married_head", "Female_head", "Male_head", "Other".
FamilyType.v	"Married_head", "Female_head", "Male_head", "Child_group", "18_years_and_over".
MaritalStatus3a.v	Married, Single, Under_15_years
MaritalStatus7.v	Married, Widowed, Separated, Divorced Never_married, Other, Under_15_years.

Author(s)

David Dorer

GettingStarted

Getting Started - Installation and Setup

Description

Downloading Installing and Initializing PAT

Downloading

- 1a. (Linux/Ubuntu) Download tar.gz file for current version of PAT e.g. PAT_0.1.tar.gz
- 1b. (Windows) Download zip file for current version of PAT e.g. PAT_0.1.zip

Setup outside of R session.

1. Decide on and create the folder where you want to store files.
2. Create sub-folders/directories:
 - 2a. logs
 - 2b. data
 - 2c. output

Installation Within R

In an R session run (one time)

Linux: `install.packages(pkgs="path_to_PAT_<vers>.tar.gz", repos=NULL);`

or

Windows: `install.packages(pkgs="path_to_PAT_<vers>.zip", repos=NULL);`**Setup within R session**

1. every time you start R run

`require(PAT)`

2. Every time set your census key `PAT.census.key("your_key_here")`

You can get your census key at

Census key request page https://api.census.gov/data/key_signup.html

3. Every time set your root folder/directory

`PAT.root("path_to_base_folder");`The default for the root folder is your working directory: `getwd();`

which is where you were when you started R (probably wrong choice)

4. Optionally set nraces (number of race categories) for PUMS derived variables and marginal Detail/Subject/DataProfile tables.

4a. To see current value use: `PAT.race.code()`

4b. To change: `PAT.race.code(<new_value>);`

4c. To see choices: `help(Pat.race.code);`

5. Optionally set nages (number of ages categories) for PUMS derived variables and Detail/Subject/DataProfile tables.

5a. To see current value use: `PAT.age.code();`

5b. To change: `PAT.age.code("new_value");`

5c. To see choices: `help(Pat.age.code);`

6a. Set/check PUMS vintage (every time)

To see current value: `PAT.pums.vintage();`

To set: `PAT.pums.vintage(<new_value>);`

6b. Set/check PUMS period (every time)

To see current value: `PAT.pums.period();`

To set: `PAT.pums.period("new_value");` (valid values 1 and 5)

7a. Set/check vintage for marginal tables, usually the same as PUMS vintage (every time).

To see current value: `PAT.vintage();`

To set: `PAT.vintage(<new_value>);`

7b. Set/check period for marginal tables, usually 5 (every time). To see current value: `PAT.period();`

To set: `PAT.period(<new_value>)`

NOTE: There are many fewer ACS tables for the 1 year period. Many of your marginal tables may fail with a 1 year period.

8. Check/Set other options:

`PAT.vintage()`

`PAT.period()`

`PAT.pums.vintage()`

`PAT.pums.period()`

`PAT.verbose()`

9. `help(package="PAT")`

Author(s)

David Dorer 16 Dec 2023 10:09

loglinf3*Loglinear Model fit with specified marginal tables*

Description

Wrapper R function for compiled C IPF subroutine.

Usage

```
loglin3f(seed.table, target.list, target.data, niter=5, maxdev=0.001, debug=0)
```

Arguments

seed	Starting seed table for fit.
target.list	list with index specifying variable is seed table. Note the marginal.tables function computes this list from the model.
target.data	list containing the data for the marginal tables specified by target.list
niter	Maximum number of iterations. Same as iter in the PAT.synth.data function.
maxdev	Maximum relative change in difference between target marginals and current fit margin between successive iteration.
debug	Verbose/debug level for messages. Default PAT.verbose()

Details

The arguments are the same as the IpF function in mipfp package.

Value

seed	Argument passed to function.
p.hat	Model fit scaled to sum to 1.
nlast	Last iteration.
ifault	Did the fit converge 0: yes 1: no
maxdev	Maximum deviation at last iteration.

Author(s)

David Dorer

References

<https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/mipfp/mipfp.pdf> <https://www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v086c02>

make.spm.state	<i>Create State Supplemental Poverty Measure Datafile</i>
----------------	---

Description

subset US SPM file for a state.

Usage

```
make.spm.state(state="25",vintage="2021")
```

Arguments

state	State FIPS for ouput .RData file.
vintage	Vintage for SPM data file. Default PAT.pums.vintage().
ddir	Folder/directory for output .RData file. Default datadir().
debug	Level of diagnostic messages. Default PAT.verbose().

Input file: spm_pu_<vintage>.RData

Details

Subset U.S. SPM .RData file for a state.

Value

Object SPM.<vintage>.<state_FIPS>.data
Output data .RData data file. File name SPM.<vintage>.<state_FIPS>.data.RData.

Author(s)

David Dorer 10 Dec 2023 13:30

PAT.acs.table	<i>Download an ACS Detail (B, S, or DP) Table</i>
---------------	---

Description

Download and ACS table for a given geography.

Usage

```
PAT.acs.table()
```


Arguments

group	ACS table name or "group" (API term). For example the table B01001 has title "Sex by Age." Check out tables at data.census.gov .
state	State FIPS code. Required.
county	County FIPS code. Character variable - optional defaults to "".
tract	County FIPS code. Character variable (6 characters) - optional defaults to ""
blockgroup	Blockgroup FIPS code. Character variable (1 character) defaults to "" (ignored)
puma	PUMA FIPS code. 5 characters - optional defaults to ""
place	Place FIPS code. Defaults to "" which will be ignored.
csd	County Subdivision FIPS code - defaults to "" which will be ignored
vintage	Defaults to PAT.vintage().
period	Defaults to PAT.period().
ddir	character variable indicating where to store downloaded tables - default datadir().
debug	Level of messages to print - default PAT.verbose().
cache.metadata	Cache level for metadata 0: no caching, download from Census website for every table. 1: cache metadata in file 2: cache metadata in both a file and in the .GlobalEnv or computer memory. Default 2 speeds downloading and decoding many tables. If you seem to be having difficulties with stale cached data use 0. Default PAT.cache.metadata().
cache.tables	Cache level for ACS tables. 0: download table from census for each table. 1: cache tables in a file (best). 2: cache table in both a file and in computer memory. With a run of many tracts 2 will quickly exhaust memory. For testing where you are repeatedly downloading the same table you might temporarily use 2 to save time.

Details

Download B, S, DP (SF1) tables attaches names for rows using metadata, table has 2 columns: "Est" and "MoE". Various geographies can be specified. The function sorts out the geography if you use too many geography values.

Value

list	list with 2 components "data" (matrix with table rownames and 2 columns "Est" and "MoE") and "par" various parameters such as the table "object" name, folder where the table was stored, name of the filename of where the table was stored, date time of download, etc.
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Author(s)

David Dorer

References

To find, examine and check data, see Census webpage data.census.gov

PAT.age.race	<i>Set age and race categories</i>
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Description

PAT.age.code(code) Set the PAT.age.code option.
 PAT.race.code(code) Set the PAT.race code option.

Usage

```
PAT.age.code("7a")
PAT.race.code("5")
```

Arguments

code	Age code
code	Race code

With no argument return the Age or Race Code

Details

Recode age categories for B01001 or B01001A etc

Value

The race or age code.
 or
 Sets the corresponding Global race or age code option.

Values for age code

"7a"	7 age categories 14 and under, 15 to 19, 20 to 34, 35 to 44, 45 to 54, 55 to 64, 65 and over.
"7b"	7 age categories under 5, 5 to 9, 15 to 17, 18 to 24, 25 to 64, 65 and over
"9"	xx
"6"	xx
"6a"	xx
...	use RecodeAges(doc=1) to see possible values. then RecodeAges(nages="9",doc=1) to see recoding.

Values for race code

- "3" 3 race categories:
White, Black, Other
- "5" 5 race categories
White, Black, Asian, Other, Two.
- "7" 7 race categories
white, black, native, asian, Hawaiian, Other, Two.

Author(s)

David Dorer 21 Dec 2023 09:41

PAT.cache.metadata	Set Cache Level For Table Metadata.
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Description

Set metadata cache level.

Usage

PAT.cache.metadata(2)

Arguments

value Value for metadata cache level. No value given return level. Values 0, 1, 2.

Details

Sets global PAT option "PAT.cache.metadata"

Value

- | | |
|-------|--|
| level | Current value of PAT.cache.metadata. |
| 0 | Download metadata for every ACS table. Do not save in a file or in .GlobalEnv |
| 1 | Save metadata in file for later use. Better. |
| 2 | Save metadata in file and in .GlobalEnv. Speeds up table rowname decoding. Best for many ACS tables. |

Author(s)

David Dorer 19 Dec 2023 11:38

PAT.cache.tables	<i>Set Table Cache Level</i>
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Description

Set PAT.cache.tables global PAT option.

Description

Set ACS table cache level.

Usage

PAT.cache.tables(1). Set option PAT.cache.tables to 1. With no argument return current value of option "PAT.cache.tables".

Arguments

value Value for table cache level. No argument return table cache level.

Details

Sets global PAT option "PAT.cache.tables"

Value

level	Current value table cache level.
0	Download ACS table every time. Do not save in a file or in .GlobalEnv
1	Save ACS table in file for later use. Best.
2	Save ACS table in file and in .GlobalEnv. Quickly uses up memory if a large number of tables are downloaded.

Author(s)

David Dorer 19 Dec 2023 11:38

PAT.convert.spm	<i>Convert Supplemental Povert Measure sas7bdat file to .RData format.</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Convert downloaded SAS data file to R .RData format.

Usage

PAT.convert.spm(vintage,ddir=datadir(),download=1)

Arguments

vintage	SPM vintage.
ddir	Data directory to store output.
download	Should SAS file be downloaded from Census website.

Details

PAT.convert.spm(vintage)

Value

An R .RData file named SPM.<vintage>.RData with R object SPM.<vintage>.data.

Author(s)

David Dorer 10 Dec 2023 14:05

PAT.merge.synth.blockgroups

Merge Synthetic Blockgroup Files

Description

Zip individual blockgroup files and merge into a single csv file.

Usage

```
PAT.merge.synth.blockgroups(state="25",ddir=datadir(),odir=outdir(),zip=TRUE,outtag="_test")
```

Arguments

state	State FIPS code.
ddir	Data directory for output zip and output csv file.
odir	Directory with input csv tract files.
zip	1: Zip tract files before merging. 0: Use existing zip file.
minwt	Only output records to the csv file with weights \geq minwt. Total population of subset is scaled to agree with input data. Default 0.0
outtag	Tag to append to zip file and output file names.

Details

xxx

Value

zip file	Output zip file synth_data_<state><outtag>.zip contains individual tract csv files.
csv file	Merged csv data file synth_data_blockgroup_all_<state><outtag>.csv contains stacked individual tract csv files.

Author(s)

David Dorer 15 Dec 2023 14:54

PAT.merge.synth.data *Merge Synthetic Tract Files*

Description

Zip individual tract files and merge into a single csv file.

Usage

```
PAT.merge.synth.data(state="25",ddir=datadir(),odir=outdir(),zip=TRUE,outtag="_test")
```

Arguments

state	State FIPS code.
ddir	Data directory for output zip and output csv file.
odir	Directory with input csv tract files.
zip	1: create zip file with tract data. 0: Merge files in existing zip file.
minwt	Only output records to the csv file with weights \geq minwt. Total population of subset is scaled to agree with input data.
outtag	Tag to append to zip file name and merged csv file name.

Details

Merge tract synthetic data files in odir output: ddir/synth_data_tract_all_<state><outtag>.csv and zip them into synth_tract_<state><outtag>.zip

Value

zip file	Output zip file synth_data_<state><outtag>.zip contains individual tract csv files.
csv file	Merged csv data file synth_data_tract_all_<state><outtag>.csv contains stacked individual tract csv files.

Author(s)

David Dorer

PAT.model *Statistical Models for Synthetic Data*

Description

A model with PUMS variables and marginal tables.

Usage

See BrooklineI.model and PennsylvaniaI.model for examples

List Elements

name	character variable with name for model, e.g. "BrooklineI"
variables	A named list with functions that define the variables.
marginal.tables	A named list with functions that define the marginal tables. See PAT.acs.table for required arguments.
parameters	A named list with model parameters:
model	name of model. Same as name component.
nages	the number of age categories for model (see PAT.nage.codes)
nraces	the number of race categories for model (see PAT.nrace.codes)
geotype	type of geography "tract" or "blockgroup".
comment	comment (any text).
...	optional user defined parameters that can be passed to the model variables and marginal.tables functions.

Author(s)

David Dorer

PAT.pums.data

*Download PUMS Data***Description**

Download PUMS data for a PUMA and create derived variables.

Usage

```
PAT.pums.data(state="25",puma="03301",model="BrooklineIII")
```

Arguments

state	State FIPS code.
puma	PUMA FIPS code.
model	A model or the name of a model. Default NULL i.e. use variables to select variables
variables	Ignored in model is given. A character vector of variable names to download. May include defined derived variables. Ignored if model is given.
parameters	Named list of parameters for derived variables. Same as model component "parameters." Ignored if model is given.
vintage	PUMS vintage. Default PAT.pums.vintage().
period	PUMS period. Default PAT.pums.period().
key	Census key. Default PAT.census.key().
debug	Level of messages to print. Default PAT.verbose().

Details

If SPM variables are used then period is set to 1.

Value

A list with:

person	Person level data.frame. Note person data.frame includes person levels for house variables.
house	House level data.frame. Note house data.frame is person data frame subset on SPORDER==1.
par	parameters from model (if model is used) or parameters argument.

Author(s)

David Dorer 11 Dec 2023 13:46

References

<https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/microdata/documentation.html> <https://www.census.gov/data/datasets/timseries/demo/supplemental-poverty-measure/acs-research-files.html>

PAT.root	<i>Set root directory</i>
----------	---------------------------

Description

Set root folder/directory.

Usage

PAT.root("C:/Users/<my_user_name>/census/<project>/")
or PAT.root() returns current value of PAT.root

Arguments

root	Value to set root directory. NA (default) return root directory.
default t	Default Value to set root directory. Default for default getwd()

Details

Sets global PAT option "PAT.root"

Value

root	Current value of root directory/folder.
------	---

Author(s)

David Dorer 10 Dec 2023 14:18

PAT.synth.data

*Synthesize Data***Description**

Run a synthetic data model using a PUMA and set of marginal tables

Usage

```
PAT.synth.data(model="BrooklineIII",state="25",puma="03400",outtag="_test",iter=30)
```

Arguments

model	Model see vignette("CreatingModels")
state	State FIPS code
puma	PUMA FIPS code
outtag	A tag to include in some output file names
iter	Maximum number of IPF iterations
vers	Version of IPF program 1:Internal C code 2:mipfp package Ipfp function
maxdev	Termination criteria for relative change in marginal table deviation from one iteration to the next. Default 0.001
add	Add a small amount to every cell of seed/model table. This allows the data to take on non-zero weights even though the weight is zero in the PUMS data. Default 0.0
minwt	Records with weights < minwt will be dropped from the synthetic data. Default 0.001
update	Name of input checkpoint file. "" no input check point file Geographies in checkpoint file are skipped
county	Vector of county FIPS codes. Default character(0). For the default all the tracts in county will be run.
tract	Vector of tract FIPS codes Default character(0). For the default only tracts in tract will be run for county[1]
bdir	base directory for program run. Default PAT.root()
odir	Output directory. Tract synthetic files go here. Default PAT.root()/output/
ddir	Data directory. Cached ACS table go here. Various data files are stored here. For example the cross walk files. Default PAT.root()/data/
logfile	File to log messages. Default synth_<state>_checkpoint<outtag>.txt.
vintage	ACS vintage for marginal tables default: PAT.vintage()
period	ACS period for marginal tables default: PAT.period()
checkfile	Output check point file. As tract output files are written a record with the geography is appended to this file.
download	Should marginal tables be downloaded? Default PAT.download()
pums.vintage	PUMS/PUMA vintage default: PAT.pums.vintage()
pums.period	PUMS/PUMA period default: PAT.pums.period()
key	Census key. Default PAT.census.key().
debug	Verbose/debug level for printing messages. Default PAT.verbose()
dump.seed	Dump the PUMA seed table/dataset in a file. 0 no dump 1 dump. Default 0

Value

A log of the run. The other effects are the output files.

synthetic data The output file go in odir with names synth_data_<state_FIPS>_<puma_FIPS>_<county_FIPS>_<tract_FIPS>. The file has 3 initial comment lines with the output file name, last iteration, number of iterations (argument), convergence flag (1:yes 2:no) nages and nraces. The 4th row is a header record. Each data row has header variables:

state	State FIPS
puma	PUMA FIPS
county	County FIPS
tract	Tract FIPS
blockgroup	Blockgroup FIPS, set to "".
model	Model name
type	person or house.
ages	age parameter e.g. "9", "7", "7a".
races	race parameter, "3", "5", "7".
date	date-time when record was written.
variables ...	columns with the value of the model variables.

Check point file

synth_<state>_checkpoint<outtag>.txt
The file has the state, puma,count,tract and additional information. By using the check point file previously completed tracts will be skipped. Useful when you are doing an entire state and your computer updates and reboots. The file is appended to so if you want to start over but still use the update feature delete the check point file before you start a clean run.

Tract files The synthetic data for each tract is put in a separate file in folder odir.

log file Folder logdir() file name. Default log<outtag>.txt

Author(s)

David Dorer 20 Dec 2023 11:52

References

vignette("CreateModels")
vignette("SynthesizeData")

PAT.synth.example	Run Synthetic Data Example/Test
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Description

Example/Test run of PAT.synth.data()

Usage

```
PAT.synth.example()
```

Arguments

No arguments.

Details

Runs the synthetic data generation step on an example. Used for testing setup.

Value

Log file, checkpoint file and synthetic tract data files.

Author(s)

David Dorer 16 Dec 2023 19:17

PAT.test.model	<i>Test PUMS model</i>
----------------	------------------------

Description

Test/Run a PUMS model checking for errors.

Usage

```
PAT.test.model(model="BrooklineIII")
```

Arguments

model	model or model name (with or without quotes). Default: "TestI"
state	state FIPS
puma	PUMA FIPS
key	census key (default PAT.census.key())
vintage	marginal tables vintage (default PAT.vintage())
period	marginal tables period (default PAT.period())
download	download data 1:download 0:used cached data (default PAT.download())
debug	debug/message level - higher more messages 0:no messages 1+: more messages (default PAT.verbose())

Details

Tests model to be used for synthetizing data.

Value

list with components:

marginals	marginal tables/targets ("B","S","DP" PUMA geography table)
variables	one-way PUMS/PUMA frequency (weighted) of PUMA model table for variables used in marginal tables
model.vars	one-way PUMS/PUMA frequency tables for variables not used in marginal tables ("carry along" variables)
total.pop	total population for marginal tables.
puma.population	total population for PUMA PUMA data (sum of PUMS weights)
diag	Fit diagnostics for marginal fit
diag\$marginal	Observed marginal.
diag\$fit	"Expected" fitted marginal based on the PUMS table/model.
diag\$std.moe	Standardized residual based on marginal table MoE.
diag\$std.res	Standardized residual based on $\sqrt{((\text{Observed}-\text{fit})^2)/\text{fit}}$ with sign
diag\$devres	Deviance residual (with sign)
par	various parameters state FIPS, PUMA FIPS, detail tables vintage & period, PUMS vintage & period.

Author(s)

David Dorer 10 Dec 2023 14:34

References

help(PAT.models)
 help(Builtin.variables)
 help(Builtin.marginals)

Examples

```
PAT.test.model("TestI",state="25",puma="03400")
PAT.test.model("NewYorkCityI",state="36",puma="03701")
```

PAT.vintage	<i>Set Period & Vintage</i>
-------------	---------------------------------

Description

Set Marginal Tables Vintage/Period and PUMS Variable Vintage/Period

Usage

```
PAT.vintage(2021)
PAT.vintage()
PAT.period(5)
PAT.pums.vintage(2021)
PAT.pums.period(1)
With no argument return value.
```

Arguments

period Period PAT.acs.table or period for PUMS data (1 or 5).

Details

Without an argument return current value.

Value

Current vintage or period.

Author(s)

David Dorer

PUMA.Blockgroup.2020 *PUMA (2012 & 2022) to Blockgroup (2020) Relationship File*

Description

PUMA to Blockgroup Correlation/Relationship Correspondence Dataset

Usage

```
data(PUMA.2012.Blockgroup.2020)   data(PUMA.2022.Tract.2020)
```

Format

245590 observations (2012 PUMAs)
or 240942 observations (2022 PUMAs)

Value

A data.frame PUMA.2012.Blockgroup.2020 or PUMA.2022.Blockgroup.2020

Variable names

State	State FIPS code.
Puma	PUMA FIPS code.
County	County FIPS code.
Tract	Tract FIPS code.
StateAb	State Postal Abbreviation.
PumaName	County name.
PumaName	PUMA name.
Allocation	Fraction of Tract intersecting PUMA.

References

Missouri Census Data Center Geocorr Engine.
<https://mcdc.missouri.edu/applications/geocorr2022.html>
 Census Public Use Microdata Areas (PUMAs) webpage. 2020_Census_Tract_to_2020_PUMA.txt

PUMA.Tract.2020

PUMA (2012 & 2022) to Tract (2020) Relationship File

Description

PUMA to Tract Correlation/Relationship Correspondence Dataset

Usage

`data(PUMA.2022.Tract.2020)` `data(PUMA.2012.Tract.2020)`

Format

88865 observations (2012 PUMAs)
 or 85395 observations (2020 PUMAs)

Value

A data.frame PUMA.2012.Tract.2020 or PUMA.2022.Tract.2020

Variable names

State	State FIPS code.
Puma	PUMA FIPS code.
County	County FIPS code.
Tract	Tract FIPS code.
StateAb	State Postal Abbreviation.
PumaName	County name.
PumaName	PUMA name.
Allocation	Fraction of Tract intersecting PUMA.

References

Missouri Census Data Center Geocorr Engine.
<https://mcdc.missouri.edu/applications/geocorr2022.html>
 Census Public Use Microdata Areas (PUMAs) webpage. 2020_Census_Tract_to_2020_PUMA.txt

RecodeAges*Recode Age Categories*

Description

Recode age categories of tables derived from B01001 and B01001A-I.

Usage

```
RecodeAges(tab, nages="9")
```

Arguments

tab	table with 14 or 23 rows, age rownames, and colnames c("Est", "MoE")
nages	"number" of age categories, e.g. 9, "7a" etc.
doc	Flag TRUE/1 print documentation/return age recode list for nages. Default 0.
debug	debug/message level. Default 0. Higher values of debug print more messages.

Details

B01001 has 2 levels Sex (Male/Female) and age categories. For example the "Male" rows need to be pulled out before the recode.

Value

table	Table with Est and MoE columns and recode age rownames/values.
-------	--

Author(s)

David Dorer 13 Dec 2023 11:08

SplitString*Split Table Rownames*

Description

Split the rownames of a table into components.

Usage

```
SplitString("Male : Under 5 years", s=" : ")
```

Arguments

x	character vector.
s	String to use to split x into components. Default " : ".

Details

Separates the "levels" of a table rowname by splitting it at a ":" string. Used to separate components of an ACS table rownames/labels.

Value

Character matrix with as many rows as the length of x and as many columns as the element of x with the largest number of substrings. The rows of the matrix are "padded out" by "" character string as needed.

Author(s)

David Dorer 12 Dec 2023 19:56

SPM.2021.25.data	<i>Supplemental Poverty Measure dataset for Massachusetts (FIPS 25).</i>
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Description

Supplemental Poverty Measure dataset subset for Massachusetts (FIPS 25).

Usage

```
data(SPM.2021.25.data)
```

Value

A data.frame with 67951 observations and 46 variables.

References

SPM datasets <https://www.census.gov/topics/income-poverty/supplemental-poverty-measure/data/datasets.html>
 Data Dictionary <https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/supplemental-poverty-measure/datasets/spm/spm-asc-2020.pdf>

WeightedSum	<i>Weighted Sum of Table Rows</i>
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Description

Compute the weighted sum of rows of a table

Usage

```
WeightedSum(table, weights=c(1, -1))
```

Arguments

x	Table with rows and columns. The colnames are c("Est", "MoE")
weights	Numeric vector of weights with length 1 or nrows(x). If weights has length 1 it is repeated down the rows. Default 1.

Details

Computes the weighted sum of the "Est" column and the associated MoE. With the default weights (1) the Est result is the sum of the table rows and MoE is the associated MoE. The MoE is computed using the approximate formulas for standard error and variance. To take the difference of 2 rows use c(1,-1) as the weights.

Value

table	A table with 1 row and 2 columns "Est" and "MoE"
-------	--

Author(s)

David Dorer 12 Dec 2023 19:50

References

Understanding and Using the American Community Survey. **Chapter 8** <https://www.census.gov/content/dam/Census/libr>

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