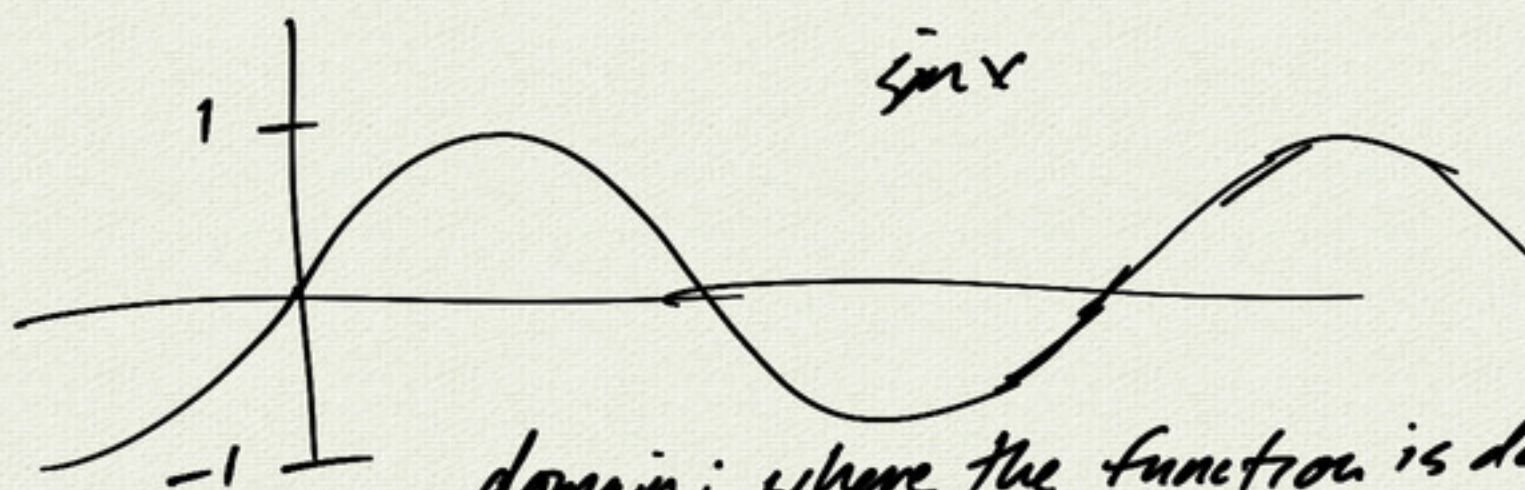
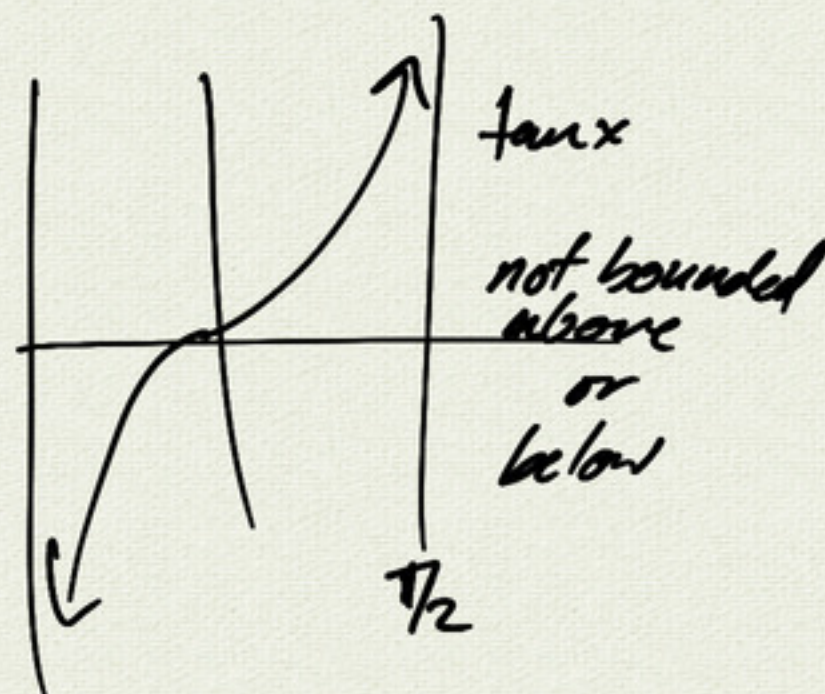
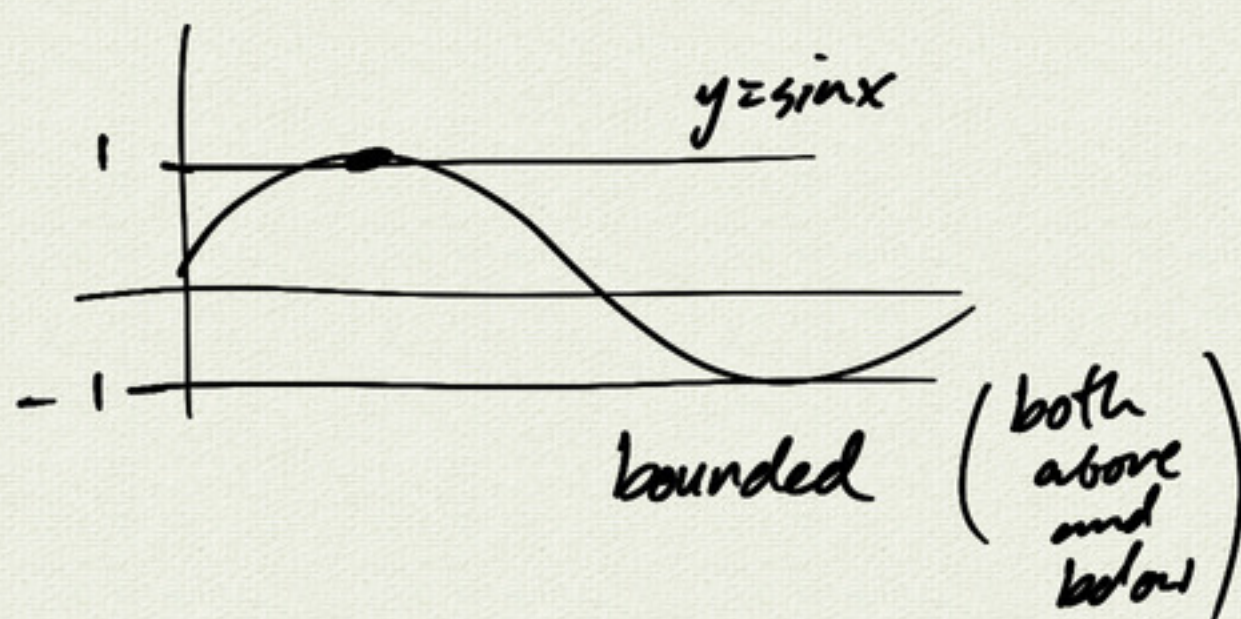
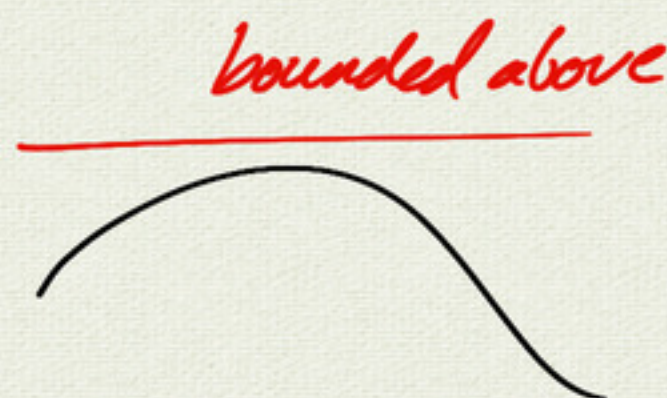
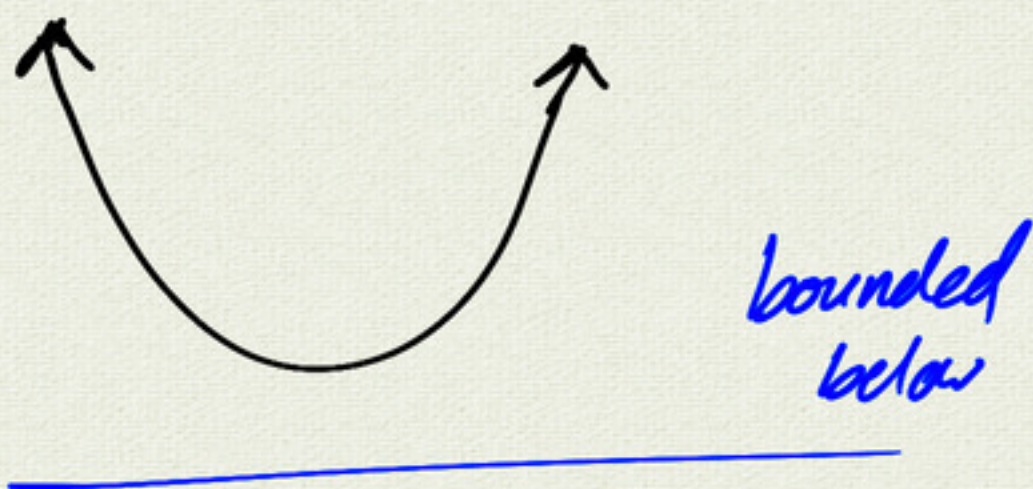
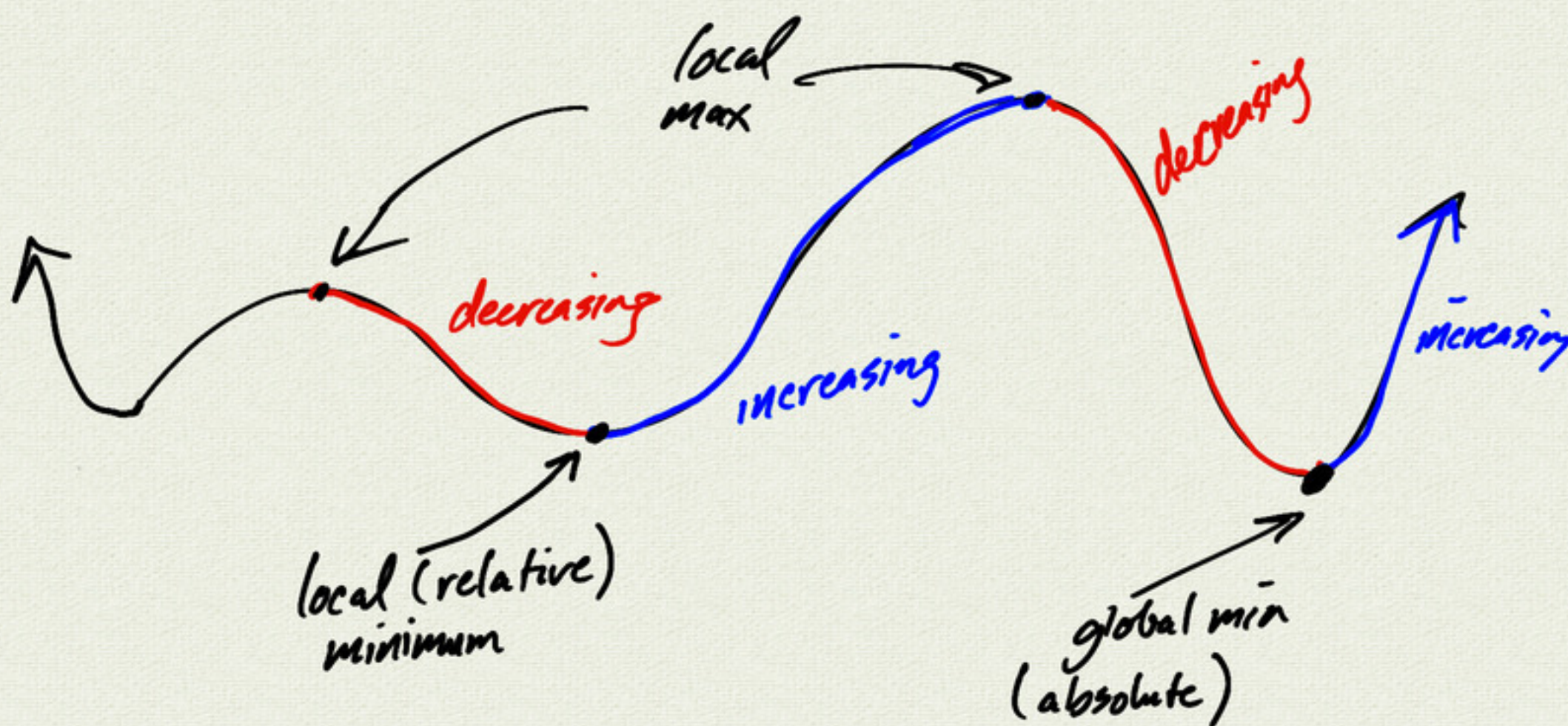


## 4.1 Function Properties

domain/range

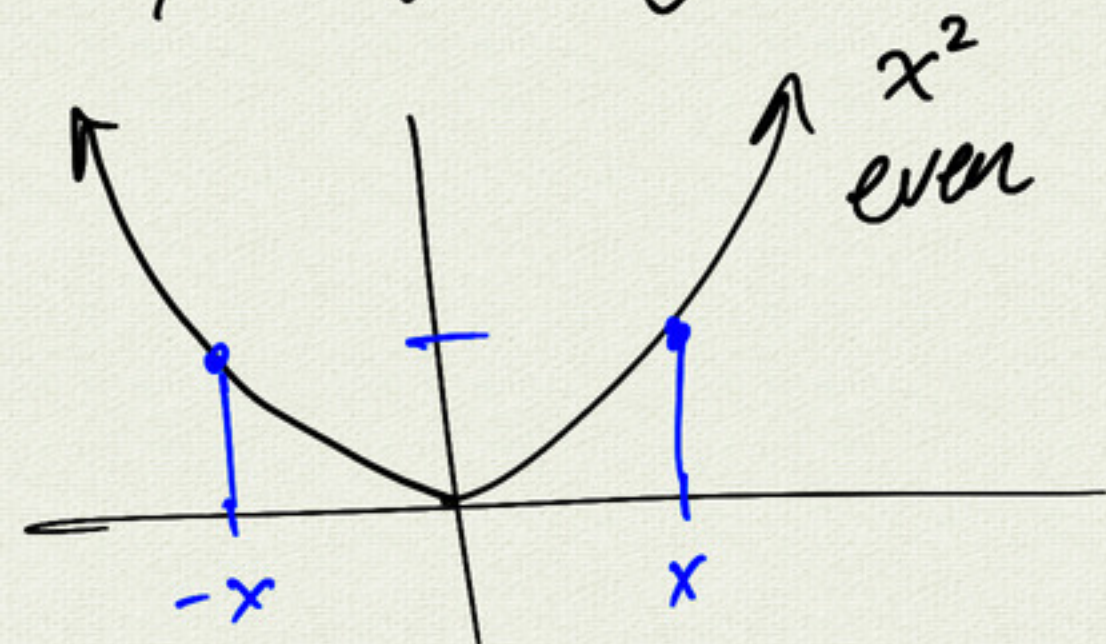


domain: where the function is defined  
range: the set of all possible function values

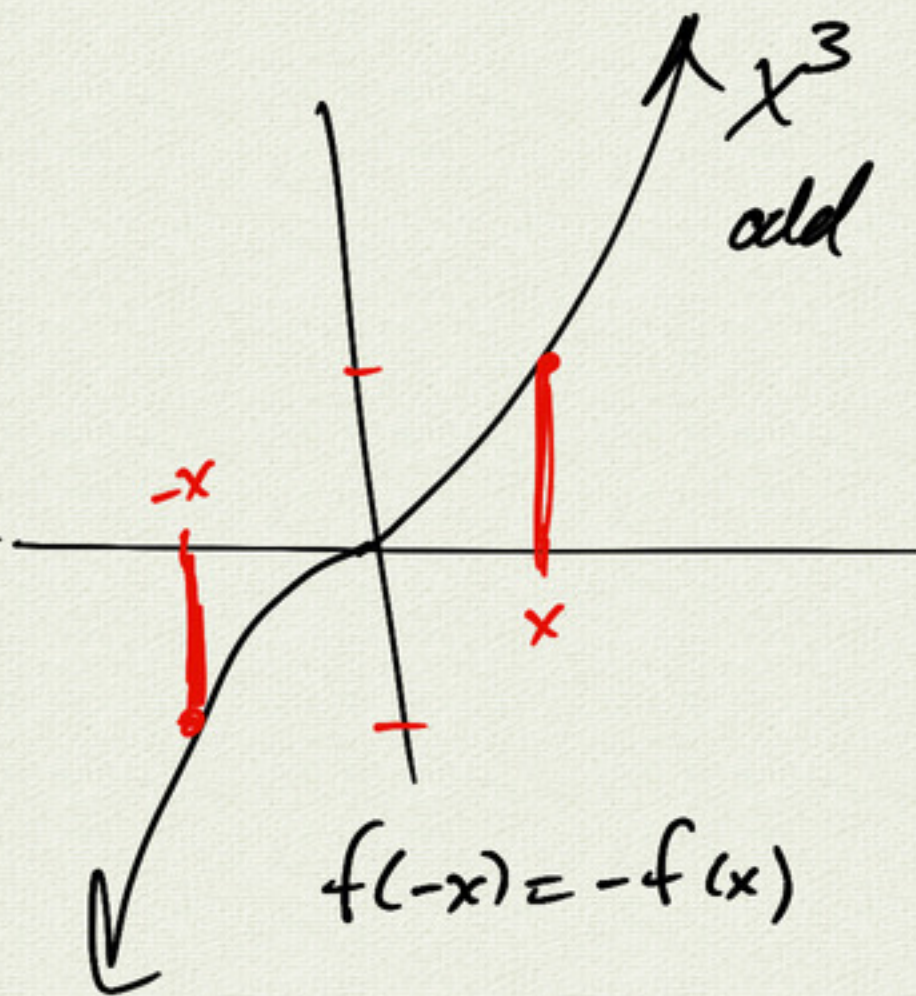




odd/even symmetry



$$f(-x) = f(x)$$



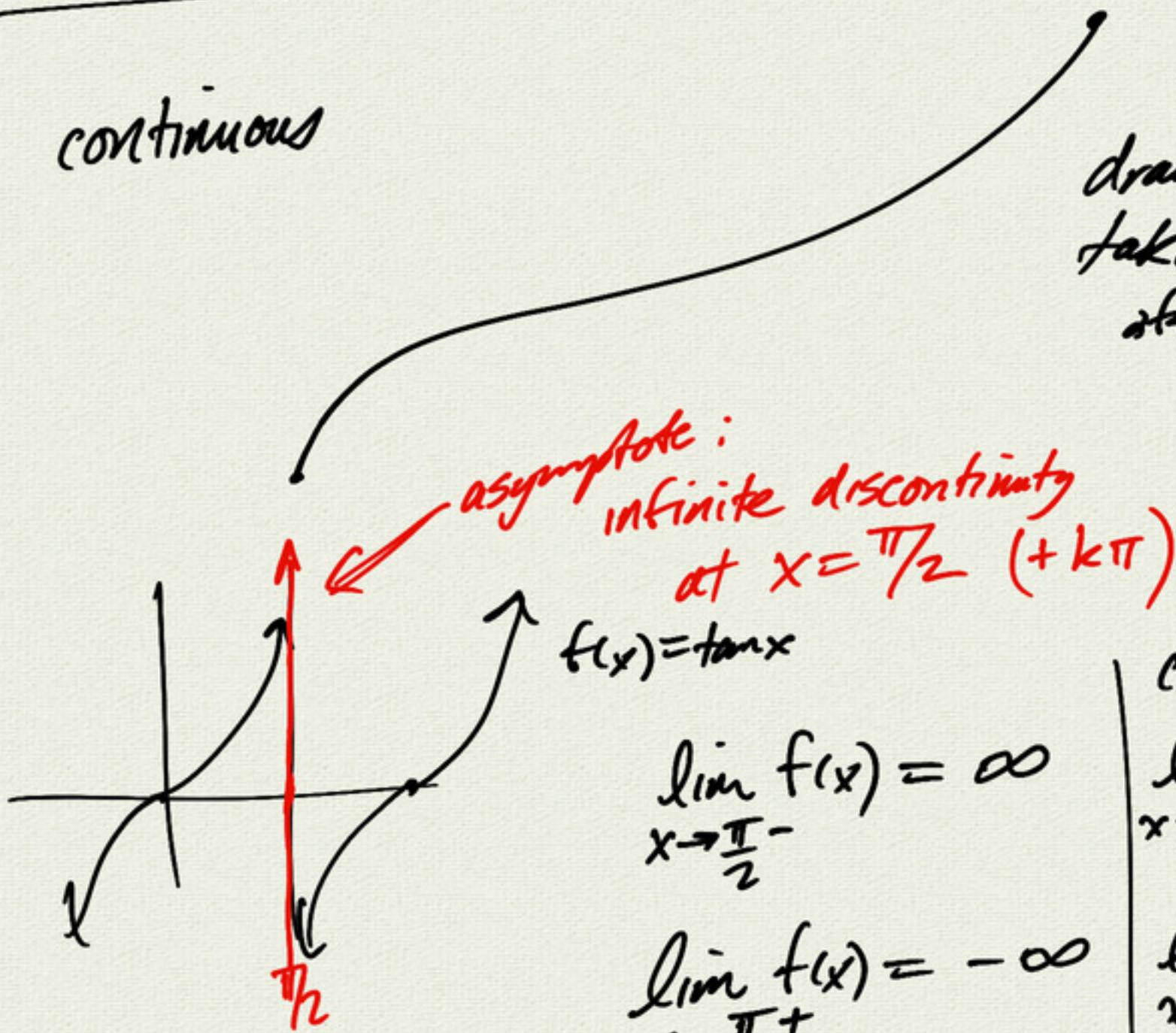
$$f(-x) = -f(x)$$



# discontinuities

continuous

draw without  
taking pen  
off paper



$$f(x) = \tan x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} f(x) = \infty$$

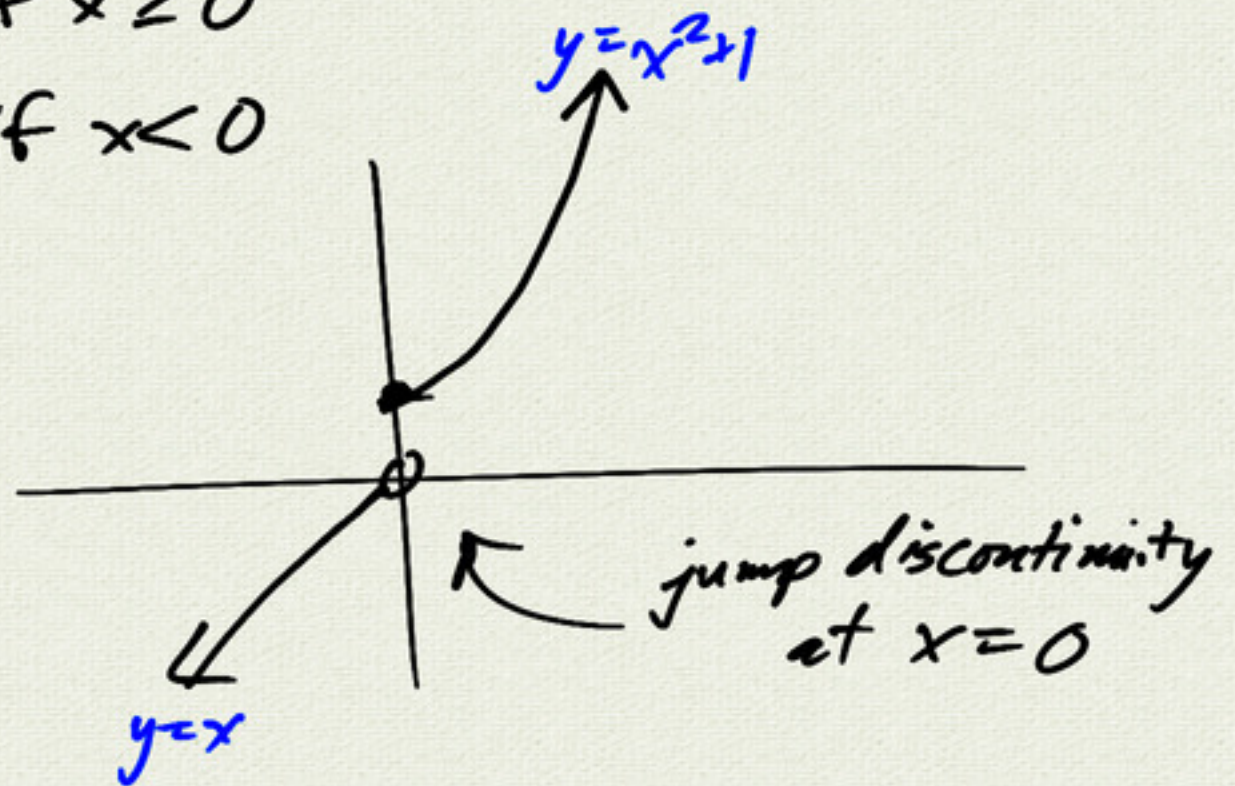
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^+} f(x) = -\infty$$

could also write:

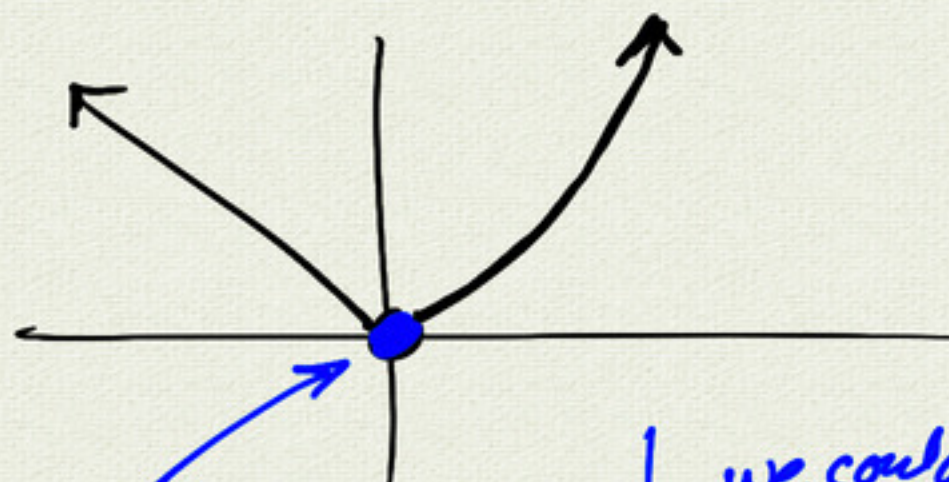
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} \tan(x) = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^+} \tan(x) = -\infty$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 1 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ x & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$



$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ -x & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

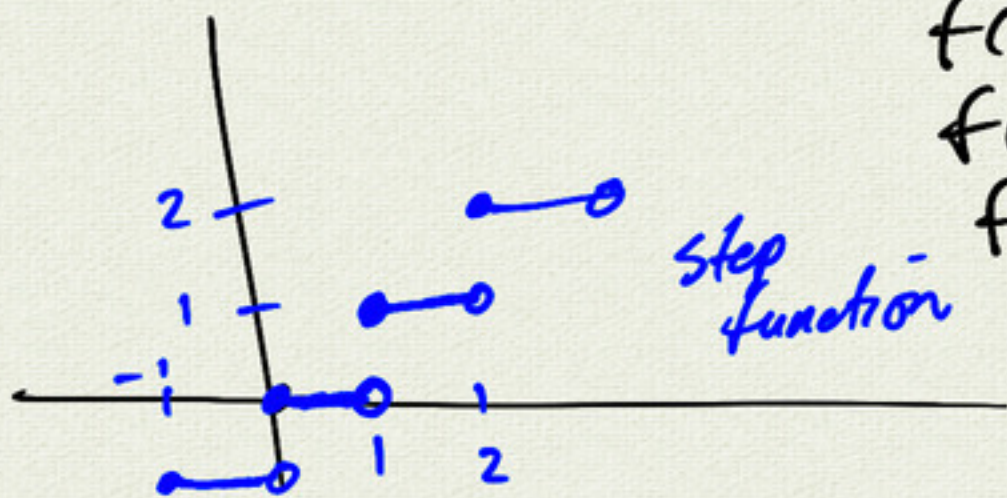


we could redefine  
 $f(0) = 0$



$$f(x) = \text{int}(x) \quad (\text{greatest integer function})$$

$(= \lfloor x \rfloor)$  "the biggest integer less than or equal to  $x$ "



$$f(0) = 0$$

$$f(.1) = 0$$

$$f(.5) = 0$$

$$f(.9) = 0$$

---


$$f(1) = 1$$

---


$$f(-1.1) = -2$$

domain:  $\mathbb{R}$   
range:  $\mathbb{Z}$

jump discontinuity  
at  $x = k$  ( $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ )