

# 分析某加固的Anti-Frida保护

分析样本：某邦加固企业版

首先得感谢龙哥在分析过程中提出了大量非常专业的指导与建议，bug属于我，荣耀属于白龙Lilac!

## 分析过程

### 找到检测所在的so

我们可以通过 frida-trace 快速进行系统函数的 hook，首先我们需要知道load so的函数一般为 dlopen 和 android\_dlopen\_ext，所以先执行

```
frida-trace -U -f com.wujie.chengxin -i dlopen
```

可以观察到以下输出：

```
PS E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin> frida-trace -U -f com.wujie.chengxin -i dlopen
Instrumenting...
dlopen: Loaded handler at "E:\\样本\\antiantifrida\\chenxin\\__handlers__\\libdl.so\\dlopen.js"
Started tracing 1 function. Press Ctrl+C to stop.
/* TID 0x3a6f */
240 ms dlopen()
240 ms dlopen()
246 ms dlopen()
Process terminated
PS E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin>
```

可以看到这里只显示了调用dlopen，但是参数没有输出，dlopen的第一个参数即为所需load的so的名字（args[0].readCString()）我们可以去提示的路径下修改dlopen.js脚本

修改前：

```
JS chengxin.js JS dlopen.js 3
chengxin > __handlers__ > libdl.so > JS dlopen.js
4  *
5  * For full API reference, see: https://frida.re/docs/javascript-api/
6  */
7
8  {
9      /**
10     * Called synchronously when about to call dlopen.
11     *
12     * @this {object} - Object allowing you to store state for use in onLeave.
13     * @param {function} log - Call this function with a string to be presented to the user.
14     * @param {array} args - Function arguments represented as an array of NativePointer objects.
15     * For example use args[0].readUtf8String() if the first argument is a pointer to a C string e
16     * It is also possible to modify arguments by assigning a NativePointer object to an element o
17     * @param {object} state - Object allowing you to keep state across function calls.
18     * Only one JavaScript function will execute at a time, so do not worry about race-conditions.
19     * However, do not use this to store function arguments across onEnter/onLeave, but instead
20     * use "this" which is an object for keeping state local to an invocation.
21     */
22     onEnter(log, args, state) {
23         log('dlopen()');
24     },
25
26     /**
27     * Called synchronously when about to return from dlopen.
28     *
29     * See onEnter for details.
30     *
31     * @this {object} - Object allowing you to access state stored in onEnter.
32     * @param {function} log - Call this function with a string to be presented to the user.
33     * @param {NativePointer} retval - Return value represented as a NativePointer object.
34     * @param {object} state - Object allowing you to keep state across function calls.
35     */
36     onLeave(log, retval, state) {
37     }
38 }
```

修改后：

```
chengxin.js  dlopen.js 3 x
chenxin > _handlers_ > libdl.so > dlopen.js
4  *
5  * For full API reference, see: https://frida.re/docs/javascript-api/
6  */
7
8  {
9
10  /**
11   * Called synchronously when about to call dlopen.
12   *
13   * @this {object} - Object allowing you to store state for use in onLeave.
14   * @param {function} log - Call this function with a string to be presented to the user.
15   * @param {array} args - Function arguments represented as an array of NativePointer objects.
16   * For example use args[0].readUtf8String() if the first argument is a pointer to a C string.
17   * It is also possible to modify arguments by assigning a NativePointer object to an element of the array.
18   * @param {object} state - Object allowing you to keep state across function calls.
19   * Only one JavaScript function will execute at a time, so do not worry about race-conditions.
20   * However, do not use this to store function arguments across onEnter/onLeave, but instead
21   * use "this" which is an object for keeping state local to an invocation.
22   */
23  onEnter(log, args, state) {
24    log('dlopen(): ' + args[0].readCString());
25  },
26
27  /**
28   * Called synchronously when about to return from dlopen.
29   *
30   * See onEnter for details.
31   *
32   * @this {object} - Object allowing you to access state stored in onEnter.
33   * @param {function} log - Call this function with a string to be presented to the user.
34   * @param {NativePointer} retval - Return value represented as a NativePointer object.
35   * @param {object} state - Object allowing you to keep state across function calls.
36   */
37  onLeave(log, retval, state) {
38  }
```

再次输出一下:

```
PS E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin> frida-trace -U -f com.wujie.chengxin -i dlopen
Instrumenting...
dlopen: Loaded handler at "E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin\_handlers_\libdl.so\dlopen.js"
Started tracing 1 function. Press Ctrl+C to stop.
/* TID 0x3e92 */
241 ms dlopen(): libc.so
242 ms dlopen(): libc.so
247 ms dlopen(): libdatajar.so
Process terminated
PS E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin>
```

现在dlopen的参数就显示出来了, 但是这里load的三个so显然是系统的so而非app的so, 所以我们再hook android\_dlopen\_ext看看:

```
PS E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin> frida-trace -U -f com.wujie.chengxin -i android_dlopen_ext
Instrumenting...
android_dlopen_ext: Loaded handler at "E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin\_handlers_\libdl.so\android_dlopen_ext.js"
Started tracing 1 function. Press Ctrl+C to stop.
/* TID 0x406c */
211 ms android_dlopen_ext(): /system/framework/oat/arm/org.apache.http.legacy.odex
216 ms android_dlopen_ext(): /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1E1c9F17Xdg==/oat/arm/base.odex
222 ms android_dlopen_ext(): /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1E1c9F17Xdg==/lib/arm/libDexHelper.so
Process terminated
PS E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin>
```

可以看到当load到libDexHelper.so的时候, frida被杀掉了, 所以我们初步可以判定做检测的位置在libDexHelper.so中

## 检测点一

首先我们可以通过hook字符串比较函数（比如strstr和strcmp等函数）来观察是否传入了frida相关的字符串进行比较

```
Interceptor.attach(Module.findExportByName(null, "strstr"), {
  onEnter: function(args) {
    if (args[0].readCString().indexOf("frida") !== -1 || args[1].readCString().indexOf("frida") !== -1 ||
        args[0].readCString().indexOf("gum-js-loop") !== -1 || args[1].readCString().indexOf("gum-js-loop") !== -1 ||
        args[0].readCString().indexOf("gmain") !== -1 || args[1].readCString().indexOf("gmain") !== -1 ||
        args[0].readCString().indexOf("linjector") !== -1 || args[1].readCString().indexOf("linjector") !== -1) {
      console.log('\nstrstr(' +
        's1="' + args[0].readCString() + '" +
        ', s2="' + args[1].readCString() + '" +
        ');');
    }
  },
  onLeave: function(retval) {
  }
});
```

```
PS E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin> frida-trace -U -f com.wujie.chengxin -i strstr
Instrumenting...
strstr: Loaded handler at "E:\\样本\\antiantifrida\\chenxin\\_handlers_\\libc.so\\strstr.js"
Started tracing 1 function. Press Ctrl+C to stop.
/* TID 0x4dcd */
246 ms
strstr(s1="/data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/linjector-62", s2="com.wujie.chengxin")
258 ms
strstr(s1="d0e51000-d1c72000 r-xp 00000000 103:06 4063246", s2="lib/libart.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
258 ms
strstr(s1="d1c72000-d1cca000 r--p 00e20000 103:06 4063246", s2="lib/libart.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
258 ms
strstr(s1="d1cca000-d1cd8000 rw-p 00e78000 103:06 4063246", s2="lib/libart.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
310 ms
strstr(s1="d0e51000-d1c72000 r-xp 00000000 103:06 4063246", s2="/lib/libdextfile.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
310 ms
strstr(s1="d1c72000-d1cca000 r--p 00e20000 103:06 4063246", s2="/lib/libdextfile.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
310 ms
strstr(s1="d1cca000-d1cd8000 rw-p 00e78000 103:06 4063246", s2="/lib/libdextfile.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
397 ms
strstr(s1="d0e51000-d1c72000 r-xp 00000000 103:06 4063246", s2="lib/libart.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
397 ms
strstr(s1="d1c72000-d1cca000 r--p 00e20000 103:06 4063246", s2="lib/libart.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
398 ms
strstr(s1="d1cca000-d1cd8000 rw-p 00e78000 103:06 4063246", s2="lib/libart.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
441 ms
strstr(s1="d0e51000-d1c72000 r-xp 00000000 103:06 4063246", s2="lib/libart.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
441 ms
strstr(s1="d1c72000-d1cca000 r--p 00e20000 103:06 4063246", s2="lib/libart.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
441 ms
strstr(s1="d1cca000-d1cd8000 rw-p 00e78000 103:06 4063246", s2="lib/libart.so") /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
```

通过这些字符串的特征，可以知道它们来自maps，而Frida的一大特征就是在注入到app中后，app的maps中会有frida-agent.so的内存分布。所以这里我们可以通过伪造maps来绕过这里的检测（在/data/data/pkgname/路径下创建一个新的maps，并读取按行读取原始的maps，如果某一行中存在tmp字符串时，就跳过这一行，否则写入新的maps）在脚本里加入以下代码：

```
const openPtr = Module.getExportByName('libc.so', 'open');
const open = new NativeFunction(openPtr, 'int', ['pointer', 'int']);
var readPtr = Module.findExportByName("libc.so", "read");
var read = new NativeFunction(readPtr, 'int', ['int', 'pointer', 'int']);

var fakePath = "/data/data/com.pkgname/maps";
var file = new File(fakePath, "w");
var buffer = Memory.alloc(512);

Interceptor.replace(openPtr, new NativeCallback(function (pathnameptr, flag) {
```

```

var pathname = Memory.readUtf8String(pathnameptr);
var realFd = open(pathnameptr, flag);
console.log("open:", pathname)
if (pathname.indexOf("maps") >= 0) {
    // console.log("open maps:", pathname);
    while(parseInt(read(realFd, buffer, 512)) !== 0){
        var oneLine = Memory.readCString(buffer);
        if(oneLine.indexOf("tmp")===-1){
            file.write(oneLine);
        }else {
            console.log(oneLine);
        }
    }
    var filename = Memory.allocUtf8String(fakePath);
    return open(filename, flag);
}
var fd = open(pathnameptr, flag);
// Thread.sleep(1)
return fd;
}, 'int', ['pointer', 'int']));

```

执行后的输出如下：

```

d1fe9000-d1ff7000 rw-p 00e78000 103:06 4063243 /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
d1ff7000-d203b000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
open: /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1Eic9F17Xdg==/base.apk
open: /proc/self/maps
-d1170000 r-xs 02000000 00:05 66941807 /memfd:/jit-cache (deleted)
d1170000-d1f91000 r-xp 00000000 103:06 4063243 /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
d1f91000-d1fe9000 r--p 00e20000 103:06 4063243 /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
d1fe9000-d1ff7000 rw-p 00e78000 103:06 4063243 /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
d1ff7000-d203b000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
open: /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1Eic9F17Xdg==/base.apk
open: /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1Eic9F17Xdg==/base.apk
open: /apex/com.android.runtime/lib/bionic/libc.so
open: /proc/26096/maps
-d1170000 r-xs 02000000 00:05 66941807 /memfd:/jit-cache (deleted)
d1170000-d1f91000 r-xp 00000000 103:06 4063243 /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
d1f91000-d1fe9000 r--p 00e20000 103:06 4063243 /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
d1fe9000-d1ff7000 rw-p 00e78000 103:06 4063243 /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
d1ff7000-d203b000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
open: /proc/self/task/26096/status
open: /proc/self/task/26101/status
open: /proc/self/task/26102/status
open: /proc/self/task/26103/status
open: /proc/self/task/26104/status
open: /proc/self/task/26105/status
open: /proc/self/task/26107/status
open: /proc/self/task/26112/status
open: /proc/self/task/26113/status
open: /proc/self/task/26115/status
open: /proc/self/task/26116/status
open: /proc/self/task/26117/status
open: /proc/self/task/26118/status
open: /proc/self/task/26119/status
open: /proc/self/task/26120/status
open: /proc/self/task/26121/status
open: /proc/self/task/26122/status
open: /proc/self/task/26123/status
open: /proc/self/task/26124/status
open: /proc/self/task/26125/status
Process terminated
[MIX 3::com.wujie.chengxin]->
Thank you for using Frida!
PS E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin>

```

通过观察log可以发现，之前maps中frida相关的字符串没有出现在strsr的参数中，说明我们已经过掉了这个检测点，但是frida仍然被杀掉了，并且被杀掉之前app打开了 /proc/self/task/pid/status 文件，所以我们需要再去观察一下这些status文件。

## 检测点二

通过观察发现，当app中注入了frida，那么frida的特征会在status文件中的Name字段有所体现，这里我们可以通过其它没有检测frida的app做一个验证，如下图所示：

```
perseus:/proc/27152/task # cat ./27177/status
```

```
Name:  gdbus
Umask: 0077
State: S (sleeping)
Tgid:  27152
Ngid:  0
Pid:   27177
PPid:  6142
TracerPid: 0
Uid:   10323  10323  10323  10323
Gid:   10323  10323  10323  10323
FDSize: 128
iGroups: 9997 20323 50323
VmPeak: 5916520 kB
VmSize: 5406868 kB
VmLck:  0 kB
VmPin:  0 kB
VmHWM:  118596 kB
VmRSS:  115800 kB
RssAnon:          29496 kB
RssFile:          86012 kB
RssShmem:         292 kB
VmData: 1216788 kB
VmStk:   8192 kB
VmExe:   28 kB
VmLib:  186144 kB
```

```
>perseus:/proc/27152/task # cat ./27176/status
```

```
Name:  gmain
Umask: 0077
State: S (sleeping)
Tgid:  27152
Ngid:  0
Pid:   27176
PPid:  6142
TracerPid: 0
Uid:   10323  10323  10323  10323
Gid:   10323  10323  10323  10323
FDSize: 128
iGroups: 9997 20323 50323
VmPeak: 5916520 kB
VmSize: 5406868 kB
VmLck:  0 kB
VmPin:  0 kB
VmHWM:  118596 kB
VmRSS:  115800 kB
RssAnon:          29496 kB
RssFile:          86012 kB
RssShmem:         292 kB
VmData: 1216788 kB
VmStk:   8192 kB
VmExe:   28 kB
VmLib:  186144 kB
```

```

Cerberus:/proc/27152/task # cat ./27178/status
Name:   gum-js-loop
Umask:  0077
State:  S (sleeping)
Tgid:   27152
Ngid:   0
Pid:    27178
PPid:   6142
TracerPid: 0
Uid:    10323  10323  10323  10323
Gid:    10323  10323  10323  10323
FDSize: 128
Groups: 9997 20323 50323
VmPeak: 5916520 kB
VmSize: 5406868 kB
VmLck:  0 kB
VmPin:  0 kB
VmHWM:  118596 kB
VmRSS:  115800 kB
RssAnon:      29496 kB
RssFile:      86012 kB
RssShmem:     292 kB
VmData: 1216788 kB

```

所以我们可以通过上面伪造maps的方法去伪造task，修改脚本如下：

```

const openPtr = Module.getExportByName('libc.so', 'open');
const open = new NativeFunction(openPtr, 'int', ['pointer', 'int']);
var readPtr = Module.findExportByName("libc.so", "read");
var read = new NativeFunction(readPtr, 'int', ['int', 'pointer', 'int']);

var fakePath = "/data/data/com.pkgname/maps";
var file = new File(fakePath, "w");
var buffer = Memory.alloc(512);

var fakePath2 = "/data/data/com.pkgname/task";
var file2 = new File(fakePath2, "w");
var buffer2 = Memory.alloc(512);

Interceptor.replace(openPtr, new NativeCallback(function (pathnameptr, flag) {
    var pathname = Memory.readUtf8String(pathnameptr);
    var realFd = open(pathnameptr, flag);
    console.log("open:", pathname)
    if (pathname.indexOf("maps") >= 0 || pathname.indexOf("task") >= 0) {
        var temp = pathname.indexOf("maps") >= 0 ? 1:2;
        switch(temp){
            case 1:
                // console.log("open maps:", pathname);
                while(parseInt(read(realFd, buffer, 512)) !== 0){
                    var oneLine = Memory.readCString(buffer);
                    if(oneLine.indexOf("tmp")===-1){
                        file.write(oneLine);
                    }else {
                        // console.log(oneLine);
                    }
                }
            case 2:
                // console.log("open task:", pathname);
                while(parseInt(read(realFd, buffer2, 512)) !== 0){
                    var oneLine2 = Memory.readCString(buffer2);
                    if(oneLine2.indexOf("tmp")===-1){
                        file2.write(oneLine2);
                    }else {
                        // console.log(oneLine2);
                    }
                }
            default:
                // console.log("open other:", pathname);
                read(realFd, buffer, 512);
        }
    }
    return realFd;
}, 'int', ['pointer', 'int']));

```



```

    }
    var filename = Memory.allocUtf8String(fakePath);
    return open(filename, flag);
    break;
case 2:
    // console.log("open task:", pathname);
    while(parseInt(read(realFd, buffer2, 512)) !== 0){
        var oneLine = Memory.readCString(buffer2);
        var replaceStr = "123"
        if(oneLine.indexOf("gum-js-loop")!==-1){
            oneLine = oneLine.replace("gum-js-loop", replaceStr)
        }
        if(oneLine.indexOf("gmain")!==-1){
            oneLine = oneLine.replace("gmain", replaceStr)
        }
        file2.write(oneLine);
        // console.log(oneLine)
    }
    var filename = Memory.allocUtf8String(fakePath2);
    return open(filename, flag);
    break;
}
}
var fd = open(pathnameptr, flag);
// Thread.sleep(1)
return fd;
}, 'int', ['pointer', 'int']));

```

上面的脚本执行完成后，其实frida还是会被断下来，但是查看输出的log我们可以看到替换是成功的：

```

Mems_allowed: 1
Mems_allowed_list: 0
voluntary_ctxt_switches: 53
nonvoluntary_ctxt_switches: 3
PTE: 988 kB
VmPMD: 16 kB
VmSwap: 19556 k
Name: 123
Umask: 0077
State: S (sleeping)
Tgid: 22820
Ngid: 0
Pid: 22849
PPid: 6143
TracerPid: 0
Uid: 10341 10341 10341 10341
Gid: 10341 10341 10341 10341
FDSize: 128
Groups: 3003 9997 20341 50341
VmPeak: 2010596 kB
VmSize: 2010228 kB
VmLck: 0 kB
VmPin: 0 kB
VmHWM: 148848 kB
VmRSS: 148848 kB

```

但细心一点我们会发现，还有一个frida相关的字符串出现在了log里（pool-frida）所以我们需要修改一下脚本：

```
case 2:
    // console.log("open task:", pathname);
    while(parseInt(read(realFd, buffer2, 512)) != 0){
        var oneLine = Memory.readCString(buffer2);
        var replaceStr = "123"
        if(oneLine.indexOf("pool-frida")!=-1){
            oneLine = oneLine.replace("pool-frida", replaceStr)
        }
        if(oneLine.indexOf("gum-js-loop")!=-1){
            oneLine = oneLine.replace("gum-js-loop", replaceStr)
        }
        if(oneLine.indexOf("gmain")!=-1){
            oneLine = oneLine.replace("gmain", replaceStr)
        }
        file2.write(oneLine);
        // console.log(oneLine)
    }
    var filename = Memory.allocUtf8String(fakePath2);
    return open(filename, flag);
    break;
```

然后，执行！然后frida又双叒被终止了，所以还是继续看输出。

### 检测点三

通过输出可以看到上面还有个关于strstr函数且参数为frida相关字符串的调用：

```

open: /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1E1c9F17Xdg==/oat/arm/base.vdex
open: /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1E1c9F17Xdg==/base.apk
open: /system/framework/arm/boot.art
open: /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1E1c9F17Xdg==/oat/arm/base.art
open: /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1E1c9F17Xdg==/lib/arm/libDexHelper.so
open: /proc/8423/cmdline

strstr(s1="/data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/linjector-99", s2="com.wujie.chengxin")
open: /system/lib/libc.so
open: /proc/self/maps
open: /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1E1c9F17Xdg==/oat/arm/base.odex
open: /data/user/0/com.wujie.chengxin/.cache/classes.dve
open: /system/lib/libc.so
open: /proc/self/maps
open: /proc/self/maps
open: /proc/self/maps
open: /proc/self/maps
open: /proc/self/maps
open: /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1E1c9F17Xdg==/base.apk
open: /proc/self/maps
open: /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1E1c9F17Xdg==/base.apk
open: /data/app/com.wujie.chengxin-WZCaCd7ATEU1E1c9F17Xdg==/base.apk
open: /apex/com.android.runtime/lib/bionic/libc.so
open: /proc/8423/maps
open: /proc/self/task/8423/status
open: /proc/self/task/8427/status
open: /proc/self/task/8429/status
open: /proc/self/task/8430/status
open: /proc/self/task/8431/status
open: /proc/self/task/8432/status
open: /proc/self/task/8434/status
open: /proc/self/task/8439/status
open: /proc/self/task/8440/status
open: /proc/self/task/8441/status
open: /proc/self/task/8442/status
open: /proc/self/task/8443/status
open: /proc/self/task/8444/status
open: /proc/self/task/8445/status
open: /proc/self/task/8446/status
open: /proc/self/task/8447/status
open: /proc/self/task/8448/status
open: /proc/self/task/8449/status
open: /proc/self/task/8450/status
open: /proc/self/task/8451/status
open: /proc/self/task/8452/status
open: /proc/self/task/8453/status
open: /proc/self/task/8454/status
open: /proc/self/task/8455/status
Process terminated
[MIX 3::com.wujie.chengxin]->

```

我们打印一下这个strstr的调用栈看看

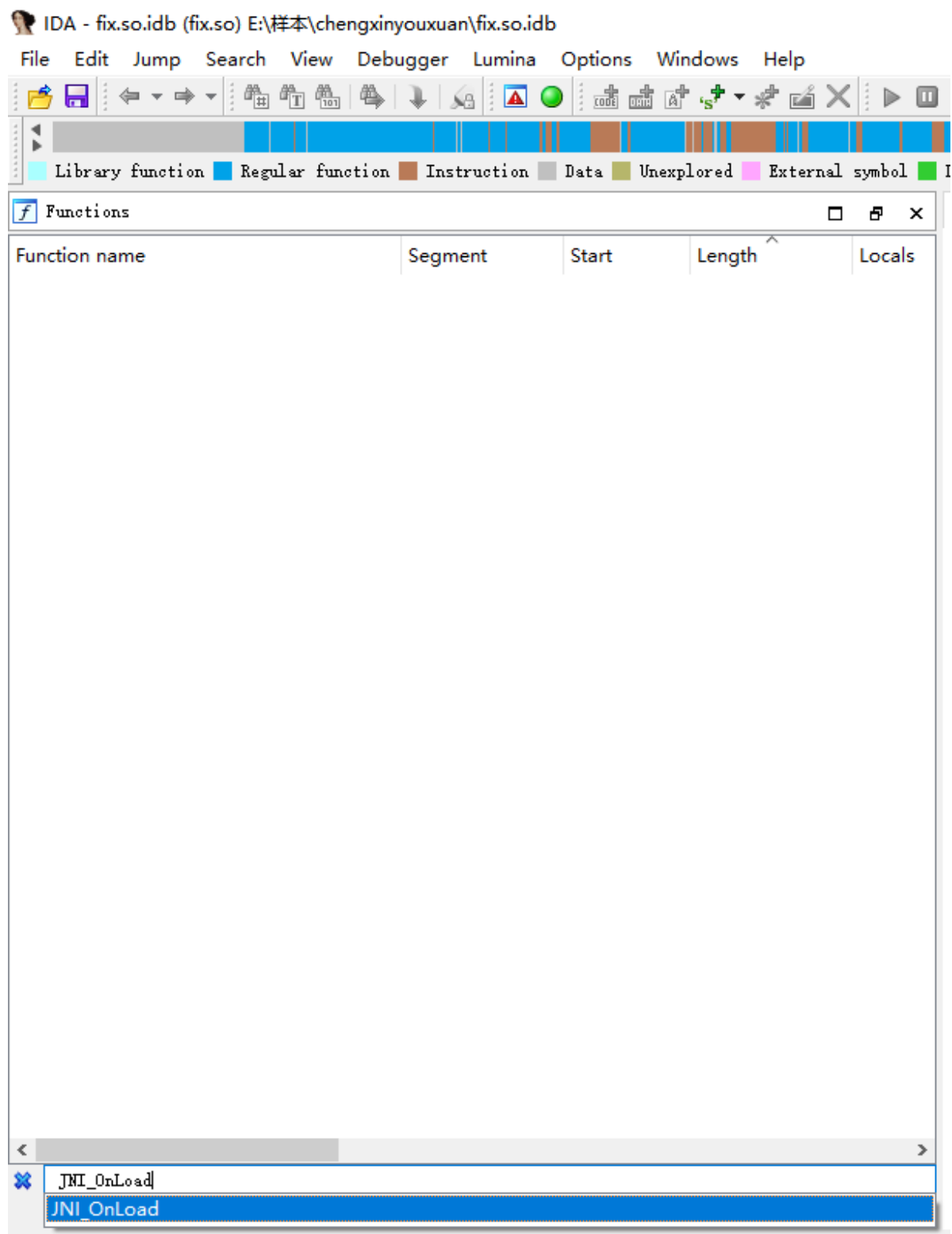
```

PS E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin> frida -U -f com.wujie.chengxin -l .\chengxin.js --no-pause

  _ _ _ |   Frida 15.0.18 - A world-class dynamic instrumentation toolkit
| ( _ | |
> _ _ |   Commands:
/_/_|_|   help      -> Displays the help system
. . . .   object?   -> Display information about 'object'
. . . .   exit/quit -> Exit
. . . .
. . . .   More info at https://frida.re/docs/home/
Spawned `com.wujie.chengxin`. Resuming main thread!
[MIX 3::com.wujie.chengxin]->
strstr(s1="/data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/linjector-102", s2="com.wujie.chengxin")
0xca12891d libDexHelper.so!JNI_OnLoad+0x14a8
0xf6c55100

```

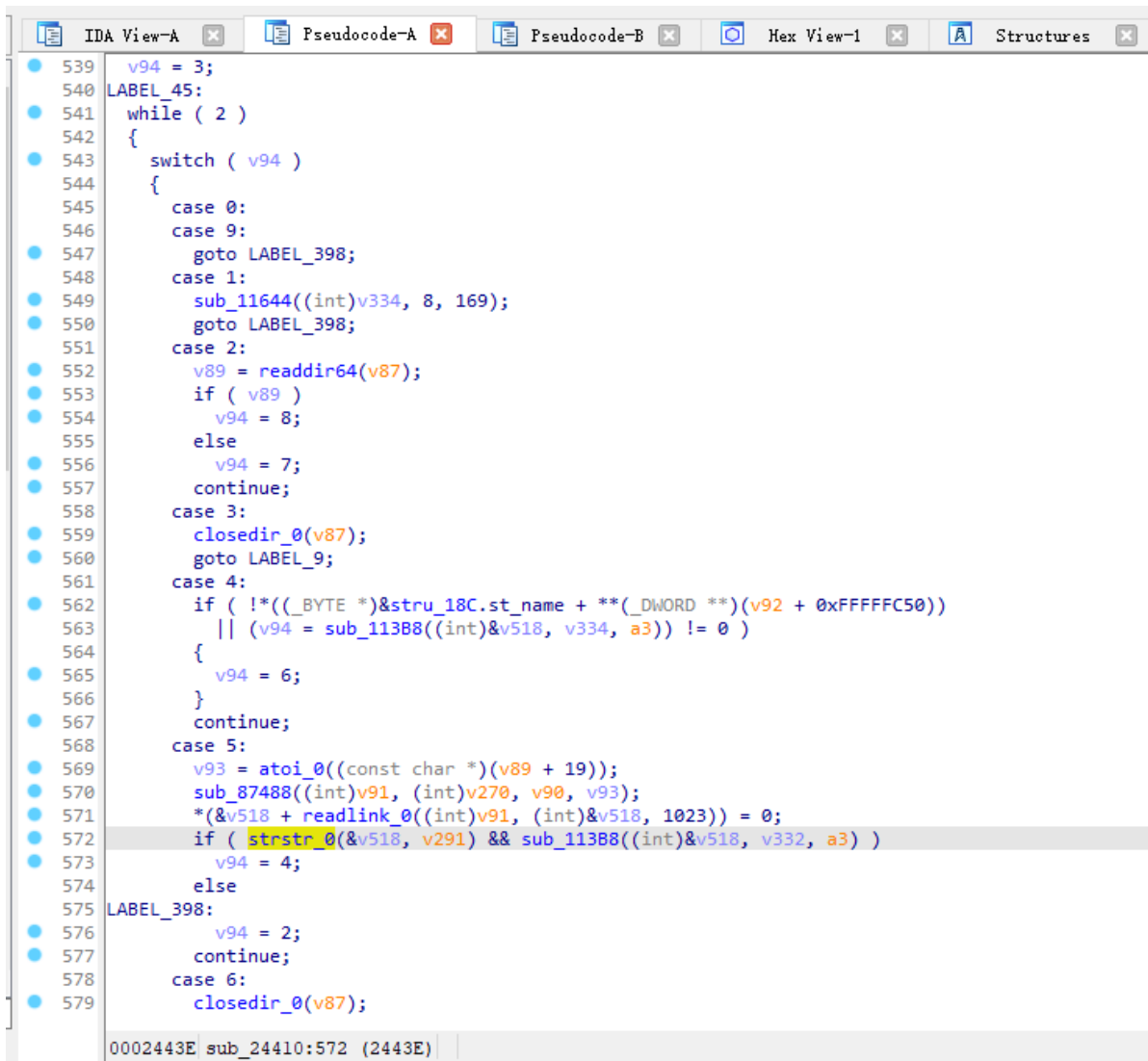
所以我们再去看看图中这个JNI\_OnLoad+0x14a8位置的代码逻辑（此处省略从内存中dump xxx.so以及修复so过程）



通过在ida里搜索可以看到JNI\_OnLoad函数被抹掉了，所以我们得去打印libDexHelper.so的基址，然后计算偏移来获取strstr的调用点，修改hook strstr部分的脚本为：

```
Interceptor.attach(Module.findExportByName(null, "strstr"), {
    onEnter: function(args) {
        if(args[0].readCString().indexOf("frida")!==-1
        ||args[1].readCString().indexOf("frida")!==-1    ||
            args[0].readCString().indexOf("gum-js-
loop")!==-1||args[1].readCString().indexOf("gum-js-loop")!==-1||
            args[0].readCString().indexOf("gmain")!==-1
        ||args[1].readCString().indexOf("gmain")!==-1    ||
```





```
539 v94 = 3;
540 LABEL_45:
541 while ( 2 )
542 {
543     switch ( v94 )
544     {
545     case 0:
546     case 9:
547         goto LABEL_398;
548     case 1:
549         sub_11644((int)v334, 8, 169);
550         goto LABEL_398;
551     case 2:
552         v89 = readdir64(v87);
553         if ( v89 )
554             v94 = 8;
555         else
556             v94 = 7;
557         continue;
558     case 3:
559         closedir_0(v87);
560         goto LABEL_9;
561     case 4:
562         if ( !*((_BYTE *)&stru_18C.st_name + **(_DWORD **)(v92 + 0xFFFFFC50))
563             || (v94 = sub_113B8((int)&v518, v334, a3)) != 0 )
564         {
565             v94 = 6;
566         }
567         continue;
568     case 5:
569         v93 = atoi_0((const char *)(v89 + 19));
570         sub_87488((int)v91, (int)v270, v90, v93);
571         *(&v518 + readlink_0((int)v91, (int)&v518, 1023)) = 0;
572         if ( strstr_0(&v518, v291) && sub_113B8((int)&v518, v332, a3) )
573             v94 = 4;
574         else
575             LABEL_398:
576                 v94 = 2;
577                 continue;
578     case 6:
579         closedir_0(v87);
580     }
```

0002443E sub\_24410:572 (2443E)

这里strstr函数上面就是一个readlink函数，并且参数v518也和readlink似乎有点关联，所以我们去hook这个readlink看看，在我们的脚本里补充：

```
var iii,jjj;
Interceptor.attach(Module.findExportByName(null, "readlink"),{
    onEnter: function(args){
        console.log("call readlink")
        iii = args[0]
        jjj = args[1]
        // console.log(Thread.backtrace(this.context,
        Backtracer.ACCURATE).map(DebugSymbol.fromAddress).join('\n') + '\n');

    },
    onLeave: function(retval){
        console.log("leave readlink: "+iii.readCString()+" "+jjj.readCString())
    }
});
```

果然，我们可以看到frida出现了：

```

leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/44 anon_inode:[eventfd]
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/45 socket:[68595041]fd]
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/46 anon_inode:[eventfd]
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/47 anon_inode:[eventfd]
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/48 socket:[68621502]fd]
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/49 socket:[68620885]
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/50 socket:[68620894]
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/51 /dev/proc_kperfevents.apk
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/52 anon_inode:[eventfd]s
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/53 /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/linjector-105-ext-res.apk

libDexHelper.so base address: 0xc2e80000

strstr(s1="/data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/linjector-105", s2="com.wujie.chengxin")
0xc2ea491d libDexHelper.so!JNI_OnLoad+0x14a8
0xefc13180

leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/54 /data/data/com.wujie.chengxin/mapsinjector-105
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/55 socket:[68620928]jie.chengxin/maps
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/56 /data/data/com.wujie.chengxin/task
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/57 anon_inode:[eventfd].chengxin/task
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/58 anon_inode:[eventpoll]hengxin/task
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/59 /proc/4123/timerslack_nsngxin/task
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/60 /proc/4124/timerslack_ns
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/61 /proc/4125/timerslack_ns
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/62 /proc/4085/task/4085/delayxin/task
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/63 /data/system/theme/iconsay
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/64 /data/system/theme/icons
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/65 /data/system/theme/framework-miui-resctor-105
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/66 /data/system/theme/framework-miui-res
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/67 /proc/4085/cmdline/framework-miui-res
leave readlink: /proc/4085/fd/68 /system/framework/oat/arm/org.apache.http.legacy.vdex.apk

```

readlink函数的定义如下：

## linux下readlink函数详解

相关函数：stat, lstat, symlink

表头文件：#include <unistd.h>

定义函数：int readlink(const char \*path, char \*buf, size\_t bufsiz);

函数说明：readlink()会将参数path的符号连接内容到参数buf所指的内存空间，返回的内容不是以NULL作字符串结尾，但会将字符串的字符数返回。若参数bufsiz小于符号连接的内容长度，过长的内容会被截断

返回值：执行成功则传符号连接所指的文件路径字符串，失败返回-1，错误代码存于errno

错误代码：

EACCESS	取文件时被拒绝，权限不够
EINVAL	参数bufsiz为负数
EIO	O存取错误
ELOOP	欲打开的文件有过多符号连接问题
ENAMETOOLONG	参数path的路径名称太长
ENOENT	参数path所指定的文件不存在
ENOMEM	核心内存不足
ENOTDIR	参数path路径中的目录存在但却非真正的目录

所以，我们需要在readlink函数返回的时候替换掉buf中关于frida的内容，这样就能绕过这个检测了，脚本如下：

```

var aaa,bbb,ccc;
var ss = false
Interceptor.attach(Module.findExportByName(null, "readlink"),{

```

```

onEnter: function(args){
    aaa = args[0];
    bbb = args[1];
    ccc = args[2];
},
onLeave: function(retval){
    if(bbb.readCString().indexOf("frida")!==-1 ||
       bbb.readCString().indexOf("gum-js-loop")!==-1 ||
       bbb.readCString().indexOf("gmain")!==-1 ||
       bbb.readCString().indexOf("linjector")!==-1){
        console.log('\nreadlink(' +
                     's1="' + aaa.readCString() + '"' +
                     ', s2="' + bbb.readCString() + '"' +
                     ', s3="' + ccc + '"' +
                     ')');

        bbb.writeUtf8String("/system/framework/boot.art")
        console.log("replce with: "+bbb.readCString())
        retval.replace(0x1A)
        console.log("retval: "+retval)
    }
}
});

```

再次执行:

```

PS E:\样本\antiantifrida\chenxin> frida -U -f com.wujie.chengxin -l .\chengxin.js --no-pause

/ _ _ | Frida 15.0.18 - A world-class dynamic instrumentation toolkit
| ( _ |
> _ _ |
/_/_/_ | Commands:
        help      -> Displays the help system
        object?   -> Display information about 'object'
        exit/quit -> Exit
        . . . .
        . . . . More info at https://frida.re/docs/home/
Spawned `com.wujie.chengxin`. Resuming main thread!
[MIX 3::com.wujie.chengxin]->
readlink(s1="/proc/4843/fd/53", s2="/data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/linjector-109-ext-res.apk", s3="0x3ff"
replce with: /system/framework/boot.art
retval: 0x1a

readlink(s1="/proc/4843/fd/53", s2="/data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/linjector-109-ext-res.apk", s3="0x3ff"
replce with: /system/framework/boot.art
retval: 0x1a

readlink(s1="/proc/self/fd/53", s2="/data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/linjector-109", s3="0x100")
replce with: /system/framework/boot.art
retval: 0x1a
[MIX 3::com.wujie.chengxin]->
[MIX 3::com.wujie.chengxin]->
[MIX 3::com.wujie.chengxin]->
[MIX 3::com.wujie.chengxin]-> Process.id
4843
[MIX 3::com.wujie.chengxin]->

```

成功! (ps: 将上面的脚本拼接起来就可以复现)

## 常见Frida检测点总结

### 通过maps检测



扫描/proc/self/maps文件中的内存分布，寻找是否存在打开了/data/local/tmp路径下的so（Frida在运行时先确定/data/local/tmp路径下是否有re.frida.server文件夹，若没有则创建该文件夹并存放frida-agent.so等文件）

```
perseus:/data/local/tmp/re.frida.server # ls -ll
total 37848
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 15226516 2021-09-26 16:21:26.412616821 +0800 frida-agent-32.so
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 20847304 2021-09-26 16:21:26.512616821 +0800 frida-agent-64.so
-rwx----- 1 root root 2665124 2021-09-26 16:21:26.522616821 +0800 frida-helper-32
prw-rw-rw- 1 root root 0 2021-09-26 16:21:26.662616821 +0800 linjector-1
prw-rw-rw- 1 root root 0 2021-09-26 16:21:27.952616820 +0800 linjector-2
prw-rw-rw- 1 root root 0 2021-09-26 16:21:55.252616810 +0800 linjector-3
prw-rw-rw- 1 root root 0 2021-09-26 16:21:52.762616811 +0800 linjector-7
perseus:/data/local/tmp/re.frida.server #
```

在maps里表现为：

```
perseus:/proc/10884 # cat maps | grep frida --context=3
cae51000-cce51000 r--s 02000000 00:05 66344170 /memfd:/jit-cache (deleted)
cce51000-cee51000 rw-s 00000000 00:05 66344170 /memfd:/jit-cache (deleted)
cee51000-d0e51000 r-xs 02000000 00:05 66344170 /memfd:/jit-cache (deleted)
d0e51000-d1c72000 r-xp 00000000 103:06 4063246 /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
d1c72000-d1cca000 r--p 00e20000 103:06 4063246 /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
d1cca000-d1cd8000 rw-p 00e78000 103:06 4063246 /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/frida-agent-32.so
d1cd8000-d1d1c000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [anon:.bss]
d1d1e000-d1d34000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [anon:dalvik-large object space allocation]
d1d39000-d1d3e000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [anon:dalvik-large object space allocation]
perseus:/proc/10884 #
```

## 通过task检测

扫描task目录下所有/task/pid/status中的Name字段寻找是否存在frida注入的特征，具体线程名为gmain、gdbus和gum-js-loop，一般情况下这三个线程在第11--13的位置，此外在frida运行脚本过程中，还会存在一个Name字段为pool-frida的线程。

```
perseus:/proc/10884 # cd task/
perseus:/proc/10884/task # ls -ll
total 0
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:52.752616811 +0800 10884
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10888
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10901
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10903
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10904
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10905
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10906
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10913
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10914
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10915
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10916
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10918
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10919
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10921
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10925
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10926
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:53.842616810 +0800 10927
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:54.082616810 +0800 10928
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:54.142616810 +0800 10931
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:54.142616810 +0800 10933
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:54.742616810 +0800 10935
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:54.742616810 +0800 10940
dr-xr-xr-x 7 u0_a341 u0_a341 0 2021-09-26 16:21:54.742616810 +0800 10941
```

```
perseus:/proc/10884/task # cat ./10916/status | grep Name
Name: gmain
perseus:/proc/10884/task #
perseus:/proc/10884/task # cat ./10918/status | grep Name
Name: gdbus
perseus:/proc/10884/task # cat ./10919/status | grep Name
Name: gum-js-loop
```

## 通过fd检测

通过readlink查看 `/proc/self/fd` 和 `/proc/self/task/pid/fd` 下所有打开的文件，检测是否有frida相关文件。

```
perseus:/proc/10884 # ls -l fd |grep frida --context=3
lr-x----- 1 u0_a341 u0_a341 64 2021-09-26 16:39 447 -> /data/data/com.wujie.chengxin/files/split/1.0.4/libs/arme
l-wx----- 1 u0_a341 u0_a341 64 2021-09-26 16:39 448 -> /proc/11092/timerslack_ns
lr-x----- 1 u0_a341 u0_a341 64 2021-09-26 16:39 449 -> /proc/10884/status
l-wx----- 1 u0_a341 u0_a341 64 2021-09-26 16:37 45 -> /data/local/tmp/re.frida.server/linjector-7
lr-x----- 1 u0_a341 u0_a341 64 2021-09-26 16:39 450 -> /sys/devices/virtual/thermal/thermal_zone1/temp
l-wx----- 1 u0_a341 u0_a341 64 2021-09-26 16:39 451 -> /data/data/com.wujie.chengxin/shared_prefs/com.didichuxin
hengxin.xml.bak (deleted)
lr-x----- 1 u0_a341 u0_a341 64 2021-09-26 16:39 452 -> /sys/devices/platform/soc/18800000.qcom,icnss/net/wlan0/a
perseus:/proc/10884 #
perseus:/proc/10884 #
```

## 通过D-BUS检测

Frida是通过D-Bus协议进行通信的，所以可以遍历`/proc/net/tcp`文件，向每个开放的端口发送 D-Bus 的认证消息 `AUTH`，如果端口回复了 `REJECT`，那么这个端口就是frida-server（具体案例后边补上）