

## Chapter 3.5: Trigonometric Equations

### Expected Skills:

- Be able to solve trigonometric equations.

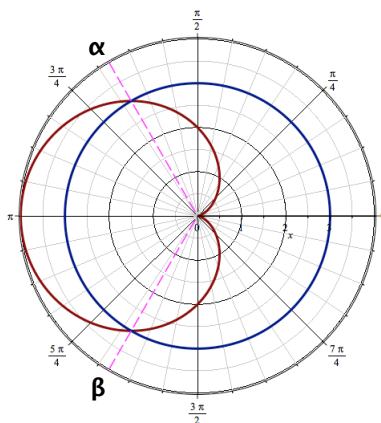
### Practice Problems:

For problems 1-7, find all values of  $\theta$  which satisfy the following equations.

1.  $2 \sin x + \sqrt{3} = 0$
2.  $2 \cos^2 \theta - \cos \theta - 1 = 0$
3.  $\sin(2\theta) + \cos \theta = 0$
4.  $\sin \theta - \cos(2\theta) = 0$
5.  $\sec^2 \theta - 2 = 0$
6.  $|\tan \theta| = \sqrt{3}$
7.  $\tan 4\theta = -1$

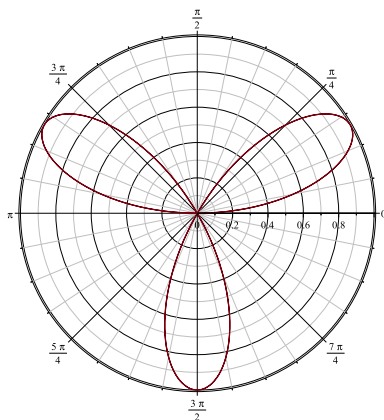
In Math 122, you will study the polar coordinate system. In the polar coordinate system, we identify the location of a point in the plane as an ordered pair  $(r, \theta)$  where  $r$  is the distance of the point from the origin and  $\theta$  is the angle from the positive  $x$ -axis. In this coordinate system, we often describe curves by expressing  $r$  as a function of  $\theta$ ,  $r = f(\theta)$ .

8. The curve  $r = 2 - 2 \cos \theta$  is called a cardioid, shown in red below. The curve  $r = 3$  is the blue circle shown below.



Find the angles  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  at which these curves intersect where  $0 < \alpha < \beta < 2\pi$

9. The curve  $r = \sin(3\theta)$  describes the rose, shown below.



- (a) Find all values of  $\theta$  in the interval  $[0, \pi]$  at which the curve passes through the origin. (Hint: At these points,  $r = 0$ .)
- (b) Find all values of  $\theta$  in the interval  $[0, \pi]$  which correspond to the “tips” of the rose petals. (Hint: At these points, either  $r = 1$  or  $r = -1$ .)