## Chapter 2.6 Practice Problems

## EXPECTED SKILLS:

• Know how to use the chain rule to calculate derivatives of compositions of functions.

1

## PRACTICE PROBLEMS:

For problems 1-16, calculate the derivative of the given function.

1. 
$$f(x) = (x^3 + 4)^{-3}$$

2. 
$$f(x) = (x^2 + 2x)^6$$

3. 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^3 - 2}$$

4. 
$$f(x) = \tan\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$$

5. 
$$f(x) = \sec 2x$$

6. 
$$f(x) = \cos^3 3x$$

7. 
$$f(x) = \left(x^5 - \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^4$$

8. 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3}{(3x - 5)^3}$$

9. 
$$f(x) = (x^2 + 2x)^5(x^2 - 4x)^3$$

10. 
$$f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{x}\right)$$

11. 
$$f(x) = \sin(\sin 2x)$$

12. 
$$f(x) = \tan^2(x^2 - 1)$$

13. 
$$f(x) = \frac{2}{(x^5 + 4x^3 - 4x)^3}$$

14. 
$$f(x) = \left(\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1}\right)^3$$

15. 
$$y = 4x^2 \csc 5x$$

16. 
$$y = \tan(4 + x^2 \sin 3x)$$

17. Use the given table to calculate each of the following quantities:

(a) 
$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(g(x))]\Big|_{x=2}$$

(b) 
$$(f \circ g)'(1)$$

(c) 
$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(3x)]\Big|_{x=1}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[ g\left(\sqrt{2}\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right)\right) \right] \Big|_{x=3}$$

(e) 
$$h'(2)$$
 if  $h(x) = x^2 f(g(x))$ 

For problems 18-20, calculate  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ .

18. 
$$y = \sin 3x$$

19. 
$$y = x \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2$$

20. 
$$y = \frac{1}{1 - 2x}$$

- 21. Suppose that f(x) is a twice differentiable function and define  $g(x) = x^3 f(2x)$ . Compute g''(x) in terms of f, f', and f''
- 22. Let  $f(x) = \frac{5}{(x^2+1)^3}$ . Compute an equation of the tangent line to the graph of f(x) at x=0.
- 23. Where does the tangent line to  $y = (5x + 7)^3$  at the point (-1, 8) cross the x-axis?
- 24. Find all points on the graph of  $y = \sin^2 x$  where the tangent lines are parallel to the line y = x.

2

25. What is the 100th derivative of  $y = \sin(2x)$ ?

26. Multiple Choice: The derivative of  $y = x^2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$  is

- (a)  $2x \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$
- (b)  $\frac{2}{x}\sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$
- (c)  $-2x\sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$
- (d)  $2x \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$
- (e)  $\sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$