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Radioactive decay solution:  $y = y_0 e^{-kt}$ ,  $k > 0$

We know that  $y_0 = 80$  and  $y(5) = 10$ .

$$\text{So } 10 = 80e^{-5k} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} = e^{-5k}$$

$$\ln \frac{1}{8} = \ln e^{-5k} = -5k \Rightarrow k = -\frac{1}{5} \ln \frac{1}{8}$$

The half life is

$$\begin{aligned} T_{1/2} &= \frac{\ln 2}{k} = \frac{\ln 2}{-\frac{1}{5} \ln \frac{1}{8}} = -5 \frac{\ln 2}{\ln \frac{1}{8}} = -5 \frac{\ln 2}{-\ln 8} \\ &= \frac{5 \ln 2}{3 \ln 2} = \frac{5}{3} \text{ days} \end{aligned}$$

OR notice  $80 \xrightarrow{(1)} 40 \xrightarrow{(2)} 20 \xrightarrow{(3)} 10$

3 half lives in 5 days  $\Rightarrow T_{1/2} = \frac{5}{3}$