

Double Integrals Over General Regions

SUGGESTED REFERENCE MATERIAL:

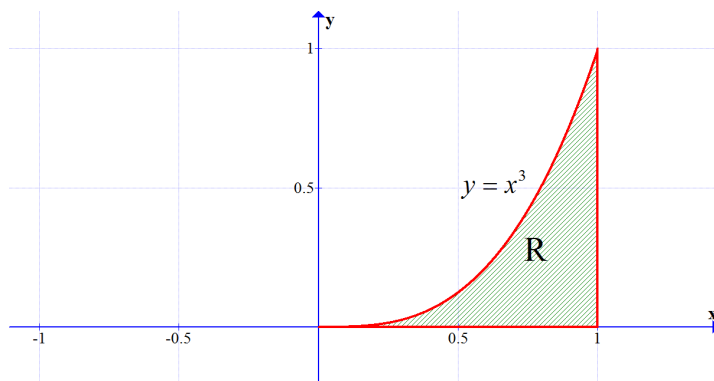
As you work through the problems listed below, you should reference Chapter 14.2 of the recommended textbook (or the equivalent chapter in your alternative textbook/online resource) and your lecture notes.

EXPECTED SKILLS:

- Be able to compute double integral calculations over rectangular regions using partial integration.
- Know how to inspect an integral to decide if the order of integration is easier one way (y first, x second) or the other (x first, y second).
- Know how to use a double integral to calculate the volume under a surface or find the area or a region in the xy -plane.
- Know how to reverse the order of integration to simplify the evaluation of a double integral.

PRACTICE PROBLEMS:

1. Consider the region R shown below which is enclosed by $y = x^3$, $y = 0$ and $x = 1$.

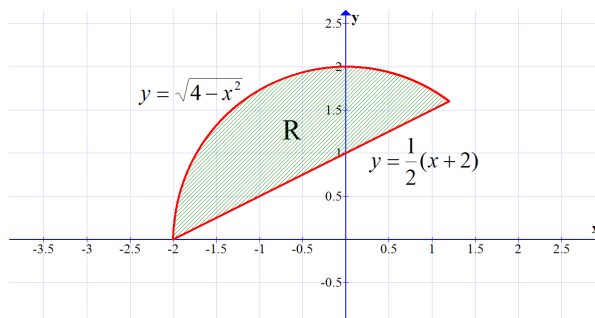


Fill in the missing limits of integration.

$$(a) \iint_R f(x, y) dA = \int_{\square}^{\square} \int_{\square}^{\square} f(x, y) dy dx$$

$$(b) \iint_R f(x, y) dA = \int_{\square}^{\square} \int_{\square}^{\square} f(x, y) dx dy$$

2. Consider the region R shown below which is enclosed by $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$ and $y = \frac{1}{2}(x + 2)$.



- (a) Set up $\iint_R f(x, y) dA$ with the order of integration as $dy dx$
- (b) Set up $\iint_R f(x, y) dA$ with the order of integration as $dx dy$

For problems 3-7, evaluate the iterated integral. For some problems, it may be helpful to switch the order of integration.

3. $\int_1^2 \int_{-x}^x (y^2 + 3xy + x^2) dy dx$

4. $\int_0^{\pi/3} \int_0^{\sin x} y \cos x dy dx$

5. $\int_0^1 \int_0^{x^3} \sqrt{1 - x^4} dy dx$

6. $\int_0^1 \int_y^1 \sqrt{1 - x^2} dx dy$

7. $\int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}/2} \int_{2y}^{\sqrt{\pi}} \sin(x^2) dx dy$

8. Evaluate $\iint_R (4x - 3y) dA$ where R is the region enclosed by the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

9. Evaluate $\iint_R xy^2 dA$ where R is the triangular region enclosed by $y = 3x$, $y = \frac{x}{2}$, and $y = 1$.

10. Let R be the region enclosed by $y = x^2$ and $y = 2x + 3$.
- (a) Set up a double integral (or double integrals) with the order of integration as $dy\,dx$ which represents the area of R .
 - (b) Set up a double integral (or double integrals) with the order of integration as $dx\,dy$ which represents the area of R .
 - (c) Compute the area of R .
11. Use a double integral to find the volume of the solid in the first octant which is enclosed by the surface $3x + 6y + 2z = 12$ and the coordinate planes.
12. Consider the solid that enclosed by the cylinder $\frac{x^2}{9} + y^2 = 1$ and the planes $z = 0$ and $x + 2y + z = 4$. Use a double integral to compute the volume of this wedge.
13. Let R be the region in the first quadrant of the xy plane which is enclosed by $y = \sqrt{x}$, $x = 0$ and $y = 1$. Compute the volume of the solid which is bounded above by $z = xe^{x/y^2}$ and has R as its base.