

LECTURER: NGHIA DUONG-TRUNG

DATA SCIENCE

TOPIC OUTLINE

Introduction to Data Science

1

Use Cases and Performance Evaluation

2

Data Preprocessing

3

Processing of Data

4

Selected Mathematical Techniques

5

Selected Artificial Intelligence Techniques

6

UNIT 4

PROCESSING OF DATA



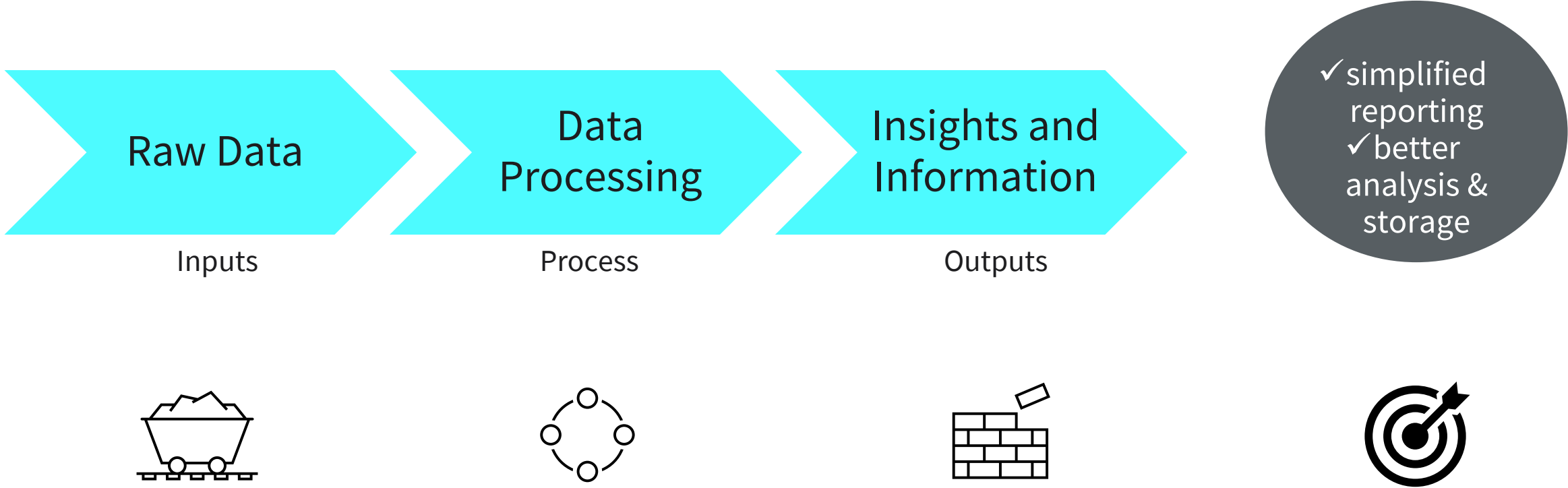
On completion of this unit, you will have learned ...

- the concepts of data, information, and data processing.
- the stages and cycles of data processing.
- the different methods and types of data processing.
- the output forms and file formats for processed data.

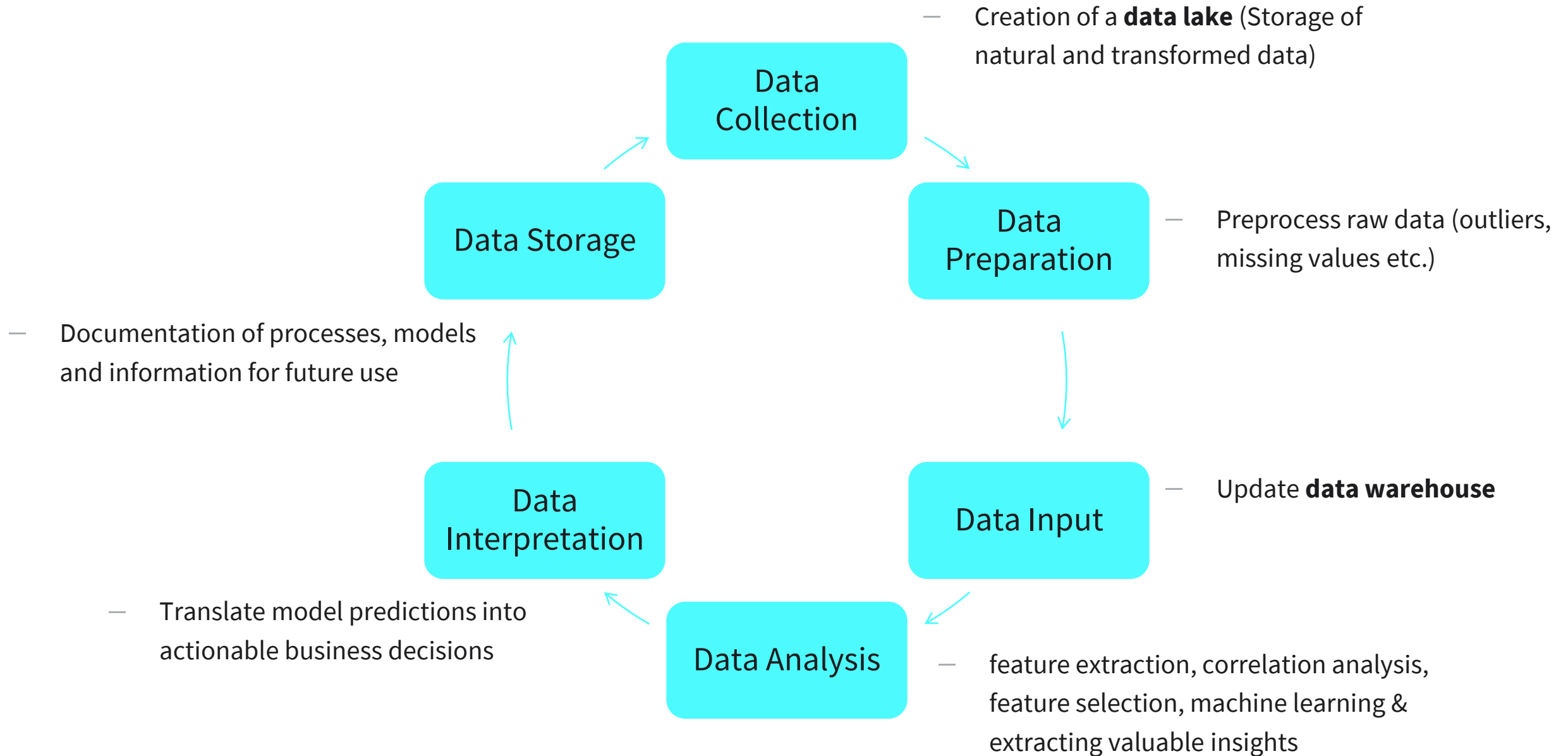


1. Explain why data processing is important.
2. In what way benefit data science projects from data processing.
3. Describe the five types of electronic data processing.

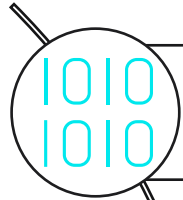
DATA PROCESSING INTRODUCTION



DATA PROCESSING CYCLE



ELECTRONICAL DATA PROCESSING



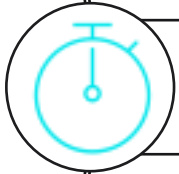
Batch

split data into batches to permit sequential processing (mostly offline)



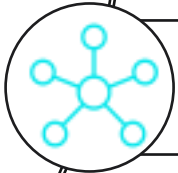
Online

make use of internet connections



Real-time

immediate response to requests



Distributed

multiple remote workstations connected to a large server



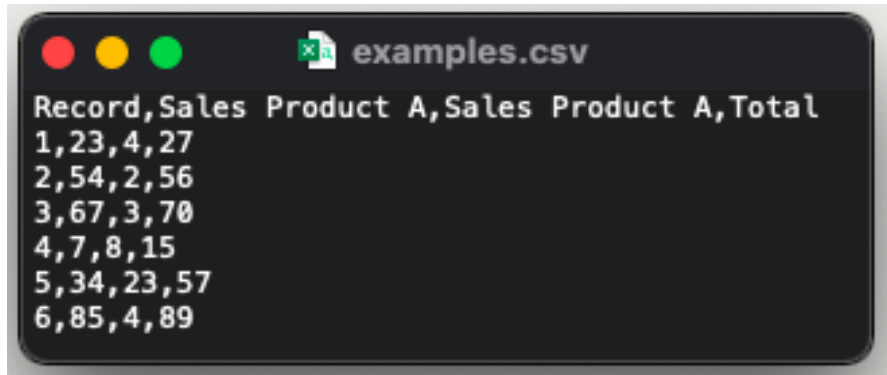
Time-sharing

computing unit is utilized by multiple users

OUTPUT FORMATS OF PROCESSED DATA

CSV (comma-separated-value)

- row-based: every line represents one record
- features are separated by comma

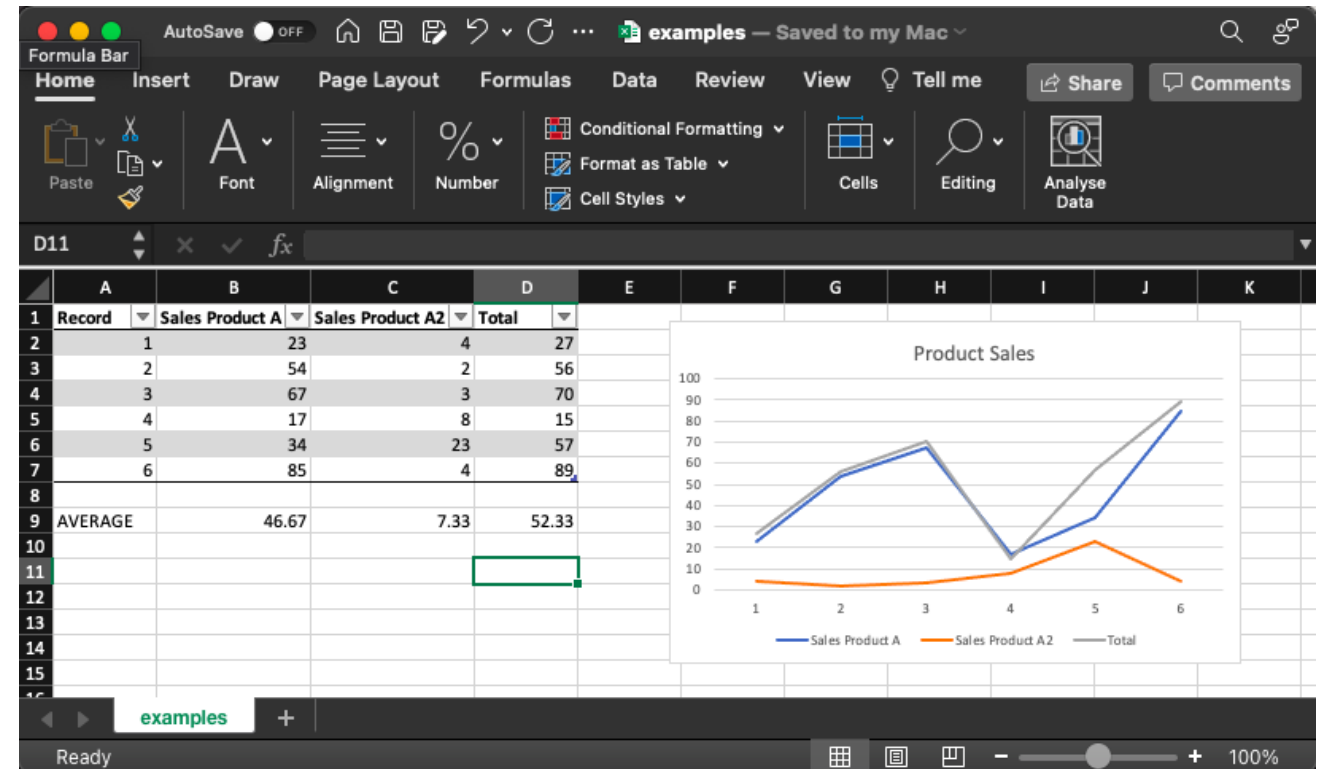


The screenshot shows a text editor window titled 'examples.csv'. The content is a CSV file with 6 rows of data. The first row is a header: 'Record,Sales Product A,Sales Product A,Total'. The subsequent rows contain numerical data separated by commas. The last row is an average calculation: 'AVERAGE,46.67,7.33,52.33'.

Record	Sales Product A	Sales Product A	Total
1	23	4	27
2	54	2	56
3	67	3	70
4	7	8	15
5	34	23	57
6	85	4	89
AVERAGE	46.67	7.33	52.33

XLS (Excel spreadsheet)

- tabular format of records and features
- possibility to add graphs, computations



OUTPUT FORMATS OF PROCESSED DATA

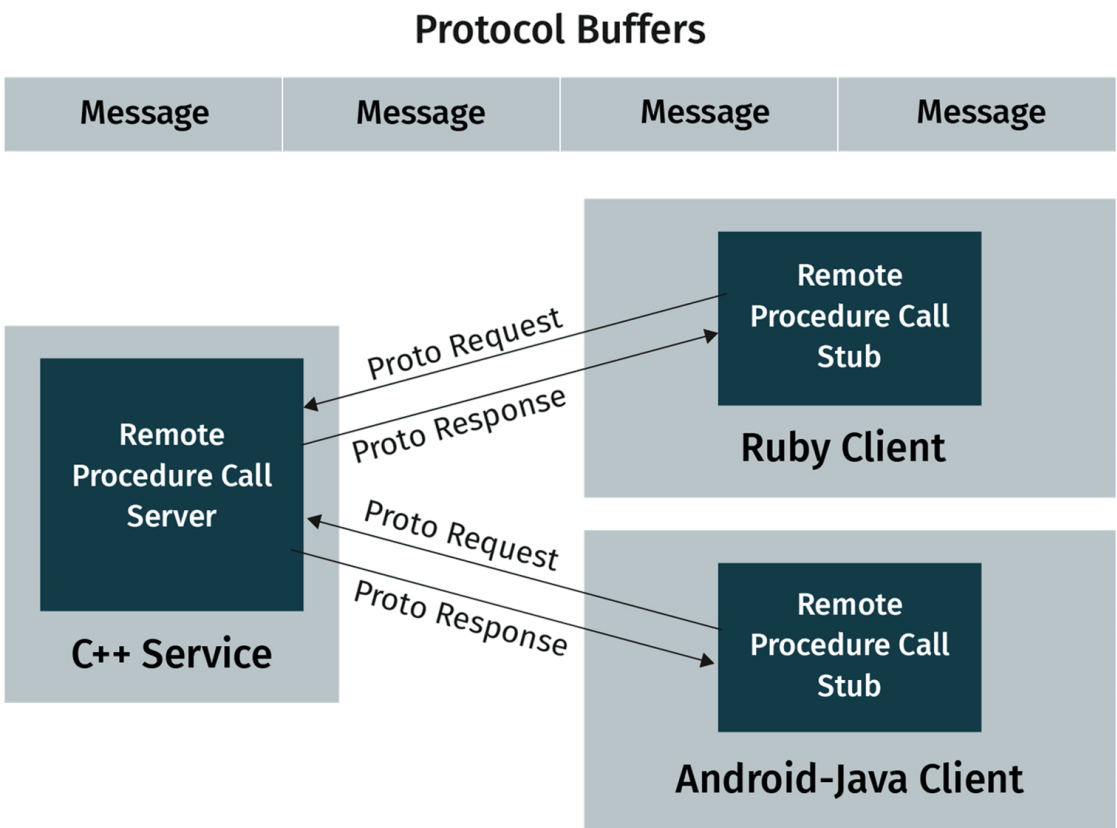
XML (extensible markup language)

- structured, non-tabular data written as text with annotations

```
<student>
  <name>
    <firstname> John </firstname>
    <lastname> Miller</lastname>
  </name>
  <birthdate> 1999-12-12</birthdate>
</student>
<student>
  <name>
    <firstname> Alice </firstname>
    <lastname> Doe</lastname>
  </name>
  <birthdate> 1987-01-06</birthdate>
</student>
```

Protobuf (protocol buffers)

- reduced XML version



OUTPUT FORMATS OF PROCESSED DATA

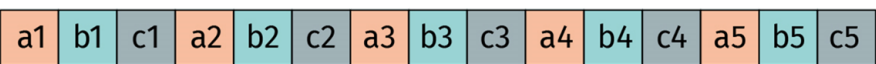
Apache Parquet

- column-based file format

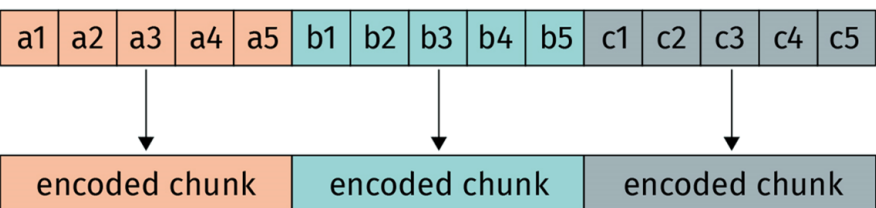
Logical table representation

a	b	c
a1	b1	c1
a2	b2	c2
a3	b3	c3
a4	b4	c4
a5	b5	c5

Row layout



Column layout



JSON (Java script object notation)

- a list of key-value pairs

```
examples.json
{
  "firstName": "John",
  "lastName": "Doe",
  "gender": "male",
  "age": 28,
  "address": {
    "streetAddress": "101",
    "city": "San Diego",
  },
  "phoneNumbers": [
    { "type": "home", "number": "7349282382" },
    { "type": "mobile", "number": "7349282382" }
  ]
}
```



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- the stages and cycles of data processing.
- the different methods and types of data processing.
- the output forms and file formats for processed data.

SESSION 4

TRANSFER TASK

TRANSFER TASK

Create a framework that helps data practitioners to choose the best sub-type of electronic data processing.
Which questions should they ask themselves?

TRANSFER TASK
PRESENTATION OF THE RESULTS

Please present your
results.

The results will be
discussed in plenary.





1. In which step is data with missing values handled?
 - a) feature selection
 - b) machine learning
 - c) correlation analysis
 - d) data pre-processing



2. The data provided in this format, `` , represents the...
- a) SQL data format.
 - b) XLS data format.
 - c) XML data format.
 - d) CSV data format.



3. The patterns and relationships among data elements are defined as ...

- a) data.
- b) properties.
- c) information.
- d) features.

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