

# MAVConn Tutorial



Computer Vision Lab Tutorial

27 September 2011

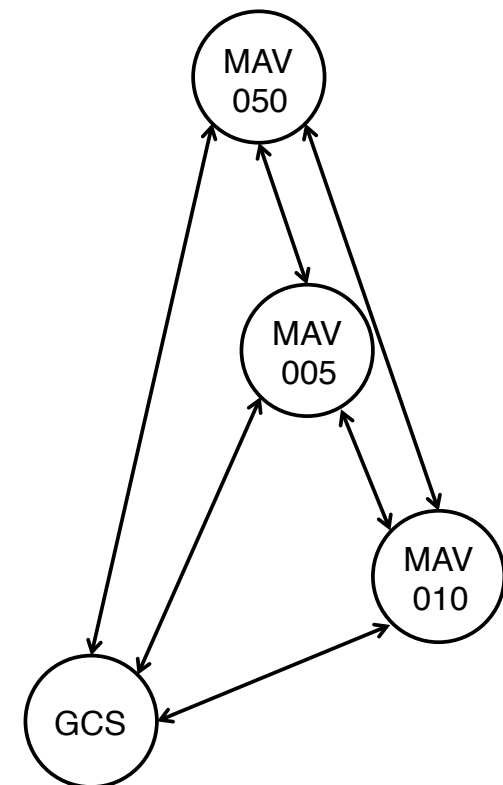
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# Schedule

- Today: Introduction to MAVConn
- Tomorrow morning: MAVConn with MAVLink v1.0.0
- Tomorrow morning: MAVConn exercise / example provided, full slide set provided
- Thursday morning: Resubmission of project plans
- Friday: Vicon and Camera calibration hands-on tutorial
- Early next week: Project plan reviews

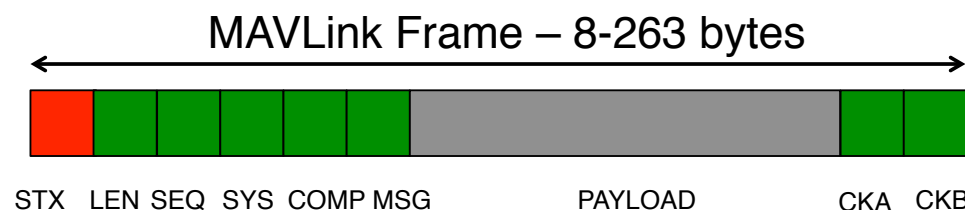
# MAVLink Protocol (1/4)

- Efficient Protocol for small autonomous Systems
- Support for 255 systems
- **BROADCAST** – only sender id in packet
- **LOSS** – Retransmission implemented on application level, not in protocol
- **STREAM MODEL** – Data is sent in regular intervals, *forward error correction-like approach*



# MAVLink Protocol (2/4)

- Packet Anatomy: 4 bytes header, 2 bytes checksum
- 255 bytes maximum payload length
- For packetized links (Ethernet, Wifi), and large data: Send five packets at once (1275 bytes, below Ethernet MTU)



# MAVLink Protocol (3/4)



<http://pixhawk.ethz.ch>

- Protocol Definition: XML file
- Generator: Generates C and Python Code to serialize messages



```
<?xml version='1.0'?>
<mavlink>
  <version>3</version>
  <enums>
    <enum name="MAV_AUTOPILOT">
      <entry value="0" name="MAV_AUTOPILOT_GENERIC">
      </entry>
      <entry value="1" name="MAV_AUTOPILOT_PIXHAWK">
      </entry>
    </enum>
  <messages>
    <message id="0" name="HEARTBEAT">
      <field type="uint8_t" name="type">Type of the MAV</field>
      <field type="uint8_t" name="autopilot">Autopilot type</field>
      <field type="uint8_t" name="base_mode">System mode bitfield</field>
      <field type="uint32_t" name="custom_mode">Navigation mode bitfield</field>
      <field type="uint8_t" name="system_status">System status flag</field>
      <field type="uint8_t_mavlink_version" name="mavlink_version">MAVLink version</field>
    </message>
  </messages>
</mavlink>
```

# MAVLink Protocol (4/4)



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- C Implementation: *Header only Library*
- Very efficient implementation



```
#define MAVLINK_MSG_ID_HEARTBEAT 0

typedef struct __mavlink_heartbeat_t
{
    uint32_t custom_mode; ///< Navigation mode bitfield
    uint8_t type; ///< Type of the MAV
    uint8_t autopilot; ///< Autopilot type / class
    uint8_t base_mode; ///< System mode bitfield
    uint8_t system_status; ///< System status flag
    uint8_t mavlink_version; ///< MAVLink version
} mavlink_heartbeat_t;

static inline uint16_t mavlink_msg_heartbeat_pack(uint8_t system_id, uint8_t component_id, mavlink_message_t* msg,
    uint8_t type, uint8_t autopilot, uint8_t base_mode, uint32_t custom_mode, uint8_t system_status)
{
    mavlink_heartbeat_t packet;
    packet.custom_mode = custom_mode;
    packet.type = type;
    packet.autopilot = autopilot;
    packet.base_mode = base_mode;
    packet.system_status = system_status;
    packet.mavlink_version = 3;

    memcpy(_MAV_PAYLOAD(msg), &packet, 9);

    msg->msgid = MAVLINK_MSG_ID_HEARTBEAT;
    return mavlink_finalize_message(msg, system_id, component_id, 9, 50);
}
```

# MAVConn Architecture 1/2

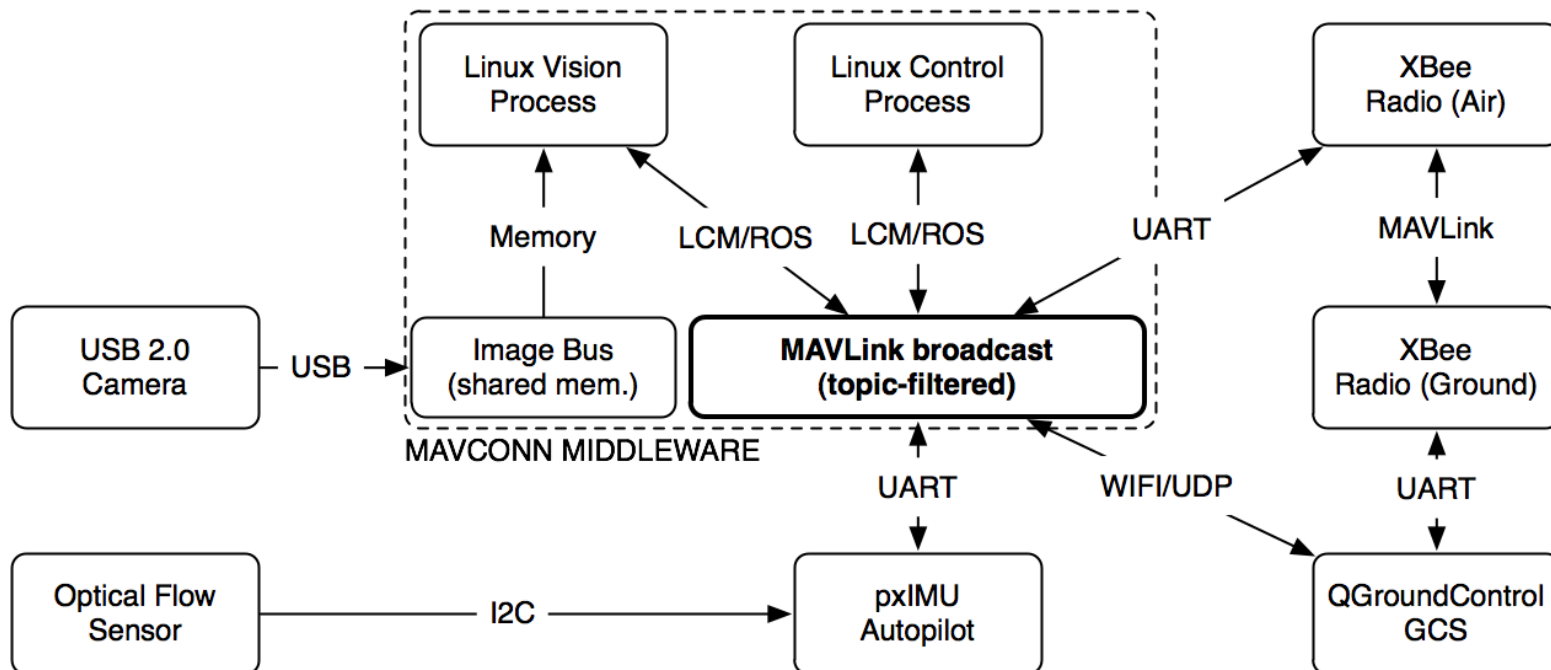


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- **EVERYTHING** is broadcast
- Acknowledgements are on application level (e.g. parameter read/write)
- Positive default acknowledgement (heartbeat)
- Forward Error Correction (data streams at 1.25x – 2x the rate needed)
- Wrong data / fault: Drop and Continue



# MAVConn Architecture (2/2)





# System Control



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- px\_system\_control
- Process to shutdown / control the whole computer
- Won't shutdown the PC as long as its not run as super-user
- Can emit heartbeat

# UDP Bridge

- Forwards MAVLink messages from internal bus to external communication partner
- Start one line per communication partner

```
mavconn-bridge-udp -r <ip or hostname>
```

# Serial Bridge

- Forwards MAVLink messages from LCM bus to a serial / UART line
- Can be used to interface an autopilot or radio modem

`mavconn-bridge-serial`

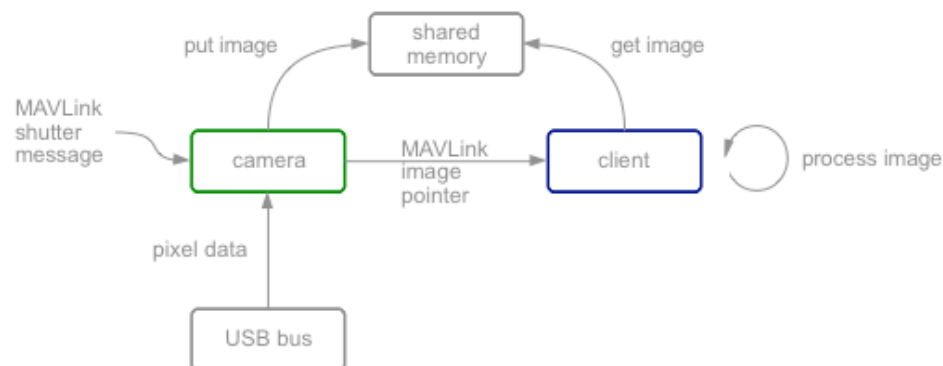
# Camera Interface

- Reads one or two cameras synchronized
- Supports PointGrey, MatrixVision and Kinect
- Supports fixed exposure and auto-exposure
- Provides synchronized data
- Puts images and meta data onto shared memory
- Reads first camera in system

`mavconn-camera`

# Shared Memory

- In a vision-enabled MAV typically several algorithms work on the same image
- Camera can't be “owned” by a single process
- Efficient and fast image-sharing required



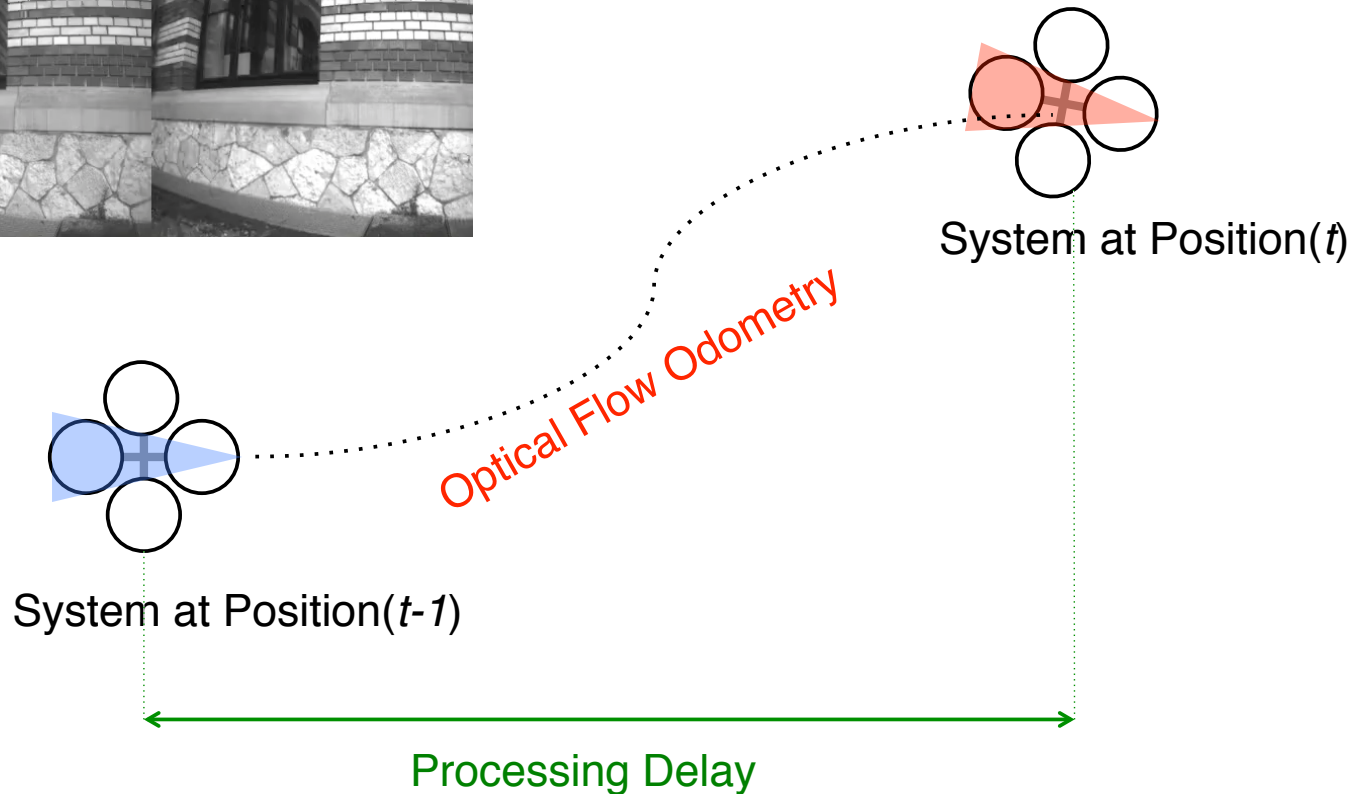
# Why Synchronization? (1/2)

Stereo Pose estimate at (t-1)



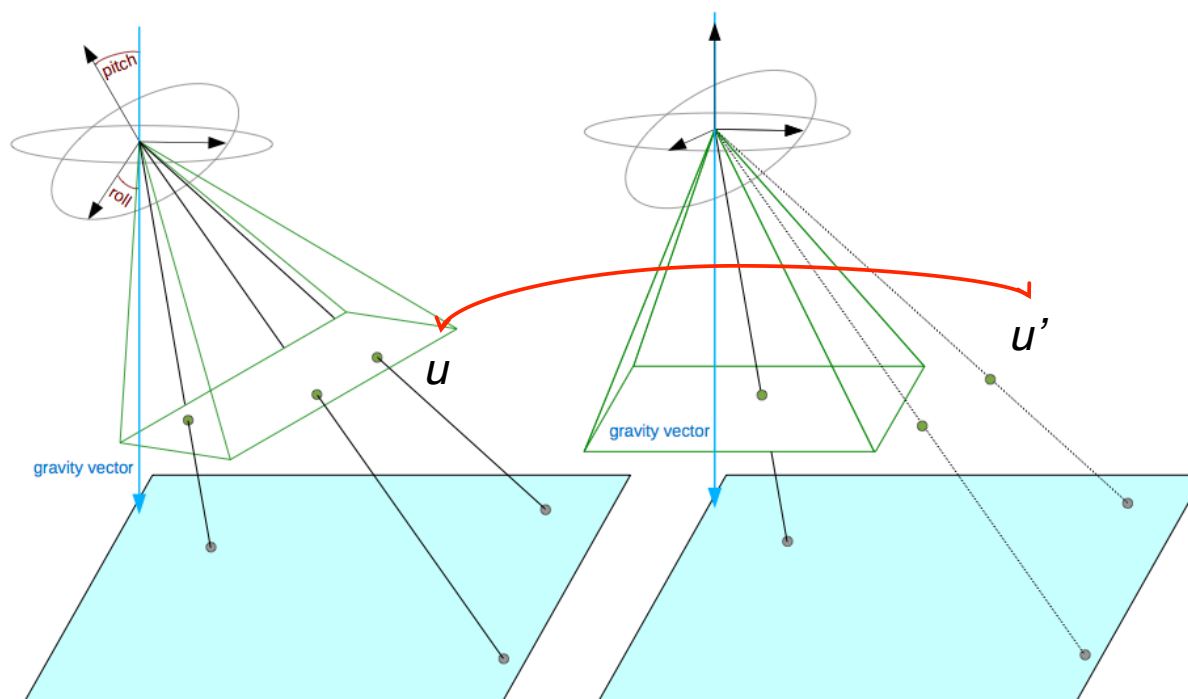
Position of red time instant:

$$P(t) = P_{\text{stereo}}(t-1) + (P_{\text{odometry}}(t) - P_{\text{odometry}}(t-1))$$



# Why Synchronization? (2/2)

$$u' = R_{\phi\theta} K^{-1} u$$



# Logging

- Log Line: uint64\_t timestamp + 263 bytes for packet
- Allows exact mission replays
- Start `px_imagecapture`, then send logging start / stop commands via QGroundControl
- Will log to ~/dataset\_capture
  - <timestamp>.mavlink – MAVLink logfile, can replayed with log replay or QGroundControl
  - Left: Left camera image
  - Right: Right camera image



# Log Replay

- Start `px_replay` with these arguments
  - “--logfile” with the correct Path to the .mavlink file
  - “--orientation” (forward|downward), depending on setup
- Start `px_view` to see the replayed images
- Start `px_mavlink_bridge_udp` to route data to ground control unit
- Start `QGroundControl` to view data

# QGroundControl

**pixhawk**

<http://pixhawk.ethz.ch>



# Assignment



<http://pixhawk.ethz.ch>

- Assignment online: Wednesday morning (tomorrow)
- Assignment due: Monday morning (October 24)
- Required effort: 5 mins programming, 30 mins setup
- Assignment task:
  - Setup your notebook with Ubuntu and MAVConn
  - Implement example process according to assignment
  - Process provided logfile, hand in textfile with console output and stored images