OSY.SSI [2015] [A] Detection, Surveillance



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	Danger	No danger
1	True positive	False positive
0	False negative	True negative

Confusion matrix Type II and type I error rates

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$$A, B, \mathbb{P}(B) > 0,$$

$$\mathbb{P}(A|B) = rac{\mathbb{P}(B|A)\mathbb{P}(A)}{\mathbb{P}(B)}$$

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$$\begin{split} \mathbb{P}(X \text{ criminal}|D=1) &= \mathbb{P}(D=1|X \text{ criminal}) \frac{\mathbb{P}(X \text{ criminal})}{\mathbb{P}(D=1)} \\ &= 0.99 \frac{1/10^4}{0.99 \times 10^{-4} + 0.01 \times (1-10^{-4})} \\ &\approx 0.01 \end{split}$$

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Consequence: there is a 99% chance that X is innocent... **Remark**: in reality, tests are not that accurate, and there are not that many criminals.

Note: This is one of the reasons why unwarranted search is illeg and invalid in a court of justice.	а

Bayes' theorem
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Facts

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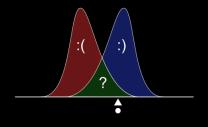
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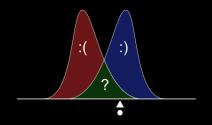
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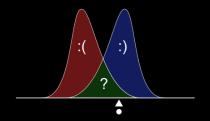




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Note: usually, distributions aren't really known nor static

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The Nanny's Solution

Causality, symptoms and psychopaths

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Also, Lenovo SuperFish.

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Success stories: Equation Group (14 years undetected), Windows (17 years), Gemalto (\sim 10 years).



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There is no silver bullet.

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Conclusion: Use protection and vaccinate your stuff. Those telling you otherwise are dangerous.

Next time

Prepare your computers, learn/remember HTML, SQL, XML, javascript basics.

See y'all next time!