

Interactive UIs in Qt Quick 3D

Shawn Rutledge

shawn.rutledge@qt.io

ecloud on #qt-labs, #qt-quick etc.

<https://github.com/ecloud/qtquick3d-input-demo>

<https://github.com/ecloud/qt-presentations>

qtquick3d-interactive-ui branch

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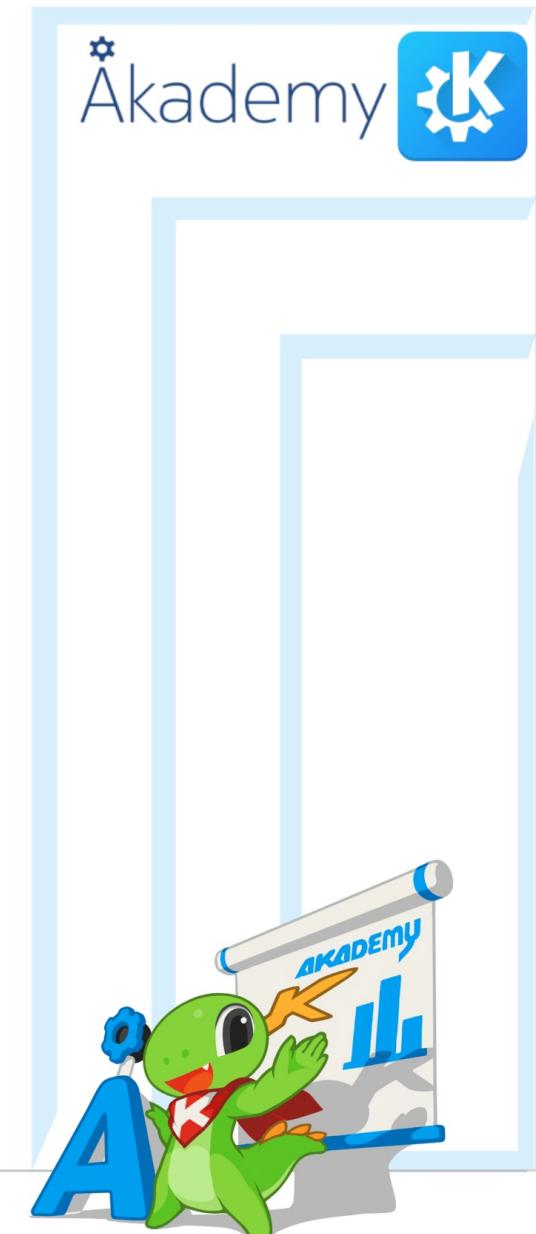
About me

- Qt user since ~2004
- The Qt Company - Oslo since 2011
- Pointing devices: touch, Wacom tablets
- Event delivery and handlers in Qt Quick
- Linux/X11, Wayland, and macOS
- QtPDF
- Qt Quick, Controls and Dialogs



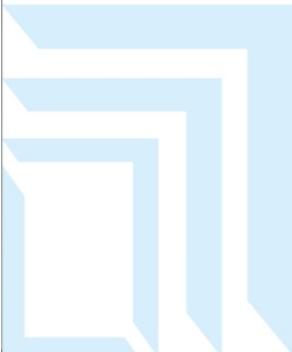
Agenda

- Intro
- Fixed content in 3D apps
- 3D content in 2D apps
- 2D content in 3D apps
- Interactive 3D apps
- Event delivery details
- Remaining work
- Q&A



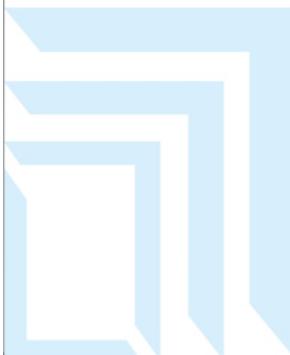
Disclaimers

- I didn't implement Qt Quick 3D, only event delivery
- This presentation contains features we haven't shipped
 - <https://codereview.qt-project.org/c/qt/qtdeclarative/+/341515>
 - <https://codereview.qt-project.org/c/qt/qtquick3d/+/338190>



Intro

- What is a 3D interactive application?
- What sort of applications need 3D?



```
import QtQuick
import QtQuick.Dialogs

import Qt.labs.settings

import QtQuick3D
import QtQuick3D.Helpers
import QtQuick3D.AssetUtils

View3D {
    id: view3D; width: 2048; height: 2048

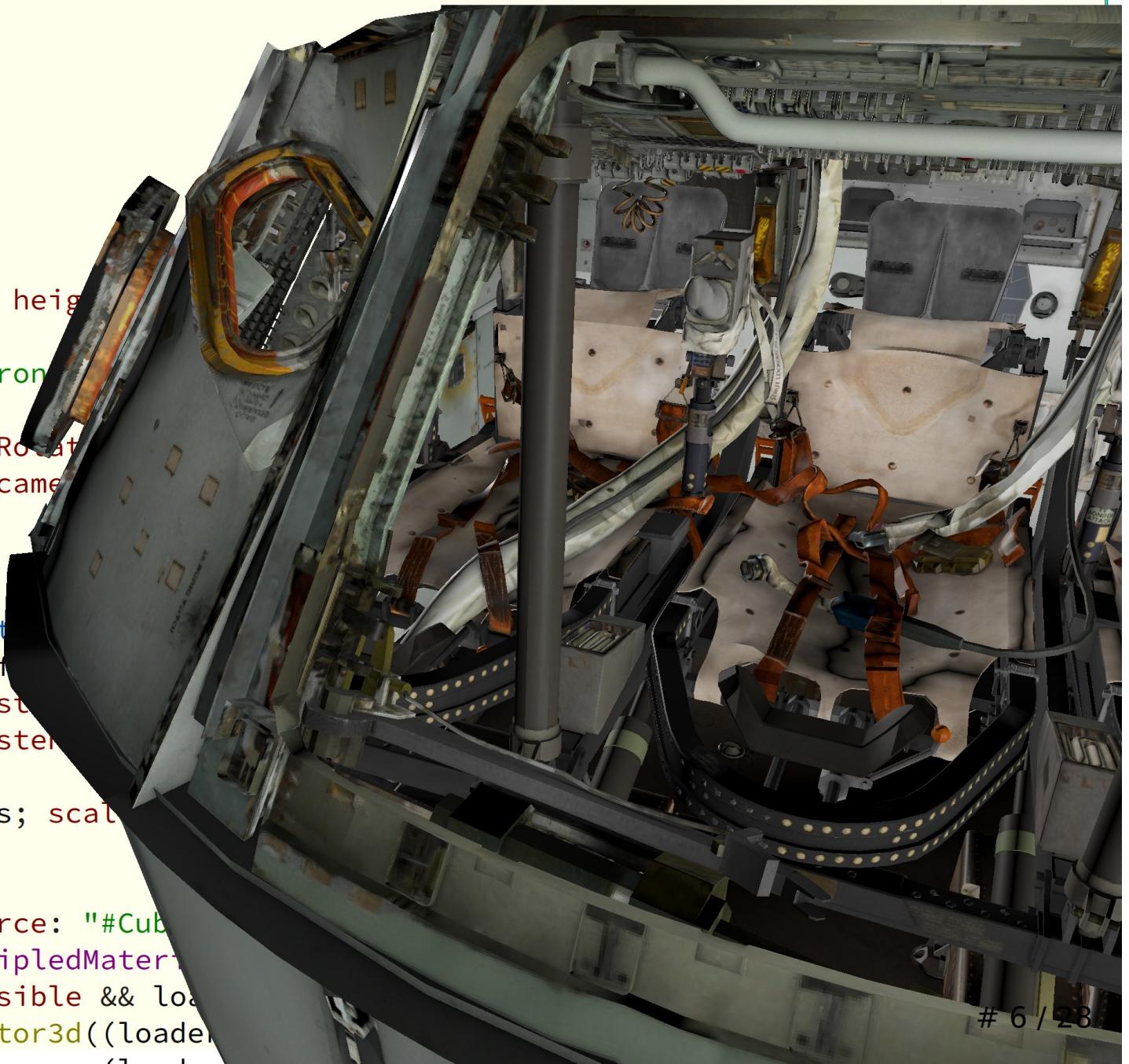
    // environment: SceneEnvironment {
    DirectionalLight { }
    DirectionalLight { eulerRotation: 180 }
    PerspectiveCamera { id: camera }

    RuntimeLoader {
        id: loader
        property real sf: Material { }
        scale: Qt.vector3d(sf.x, sf.y, sf.z)
        x: dragHandler.persistentX
        y: dragHandler.persistentY
    }

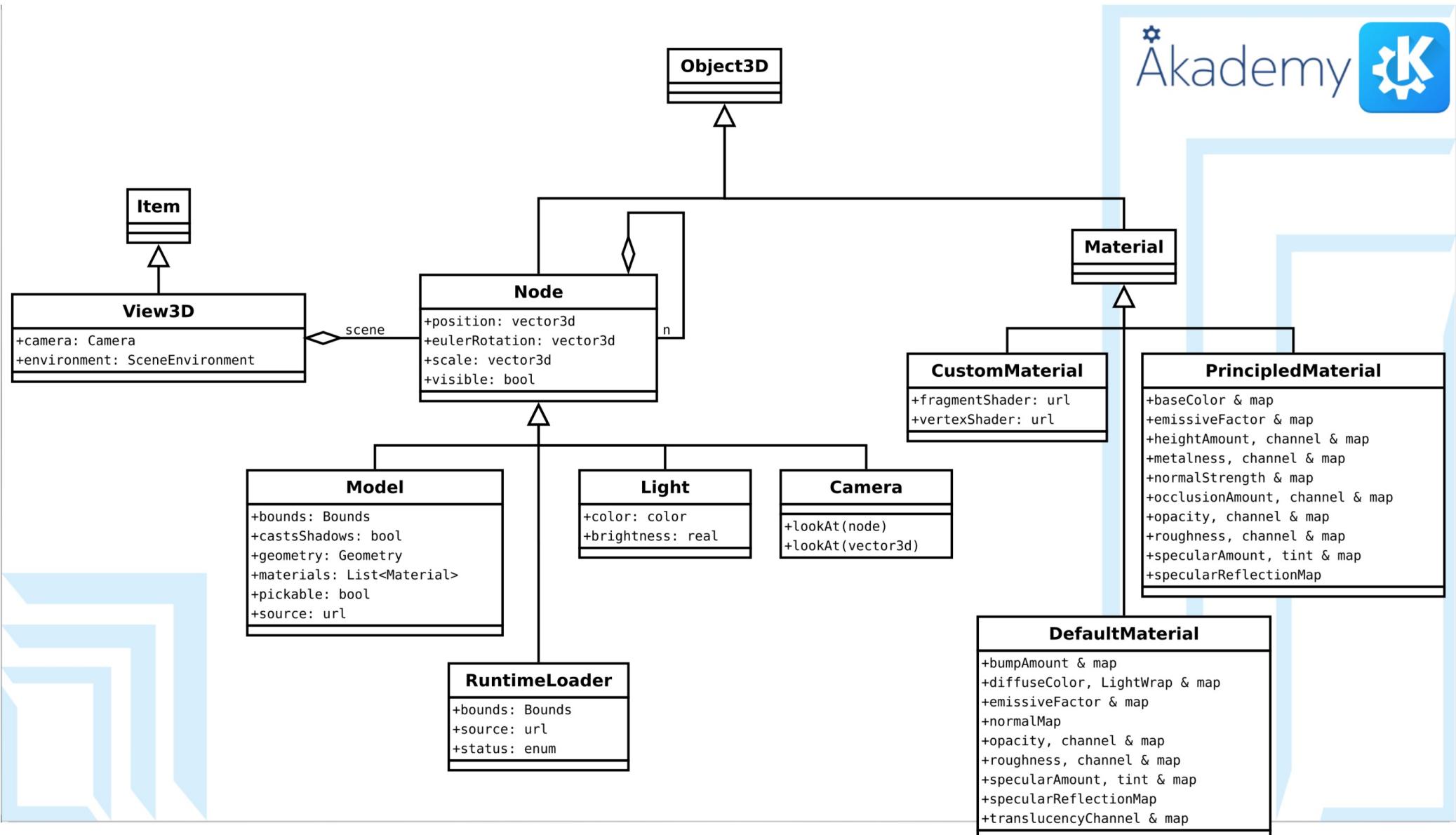
    AxisHelper { id: axes; scale: 100 }

    Model {
        id: boundRP; source: "#Cylinder"
        materials: PrincipledMaterial { }
        visible: axes.visible && loader.status === Loader.Idle
        position: Qt.vector3d((loader.x + 100) * 100, (loader.y + 100) * 100, 0)
        rotation: Qt.angleAxis(180, Qt.vector3d(0, 0, 1))
    }
}
```

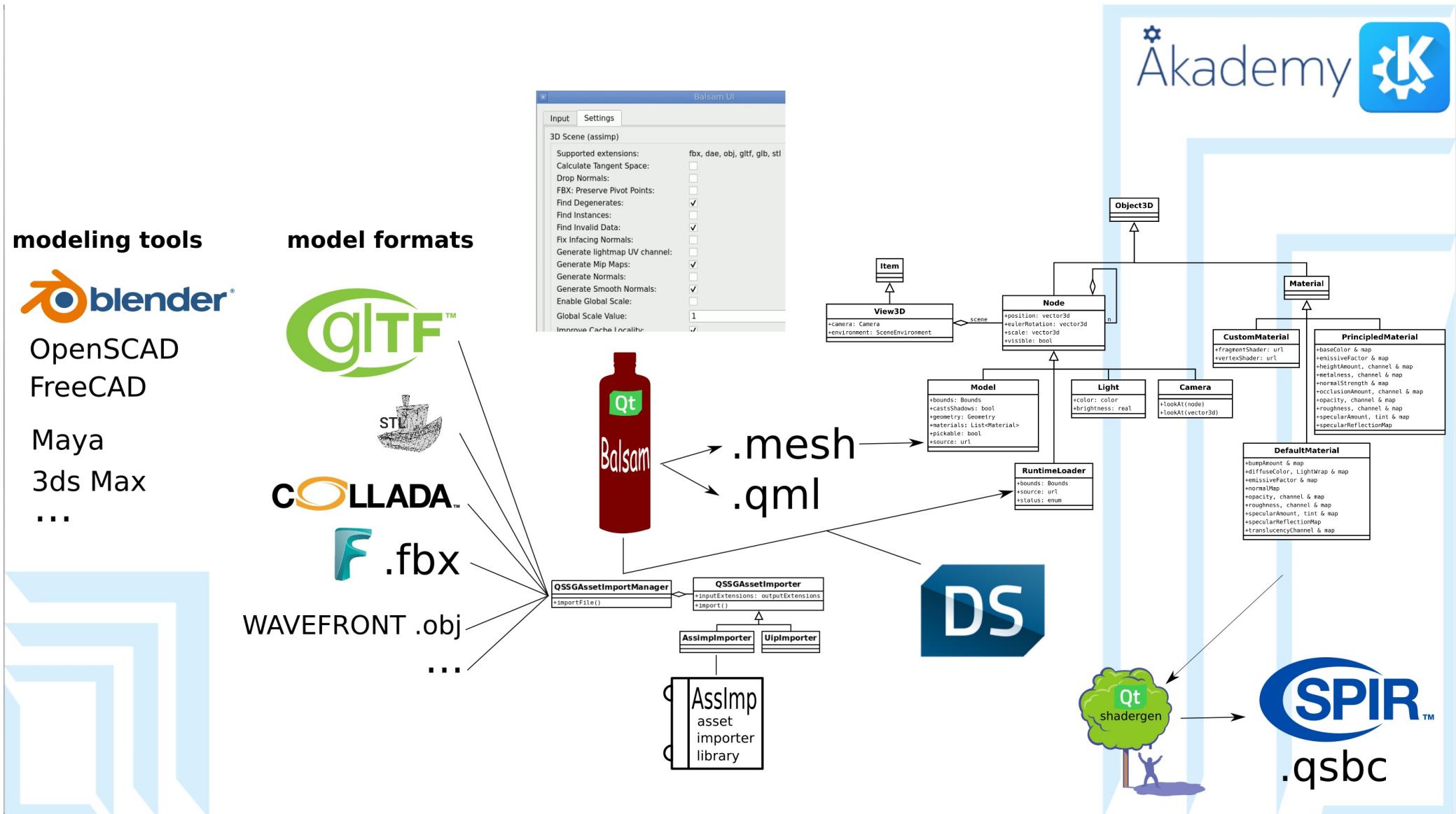
Minimal Model Viewer



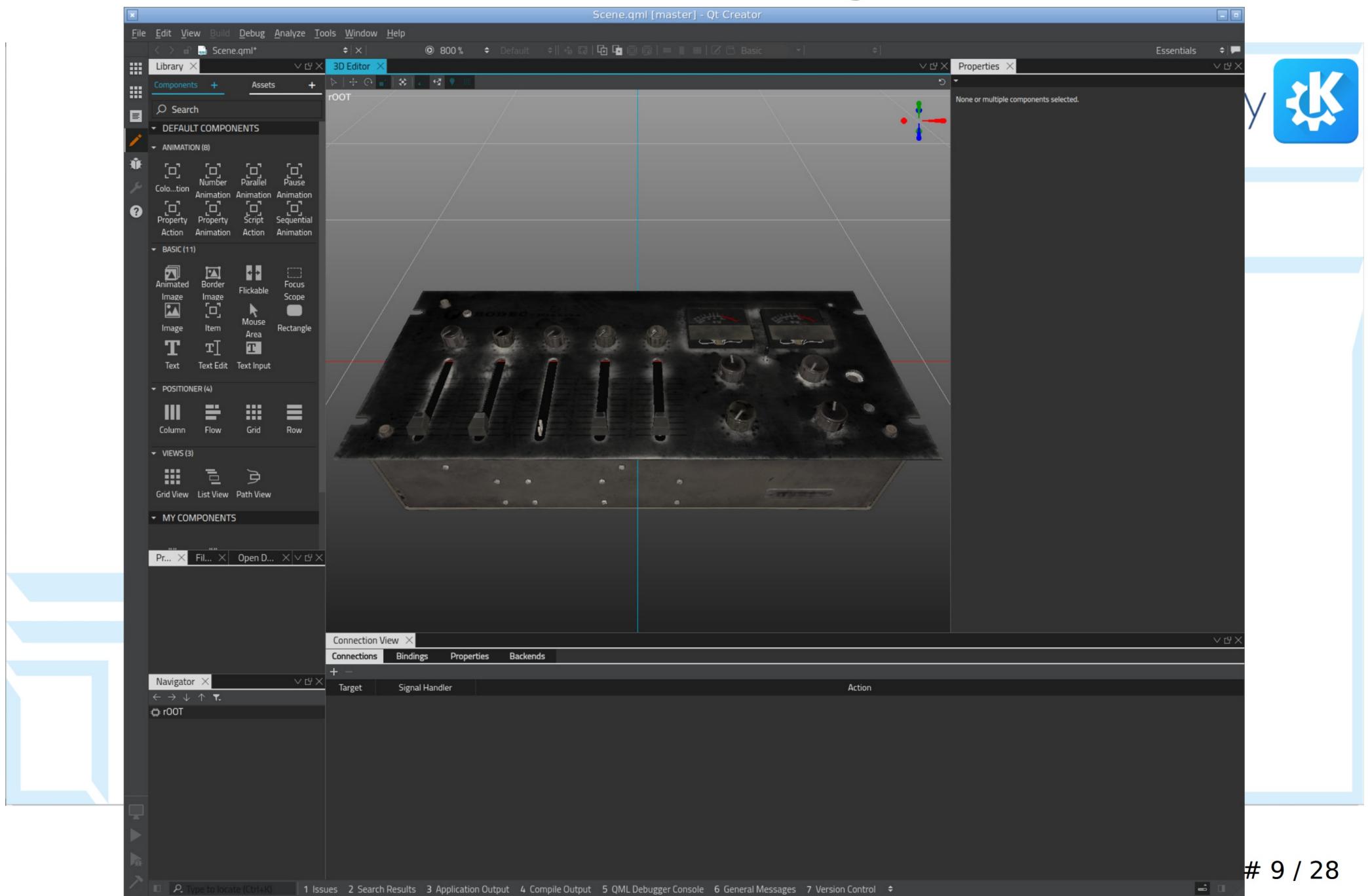
Most-common QML Types



Design Tools Workflow

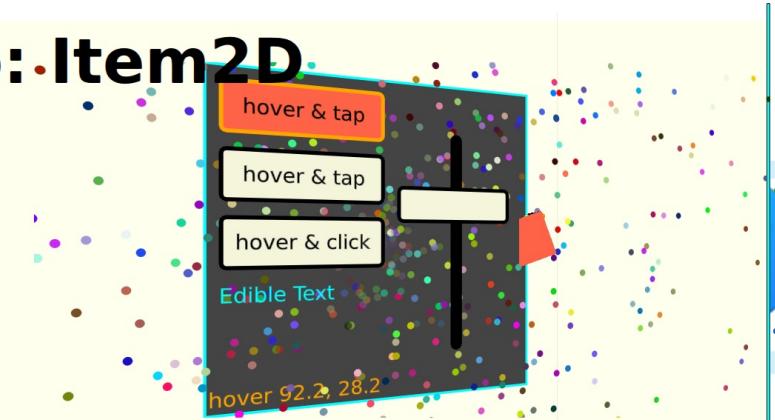


Qt Creator's 3D Design Tab



```
import QtQuick  
import QtQuick.Particles  
import QtQuick3D
```

```
View3D {  
    width: 1024; height: 480  
  
    PerspectiveCamera { z: 600 }  
  
    DirectionalLight { }  
  
    Node {  
        x: -150; y: 128; z: 380  
        eulerRotation.y: (bb.sliderValue - 0.4) * 40  
        BusyBox { // Root of a 2D subscene!  
            id: bb  
            ParticleSystem {  
                anchors.fill: parent  
  
                ItemParticle {  
                    delegate: Rectangle {  
                        color: Qt.rgba(Math.random(), Math.random(), Math.random(), 1)  
                        radius: 3; width: radius * 2; height: width  
                    }  
                }  
                Emitter {  
                    anchors.centerIn: parent  
                    enabled: bb.topButtonPressed  
                    emitRate: 500; lifeSpan: 2000  
                    velocity: PointDirection{ yVariation: 360; xVariation: 360}  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```



```

import QtQuick
import QtQuick3D

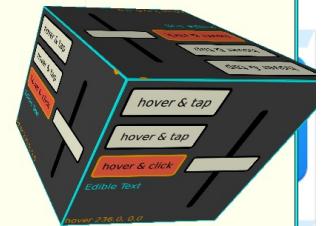
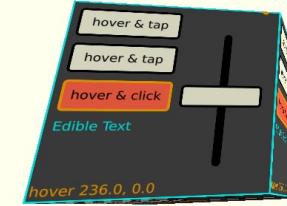
View3D {
    width: 1024; height: 480

    DirectionalLight { eulerRotation.y: 90 }
    DirectionalLight { eulerRotation.y: -45 }
    PerspectiveCamera { z: 600 }

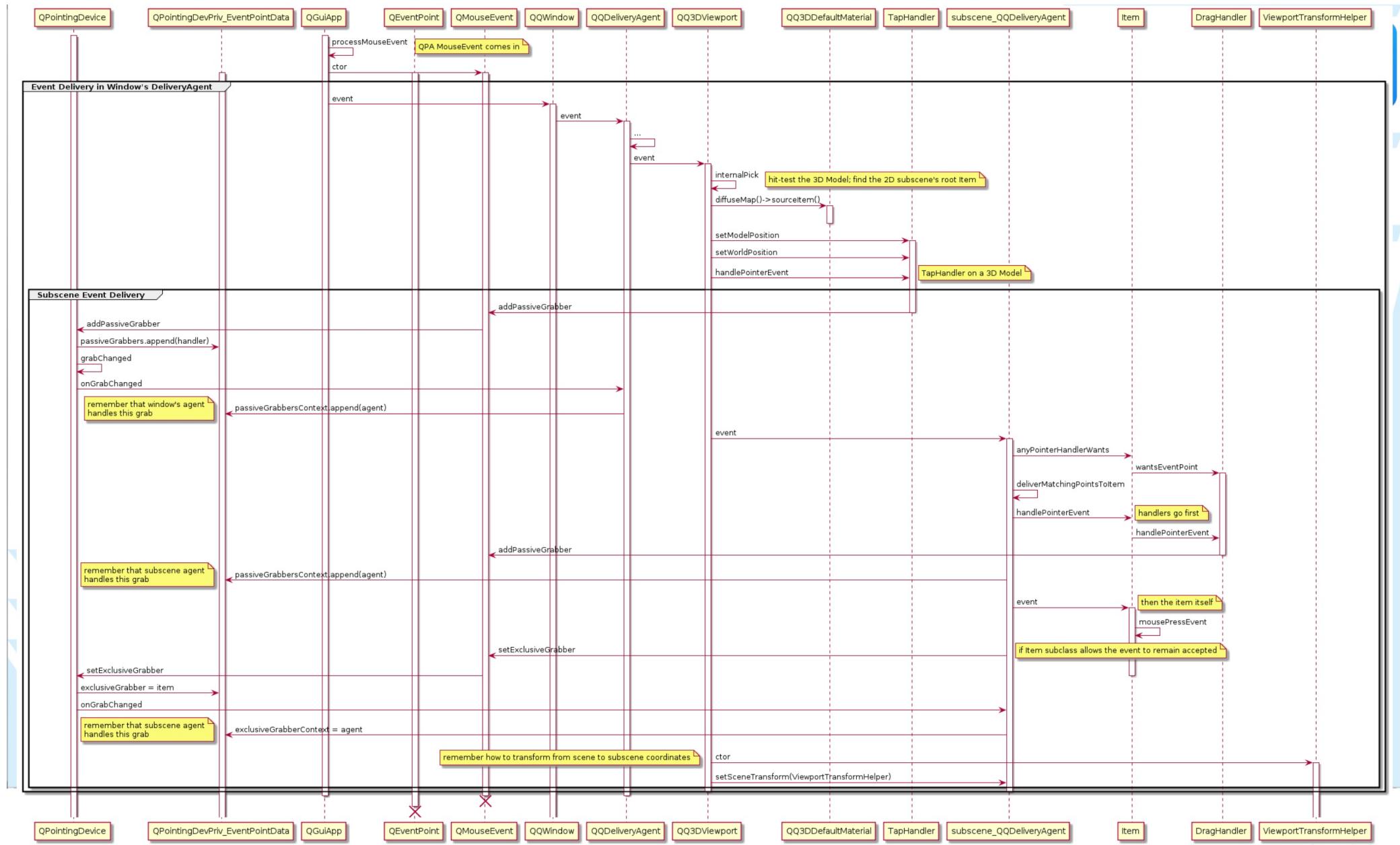
    Node {
        objectName: "left object"
        x: -120; z: 400
        eulerRotation.x: -15
        eulerRotation.y: 10
        Model {
            source: "#Cube"
            pickable: true // <-- important!
            materials: DefaultMaterial {
                diffuseMap: Texture {
                    sourceItem: BusyBox {
                        id: leftBusybox
                        x: 20 - width
                        layer.enabled: true // to make a Texture available
                        layer.textureSize: Qt.size(512, 512) // <-- suitable resolution
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

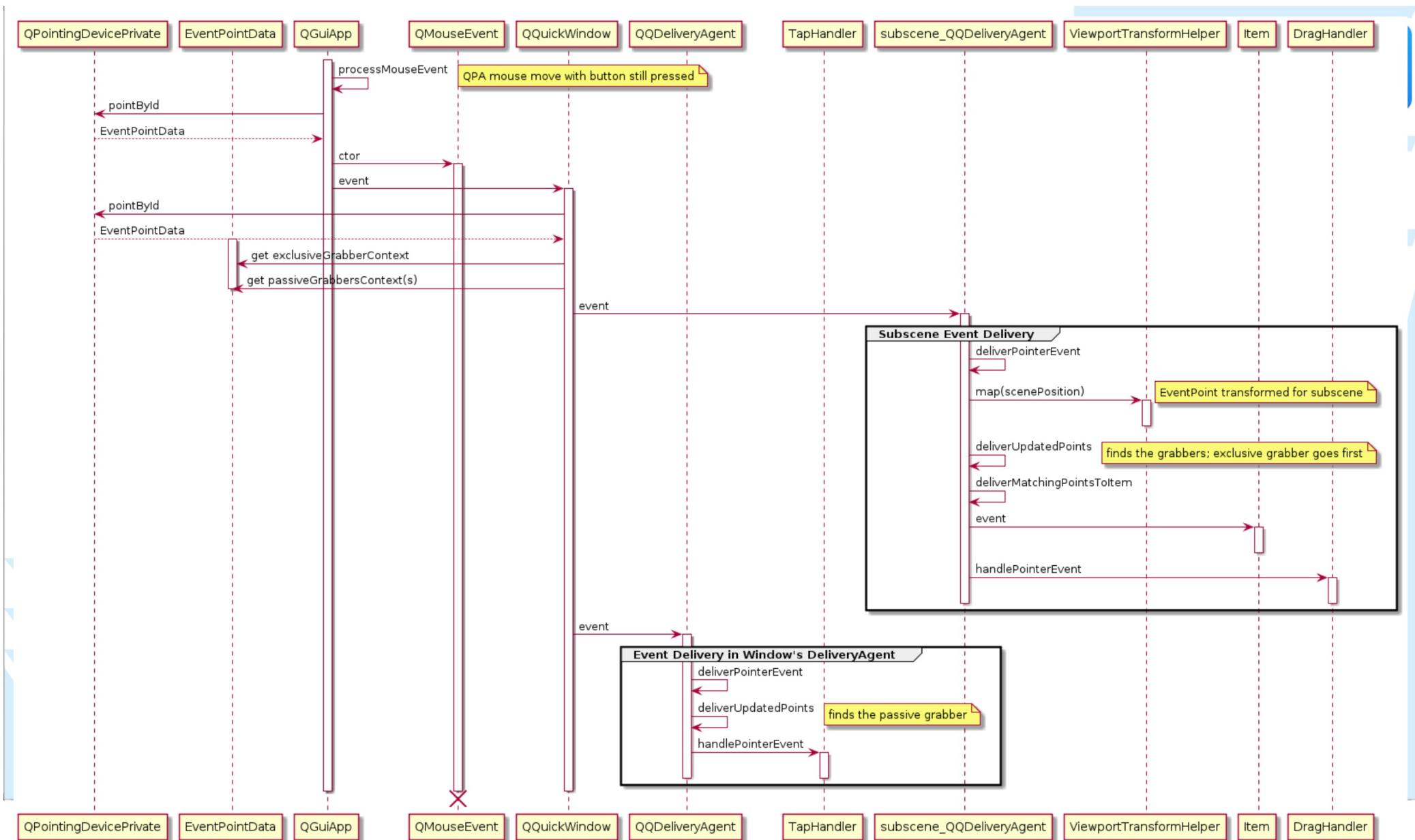
Materials with shared Textures



Mouse Press: Delivery to Subscene



Mouse Drag: Delivery to Subscene



```

import QtQuick
import QtQuick3D
import QtQuick3D.Particles3D
import QtQuick.Controls
import QtQuick.Controls.Material

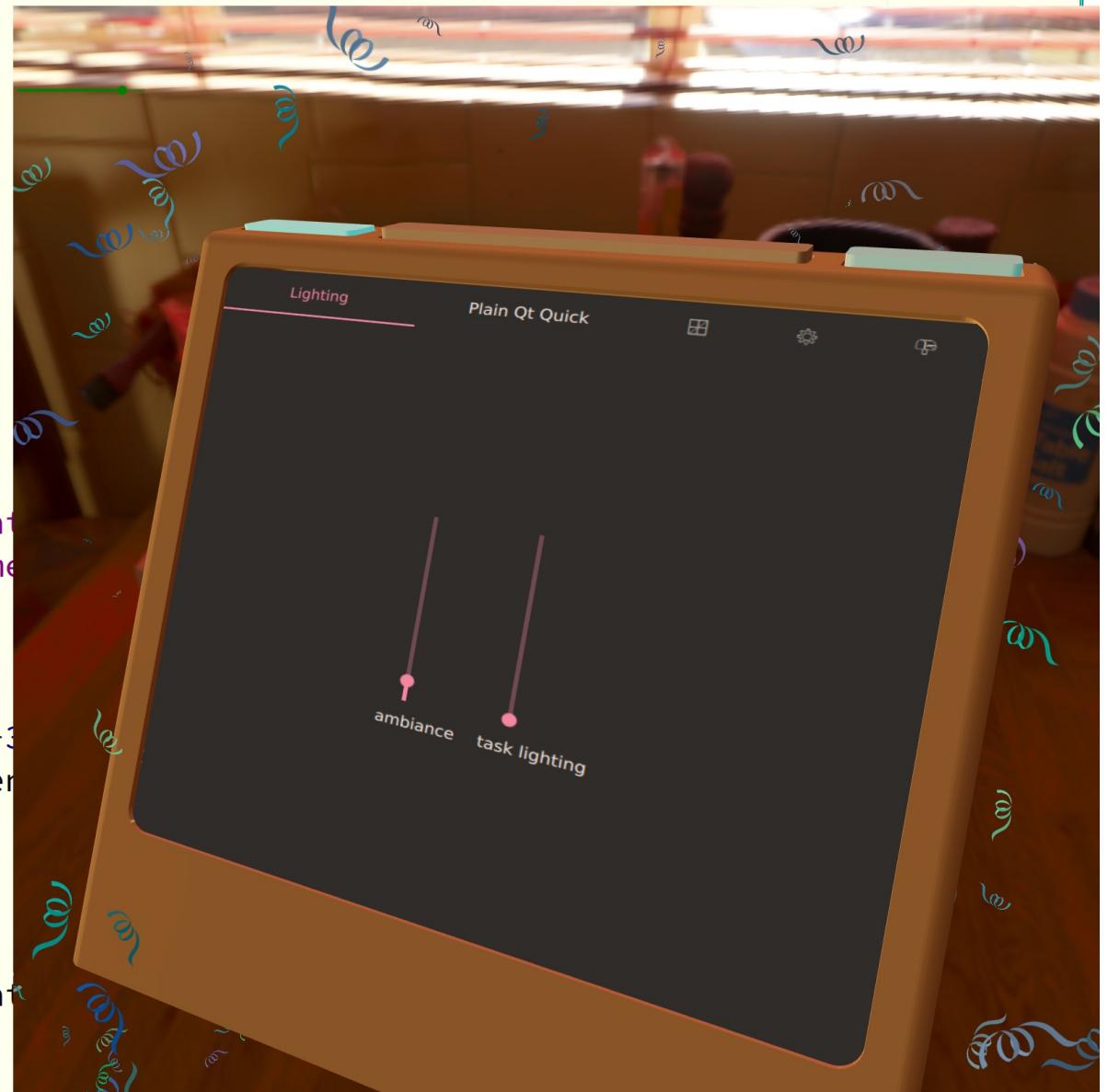
View3D {
    id: view
    width: 1600
    height: 1600
    y: 100

    environment: SceneEnvironment {
        clearColor: "black"
        backgroundMode: SceneEnvironment.NoBackground
        antialiasingMode: SceneEnvironment.NoAntialiasing
        lightProbe: Texture {
            source: "blinds_2k.hdr"
        }
        probeOrientation: Qt.vector3d(-3, -1, 0)
        probeExposure: mainScreen.ambientExposure
    }

    SpotLight {
        z: 300
        brightness: mainScreen.taskLighting
        ambientColor: Qt.rgba(0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)
        eulerRotation.y: -20
        coneAngle: 50
        innerConeAngle: 10
    }
}

```

Virtual Screen on a Model



```
import QtQuick3D  
import QtQuick3D.Helpers  
import QtQuick3D.AssetUtils
```

Interactive 3D app

```
View3D {  
    id: view3D; width: 4000; height: 2000; y: 100; x: 400
```



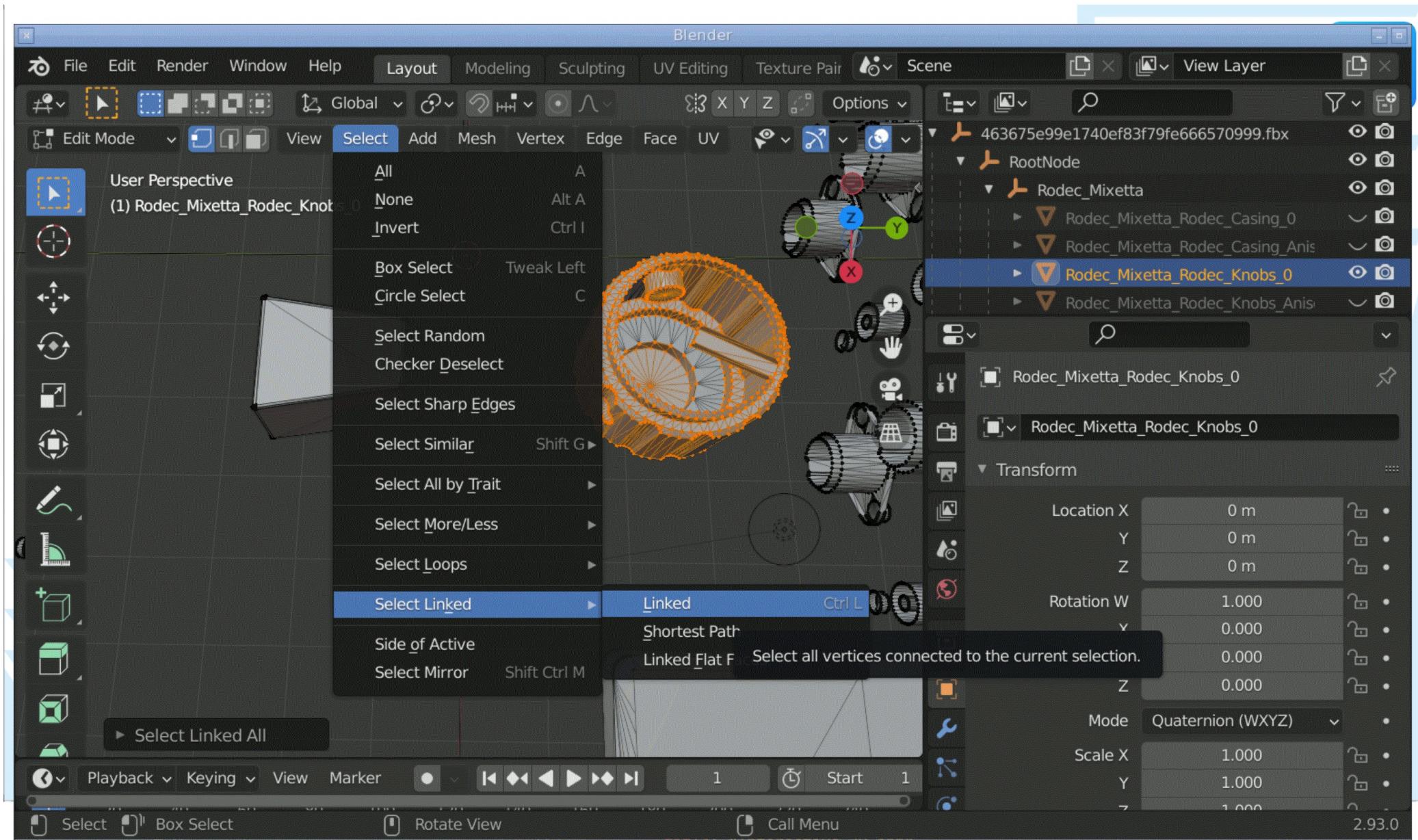
```
Timer {  
    id: vuTimer  
    interval: 100; repeat: true; running: obj.powerOn  
    onTriggered: {  
        obj.leftMeterRot = 20 + Math.random() * 40  
        obj.rightMeterRot = 20 + Math.random() * 40  
    }  
}
```

Preparing third-party GLTF for QQ3D

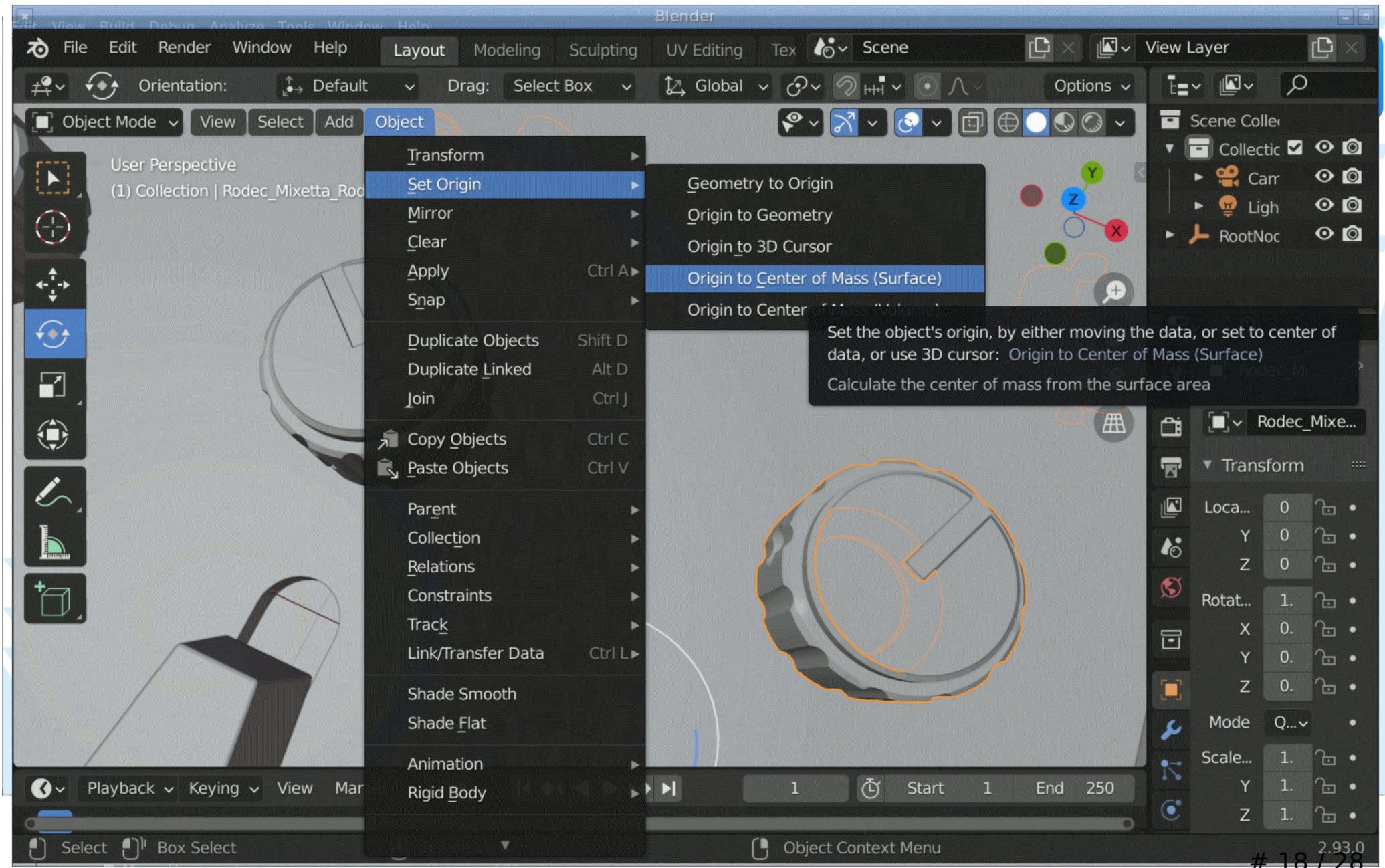
- Download something interesting (<http://skfb.ly/> etc.)
- Import into Blender
- Split meshes of interactive elements into separate objects
- Set origins of rotatable elements to centers
- Set 3D cursor to origin
- Move/rotate interactive controls to 'zero'
- Re-export to gltf / glb
- `$ balsam myfile.glb`
- write a QML viewer and look at Myfile.qml in it



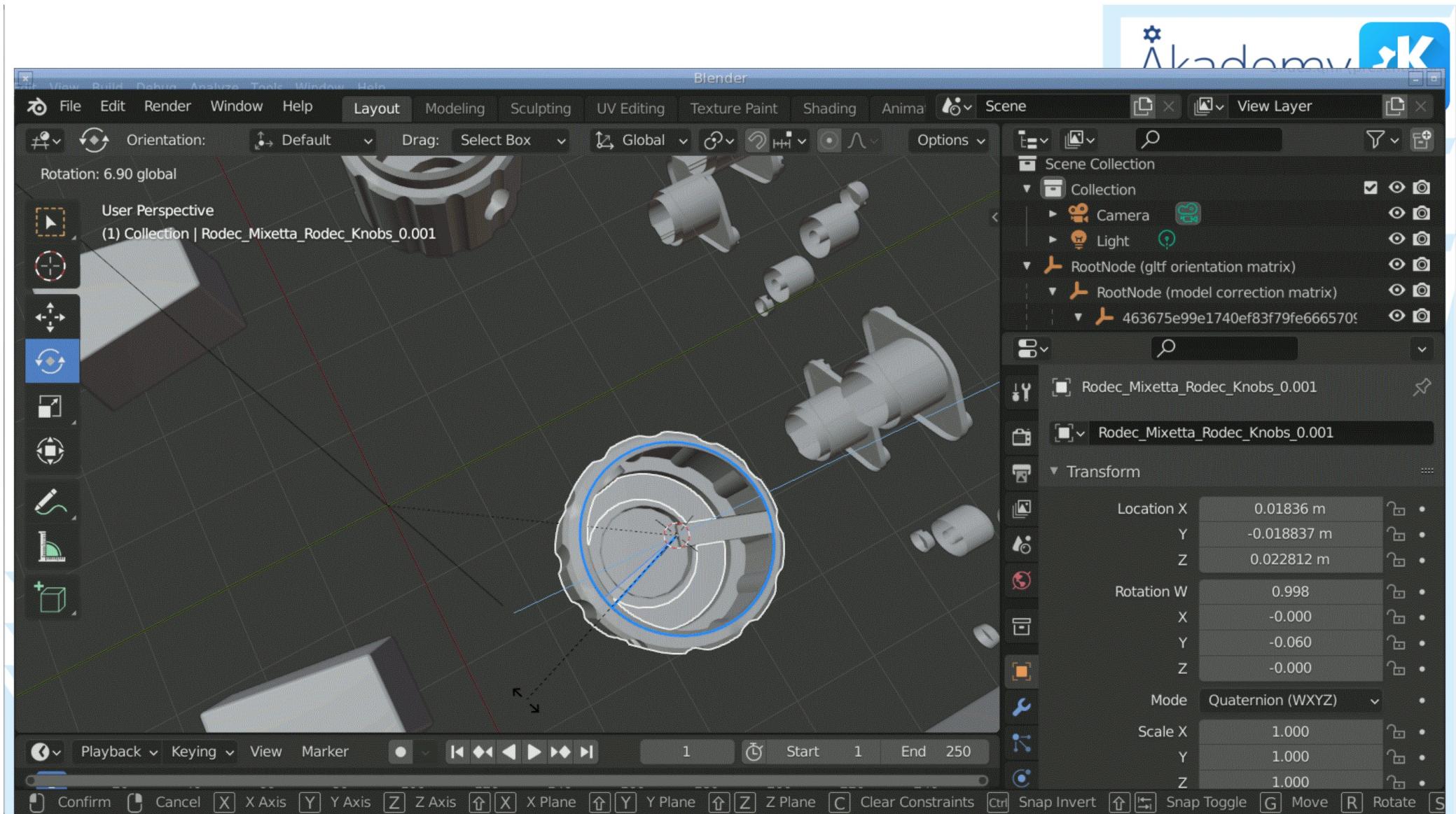
Blender: lasso vertices, select linked vertices



Blender: set origin



Blender: rotate an object

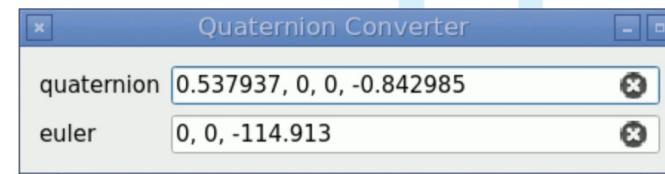


Balsam output

```
Node {  
    id: rootNode  
    Node {  
        id: rodec_Mixetta  
        rotation: Qt.quaternion(0.707107, -0.707107, 0, 0)  
        scale.x: 100  
        scale.y: 100  
        scale.z: 100  
        Model {  
            id: rodec_Mixetta_Rodec_Casing_0  
            source: "meshes/rodec_Mixetta_Rodec_Casing_0.mesh"  
  
            PrincipledMaterial {  
                id: rodec_Casing_material  
                baseColorMap: Texture {  
                    source: "maps/Rodec_Casing_Aniso_baseColor.png"  
                    generateMipmaps: true  
                    mipFilter: Texture.Linear  
                }  
                opacityChannel: Material.A  
                metalnessMap: Texture {  
                    source: "maps/Rodec_Casing_Aniso_metallicRoughness.png"  
                    generateMipmaps: true  
                    mipFilter: Texture.Linear  
                }  
                metalnessChannel: Material.B  
                roughnessMap: Texture {  
                    source: "maps/Rodec_Casing_Aniso_metallicRoughness.png"  
                    generateMipmaps: true  
                    mipFilter: Texture.Linear  
                }  
                roughnessChannel: Material.G
```

Make Balsam output interactive

- Simplify the QML (reduce nesting etc.)
- Rotatable element? convert quaternion to Euler angles
 - `QQuaternion::toEulerAngles()`
- Make Models pickable
- Add handlers to them
- Make bindings to rotate, drag etc.
 - `DragHandler.persistentTranslation`
 - `WheelHandler.rotation`
 - `TapHandler.pressed`
 - `PinchHandler.scale`
 - `PinchHandler.persistentTranslation` is missing so far
 - `HandlerPoint.modelPosition` and `worldPosition` (`QVector3D`)



Rigging Balsam output

```
Node {
    id: r00T
+   property real phono1rot: 0
+   property real phono2rot: 0
+   property real microlineRot: 0
+   property real tape1rot: 0
+   property real tape2rot: 0
+
+   property real selectorRot: 0
+   property real microbassRot: 0
+   property real levelRot: 0
+
+   property real leftMeterRot: 0
+   property real rightMeterRot: 0
+
+   property alias phono1sliderValue: rodec_Mixetta_Rodec_Slider_Phono1.value
+
+   property alias tweak1: powerCube.position
+   property real tweak2
+
+//   property alias rot1: rodec_Mixetta_Rodec_Knobs_Aniso_Phono1_wh.rotation
+//   property alias rot2: rodec_Mixetta_Rodec_Knobs_Phono1_wh.rotation
+
Node {
    id: rootNode__gltf_orientation_matrix_
    rotation: Qt.quaternion(0.707107, -0.707107, 0, 0)
@@ -115,7 +138,7 @@ Node {
                                x: 0.0855515
                                y: -0.0758887
                                z: 0.019
-                               rotation: Qt.quaternion(0.537937, 0, 0, -0.842985) # 22 / 28
+                               eulerRotation: Qt.vector3d(0, 0, -115 - r00T.levelRot)
```

```

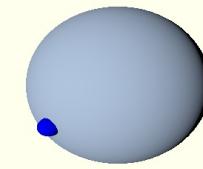
import QtQuick
import QtQuick3D

View3D {
    Node {
        id: sphere
        x: dh.persistentTranslation.x - 120
        y: -dh.persistentTranslation.y
        z: 400
        Model {
            source: "#Sphere"
            pickable: true
            materials: DefaultMaterial {
                diffuseColor: sth.pressed ? "blue" : shh.hovered ? "lightsteelblue" : "beige"
            }
            TapHandler { id: sth }
            HoverHandler { id: shh }
            DragHandler { id: dh }
        }
    }

    Node {
        position: shh.point.worldPosition // <-- new HandlerPoint property
        visible: !dh.active
        Model {
            source: "#Sphere"
            materials: DefaultMaterial { diffuseColor: "blue" }
            scale: "0.1, 0.1, 0.1"
        }
    }
}

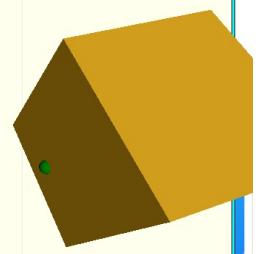
```

Pointer Handler Bindings in 3D



model QVector3D(-16.5831, -21.3649, 41.4064)
 world QVector3D(-136.583, -21.3649, 441.406)
 drag QVector2D(0, 0)
 sphere @QVector3D(-120, 0, 400)

UV QPointF(2030, 302)
 model QVector3D(-50, 3.40202, -27.3152)
 world QVector3D(69.2083, -20.2942, 383.689)
 pinch 1.00x, 0.0°



Ray Picking

```
import QtQuick
import QtQuick3D
import QtQuick3D.Helpers
import QtQuick3D.Particles3D

View3D {
    id: view
    width: 1280; height: 720; y: 100
    camera: camera

    environment: SceneEnvironment {
        backgroundMode: SceneEnvironment.SkyBox
        lightProbe: Texture { source: "maps/OpenfootageNET_lowerAustria01-1024.hdr" }
        probeExposure: 2
    }

    DirectionalLight { eulerRotation.x: -90; shadowFactor: 100 }

    Node {
        id: character
        position: "200, 300, -50"
        eulerRotation.y: -60
        SimpleSpaceship {}
        Node {
            id: ray
            property int length: 0
            property real scaleWidth: length ? 0.07 : 0.04
            scale: Qt.vector3d(scaleWidth, scaleWidth, length ? length/100 : 50.0)
            Model {
                z: -50; eulerRotation.x: -90
                "#GJLjL"
```



Stuff left to work on

- Consensus that we can really use handlers in 3D
- Handlers in 3D don't break Designer
- Convert 2D mouse deltas to 3D deltas (e.g. for dragging)
- Hover bugs
- Picking bugs (?)
- WasdController stealing events
- Controls stealing events



Suggestions for the community

- Play with it!
- Imagine new use cases
- Design standard toolbar icons for 3D applications



Other demo videos

- Hackathon spaceship: [https://d.tube/#!/v/ecloud/
QmWJVVDywsnaK8WCFTb8bMLUwEKmxvfBQVw8G3ATepbGhqb](https://d.tube/#!/v/ecloud/QmWJVVDywsnaK8WCFTb8bMLUwEKmxvfBQVw8G3ATepbGhqb)
- Digital assistant: [https://d.tube/#!/v/ecloud/
QmVATRbK6pDpwXwS1sTfUagpVCtdGye1v66mgonfvYTDGF](https://d.tube/#!/v/ecloud/QmVATRbK6pDpwXwS1sTfUagpVCtdGye1v66mgonfvYTDGF)



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<https://github.com/ecloud/qtquick3d-input-demo>

<https://github.com/ecloud/qt-presentations> : qtquick3d-interactive-ui branch

