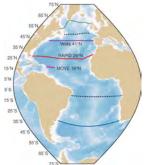
Meridional coherence of the AMOC in the subtropics

Eleanor Fraika-Williams, Shane Elipot. Matthias Lankhorst, Ben Moat, David Smeed

INTRO

- The Atlantic Meridional Overturning Circulation (AMOC) transports heat northwards in the Atlantic.
- · Meridional coherence of transports results in 'throughput' of heat to higher latitudes
- Divergence results in ocean heat content change and/or heat flux to the atmosphere.



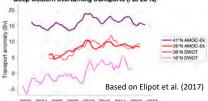
See also Frajka-Williams et al. (2019)

RESULTS

DATA

· Temperature & salinity profiles at the western boundary: 16N, 26N, 41N (Moorings & Argo)

- · Increasing tendency of deep transports at all measured latitudes, consistent with decreasing AMOC since early 2000s.
- Salinification in the upper Labrador Sea Water layer (1200-2000 m, from moorings & Argo). Freshening beneath (only observed by moorings).



DISCUSSION

 Longer timescale (annual+) transport changes are governed by deep property changes at the western boundary.

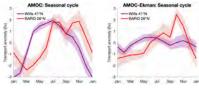


Decreasing AMOC in the subtropical Atlantic



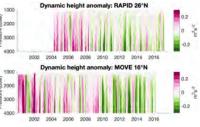


Seasonal cycle (incoherent)



Updated from Mielke et al. (2013)

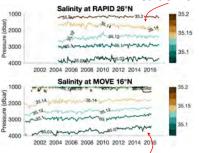
Dynamic height (west)



From Frajka-Williams et al. (2018)

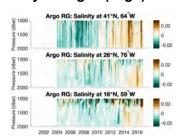
Western boundary deep salinity changes (moorings)

Saltier LSW



More AABW?

Western boundary deep sainity changes (Argo)







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Meridional coherence of the MOC in the subtropical North Atlantic

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The Atlantic Meridional Overturning Circulation (AMOC) extends from the South Atlantic to the high latitudes North Atlantic, transporting heat northwards in the upper 1000 m and storing carbon and other properties at depth. The AMOC has previously been referred to as the 'great ocean conveyor', with this nomenclature leading one to expect that when the AMOC speeds up at one latitude, it speeds up simultaneously and by the same amount at all other latitudes or, in other words, that the AMOC is meridionally coherent. Based on the expectation that changes to the AMOC both herald and drive climate shifts, intensive observational arrays have been put in place (from south to north: SAMBA 34.5°S, 11°S, 16°N, 26°N, 47°N, OSNAP) with additional efforts using satellite data and Argo to estimate ocean transport variability [1]. Observations of the large-scale circulation seem to contradict the expectation of meridional coherence. Here, we will synthesise the findings of meridional coherence of the AMOC on daily to interannual timescales using the long in situ observations between 16°N and 41°N. These are that the AMOC transports are out-of-phase on subannual timescales [2], linked to wind-forced variability [3] and (2) coherent with a time-lag on interannual timescales [4]. Using both in situ and satellite approaches, the phased and coherent variability will be traced back to wind- and buoyancy-forcing on ocean transport variability.

References (open access)

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