



**POLITECNICO**  
MILANO 1863

# **THE FINITE ELEMENT METHOD (2a)**

**THE MATRIX ASSEMBLY**

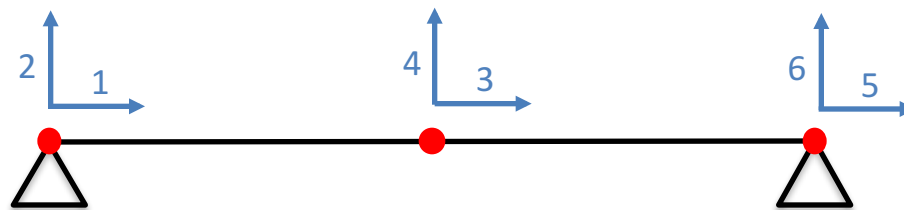
**Milano, 18 May 2016**

**Luca Amerio**

# Matrix assembly


All the structures studied with the FE method are composed by several elements.

The structure is divided into **finite elements**. The DoFs of the structure are the **nodal displacements**.



# Matrix assembly

Each element has its own **mass** and **stiffness matrixes** depending on the type of the element (string, beam, shell, brick...)



The diagram shows a horizontal line segment representing an element. At the left end is a red dot labeled 'II' with a local coordinate system (I, II) where I is horizontal and II is vertical. At the right end is a red dot labeled 'IV' with a local coordinate system (III, IV) where III is horizontal and IV is vertical.

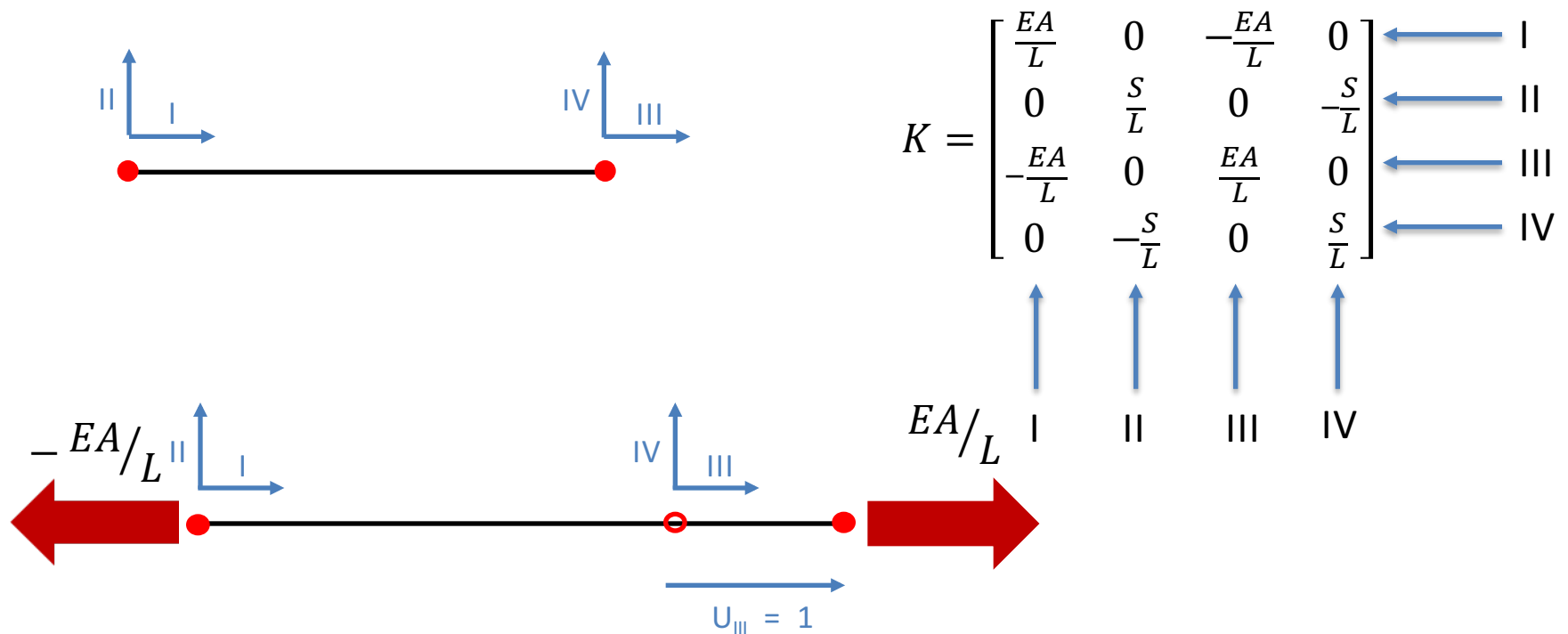
$$M = L m \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 0 & \frac{1}{6} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 & \frac{1}{6} \\ \frac{1}{6} & 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{6} & 0 & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$K = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{EA}{L} & 0 & -\frac{EA}{L} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{S}{L} & 0 & -\frac{S}{L} \\ -\frac{EA}{L} & 0 & \frac{EA}{L} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{S}{L} & 0 & \frac{S}{L} \end{bmatrix}$$

How to obtain the system matrixes?



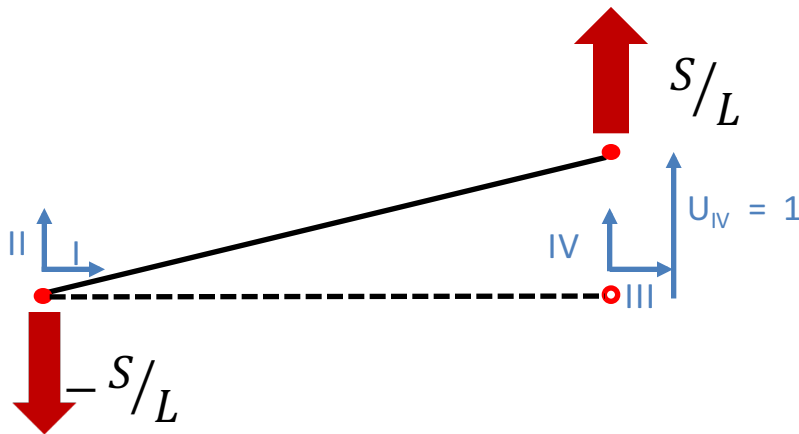
# Matrix assembly

What does each element of the elemental matrix represent?



# Matrix assembly

What does each element of the elemental matrix represent?



$$K = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{EA}{L} & 0 & -\frac{EA}{L} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{S}{L} & 0 & -\frac{S}{L} \\ -\frac{EA}{L} & 0 & \frac{EA}{L} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{S}{L} & 0 & \frac{S}{L} \end{bmatrix}$$

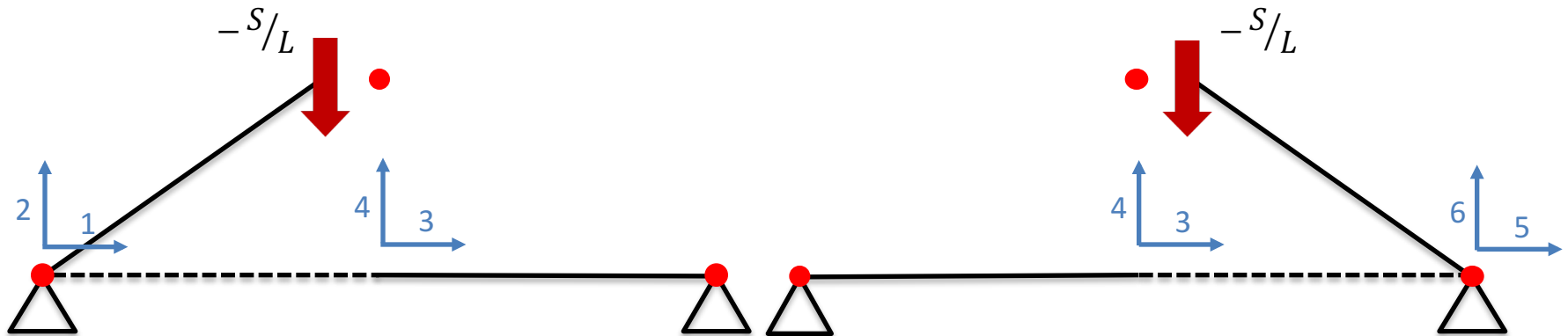
$\begin{matrix} \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ \text{I} & \text{II} & \text{III} & \text{IV} \end{matrix}$

$\begin{matrix} \leftarrow & \text{I} \\ \leftarrow & \text{II} \\ \leftarrow & \text{III} \\ \leftarrow & \text{IV} \end{matrix}$



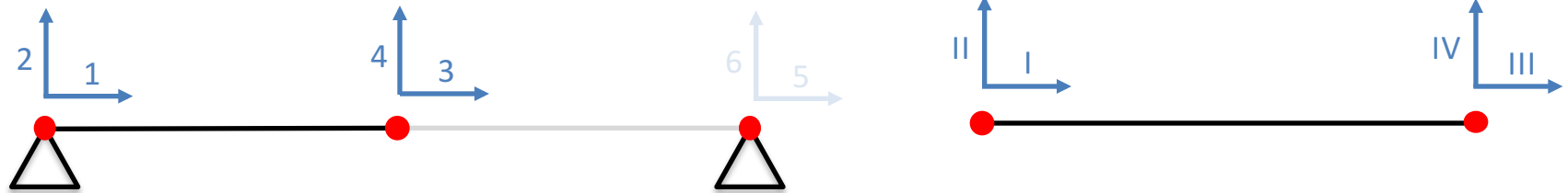
# Matrix assembly

When I move a global dof I see the contribution of all the elements connected to that node



# Matrix assembly

We need to find the correspondence between each **element dof** and the **global dof**.



For the first element:

- I  $\rightarrow$  1
- II  $\rightarrow$  2
- III  $\rightarrow$  3
- IV  $\rightarrow$  4



# Matrix assembly

How the first element contributes to the overall stiffness?

$K = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{EA}{L} & 0 & -\frac{EA}{L} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{S}{L} & 0 & -\frac{S}{L} \\ -\frac{EA}{L} & 0 & \frac{EA}{L} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{S}{L} & 0 & \frac{S}{L} \end{bmatrix}$

← I  
← II  
← III  
← IV

I II III IV

$K_{tot} = \begin{bmatrix} * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \end{bmatrix}$

1 2 3 4 5 6

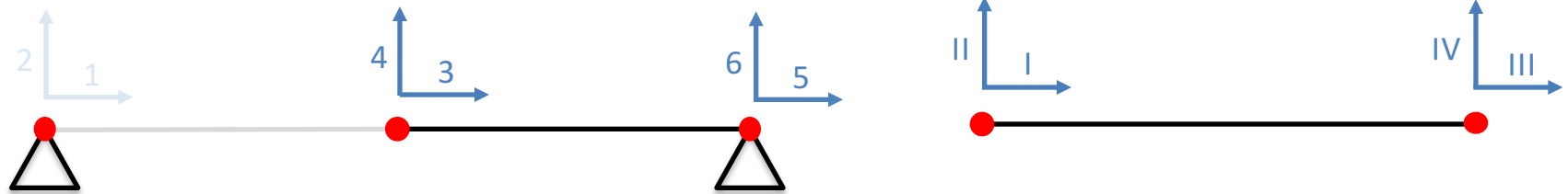
← 1  
← 2  
← 3  
← 4  
← 5  
← 6





# Matrix assembly

We need to find the correspondence between each **element dof** and the **global dof**.



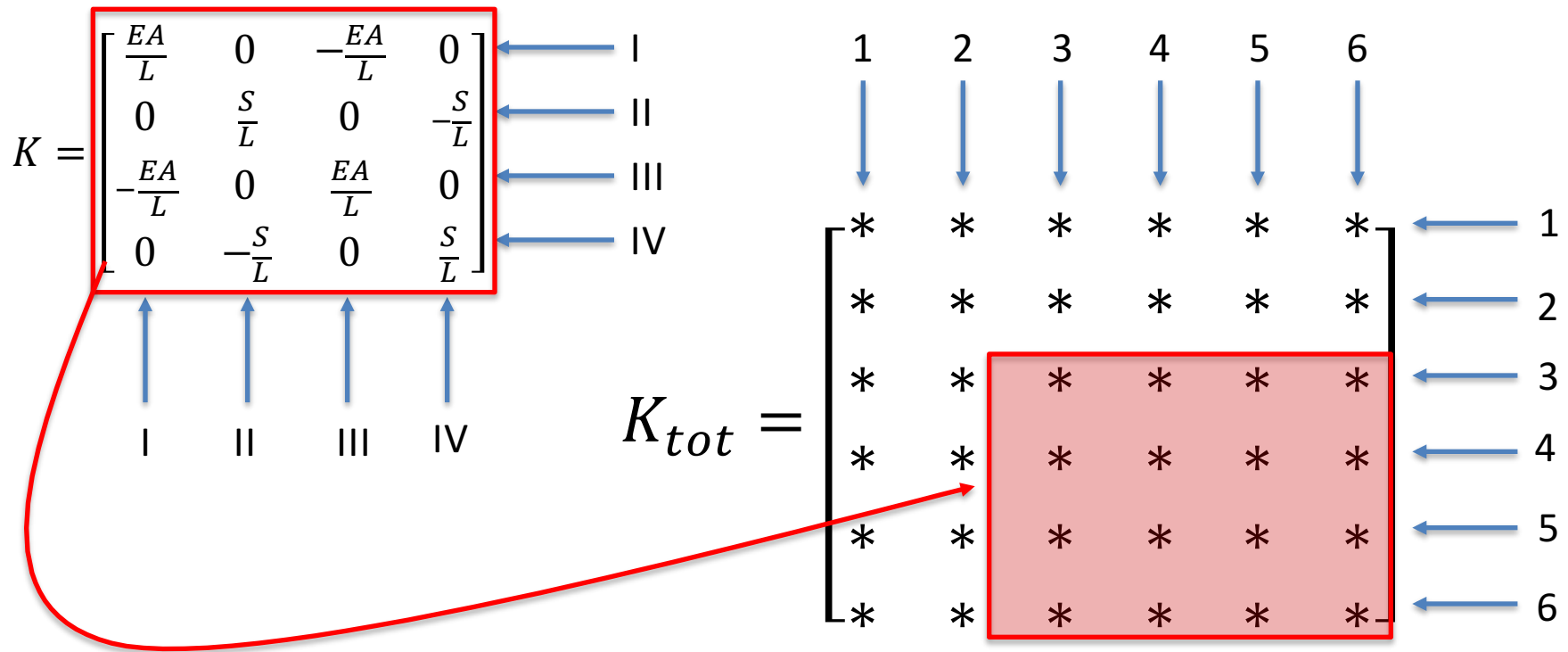
For the second element:

- I  $\rightarrow$  3
- II  $\rightarrow$  4
- III  $\rightarrow$  5
- IV  $\rightarrow$  6



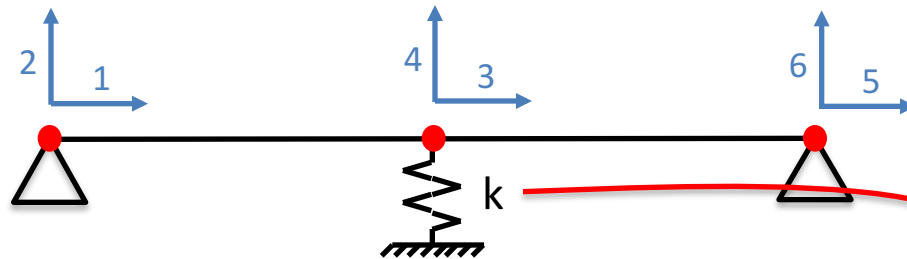
# Matrix assembly

How the second element contributes to the overall stiffness?



# Concentrated stiffness

How can I handle a concentrated spring?



The spring "works" for the global dof number 4

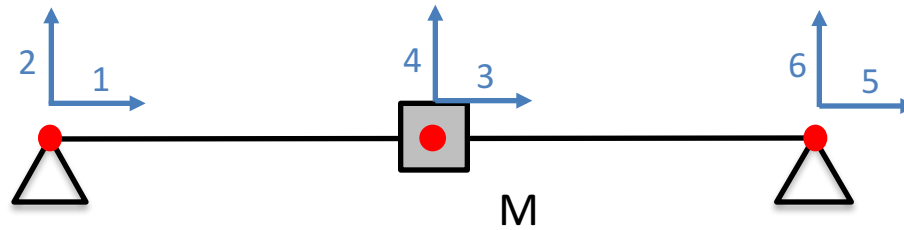
$$K_{tot} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} \downarrow 1 & \downarrow 2 & \downarrow 3 & \downarrow 4 & \downarrow 5 & \downarrow 6 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{bmatrix} * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & \mathbf{k} & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \end{bmatrix} & \begin{matrix} \leftarrow 1 \\ \leftarrow 2 \\ \leftarrow 3 \\ \leftarrow 4 \\ \leftarrow 5 \\ \leftarrow 6 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$$

A red arrow points from the  $k$  in the stiffness matrix to the global degree of freedom number 4 in the text above.



# Concentrated mass

And the mass? Exactly the same!



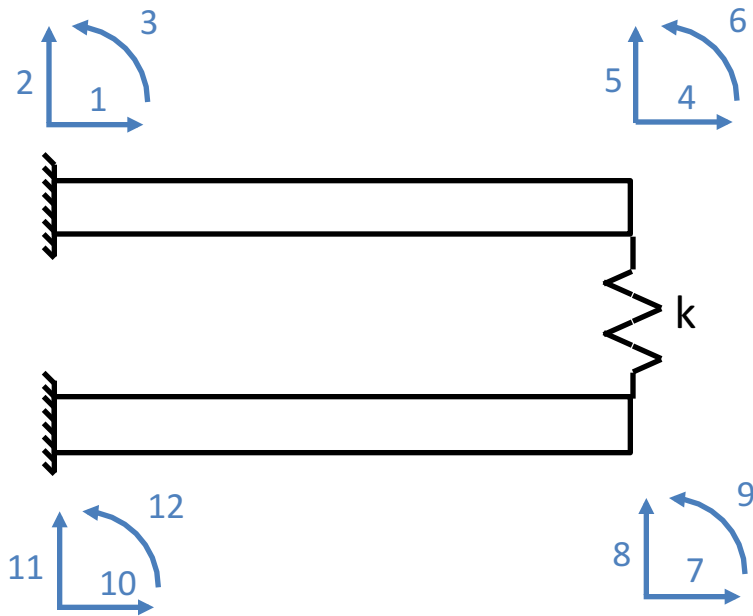
The mass "works" for the global dofs number 3 and 4

$$M_{tot} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} \downarrow 1 \\ \downarrow 2 \\ \downarrow 3 \\ \downarrow 4 \\ \downarrow 5 \\ \downarrow 6 \end{matrix} & & & & \\ \begin{bmatrix} * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & \mathbf{M} & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & \mathbf{M} & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * \end{bmatrix} & \begin{matrix} \leftarrow 1 \\ \leftarrow 2 \\ \leftarrow 3 \\ \leftarrow 4 \\ \leftarrow 5 \\ \leftarrow 6 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$$



# Internal constraints

How do I handle an internal spring?



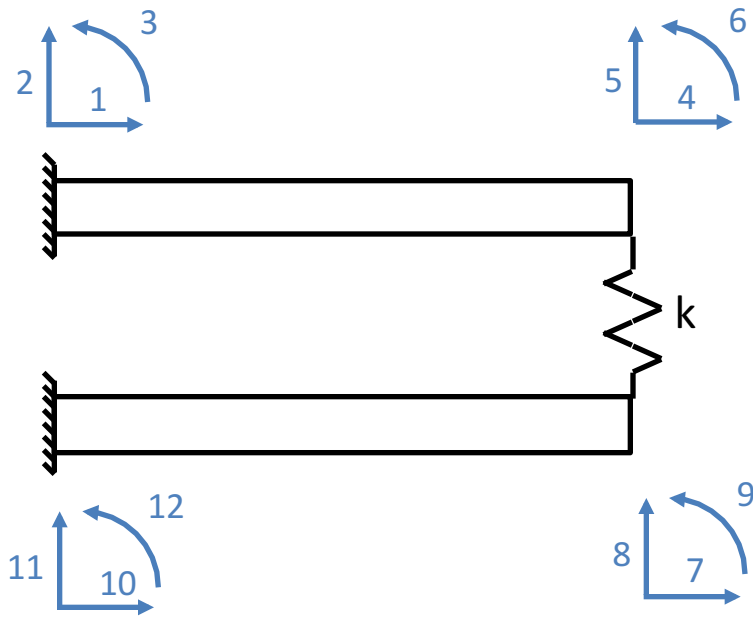
The potential energy of the spring is:

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{2} k (u_5 - u_8)^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} k (u_5^2 - u_5 u_8 - u_8 u_5 + u_8^2) \end{aligned}$$



# Internal constraints

How do I handle an internal spring?

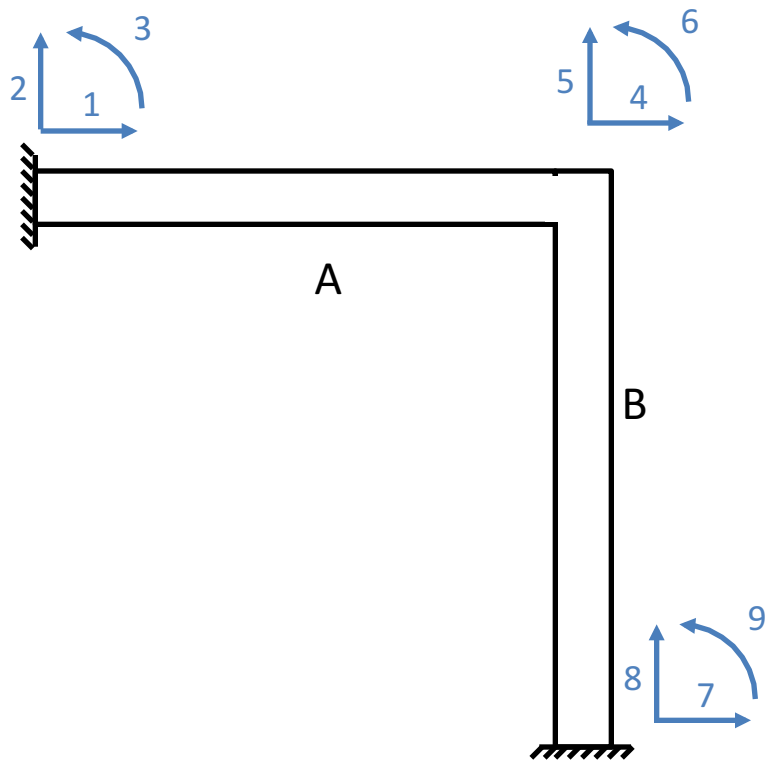


$$k_{tot} = \begin{bmatrix} \ddots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \dots & k & \dots & -k & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \dots & -k & \dots & k & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \leftarrow 5 \\ \leftarrow 8 \end{matrix}$$



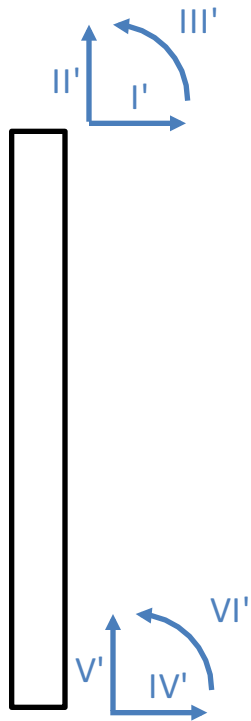
# Rotation

What if an element is rotated?



# Rotation

We compute the stiffness matrix and the mass matrix in the rotated reference frame:



$$\begin{bmatrix} I' \\ II' \\ III' \\ IV' \\ V' \\ VI' \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{Bmatrix} \cos \gamma & \sin \gamma & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\sin \gamma & \cos \gamma & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \cos \gamma & \sin \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\sin \gamma & \cos \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{Bmatrix}}_{\Lambda} \begin{bmatrix} I \\ II \\ III \\ IV \\ V \\ VI \end{bmatrix}$$





# Rotation

We compute the stiffness matrix and the mass matrix in the rotated reference frame:



$$K'_{el} = \Lambda^{-1} K_{el} \Lambda$$

$$M'_{el} = \Lambda^{-1} M_{el} \Lambda$$

