# aws re: Invent

#### NET413-R

# Elastic Load Balancing: Best practices for securing your applications

#### **Sathya Ramaseshan**

Senior Product Manager AWS Load Balancing Amazon Web Services

#### **David Ward**

General Manager

AWS Load Balancing

Amazon Web Services





### Related breakouts

NET407-R Get the most from Elastic Load Balancing for different workloads

Tuesday, Dec 3, 7:00 PM - 8:00 PM - Aria, Level 1 West, Bristlecone 9 Red

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NET203-L Leadership session: Networking

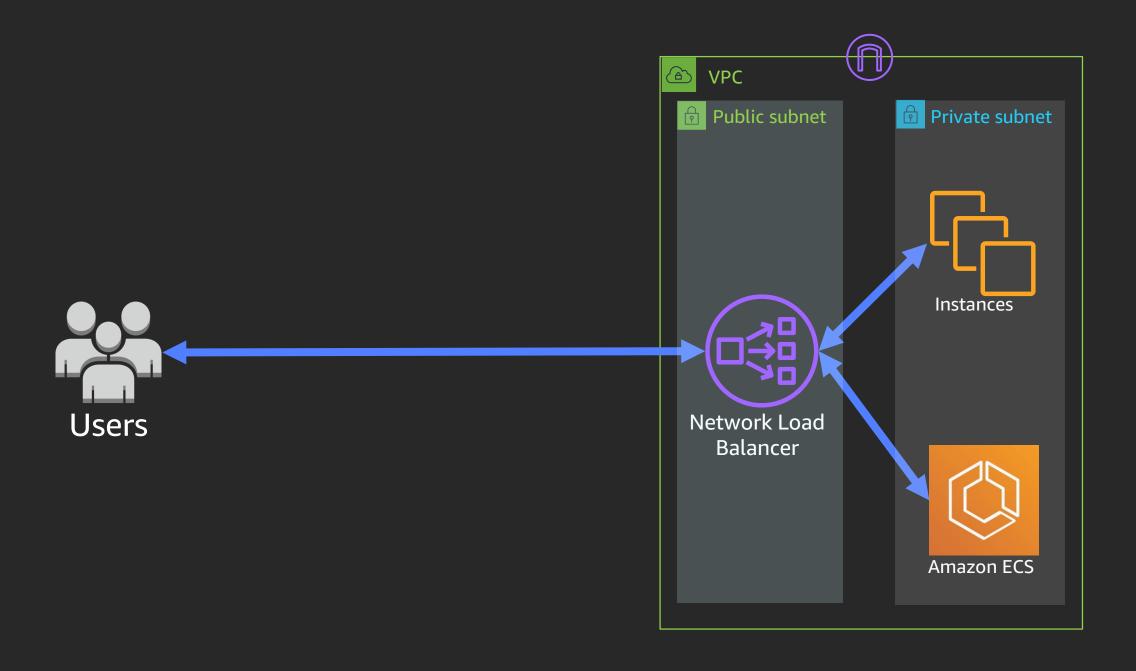
Wednesday, Dec 4, 11:30 AM - 12:30 PM - MGM, Level 3, Premier Ballroom 309

# Building defense in depth using NLB for your applications

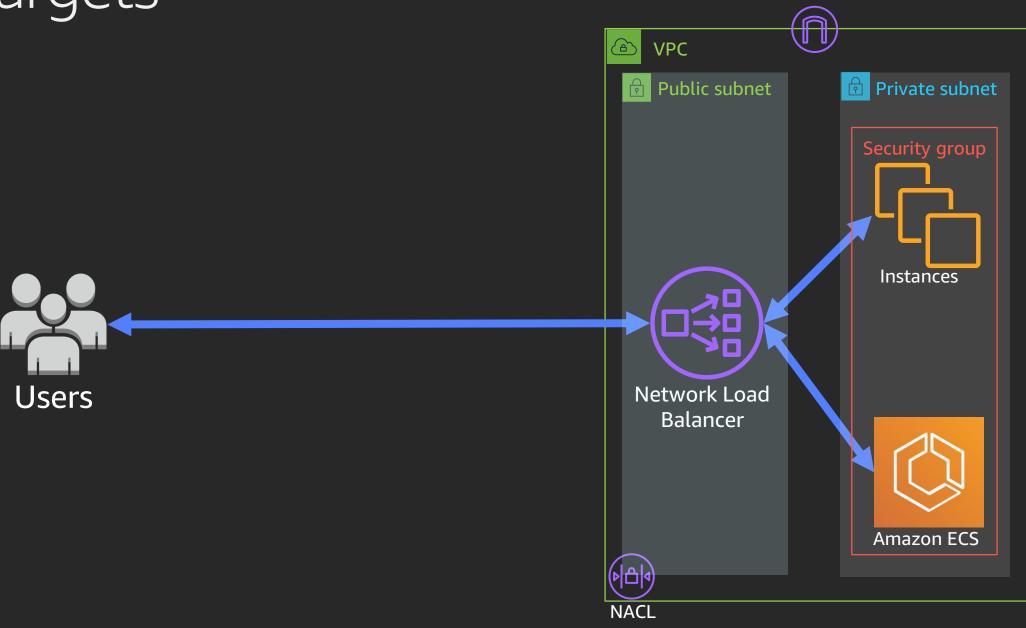




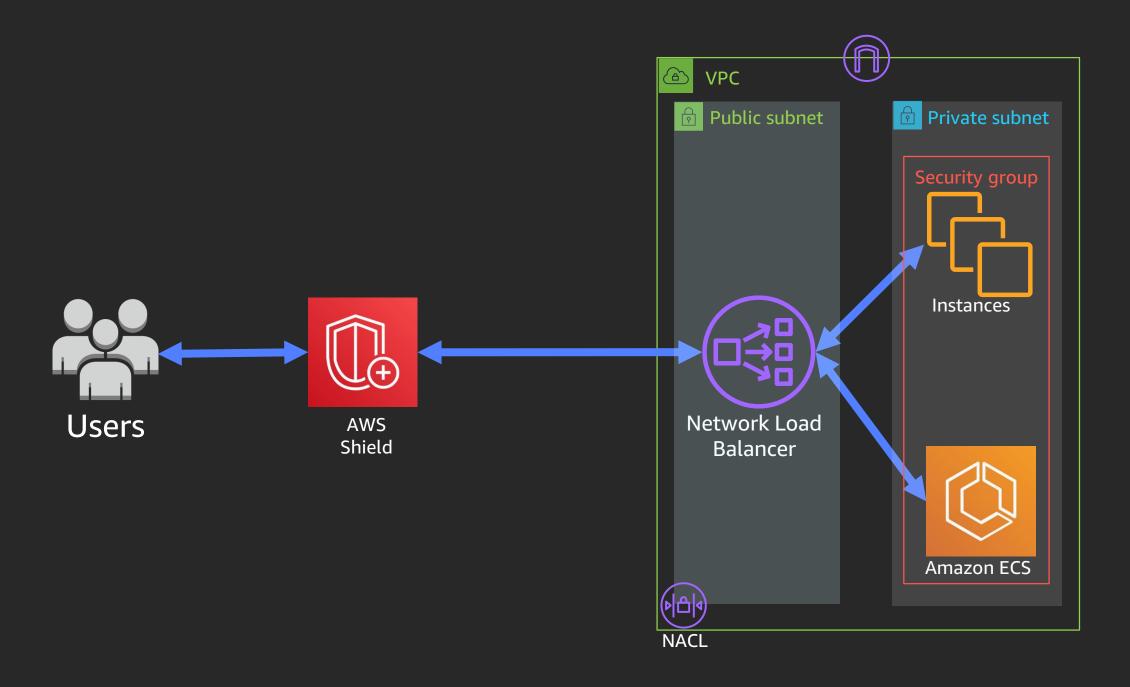
# Build secure applications with NLB



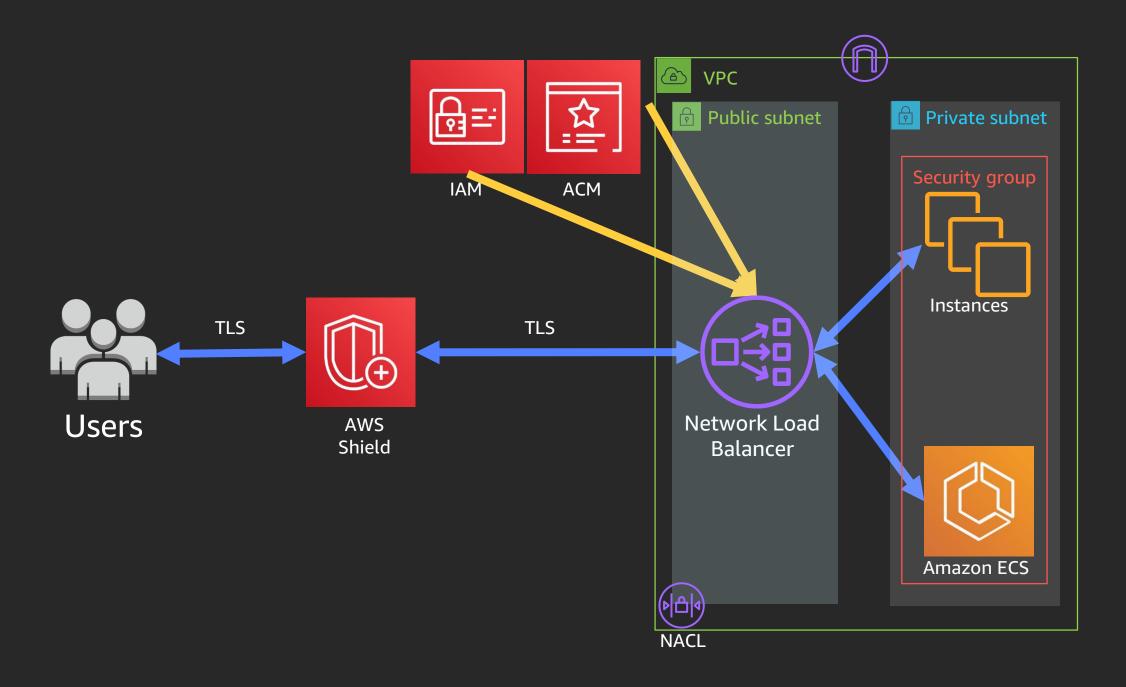
Control traffic in/out of your load balancer and targets



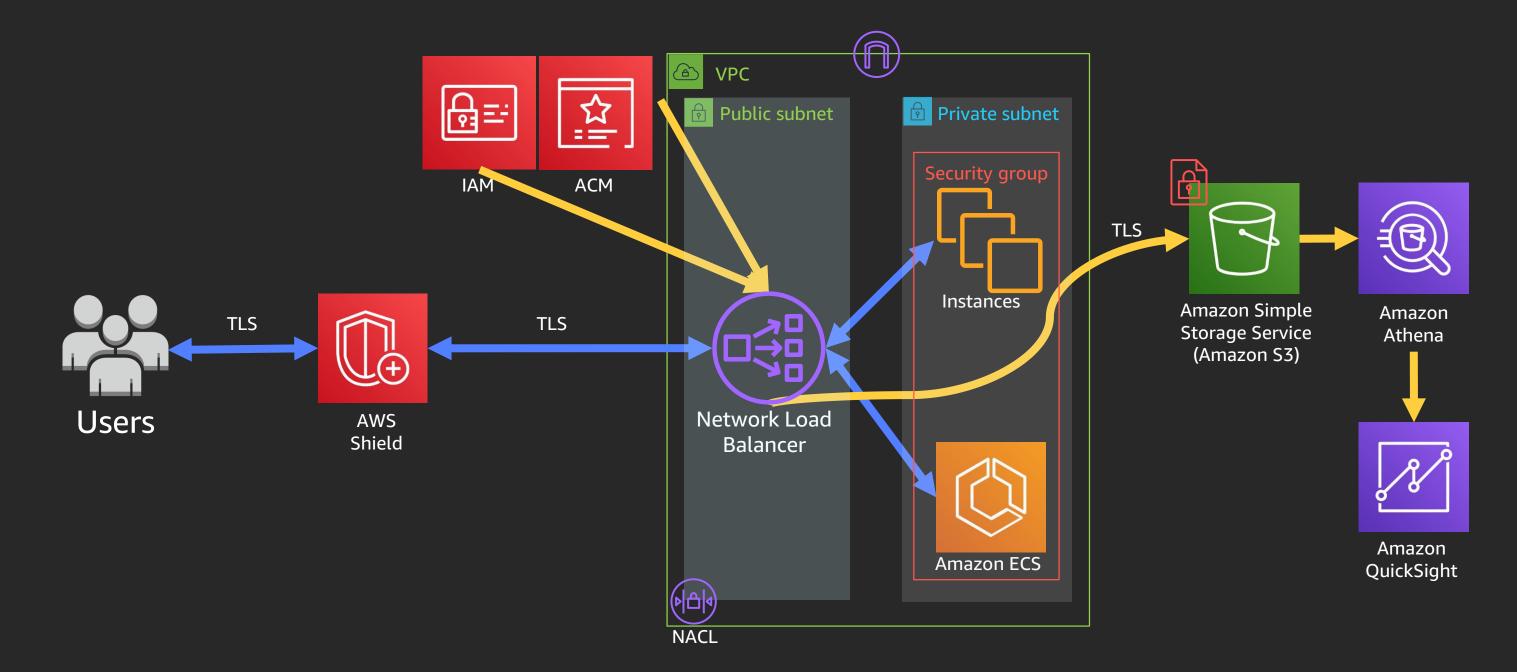
# Enable layer 3/4 protection seamlessly



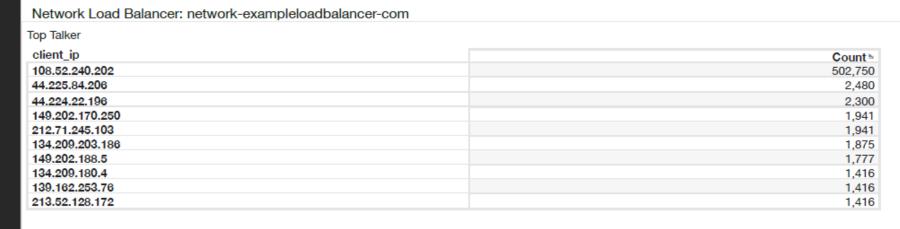
# Offload TLS to encrypt traffic to your application

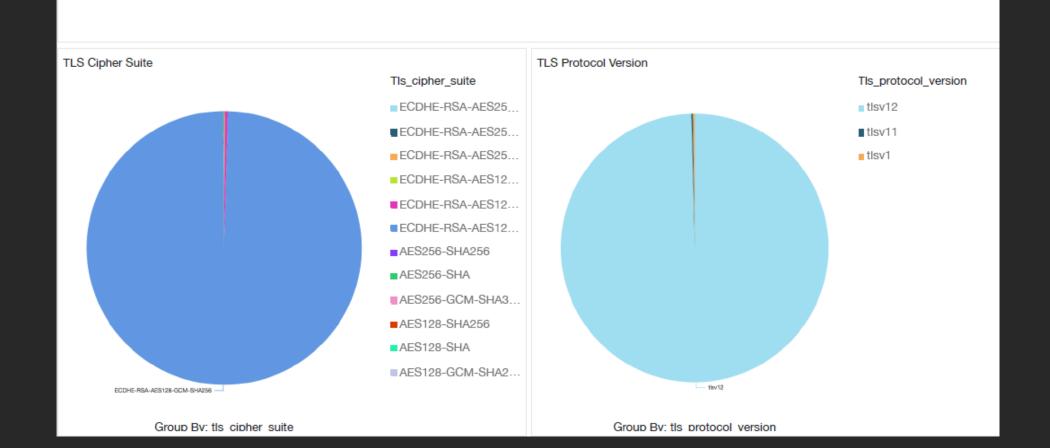


# Analyze your traffic patterns using access logs

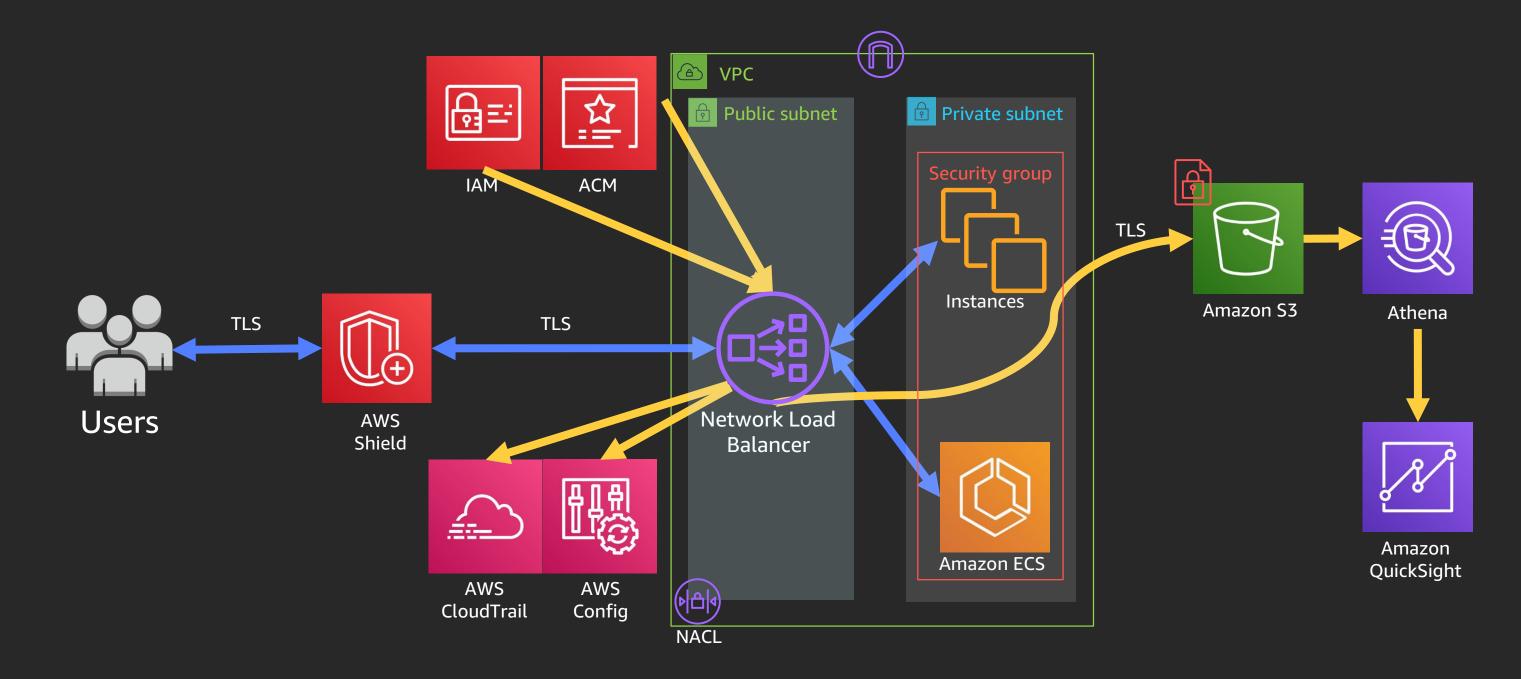


# Example TLS Access logs dashboard from QuickSight





# Meet your application's compliance requirements

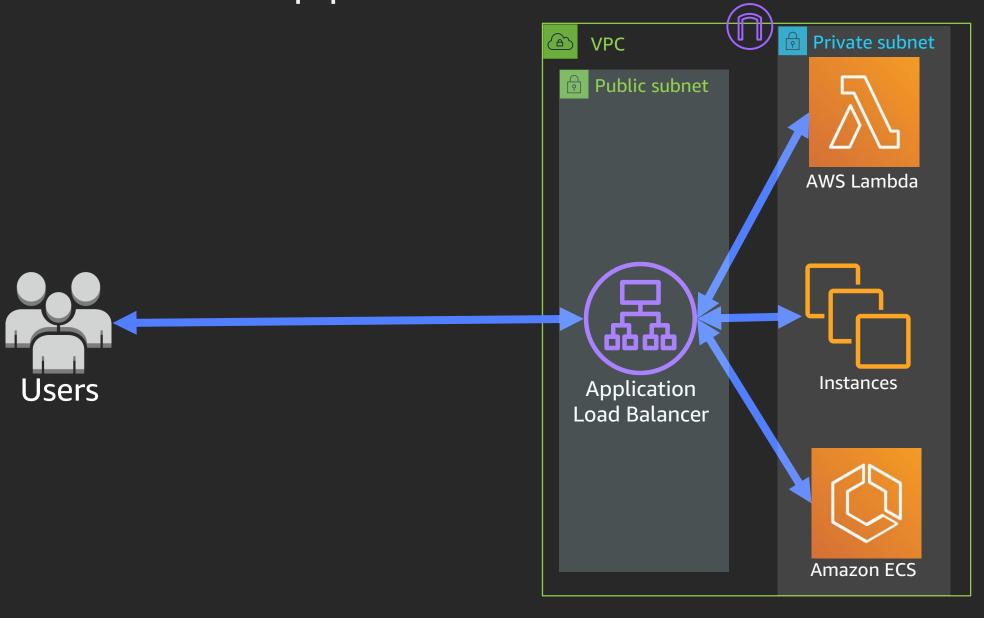


# Building defense in depth using ALB for your applications





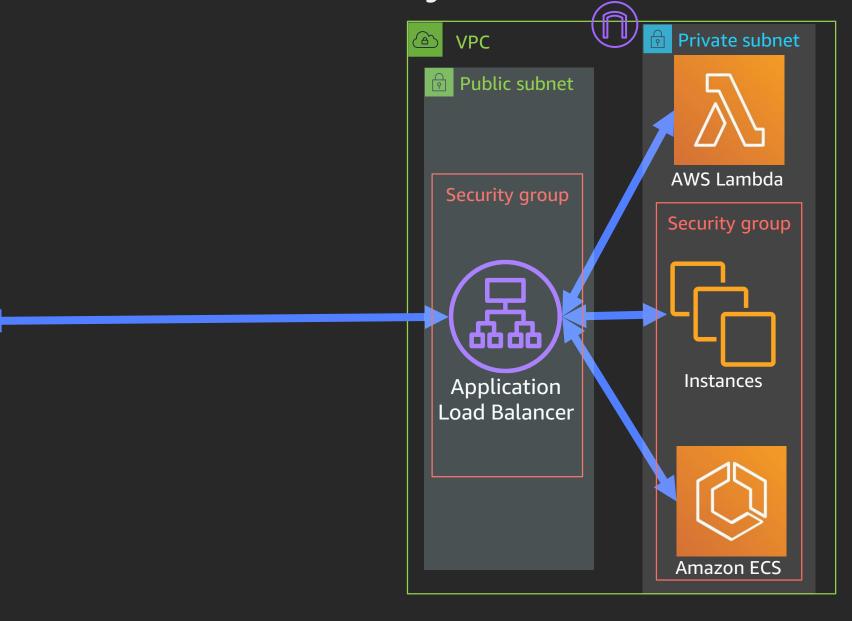
# Build secure applications with ALB



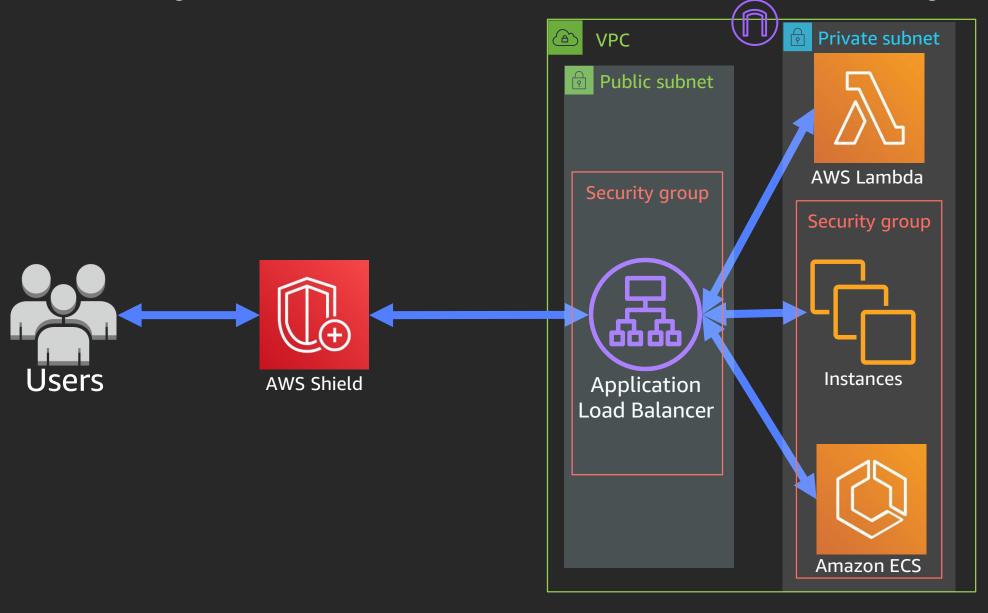
Control traffic in/out of your load balancer and

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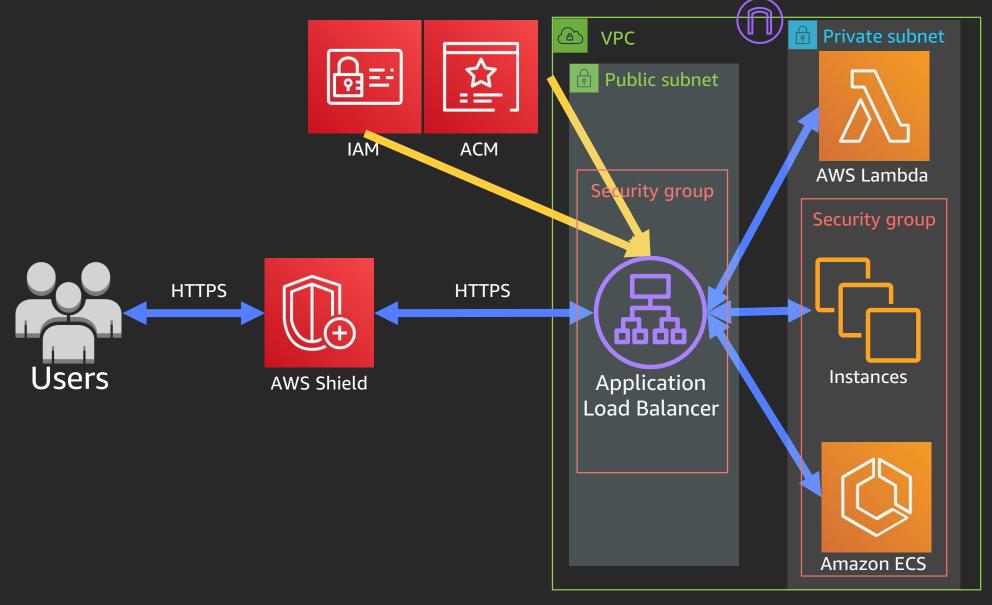
Users



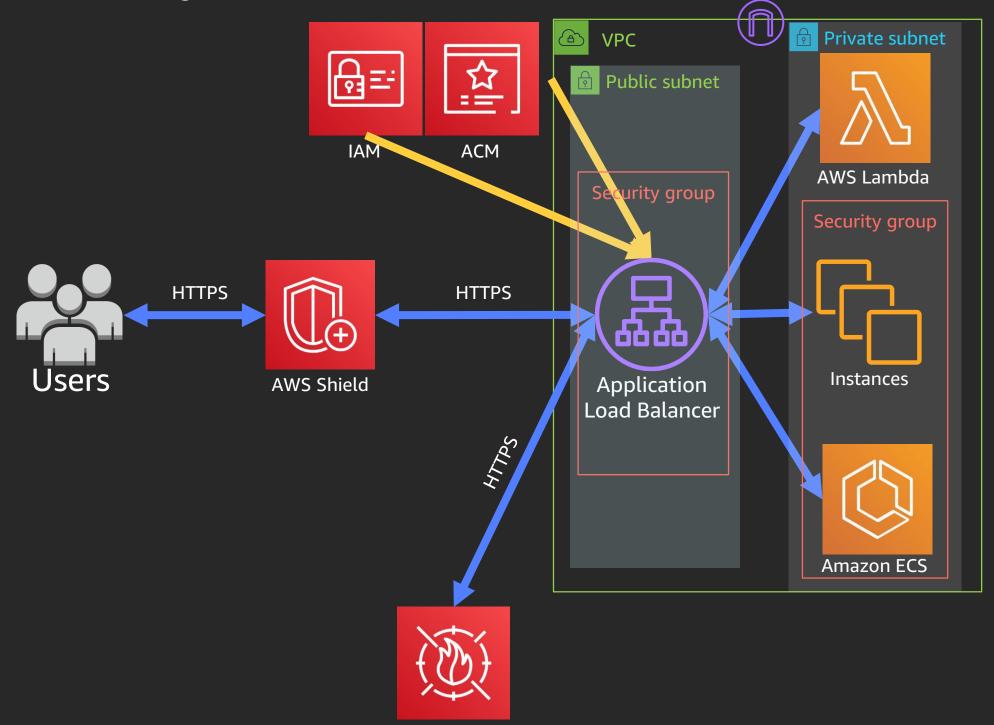
## Enable layer 3/4 protection seamlessly



Offload TLS to encrypt traffic to your application

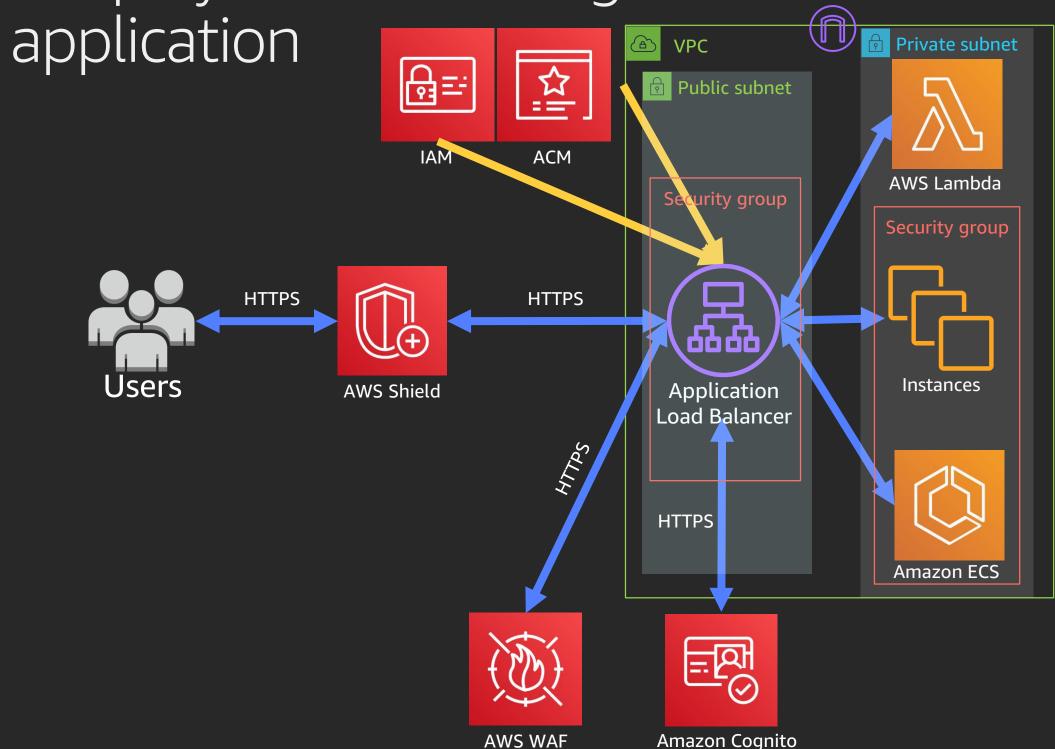


# Enable layer 7 protection with AWS WAF

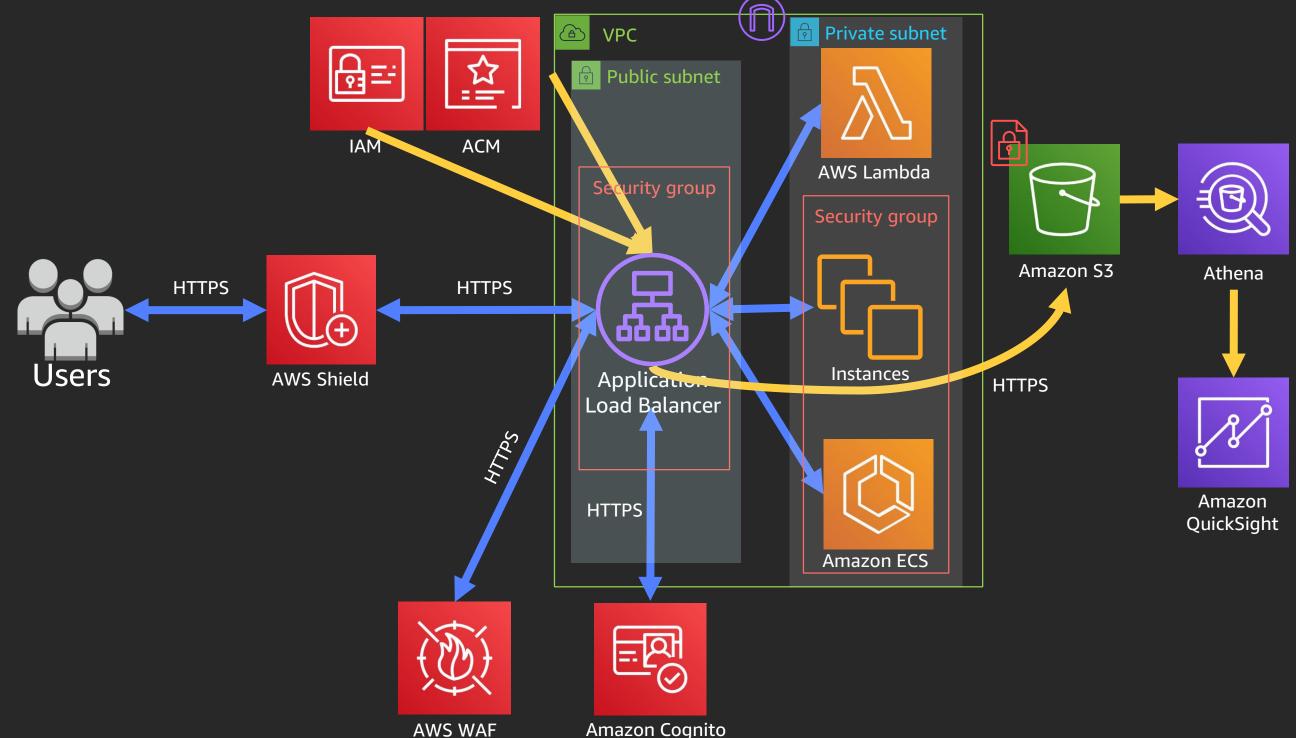


**AWS WAF** 

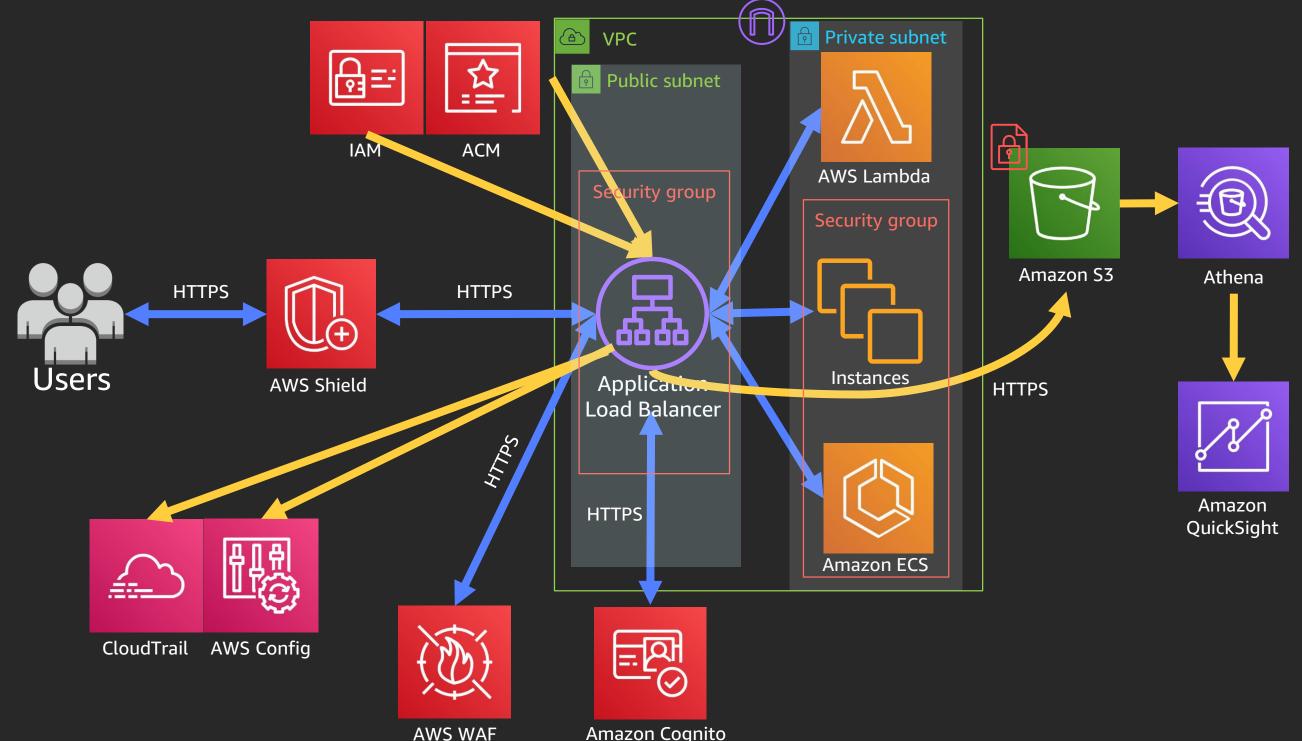
Simplify authenticating users' access to your



Analyze your traffic patterns using access logs



Meet your application's compliance requirements



# TLS on NLB/ALB





# TLS features on NLB/ALB

Features	NLB	ALB
Source IP preservation	Yes	Yes – XFF header
Predefined policies	Yes	Yes
SNI	Yes	Yes
ALPN	No	Yes – Client to ALB
Session resumption	Tickets (Regional)	Tickets and session ID
RSA Certs > 2K	No	Yes
EC Certs	No	Yes – IAM only
TLS to target	Yes	Yes

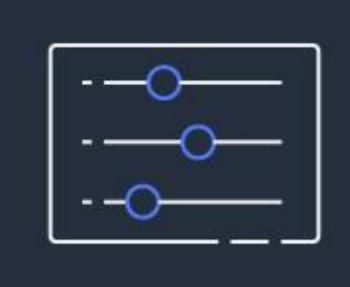
### Considerations to determine TLS settings

Types of clients

Types of targets

Compliance needs

Number of applications behind load balancer



# Simplifying user login with ALB authentication





### Authentication in ALB

# Secure authentication and single sign-on experience across your applications

ALB implements the role of a "Relying Party" as defined by the OpenID Connect spec

Support for authorization code grant flow

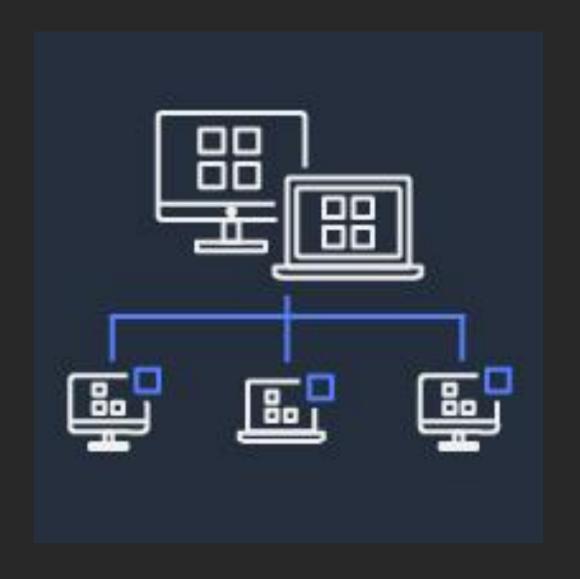
Native integration with any OIDC supported IdP

Seamless integration with Amazon Cognito

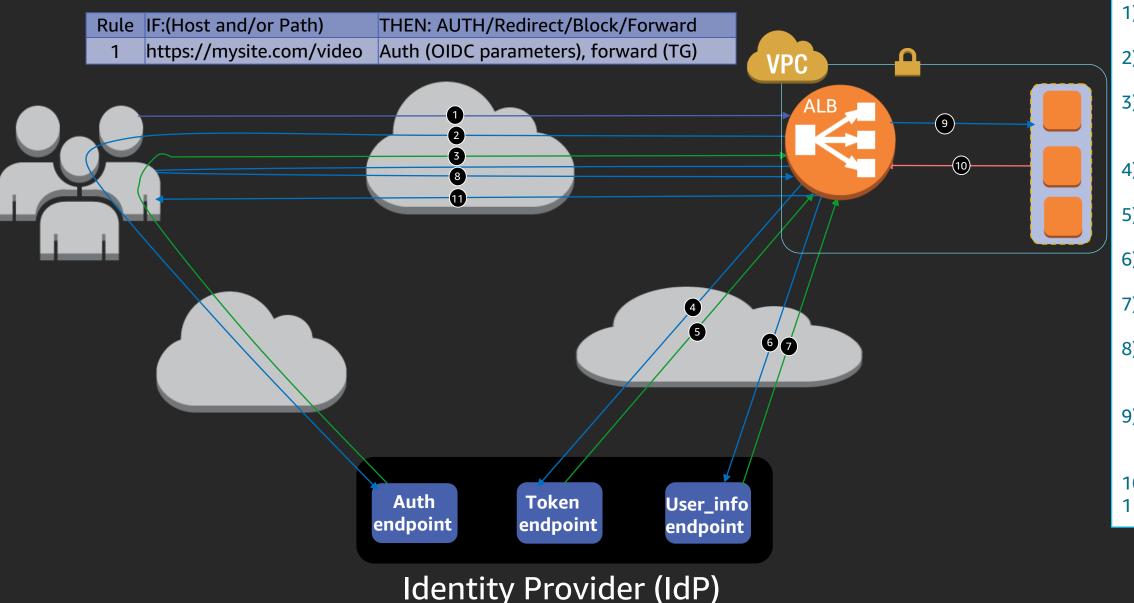
Authenticate with corporate identities using SAML, LDAP, Microsoft AD, or OIDC

Authenticate with federated identities based on public IDPs (Facebook, Google, Amazon, Okta)

Implemented through listener rules that simplifies authorization in the backends



### Authentication workflow in ALB



- User sends HTTPS request to a website hosted behind Auth enabled ALB
- ALB checks for Auth session cookie and redirects the user to IdP if it is missing
- After authenticating with IdP, user is redirected back to ALB with authorization CODE
- ALB authenticates the CODE and sends to token endpoint
- Token endpoint exchanges CODE for ID token, Access Token
- 6) ALB sends Access Token to user\_info endpoint
- 7) User\_info endpoint exchanges Access
  Token for user claims
- 8) ALB redirects the user with AWSELBAuthSessionCookie to original URI
- 9) ALB validates cookie and forwards user info to targets in the "X-AMZN-OIDC-\*" HTTP headers set
- 10) Target sends response back to ALB
- 11) ALB sends final response to user

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# Thank you!







# Please complete the session survey in the mobile app.





# Appendix





# TLS on NLB/ALB





### TLS on ALB/NLB

Makes client-to-server communication thru load balancer secure by default

Application data is encrypted in transit

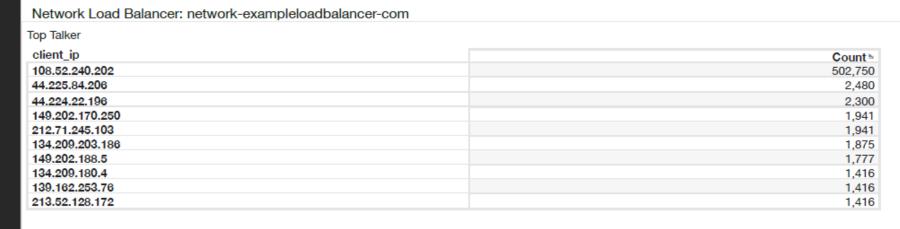
Improved PCI compliance

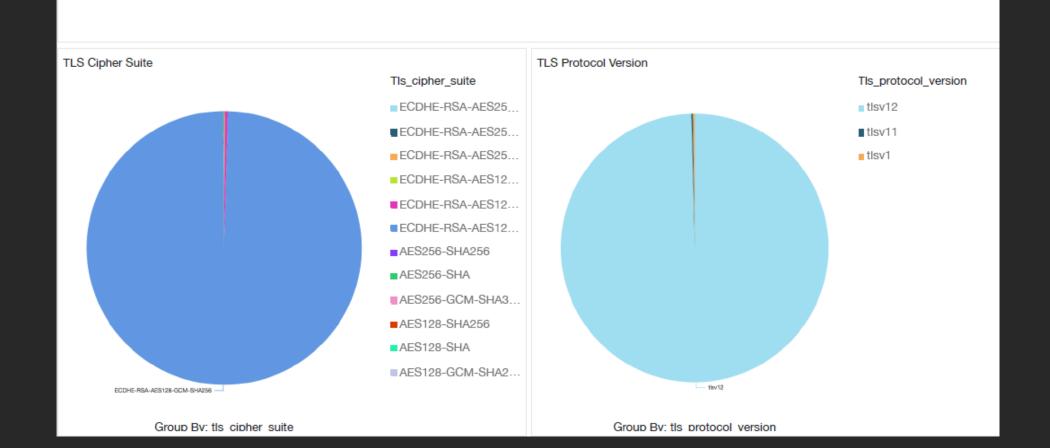
Fleets patched to handle zero day vulnerabilities

Visibility through metrics and access logs

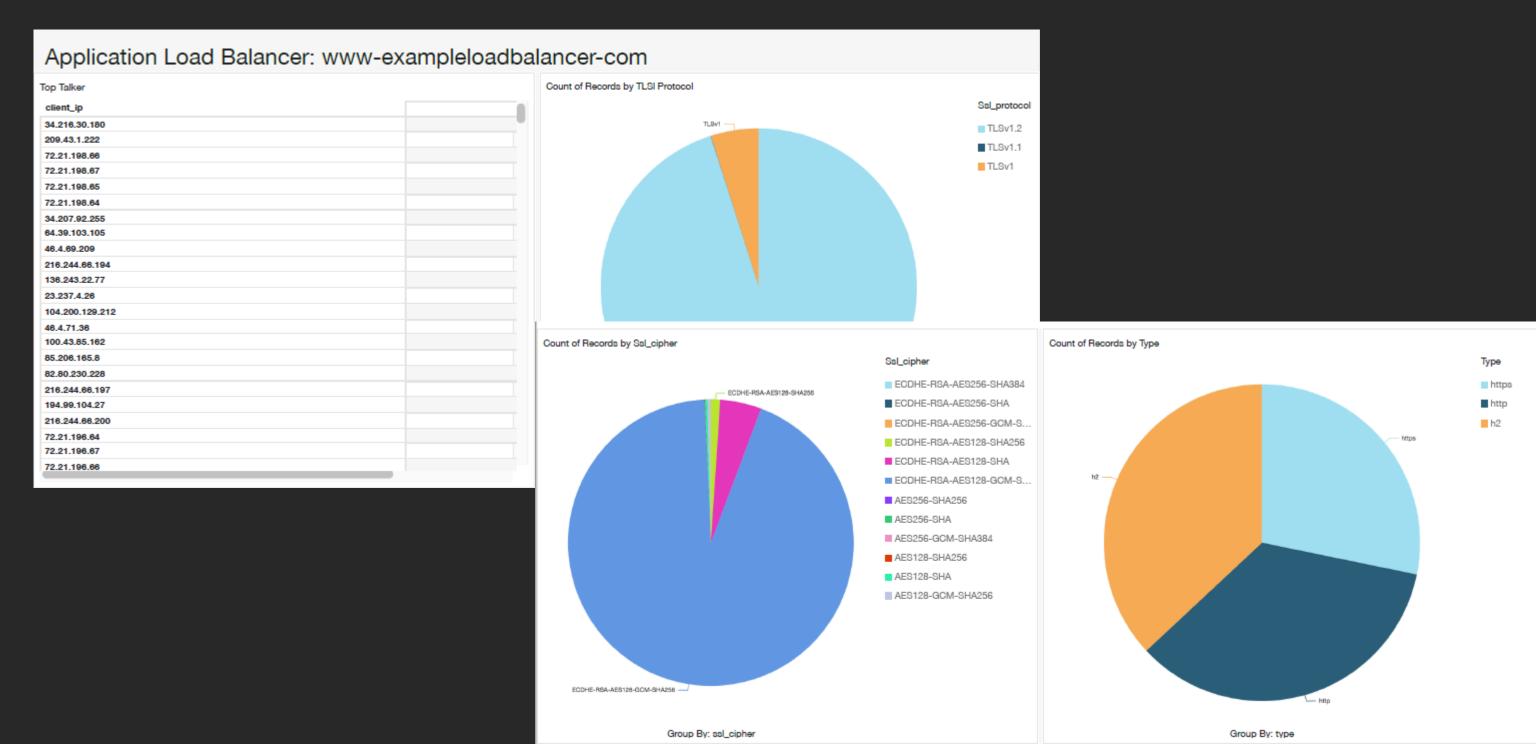


# Example TLS Access logs dashboard from QuickSight





# Example TLS Access logs dashboard from QuickSight



# Simplifying user login with ALB authentication





## Amazon Cognito configuration

```
[{
    "Type": "authenticate-cognito",
    "AuthenticateCognitoConfig": {
        "UserPoolArn": "arn:aws:cognito-idp:region-code:account-id:userpool/user-pool-id",
       "UserPoolClientId": "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz123456789",
                                                                           //ID of the Amazon Cognito user pool client
        "UserPoolDomain": "userPoolDomain1",
                                                                           //Domain prefix or FQDN of Amazon Cognito user pool
        "SessionCookieName": "my-cookie",
                                                                           //Configure ALB Authentication Cookie Name
        "SessionTimeout": 3600,
                                                                           //Configure ALB Authentication session length (1s - 7days)
                                                                           //Set of user claims requested from IDP. Must include ID token
       "Scope": "openid",
        "AuthenticationRequestExtraParams": {
                                                                           //Query Params (String-to-String) to include in redirect to IDP
               "display": "page",
               "prompt": "login"
       "OnUnauthenticatedRequest": "deny | allow | authenticate"
                                                                           //Behavior on Unauthenticated Requests
    "Order": 1
    "Type": "forward",
    "TargetGroupArn": "arn:aws:elasticloadbalancing:region-code:account-id:targetgroup/target-group-name/target-group-id",
    "Order": 2
}]
```

## Native OIDC configuration

```
[{
    "Type": "authenticate-oidc"
    "AuthenticateOidcConfig": {
        "Issuer": "https://idp-issuer.com"
                                                                           //IDP Endpoint
        "AuthorizationEndpoint": "https://authorization-endpoint.com",
                                                                           //Endpoint to get Authorization Code
        "TokenEndpoint": "https://token-endpoint.com",
                                                                           //Endpoint to get ID and Access Token
       "UserInfoEndpoint": "https://user-info-endpoint.com",
                                                                           //Endpoint to get user claims
       "ClientId": "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz123456789",
                                                                           //OAuth2.0 Client ID configured in IDP shared with ALB
       "ClientSecret": "123456789012345678901234567890",
                                                                           //OAuth2.0 Client ID configured in IDP shared with ALB
       "SessionCookieName": "my-cookie",
                                                                           //Configure ALB Authentication Cookie Name
                                                                           //Configure ALB Authentication session length (1s - 7days)
       "SessionTimeout": 3600,
       "Scope": "openid",
                                                                           //Set of user claims requested from IDP. Must include ID token
       "AuthenticationRequestExtraParams": {
                                                                           //Query Params (String-to-String) to include in redirect to IDP
               "display": "page",
               "prompt": "login"
       "OnUnauthenticatedRequest": "deny | allow | authenticate"
                                                                           //Behavior on Unauthenticated Requests
    "Type": "forward",
    "TargetGroupArn": "arn:aws:elasticloadbalancing:region-code:account-id:targetgroup/target-group-name/target-group-id",
    "Order": 2
}]
```

## Info Received in HTTP Headers by Backends

- x-amzn-oidc-accesstoken: Access token from the token endpoint (plain text)
- x-amzn-oidc-identity: Subject field from the user info endpoint (plain text)
- x-amzn-oidc-data: User claims in JWT format (base64 URL encoded)
  - Header

```
"alg": "algorithm",
"kid": "12345678-1234-1234-123456789012",
"signer": "arn:aws:elasticloadbalancing:region-code:account-id:loadbalancer/app/Load-balancer-name/Load-balancer-
id",
"iss": "url",
"client": "client-id",
"exp": "expiration"
}
```

Payload

```
"sub": "1234567890"
"name" "name"
"email": "alias@example.com"
}
```

# Analyzing load balancer access logs





## Monitoring using load balancer access logs

Access logs are pushed every 5 minutes to configured S3 bucket

Access logs are encrypted in transit to Amazon S3 and can be encrypted at rest

Athena can be used to query access logs to understand traffic patterns

Amazon QuickSight can be used to create dashboards for TLS vs. non TLS traffic, certificates/ciphers used, and assessing session resumption



# Auditing your load balancers





## Examining your load balancer activity

Using resource and tag-based permission to implement fine-grained access controls on load balancer resources using AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) policies

Integration with CloudTrail enables capture of all API calls made to the load balancers to create a record of actions taken by a user, role, or an AWS service

Integration with AWS Config captures changes to load balancer configurations and notifies account owners

