## re:Invent

NOV. 28 - DEC. 2, 2022 | LAS VEGAS, NV

#### You like...







#### Vacation at...







#### Movie: action or horror?









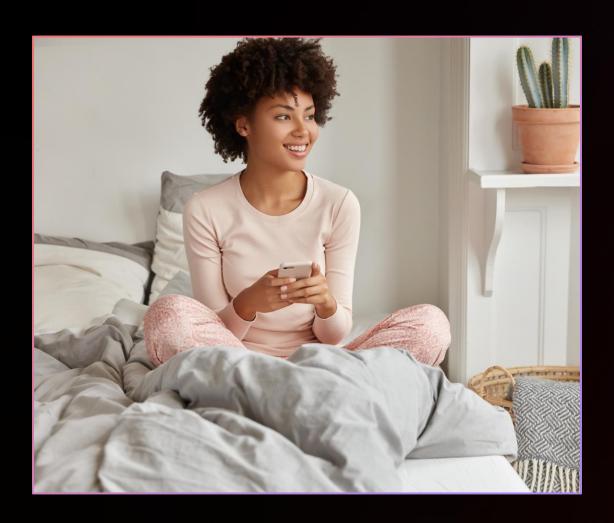
#### Bike or hike?







#### Early bird or night owl?







#### Pineapple!?





## re:Invent

NOV. 28 - DEC. 2, 2022 | LAS VEGAS, NV

**AMZ303** 

# Diving deep with Amazon Ads: Analytics at scale

Tom Skinner

Director, Amazon Ads Joshua Anghel

Principal Engineer, Amazon Ads Varun Kamalakaran

Principal, Customer Solutions AWS



#### Agenda

#### Introduction

Amazon advertising + Ads measurement team

#### Analytics at the core

- Analytics lifecycle
- Challenges, success measures, and key indications
- AWS collaboration

#### Technical solution – deep dive

- Big picture
- Architecture
  - Orchestration
  - Data applications
  - Reporting engines and APIs
- Lessons learned



### amazonads





























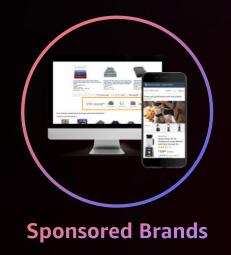




#### **Amazon Ads Products**

An array of advertising offerings to engage audiences and share the brand story



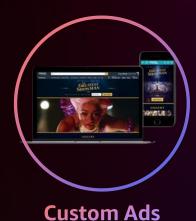


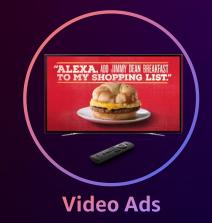












## amazonads



#### Ads measurement

100PB+ data

40B+ reports/year

400M reports/day

1T+ event/week

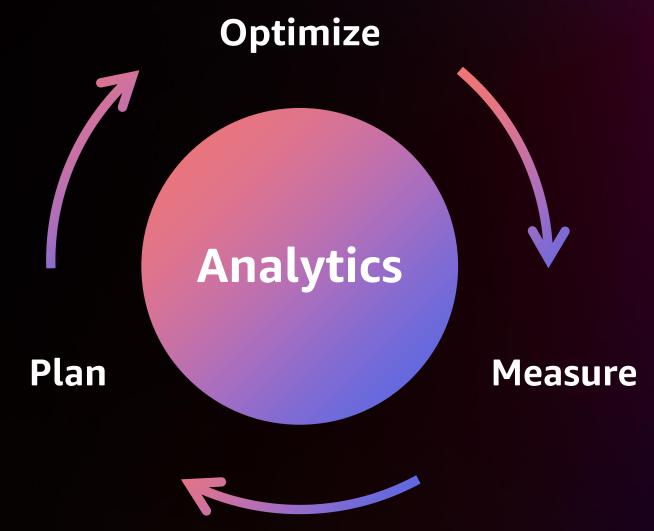
3M+
TPS

### Analytics at the core

## Tom Skinner Director Amazon Ads

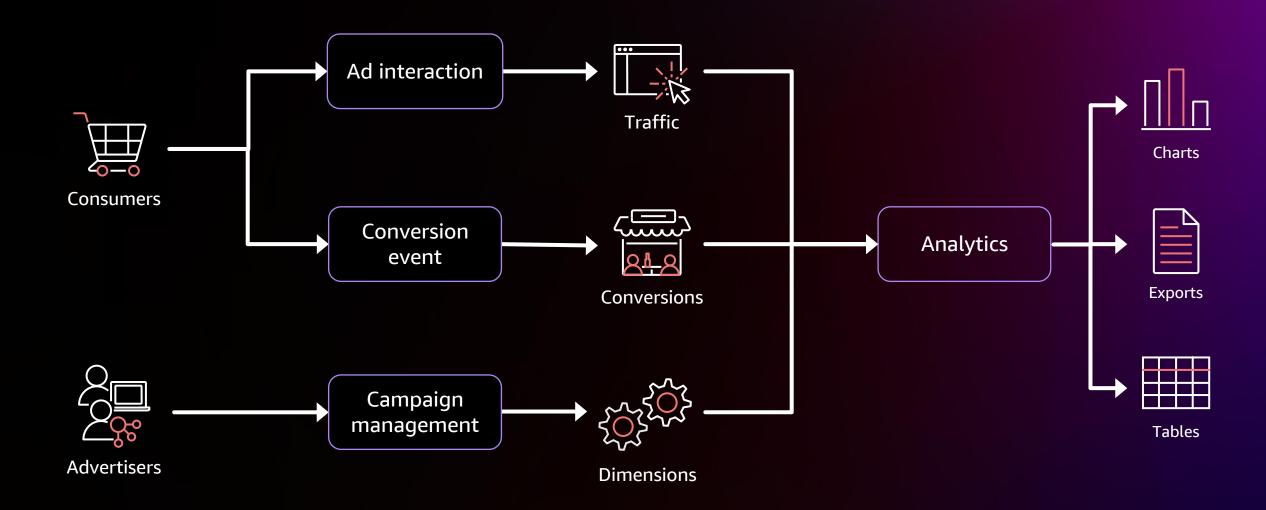


#### Lifecycle—advertising analytics





#### Data flows – Advertising analytics





#### Challenges

**Critical to customer experience** 

**Exactly once processing** 

Late arriving data

**Long lookback calculations** 



#### Focus on the inputs, measure outputs



**Availability** 



Data quality



**Operational load** 



Developer velocity



Cost efficiency



Sustainability

#### Focus on the inputs, measure outputs



**Availability** 



Data quality



Operational load



Developer velocity



Cost efficiency



Sustainability

### **Availability KPIs**



Health check



Service availability



Query latency



Data age



#### Focus on the inputs, measure outputs



**Availability** 



Data quality



Operational load



Developer velocity



Cost efficiency

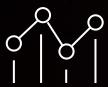


Sustainability

#### Data quality KPIs



Loss rate



Measurement benchmarks



Anomalies



Customer tickets



#### Focus on the inputs, measure outputs



**Availability** 



Data quality



Operational load



Developer velocity



Cost efficiency



Sustainability

#### Operational load KPIs



Operational stories/engineer



CI/CD pipeline metrics



Ticket queue depth



Ticket severity counts



#### Focus on the inputs, measure outputs



**Availability** 



Data quality



Operational load



Developer velocity

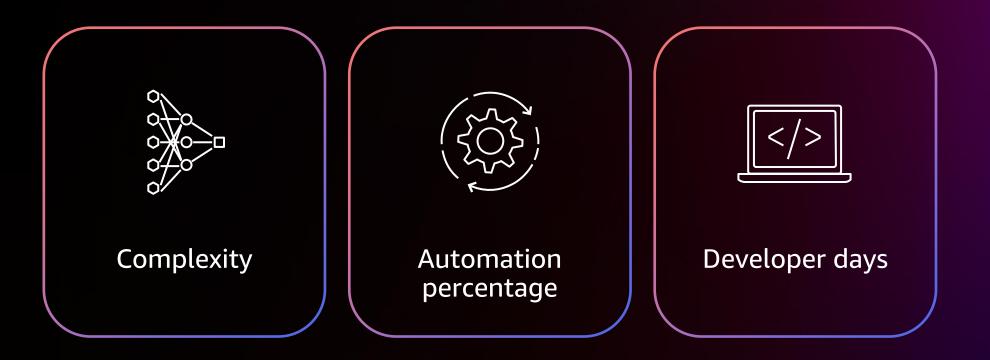


Cost efficiency



Sustainability

#### Developer velocity KPIs





#### Focus on the inputs, measure outputs



**Availability** 



Data quality



Operational load



Developer velocity



Cost efficiency



Sustainability

#### **Cost efficiency KPIs**



System utilization



Year-over-year trends



Data processing cost



Cost/user action



#### Focus on the inputs, measure outputs



**Availability** 



Data quality



Operational load



Developer velocity

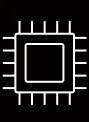


Cost efficiency



Sustainability

### Sustainability KPIs



Instance type selection



Region selection



Carbon footprint



#### Advertising – AWS services



Amazon EBS



Amazon S3



Amazon EC2



**AWS Lambda** 



**AWS Glue** 



**Amazon Kinesis** 



**Amazon ECR** 



**Amazon EKS** 



Amazon SNS



**Amazon SQS** 



Amazon EMR Amazon Athena





**Amazon ECS** 



**AWS Fargate** 



AWS Step Functions



Amazon DynamoDB



Amazon CloudWatch

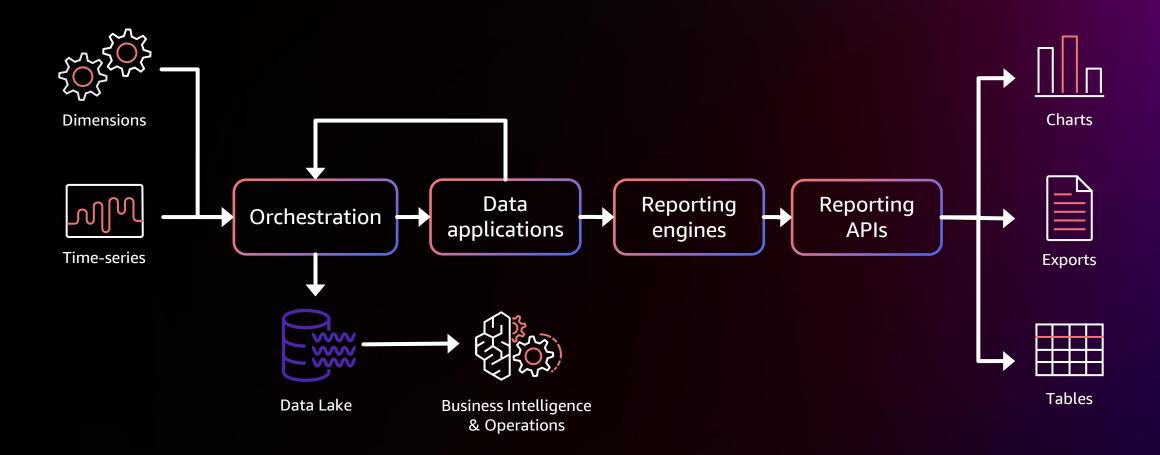


### Technical solution

Josh Anghel
Principal Engineer
Amazon Ads

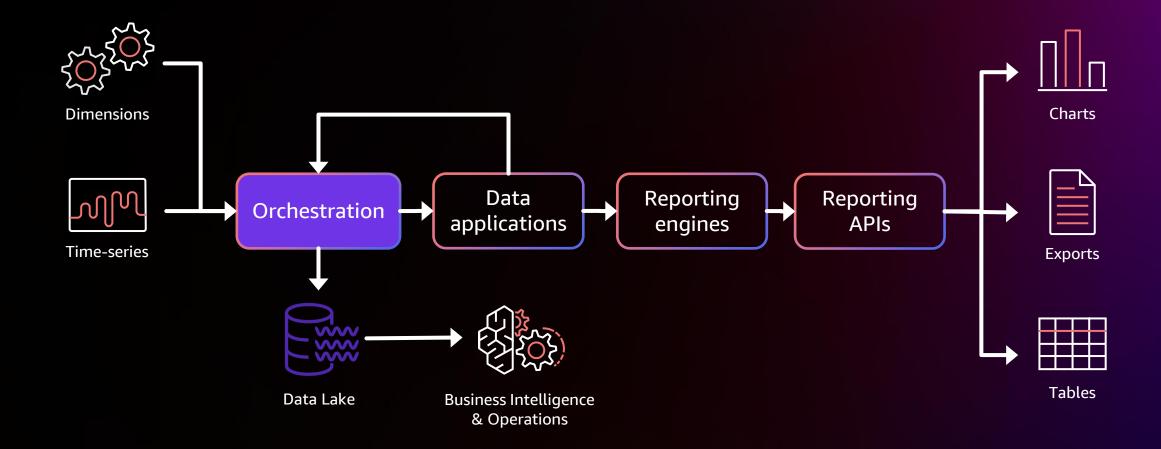


#### Big picture – Analytics





#### Orchestration





#### Orchestration

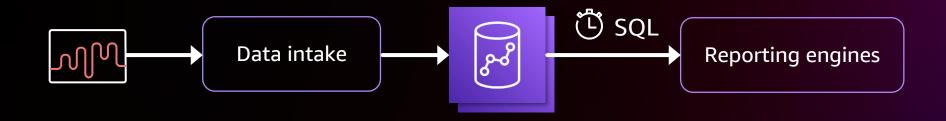
200 clusters

150k jobs/day

1T+
events/week

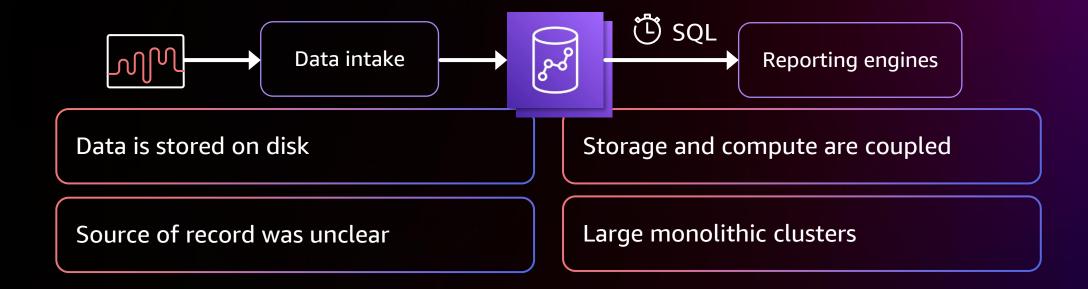
Exactly once

#### **Orchestration V1 – Data warehouse**



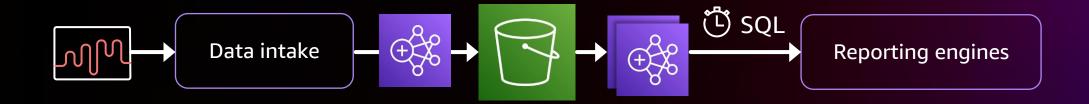


#### **Orchestration V1 – Data warehouse**



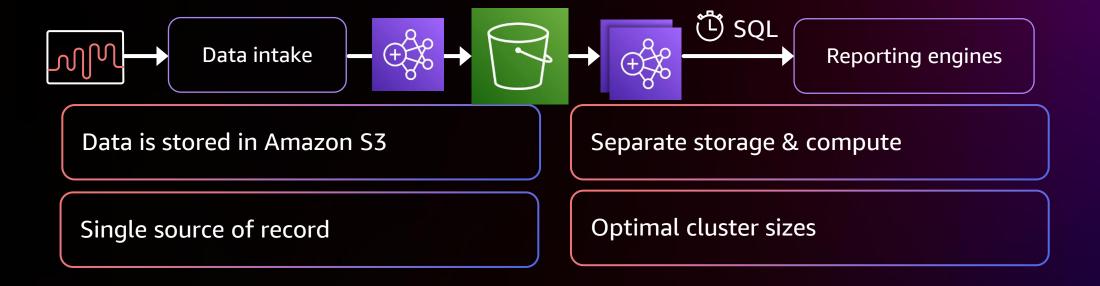


#### Orchestration V2 – Data lake



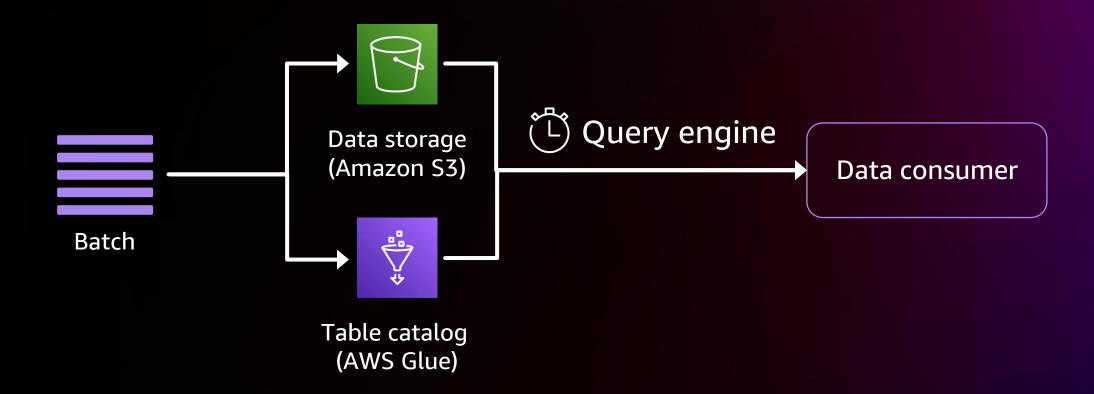


#### Orchestration V2 – Data lake



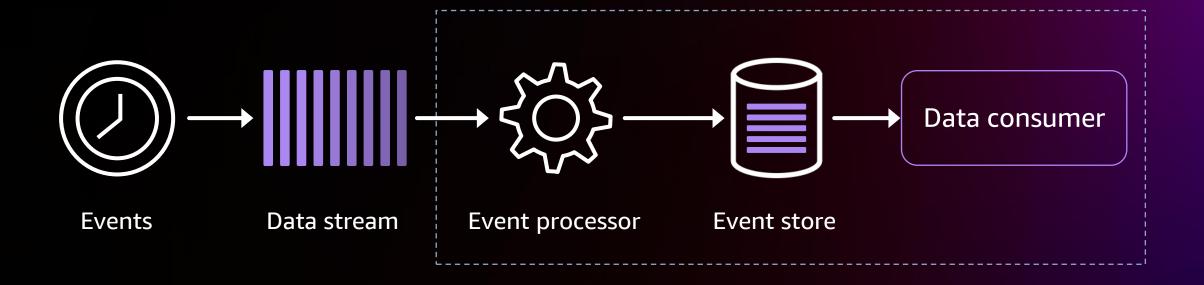


## **Data lakes**





#### **Data streams**





Event state storage

Developer velocity

Fault tolerance

Lookbacks & aggregation

Cold-starts and backfills



Event state storage

**Developer velocity** 

Fault tolerance

Lookbacks & aggregation

Cold-starts and backfills



Event state storage

Developer velocity

Fault tolerance

Lookbacks & aggregation

Cold-starts and backfills



Event state storage

Developer velocity

Fault tolerance

Lookbacks & aggregation

Cold-starts and backfills



Event state storage

Developer velocity

Fault tolerance

Lookbacks & aggregation

Cold-starts and backfills



Event state storage

Developer velocity

Fault tolerance

Lookbacks & aggregation

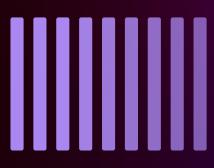
Cold-starts and backfills



#### **Orchestration V3**

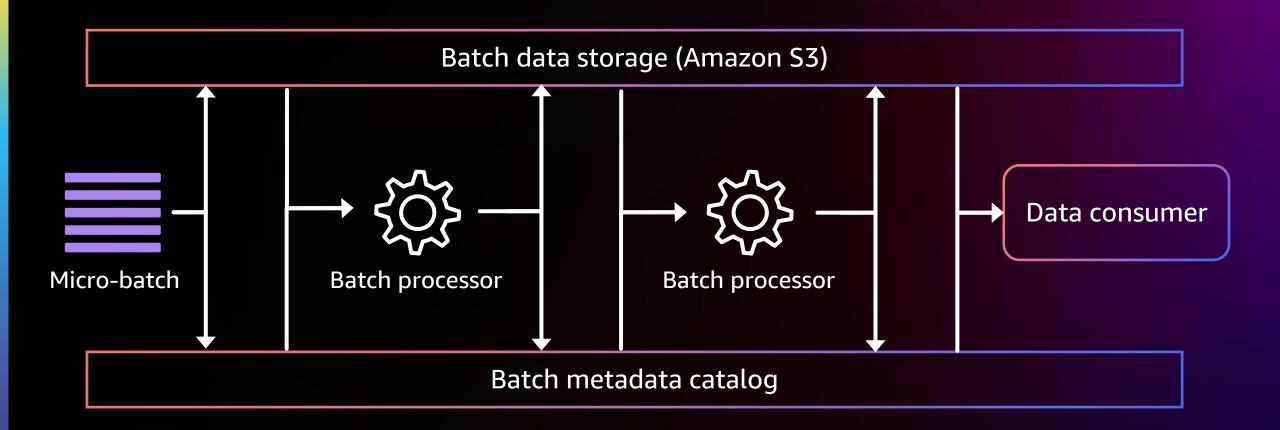








#### **Orchestration V3 – Data rivers**





## **Orchestration V3 – Data rivers**

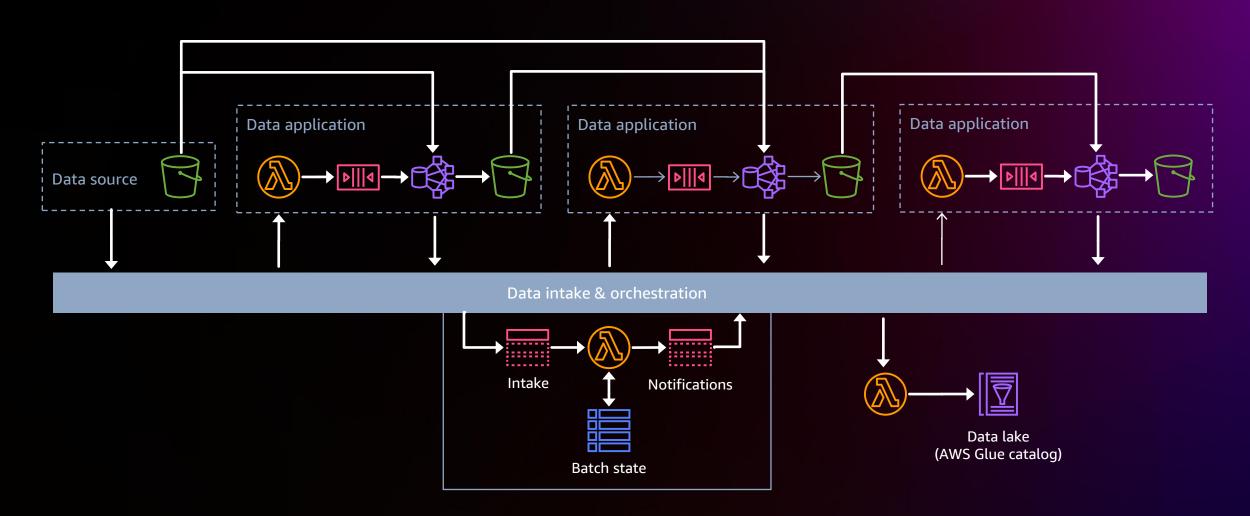
| Data processing cost |  |  |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Operational overhead |  |  |
| Developer velocity   |  |  |
| Data age             |  |  |

| Data lake | Data river | Data stream |
|-----------|------------|-------------|
| ****      | ***        | **          |
| ***       | ***        | **          |
| ***       | ***        | **          |
| *         | ***        | ****        |

Legend: more ★ indicates better results



#### **Orchestration V3 – Data rivers**





## **Data rivers – Outcome**







On-demand scaling

Continuous



Operational savings



Data processing cost savings



#### Orchestration - Lessons learned

**Separate storage and compute** 

**Avoid monolithic clusters** 

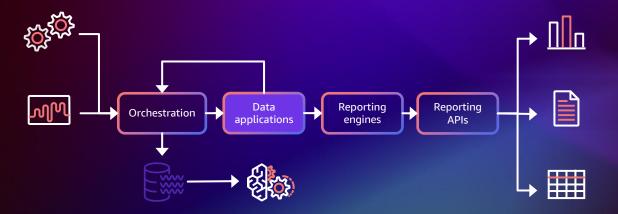
**Choose the right technology** 

Process data in small batches

Data rivers offer a compromise between lake and stream



# Data applications





## Data application

#### **Partitioning**

Aggregation



## **Batches**



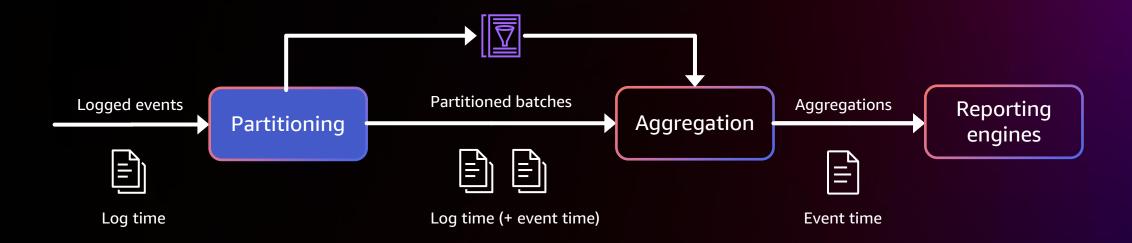


#### Restatements



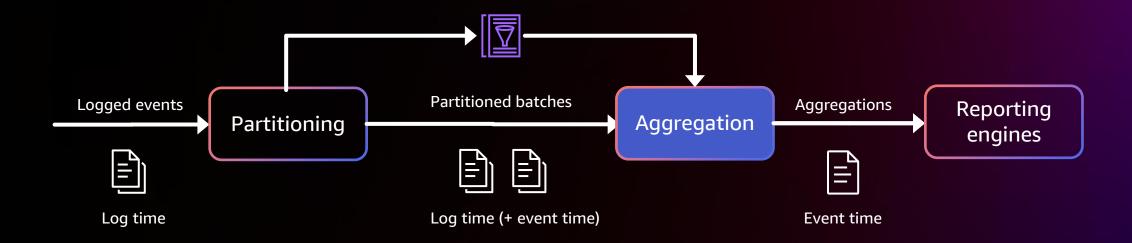


## Data applications



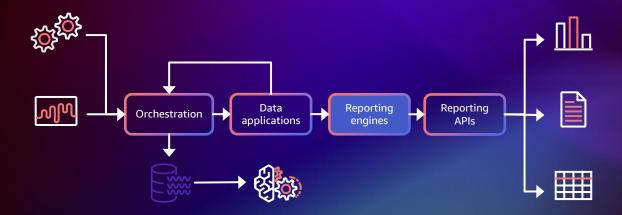


## Data applications





## Reporting engines





## What is a reporting?



1.5M indexed per second

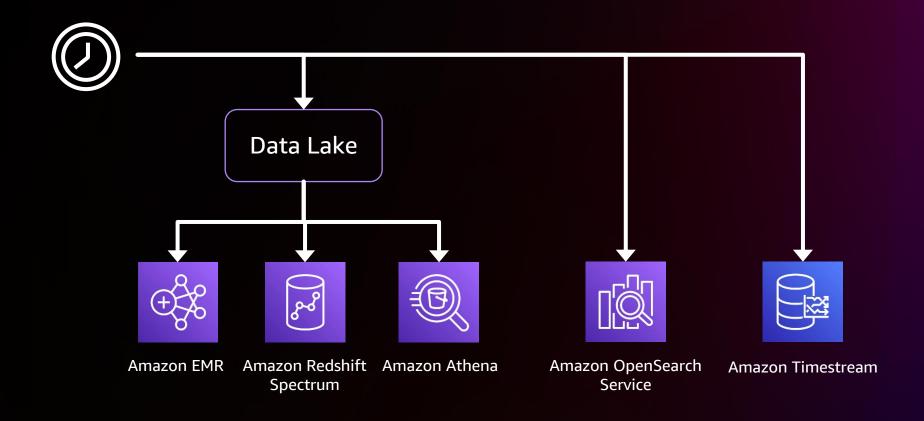
300M scanned per second

28M aggregated per second

8k requests per second <2s request latency

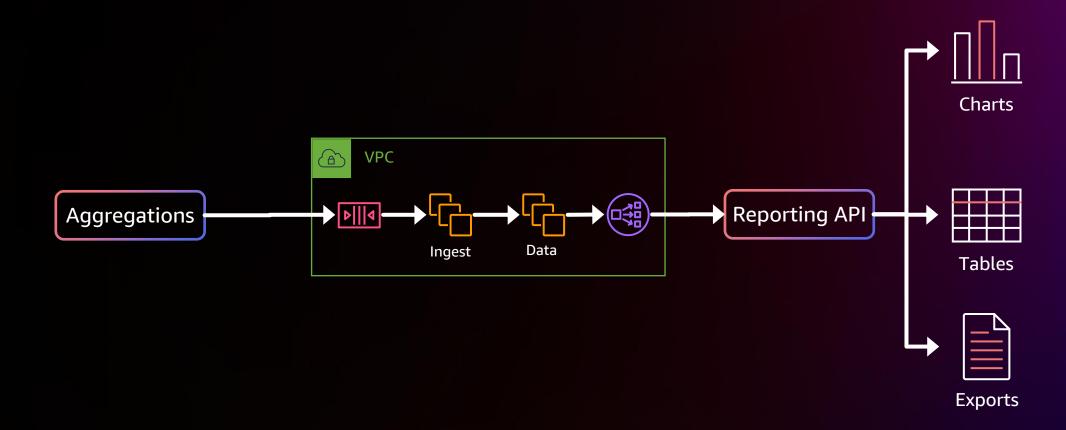


## Reporting engines



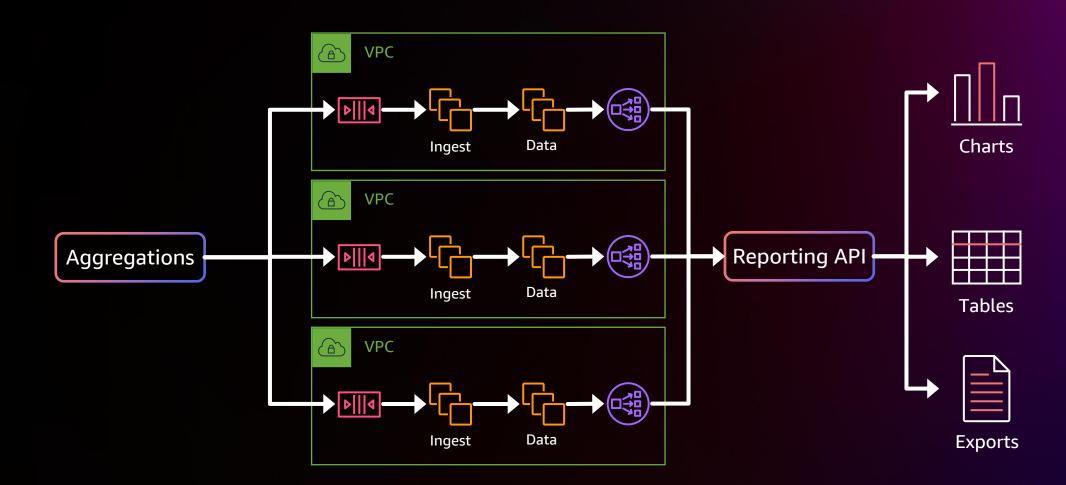


## Reporting engines V1



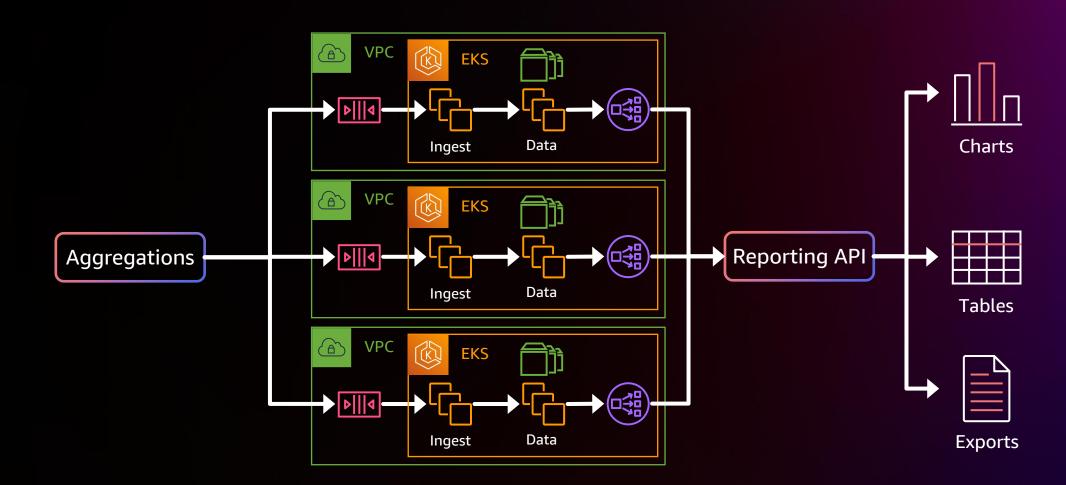


## Reporting engines V1





## Reporting engines V2





## Reporting engines – Lessons learned

**Separate storage and compute** 

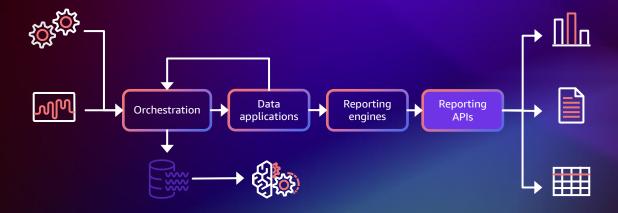
**Avoid monolithic clusters** 

**Choose the right technology** 

Containers enable deploying multi-component services quickly



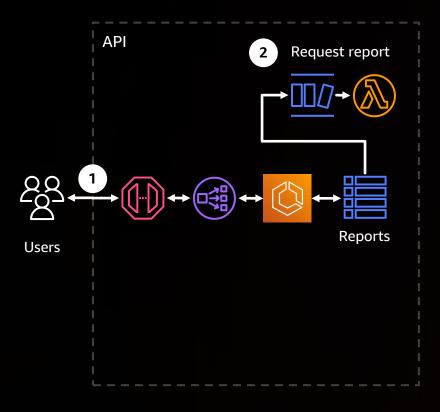
# Reporting API



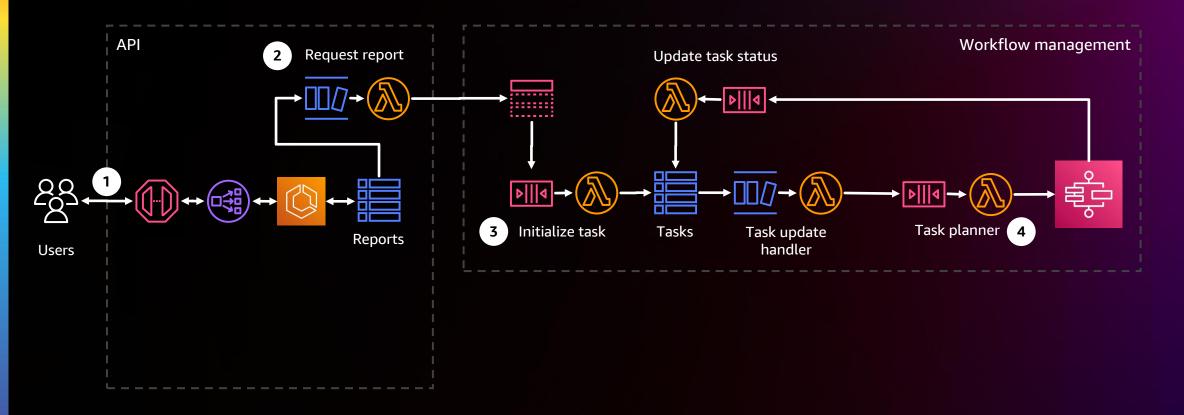


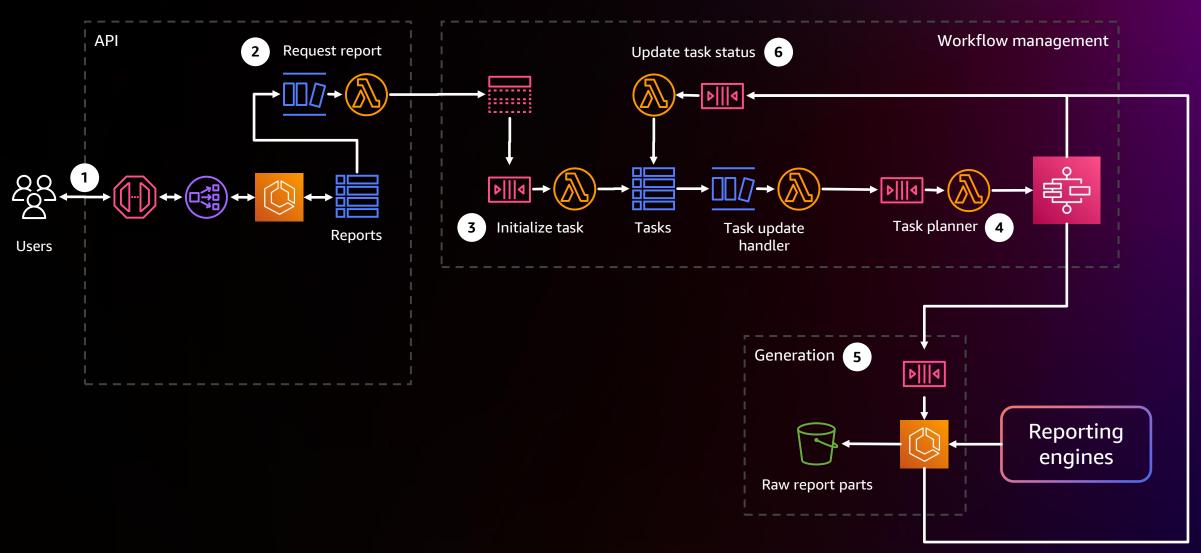




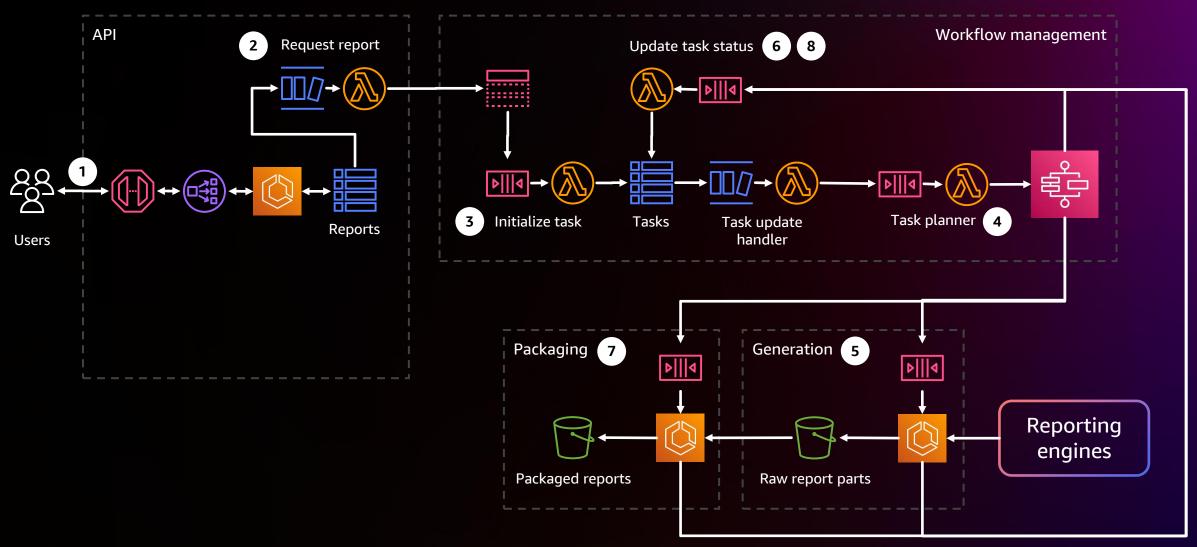


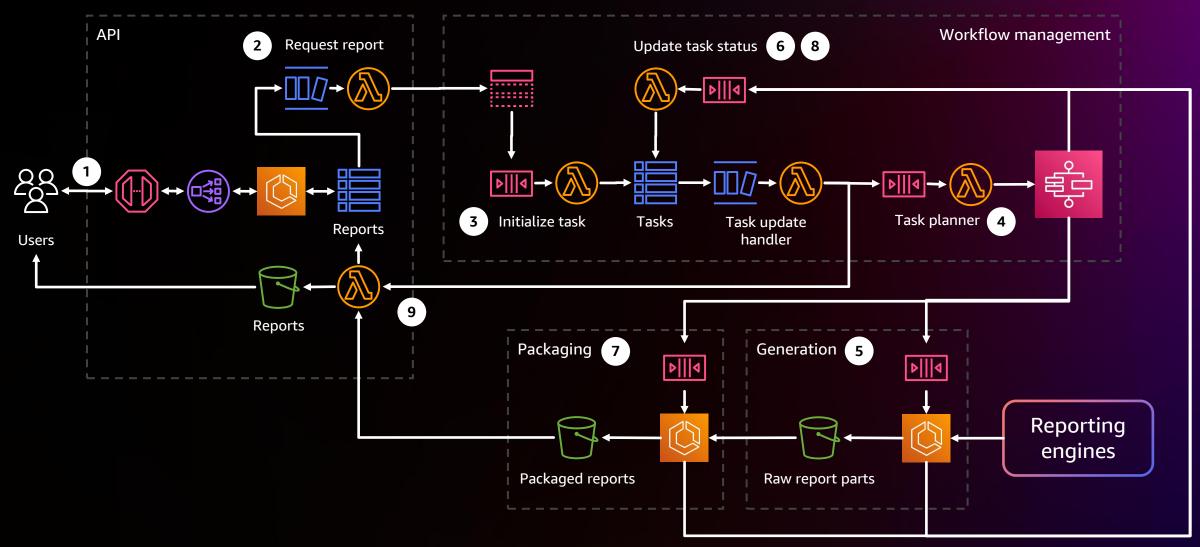














## Reporting API – Lessons learned

**Choose the right technology** 

**Process data in small batches** 



## Recap

**Orchestration with data rivers** 

Partitioning and aggregating in a river

Scaling high-TPS, low-latency reporting with Amazon EKS and OpenSearch

Using step functions to build reporting exports incrementally



# Thank you!

Amazon Ads booth: 2040 (behind AWS village)



Please complete the session survey in the **mobile app** 

