re:Invent

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DAT208-R

Effective multi-tenant solutions using Amazon Aurora Serverless v2

Roneel Kumar (he/him)

Senior Relational Databases Solutions Architect AWS Anum Jang Sher (she/her)

Senior Product Manager AWS



Agenda

Introduction to Amazon Aurora

Single tenant vs. multi-tenant

Deep dive into Aurora Serverless v2

Demo

Discussion



Amazon Aurora

Amazon Aurora is a MySQL- and PostgreSQL-compatible relational database built for the cloud – performance and availability of commercial databases at 1/10th the cost



Performance and scalability

Faster than standard MySQL and PostgreSQL 15 read replicas



Availability and durability

Fault-tolerant self-healing storage

6 copies of data across 3 Availability Zones (AZ)

Global database with cross-Region replication



Highly secure

Network isolation Encryption at rest/transit

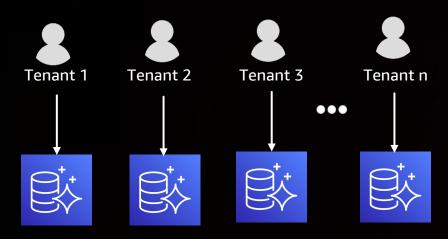


Fully managed

Managed by Amazon RDS: no hardware provisioning, software patching, setup, configuration, or backups



Single tenant



Pros

- Highest level of isolation
- Tenant-specific tuning
- Easier to identify individual tenant costs

Cons

- Cost
- Agility compromised
- Operational complexity



Why a multi-tenant model?



Growth

Drive existing and new segment growth



Agility

Improve pace of innovation, time to value, flexibility



Cost Optimization

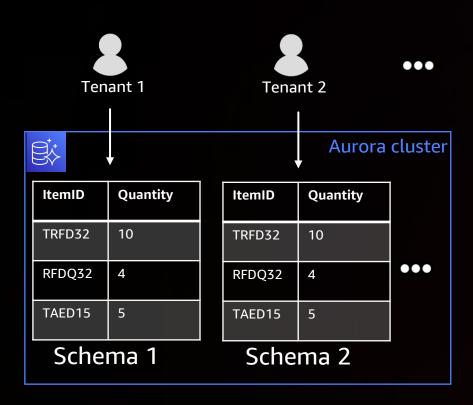
Reduce serving costs, improve operational efficiencies as business scales



Business Value

Deliver recurring revenue with greater predictability

Database/schema per tenant



Pros

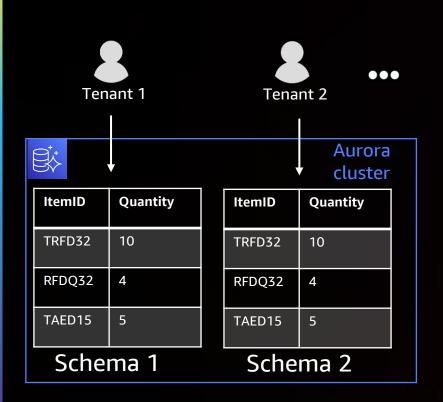
- → Agility
- Cost optimization
- Centralized management
- Simplified deployment

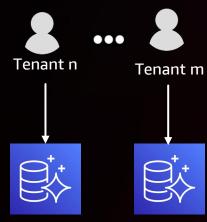
Cons

- Cross-tenant impact
- Security and compliance challenges
- Difficult to allocate cost per tenant
- Complex to make tenant-level changes



Mix of single tenant and schema per tenant





Pros

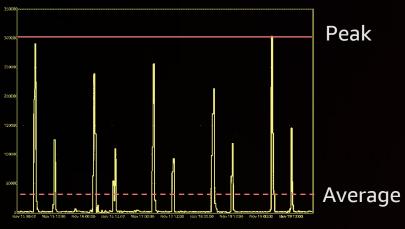
- Agility
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Cons

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Database capacity: Cost vs. management





Insufficient capacity

Provision for peak

Continuously monitor and scale

Experience degradation



Expensive, under-utilized





Difficult, requires experts, involves downtime





Amazon Aurora Serverless v2



On-demand and automatically scaling configuration

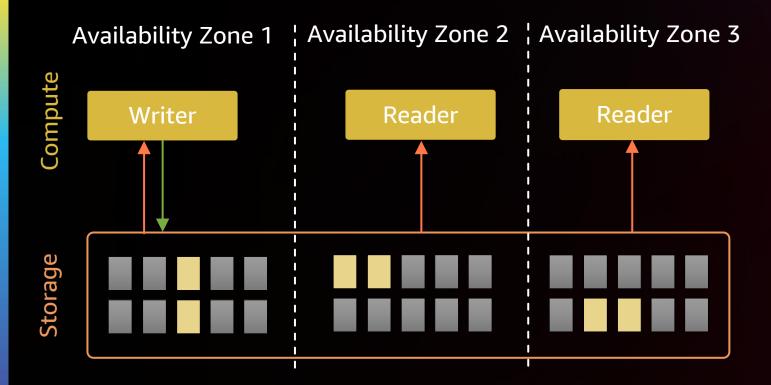
Automatically scales capacity based on application needs

Simple pay-per-use pricing per second

Next version scales instantly to support demanding applications

Worry-free database capacity management

Amazon Aurora Architecture



Purpose-built, log-structured, distributed storage designed for cloud databases

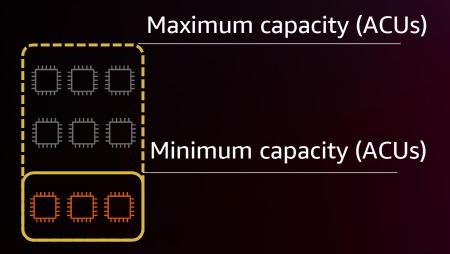
6 copies across 3 AZs for high availability, durability, and performance

Separation of storage and compute:

- Routine operations (e.g., backups) done without compute
- Storage volume grows automatically
- Up to 15 low-latency (<100 millisecond) readers
- Compute scales independently



Instant and non-disruptive scaling

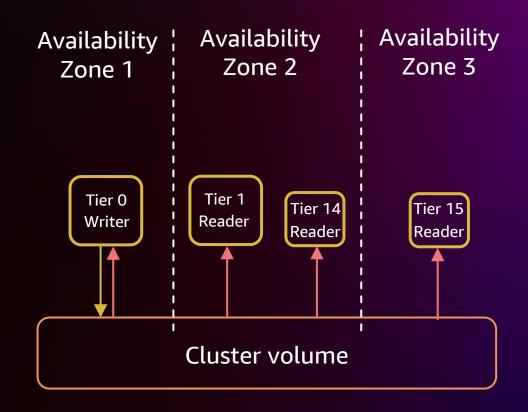


- Database scales within the min/max range based on the workload
- Capacity is measured in Aurora Capacity Unit (ACU)
- 1 ACU comes with 2 GiB of memory; CPU and networking similar to provisioned Aurora instances
- Fine-grained scaling with as little as 0.5 ACU (1 GiB) increments



High availability and read scaling

- Up to 15 read replicas act as failover targets
- All instances inherit capacity configuration from the cluster
- Tier 0 and 1 read replicas match the size of the primary instance
- Deploy across separate AZs
- Multi-AZ Aurora clusters supported by 99.99% uptime SLA



Amazon RDS Proxy

A FULLY MANAGED, HIGHLY AVAILABLE DATABASE PROXY FOR AMAZON RDS AND AMAZON AURORA



Pool and share DB connections for improved app scaling



Increase app availability and reduce DB failover times



Manage app data security through integration with AWS Secrets Manager and IAM authentication



Monitoring



Instance

Amazon CloudWatch



Operating system

Amazon RDS Enhanced Monitoring



Database engine

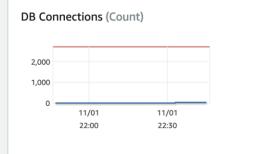
Amazon RDS
Performance Insights

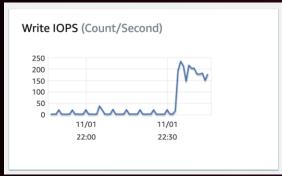


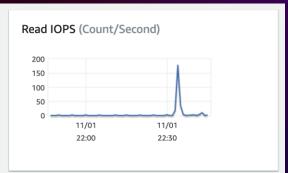
Instance level metrics

- DB instance class consideration (CPU, Memory, Network throughput)
- Number of connections & objects (DBs, Tables)
- Database Catalog Contention
- Auto-vacuum/purge
- Open File descriptors







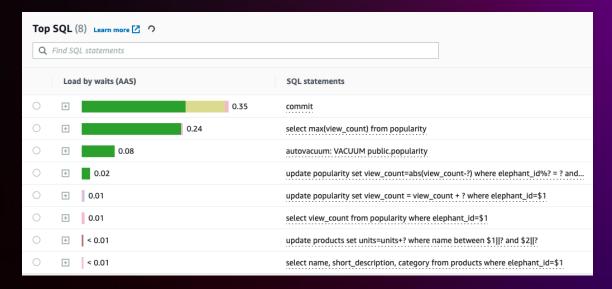


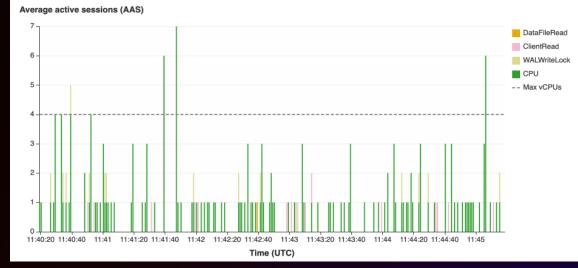
CloudWatch Dashboard



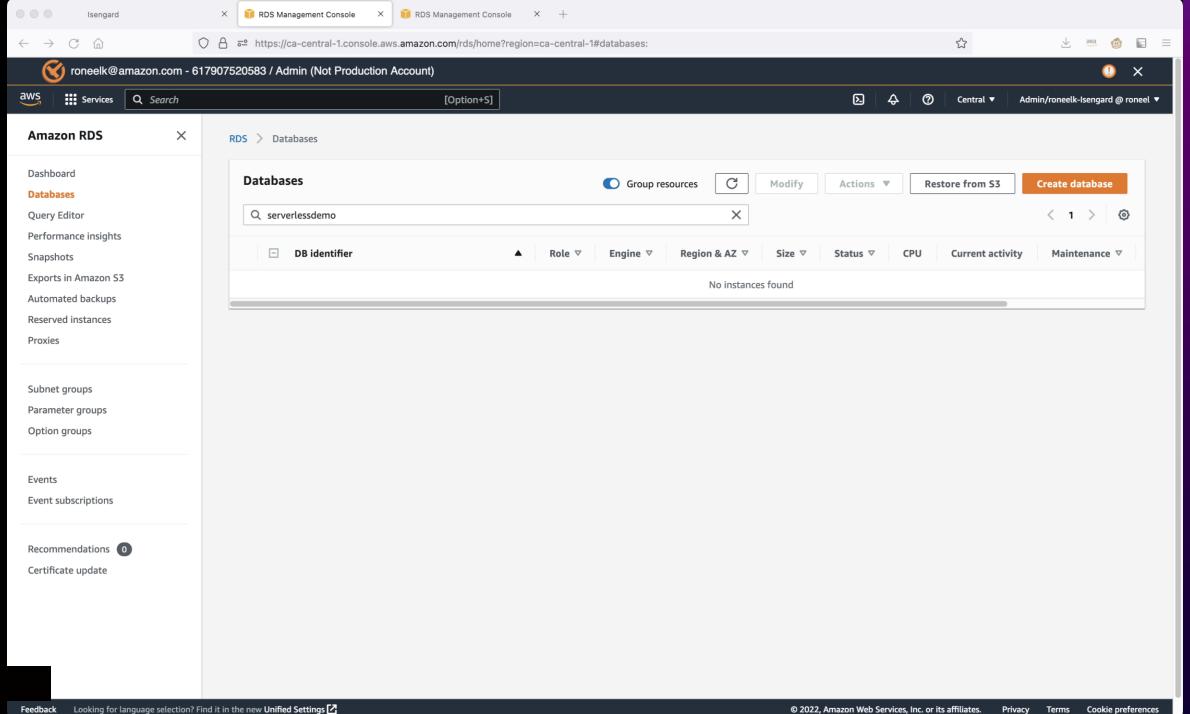
Tenant metrics

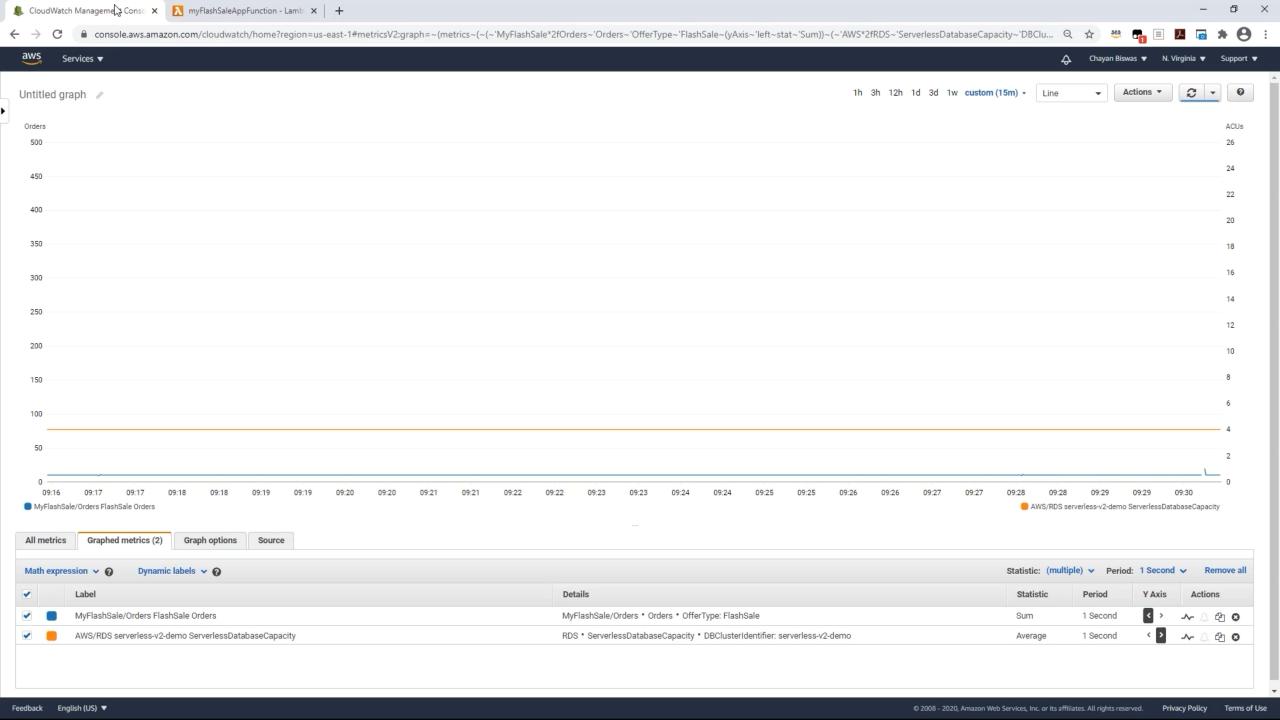
- · CPU Usage
- Memory Usage
- · IO Usage
- Network throughput
- Connections
- Number of tables, size, growth rate
- Temporary space usage per process usage











Thank you!

Roneel Kumar roneelk@amazon.com

Anum Jang Sher anujangs@amazon.com



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