

# **National University of Modern Languages**



## **Assignment#02**

**Roll # 2340**

**Class: BSCS 5B Morning**

**Subject: Operating System(Lab)**

**Submitted to: Mrs. Humaira Batool**

**Submitted by: Farhan Haider**

**Q1: Write a shell script that takes a login name as a command-line argument and reports when that person logs in?**

```
#!/bin/bash

name=$(whoami)

if [ $name = $1 ]

then

time=`w -s | cut -d ' ' -f2`

echo $name " login on "$time

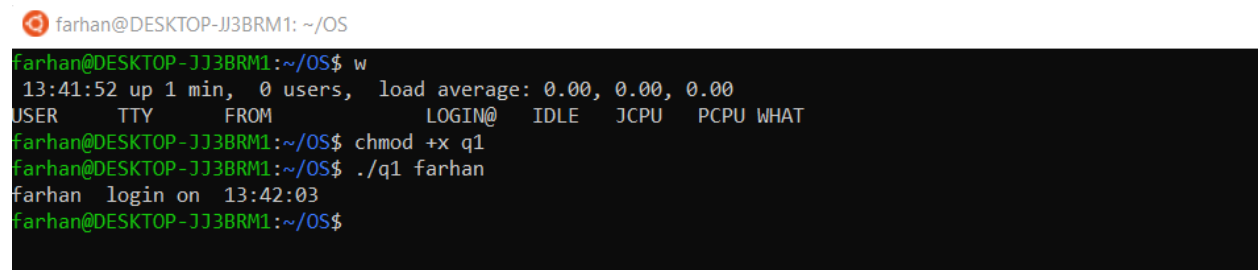
else

echo "not login"

fi

exit 0;
```

## OUTPUT:



A terminal window showing the execution of the script. The prompt is 'farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS'. The user enters 'w', showing system status. Then 'chmod +x q1' is entered. Then './q1 farhan' is entered, resulting in the output 'farhan login on 13:42:03'.

```
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS$ w
 13:41:52 up 1 min,  0 users,  load average: 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
USER      TTY      FROM            LOGIN@   IDLE   JCPU   PCPU WHAT
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS$ chmod +x q1
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS$ ./q1 farhan
farhan login on 13:42:03
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS$
```

**Q2: Write a shell script that accepts two integers as its arguments and computes the value of the first number raised to the power of the second number.**

```
#!/bin/bash

Expansion(){

x=$((($1**$2))

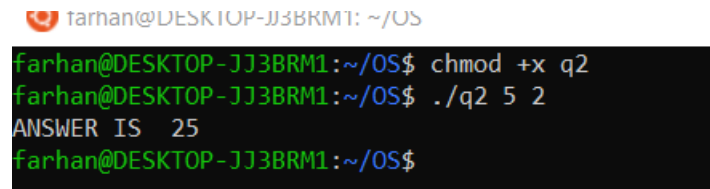
echo "ANSWER IS " $x

}

Expansion $1 $2

exit 0;
```

## OUTPUT:



A terminal window screenshot showing the execution of a shell script. The prompt is 'farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS'. The user enters 'chmod +x q2', then './q2 5 2'. The script outputs 'ANSWER IS 25'. The prompt returns to 'farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS\$'.

```
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS$ chmod +x q2
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS$ ./q2 5 2
ANSWER IS 25
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS$
```

**Q3: Write a shell script that accepts a filename, starting and ending line numbers as arguments, and displays all the lines between the given line numbers.**

```
#!/bin/bash

sed -n $2,$3\p $1 | cat > newline

cat newline

exit 0;
```

## OUTPUT:

```
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS/os1$ cat A
FARHAN      OPERATING SYSTEM      97/100
ALI         ENGLISH                87/100
HUMAIRA     ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE 98.5/100
ALINA       SCIENCE                41/50
ASAD        MATH                   21/50
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS/os1$ chmod +x D
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS/os1$ ./D A 1 3
FARHAN      OPERATING SYSTEM      97/100
ALI         ENGLISH                87/100
HUMAIRA     ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE 98.5/100
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS/os1$
```

Q4: Write a shell script To Count number of files in a Directory.

```
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ ls
OS  abc  ch  d  data  gedit.sh.save  q3  q6  q8  sd  sh
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ ls | wc -l
11
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ cd OS
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS$ ls
A  B  C  asw  chess  dummy.txt  lab01  lab02  logfile  op  os1  practice  q1  q2  q5  q9  task
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS$ ls | wc -l
17
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS$
```

Q5: Write a program to generate the Fibonacci series.

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
n=$1
```

```
a=$2
```

```
b=$3
```

```
echo "FIBONACCI SERIES IS : "
```

```
for (( i=0; i<n; i++ ))
```

```
do
```

```
echo -n "$a" " "

fn=`expr $a + $b`

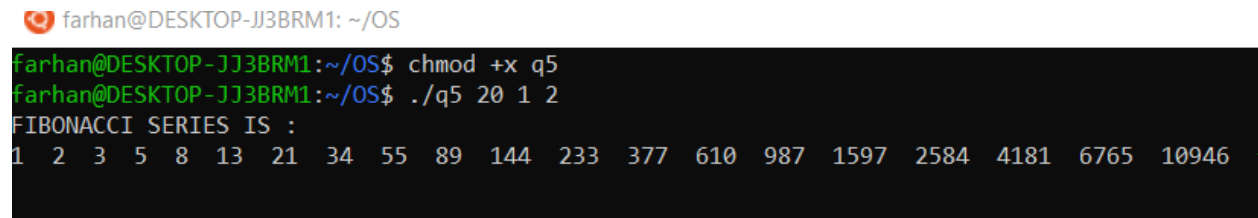
a=$b

b=$fn

done

exit 0;
```

## OUTPUT:



A terminal window screenshot showing the execution of a script. The prompt is 'farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS'. The user enters 'chmod +x q5' and then './q5 20 1 2'. The output is 'FIBONACCI SERIES IS : 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89 144 233 377 610 987 1597 2584 4181 6765 10946'.

```
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS$ chmod +x q5
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS$ ./q5 20 1 2
FIBONACCI SERIES IS :
1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89 144 233 377 610 987 1597 2584 4181 6765 10946
```

**Q6: Write a program to check whether given string is palindrome or not.**

```
#!/bin/bash

echo "ENTER A STRING"

read str

reverse=""

length=${#str}

for (( i=length-1; i>=0; i-- ))

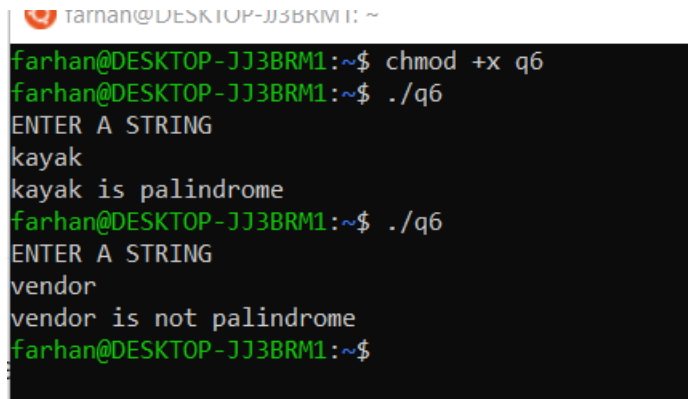
do

reverse=$reverse${str:$i:1}

done
```

```
if [ $str == $reverse ]  
  
then  
  
echo "$str is palindrome"  
  
else  
  
echo "$str is not palindrome"  
  
fi  
  
exit 0;
```

## OUTPUT:



```
Tarnan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~  
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ chmod +x q6  
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ ./q6  
ENTER A STRING  
kayak  
kayak is palindrome  
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ ./q6  
ENTER A STRING  
vendor  
vendor is not palindrome  
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$
```

**Q7: Write a shell program for the following Scenario:**

**Enter any Job Title**

- 1. Tutor**
- 2. Lecturer**
- 3. Associate Professor**

**If years served greater than 5 and publication greater than 10, then promote the person as a lecturer. And if years served greater than 12 and publications greater than 15, then promote the person as Associate professor. And If years served greater than 15 and publications greater than 20, then promote the person as a professor else more service and publications are required.**

```
#!/bin/bash

echo "ENTER JOB TITLE"

echo "1. TUTOR"

echo "2. LECTURER"

echo "3. ASSISTANT PROFESSOR"

read X

echo "NUMBER OF PUBLICATIONS:"

read p

echo "NUMBER OF YEAR SERVED:"

read y

case $X in

1)

echo "YOUR CURRENT JOB IS IS TUTOR"

if [ $y -gt 5 ] && [ $p -gt 10 ]

then

echo "YOU ARE PROMOTED AS LECTURER"

elif [ $y -le 5 ]

then

echo "YOU NEED MORE SERVICE YEAR"

elif [ $p -le 10 ]

then

echo "YOU NEED MORE PUBLICATION"
```

```
fi
```

```
::
```

```
2)
```

```
echo "YOUR CURRENT JOB IS LECTURER"
```

```
if [ $y -gt 12 ] && [ $p -gt 15 ]
```

```
then
```

```
echo "YOU ARE PROMOTED AS ASSISTANT PROFESSOR"
```

```
elif [ $y -le 12 ]
```

```
then
```

```
echo "YOU NEED MORE SERVICE YEAR"
```

```
elif [ $p -le 15 ]
```

```
then
```

```
echo "YOU NEED MORE PUBLICATION"
```

```
fi
```

```
::
```

```
3)
```

```
echo "YOUR CURRENT JOB IS ASSISTANT PROFESSOR"
```

```
if [ $y -gt 15 ] && [ $p -gt 20 ]
```

```
then
```

```
echo "YOU ARE PROMOTED AS PROFESSOR"
```

```
elif [ $y -le 15 ]
```

```
then
```



```
echo "YOU NEED MORE SERVICE YEAR"

elif [ $p -le 20 ]

then

echo "YOU NEED MORE PUBLICATION "

fi

;;

*)

echo "WRONG JOB TITLE"

;;

esac

exit 0;
```

## OUTPUT:

```
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~  
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ chmod +x q7  
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ ./q7  
ENTER JOB TITLE  
1. TUTOR  
2. LECTURER  
3. ASSISTANT PROFESSOR  
1  
NUMBER OF PUBLICATIONS:  
11  
NUMBER OF YEAR SERVED:  
6  
YOUR CURRENT JOB IS TUTOR  
YOU ARE PROMOTED AS LECTURER  
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ ./q7  
ENTER JOB TITLE  
1. TUTOR  
2. LECTURER  
3. ASSISTANT PROFESSOR  
2  
NUMBER OF PUBLICATIONS:  
16  
NUMBER OF YEAR SERVED:  
11  
YOUR CURRENT JOB IS LECTURER  
YOU NEED MORE SERVICE YEAR  
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ ./q7  
ENTER JOB TITLE  
1. TUTOR  
2. LECTURER  
3. ASSISTANT PROFESSOR  
3  
NUMBER OF PUBLICATIONS:  
19  
NUMBER OF YEAR SERVED:  
16  
YOUR CURRENT JOB IS ASSISTANT PROFESSOR  
YOU NEED MORE PUBLICATION  
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$
```

Q8: Write a shell script to display the following pattern.

1 0

1 5

2 5

3 0

3 5

```
#!/bin/bash

for((i=1; i<=3; i++))

do

for((j=0; j<10; j=j+5))

do

if [ $i -eq 2 ] && [ $j -eq 0 ]

then

echo -n

else

echo $i " " $j

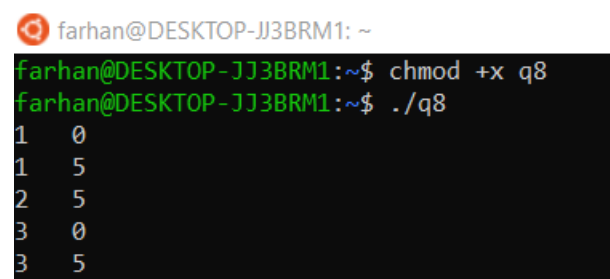
fi

done

done

exit 0;
```

OUTPUT:



```
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ chmod +x q8
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~$ ./q8
1 0
1 5
2 5
3 0
3 5
```

**Q9: Write a shell script to Display CHESSBOARD patterns.**

```
#!/bin/bash

echo "chess game"

for (( i = 1; i <= 8; i++ ))
do
    for (( j = 1 ; j <= 15; j++ ))
    do
        total=`expr $i + $j`
        tmp=`expr $total % 2`
        if [ $tmp -eq 0 ];
        then
            echo -e -n "\033[47m "
        else
            echo -e -n "\033[40m "
        fi
    done
    echo -e -n "\033[40m"
    echo ""
done

exit 0;
```

## OUTPUT:

```
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1: ~/OS
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS$ chmod +x chess
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS$ ./chess
chess game
[Chessboard visualization]
```

## Q10: What is the difference between \$\* And \$@?

\$@ is nearly the same as \$\*, both meaning "all command-line arguments". They are often used to simply pass all arguments to another program \$\* expands to all parameters that were passed to that shell script.

## FOR EXAMPLE:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo $1
```

```
echo $2
```

```
echo $3
```

```
echo $*
```

```
echo $@
```

```
exit 0;
```

## OUTPUT:

```
farhan@DESKTOP-JJ3BRM1:~/OS$ ./abef 3 4 66
3
4
66
3 4 66
3 4 66
```