

OpenStack summit at Vancouver BC (May 22nd 2015)

Rags (@ragss)

- Rags (not to Riches) and work for EMC CODE (emccode.github.io)
- Middleware and Application programmer
- Architect and Evangelist
- Part time teaching at UML and writing at InfoQ
- Philosophy: It's better to have an unanswered question than a unquestioned answer

John (@bcferrycoder)

- Technology Evangelist at ActiveState (<u>activestate.com</u>)
- Previously Developer and Architect at Sun, NeXT, handful of startups
- Focus on PaaS, Microservices, Containerization, Continuous Delivery
- Philosophy: Use the right tool for the job

Agenda

- Brief Overview of Cloud Foundry
- Hands-On Labs logistics
- Resources and Summary

How are things the same?

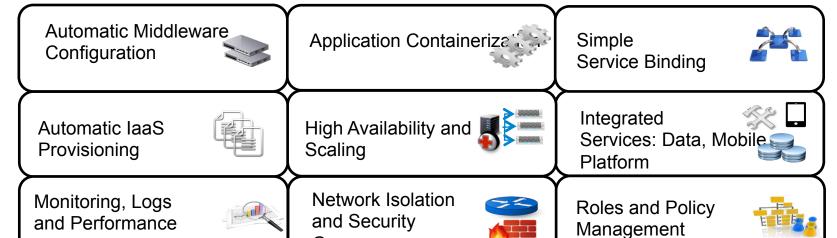
	OpenStack & Cloud Foundry	
License	Apache v2.0	
Community	Vendors, Users, and Developers	
Architecture	API-based services and message-passing	

How are things different?

	OpenStack	Cloud Foundry
Language	Python	Go and Ruby
Release Cycle	6 months, integrated	2 weeks, parallel
Governance	Dedicated Foundation	Linux Foundation project
Installation tools	Various	BOSH or Juju
Communication Hub	<pre>IRC (#openstack-dev)</pre>	Mailing lists
Source code & review	Gerritt & Private Git	GitHub & pull requests
Adoption	Mostly OSS trials and dev/test environments	Mostly commercial production deployments

Cloud Foundry

Enterprise Capabilities At A Glance



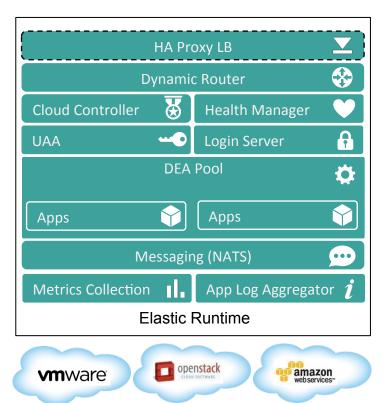
Groups

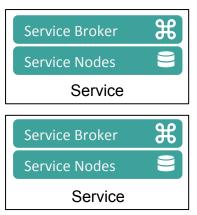


as-a-Service

Runtime Architecture



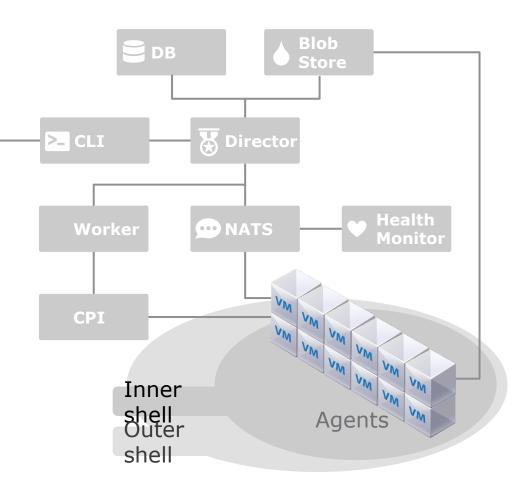




BOSH

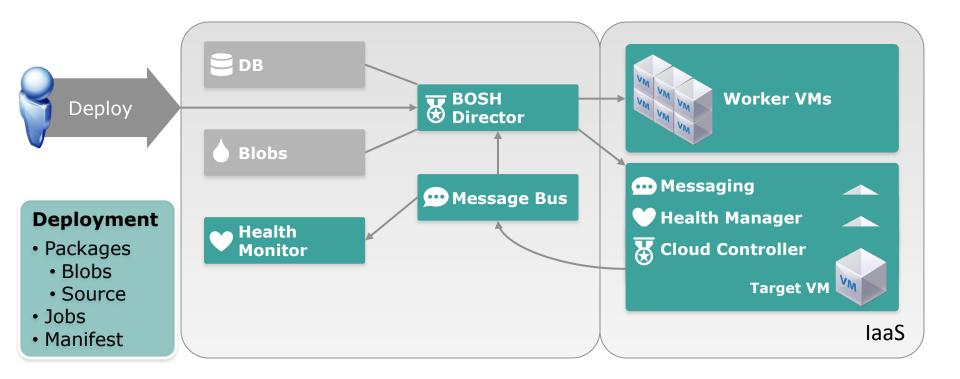
When you deploy Cloud Foundry the following sequence of steps occur:

- Target a BOSH director using CLI`
- 2. Upload a Stemcell
- 3. Get a Release from a repo
- 4. Create a deployment manifest
- 5. BOSH Deploy Cloud Foundry:
 - Prepare deployment
 - Compile packages
 - Create and bind VMs
 - Pull in job configurations
 - Create needed job instances – this is where things get pushed live (canary style)



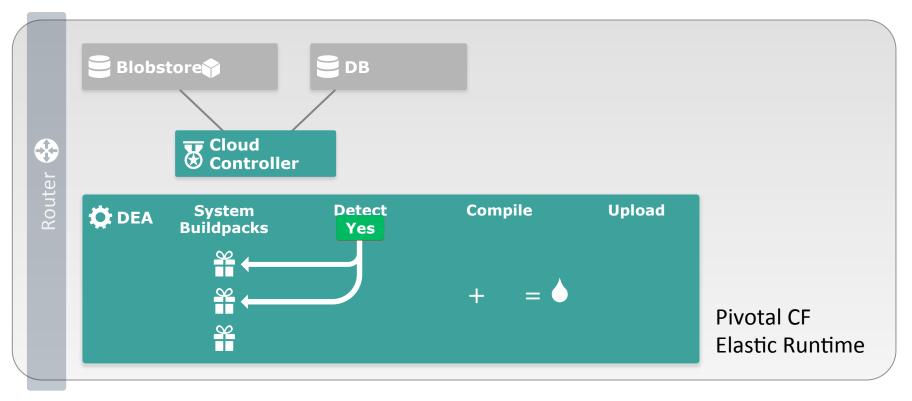


Behind the Scenes - BOSH





Stage an Application

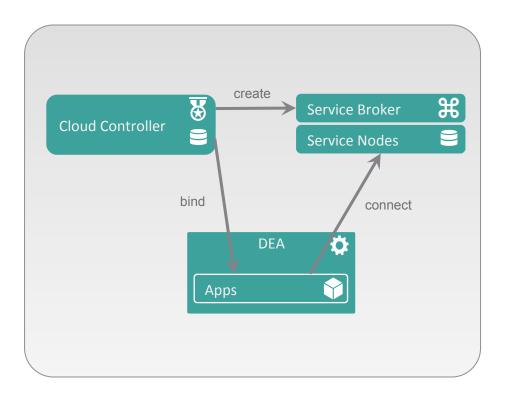


Managed Services

Service Brokers generate connection details and credentials for managed services

CC encrypts and stores credentials in CCDB

Credentials are exposed to bound applications via VCAP_SERVICES environment variable



Managed Services

VCAP_SERVICES
environment variable is
visible only to members
of the org and space
containing the service
instance

```
VCAP SERVICES=" {
 "p-mysql":
   "name": "music-db",
   "label": "p-mysql",
   "tags": [ "mysgl", "relational" ],
   "plan": "100mb-dev",
   "credentials": {
   "hostname": "192.168.1.147",
   "port": 3306,
   "name": "cf aceae021 7f27 48db 9844 d7c151f29195",
   "username": "Tr12ZI4hPu4OPJPY",
   "password": "fuTWBqpGeyvv0qge",
    "uri": "mysql://Tr12ZI4hPu4OPJPY:fuTWBqpGeyvv0qqe@192.168.1.147:3306/
                  cf aceae021 7f27 48db 9844 d7c151f29195?reconnect=true"
```

Installing Cloud Foundry on OpenStack

- Install MicroBOSH
- Deploy BOSH with MicroBOSH
- Deploy Cloud Foundry with BOSH

https://github.com/ emccode/ossummit2015HOL

Resources and Summary

Language, Service and laas Agnostic







Call for Action

- Sign up for the CF and BOSH <u>mailing lists</u>.
- Install Cloud Foundry on OpenStack (<u>blog out soon</u>)
- Learn how to write <u>12-factor</u> applications.
- Free workshop and <u>roadshows</u>.
- CFAD!

Resources



https://run.pivotal.io/



https://ace.ng.bluemix.net/

https://express.mirantis.com/

ActiveState

Code to Cloud: Smarter, Safer, Faster

http://www.activestate.com/stackato/



http://www.hpcloud.com/products-services/application-paas

https://github.com/ emccode/ossummit2015HOL