CSI 4142 demo

how to build a data mart, basic OLAP, machine learning

Outline

- 1. Datamart creation
- 2. Data cleaning
- 3. Surrogate key pipeline
- 4. OLAP queries
- 5. Some dashboard options
- 6. Weka connecting to your DB

Data used: UFO sightings from assignment 1



High level schematic plan

- Identify starting and ending points
 - CSV files → PostgreSQL datamart
- Label known data sources
 - O CSV file from A1
- Include placeholders for sources yet to be determined
 - o currently unknown CSV file listing cities, states, countries across the world
- Label targets
 - O Shapes, Locations, Dates, Facts
- Include notes about known problems
 - messy location data, 24+ hour long sightings, case sensitive shape names, generate additional attributes, check ref. int., role playing date dimension

Data cleaning

- Extract date and time of event
- Downcase shape name
- Missing values
 - o discard when date
 - o use 'unspecified' for shape name
- Duration
 - $\circ~$ 23% under 10s ...45% under 120s ...80% under 15min ... 96% under 1hr
 - (you could remove sightings > 5hrs)
- Partial match city, state to a CSV of worldwide locations
- .

Creating surrogate keys

Ensure row uniqueness in dimension tables Keys auto-increment from 1

In database (not recommended)

- dim_t = select distinct *col* from staging_t
- fact_table = insert values (select id *, select id *, select id *, select duration)

In a script

Use data structure (DS) with fast insertion and searching (hashmap, dictionary, set...)

While iterating over your CSV rows, keep track of values seen, and use DS.num_elements as the ID when adding elements to the DS

Data-mart creation

- 1. Create database and tables create table table_name (column_name1 datatype1, ...)
- 2. Inserting data into your tables
 - o import CSV files
 - use staging tables and SQL
 - script outputs 1 pre-processed CSV file per table
 - script: when done cleaning, insert in batches (with RI off to speed up inserting)

^{*} from dim where staging_t.value = dim_t.value

OLAP query examples

dice, slice, rolling 1, drilling 1, iceberg.

- Determining {measures} per {dimension attributes}
 - o total number of sightings of circle-based shapes in Ontario during 2013, and so on.
- Contrasting {measures} per {dimension attributes} when compared to {dimension attributes}
 - number of sightings in Ontario of circle-based shapes, during 2014, with the number of sightings in Quebec of sphere-based, during 2014.
- Popular sightings
 - determine the 5 cities in the USA with the most sightings on Fri-Sun of sphere shapes
- Trends of {measures} over {dimension attributes}
 - o determine trends of sighting numbers of light-based shapes over the years and countries in North America
 - o determine trends of sighting numbers of all shapes over the years

Some dashboard options

- Build your own
- <u>Tableau Desktop</u> (drag-n-drop OLAP queries, dashboards)
- <u>Klipfolio</u>, <u>Qlik</u> (dashboards)
 - need <u>ngrok</u> (to 'securely' expose your local postgres to the internet), or use uOttawa postgres

Machine learning / data mining with WEKA [how to connect]

- 1. Export a SQL command as a CSV
- 2. Open WEKA > Tools > Arff viewer
- 3. File > open (format=csv) find your file
- 4. File > save as .arff file
- 5. Weka > Explorer > open file
- Download jdbc Postgres driver into app & <u>DatabaseUtils.prop</u> file into home directory (and modify as needed)
- 2. Open Weka > Explorer > open DB
- 3. URL = jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/DB_name
- 4. Hit the button with the lightning bolt
- 5. Query = SELECT mineable_attributes FROM fact INNER JOIN dimension1 d ON d.id = fact.dim1 id INNER JOIN...

This method is harder unless you can skip step 11

Some free tools (for students)

- postgreSQL server
 - web0.site.uottawa.ca:15432 ...uozone login ...uozone username for dbname)
 - o Postgres.app, Postico (for Mac)
- <u>Tableau Desktop</u> (data exploration, OLAP queries, dashboards)
- Klipfolio, Qlik (dashboards)
 - need <u>ngrok</u> (to 'securely' expose your local postgres to the internet), or use uOttawa postgres
- Weka, R, RapidMiner, SK Learn, etc

Good options for data cleaning and/or building your own dashboard:

Python, JavaScript, Ruby, SQL, + many others

